Platina Resources Limited
L2, Se 9, 389 Oxford Street
Mt Hawthorn WA 6016

ASX:PGM

Phone +61 7 5580 9094
admin@platinaresources.com.au
ABN 25 119 007 939

platinaresources.com.au

ASX RELEASE | 23 November 2026

8m @ 4.29g/t gold as drilling defines two new prospects at Mt McKenna.

Highlights

- **Two gold prospects defined at Granite Well East:** Phase 4 aircore (**AC**) drilling (49 holes for 2,137m) has turned the gold zones discovered in June 2026 into two prospects with distinct geology: granite-hosted **Lotus** and mafic/ultramafic-hosted **Golden Wattle**.
- **Higher-grade gold at Lotus:** 8m @ 4.29g/t Au from 28m, including 4m @ 8.37g/t Au (MMKAC0348), within a mineralised zone of approximately 360m by 220m where visible gold has been logged in quartz veins.
- **Two parallel zones at Golden Wattle:** gold-mineralised trends approximately 340m and 520m long, both open to the north and south.
- **Open at depth:** several holes at both prospects ended in gold, including 1m @ 1.92g/t Au at the bottom of MMKAC0395, indicating that mineralisation may continue into fresh rock.
- **Earlier results strengthened:** 1m re-splits of Phase 3 holes returned 5m @ 1.01g/t Au, including 1m @ 4.07g/t Au (MMKAC0240), and 2m @ 1.17g/t Au, including 1m @ 2.03g/t Au (MMKAC0194).
- **Disciplined path to RC drilling:** a specialist structural review and field visit will refine reverse circulation (**RC**) targets, with drilling provisionally planned for early in the first quarter of 2027.

Platina Resources Limited (ASX: PGM) (Platina or the Company) has defined two new gold prospects at Granite Well East, within its Mt McKenna Gold Project in Western Australia's Laverton Gold District, after completing its fourth phase of aircore drilling.

The results build on the gold zones reported in June 2026[1] and give Platina clearly defined targets for RC drilling at Granite Well East (see Figure 1 for overall map of Mt McKenna tenement and the Granite Well East area).

Platina Managing Director Dr Paul Polito said:

"Phase 4 has delivered exactly what we aimed to achieve and in doing so, has increased our confidence in the potential of the Mt McKenna Project. It has turned the gold zones we found at Granite Well East earlier this year into two defined prospects, Lotus and Golden Wattle, each in a different geological setting and each with mineralisation that remains open.

"Several holes ended in gold, a sign that mineralisation may continue below the reach of aircore drilling. RC drilling is the logical next step, but the structural geology here is complex. Before we

[1] Refer ASX release dated 29 June 2026 "Mt McKenna Gold Project - New Gold Zones Discovered."

commit capital, a specialist structural geologist will review the data and visit the site within the next three weeks. Our objective is not simply to drill more metres, but to drill the right targets.

"Our approach at Mt McKenna is simple: concentrate capital on quality ground, test well-defined targets and let results decide the next step. These results have reinforced our enthusiasm for the project. Our priority now is a drilling program that properly tests its discovery potential."

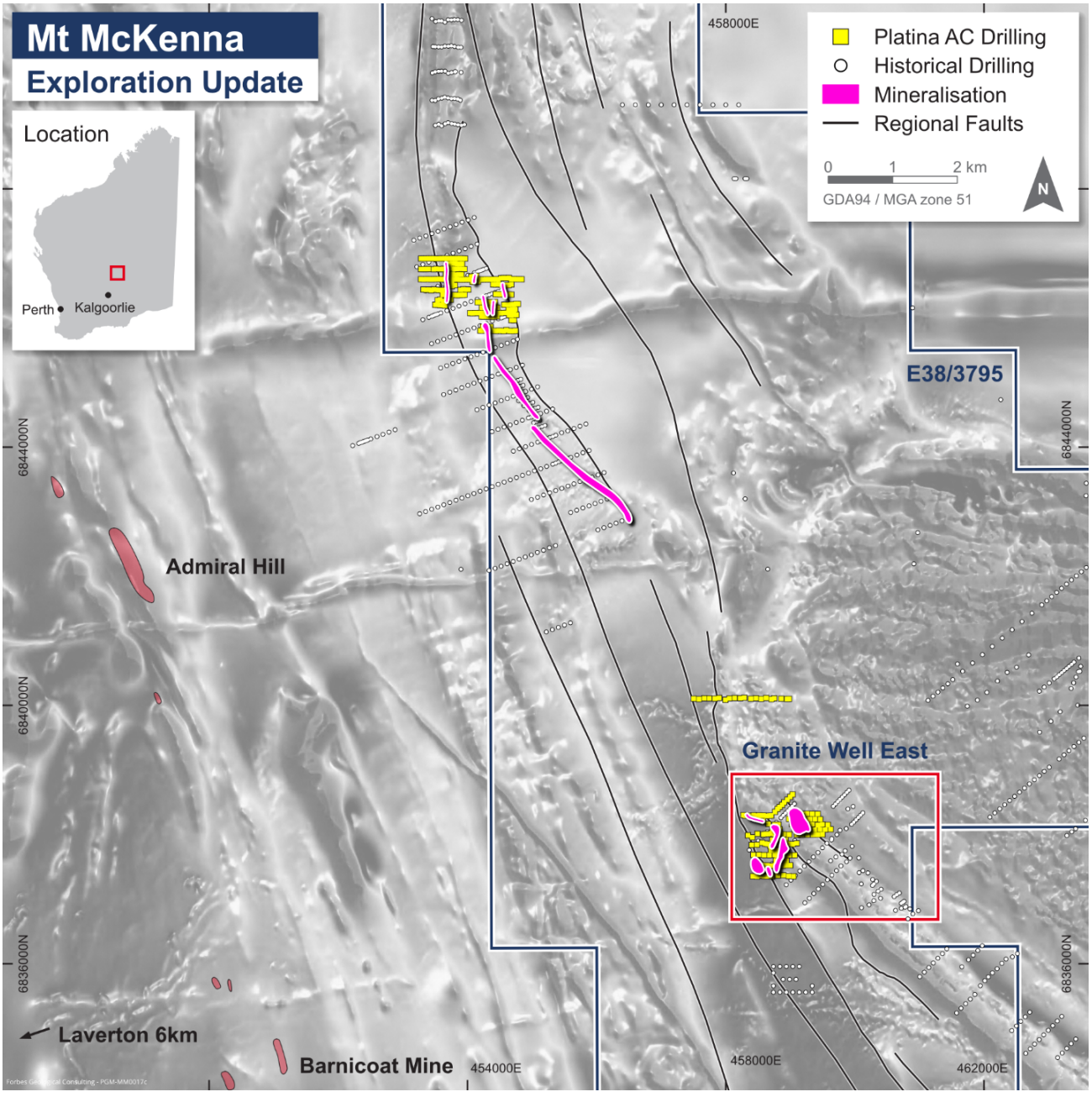


Figure 1. *Map showing historical drilling along with Platina's aircore drilling on Mt McKenna's E38/3795 tenement. Observed and interpreted mineralised envelopes are also shown in pink. Map underlain by Geological Survey of Western Australia's (GSWA) reprocessed and Platina's acquired merged TMIRTP 1VD magnetic image by Core Geophysics.*

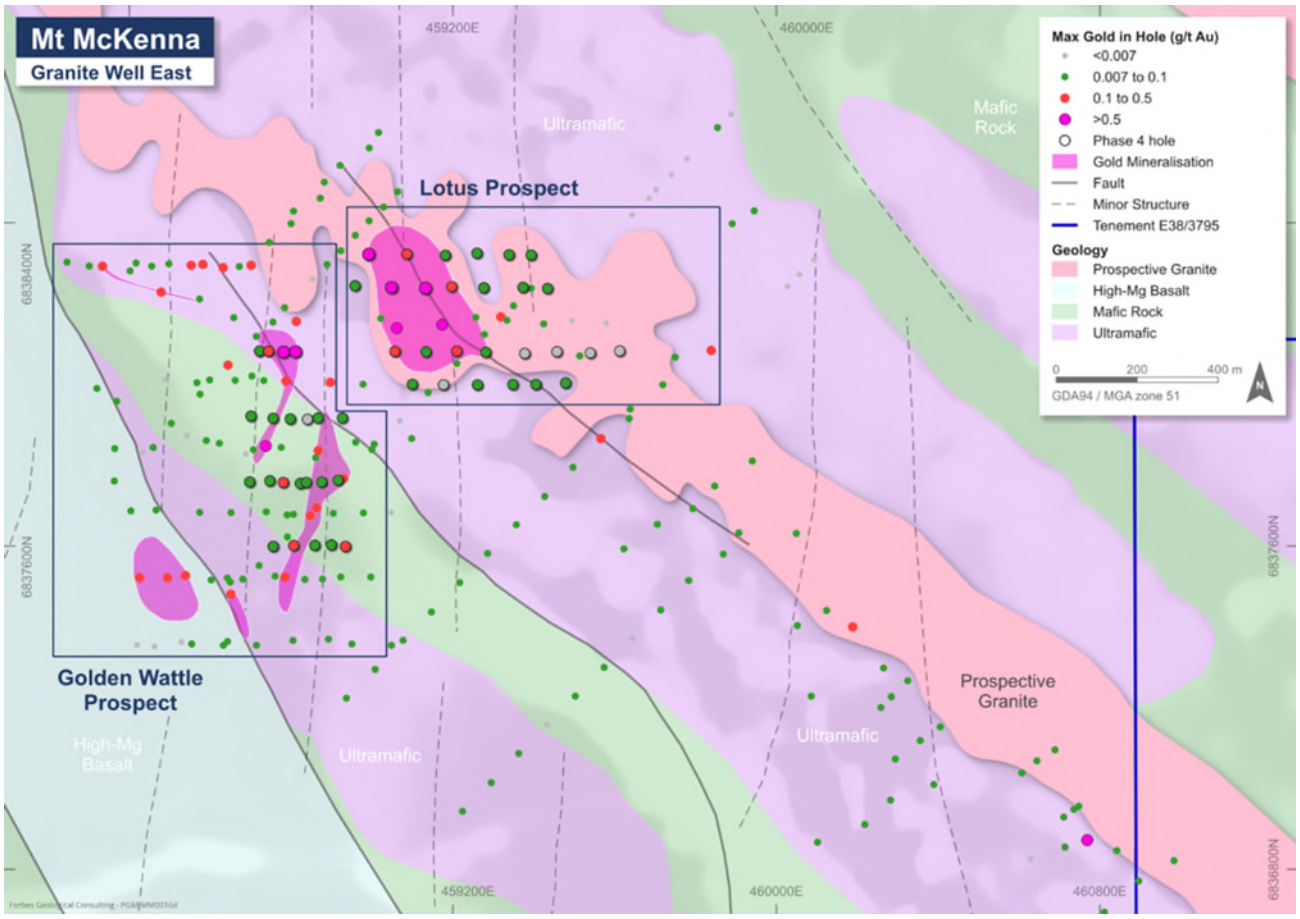


Figure 2. *Map showing the location and extents of the newly identified Lotus and Golden Wattle prospect areas within the Granite Well East prospect area of Mt McKenna Project.*

Phase 4 turns gold zones into defined prospects

Since acquiring Mt McKenna in September 2025,[2] Platina has advanced methodically from regional targeting to drill-ready prospects. The first aircore program identified a 1.5km mineralised structure,[3] a ground gravity survey sharpened drill targets[4] and Phase 3 drilling discovered new gold zones at Granite Well East, then known as Targets 4 and 5.[5]

Phase 4 was designed to test the continuity of those zones, and the results confirm it: drilling has outlined a zone of approximately 360m by 220m at Lotus and two parallel trends of approximately 340m and 520m at Golden Wattle. Isolated intercepts have become prospects with defined dimensions, providing the basis for RC drilling.

[2] Refer ASX release dated 3 September 2025 "New gold project in the world-class Laverton gold district."
[3] Refer ASX release dated 20 January 2026 "Aircore Drilling identifies 1.5km mineralised structure."
[4] Refer ASX release dated 11 March 2026 "Ground gravity survey defines drilling targets at Mt McKenna."
[5] Refer ASX release dated 29 June 2026 "Mt McKenna Gold Project - New Gold Zones Discovered."

Two styles of gold mineralisation

At Lotus, gold occurs in quartz veins within fractured granite, and visible gold has been logged. At Golden Wattle, gold occurs in sheared mafic and ultramafic rocks, accompanied by elevated arsenic (up to 1,105ppm) and copper (up to 1,690ppm). Gold in two different host rocks within the same area supports Platina's view that Granite Well East may host a broader mineralised system rather than a single, isolated occurrence.

Room to grow along strike and at depth

The Lotus granite extends approximately 2km to the southeast and remains largely untested (see Figure 2). Both Golden Wattle trends are open along strike, and several holes at each prospect ended in mineralisation (see Figure 2). Historical vertical RAB drilling in the area was shallow and may not have adequately tested the interpreted trends.

A favourable geological corridor

Granite Well East sits near the intersection of two regional geological trends, a setting considered favourable for gold. Brightstar Resources Ltd's Alpha Gold Deposit lies approximately 20km to the southwest along the same north-northwest trending corridor.

Phase 4 results at a glance

Key AC drilling results from Lotus and Golden Wattle are summarised below. Full results are provided in Tables 1 to 5.

Lotus prospect (see Figure 3):

- **8m @ 4.29g/t Au from 28m**, including **4m @ 8.37g/t from 28m** (MMKAC0348);
- **16m @ 0.28g/t Au from 20m** (MMKAC0349);
- **4m @ 0.97g/t Au from 44m** (MMKAC0354);
- **4m @ 0.38g/t Au from 24m** (MMKAC0362);
- **4m @ 0.13g/t Au from 48m** (MMKAC0350), ending at the bottom of hole; and
- **1m @ 0.17g/t Au from 41m** (MMKAC0355), ending at the bottom of hole.

Golden Wattle prospect (see Figure 4):

- **16m @ 0.22g/t Au from 32m** (MMKAC0394);
- **1m @ 1.92g/t Au from 51m** (MMKAC0395), ending at the bottom of hole;
- **4m @ 0.28g/t Au from 8m** (MMKAC0391);
- **4m @ 0.15g/t Au from 48m** (MMKAC0393); and
- **1m @ 0.12g/t Au from 36m** (MMKAC0388).

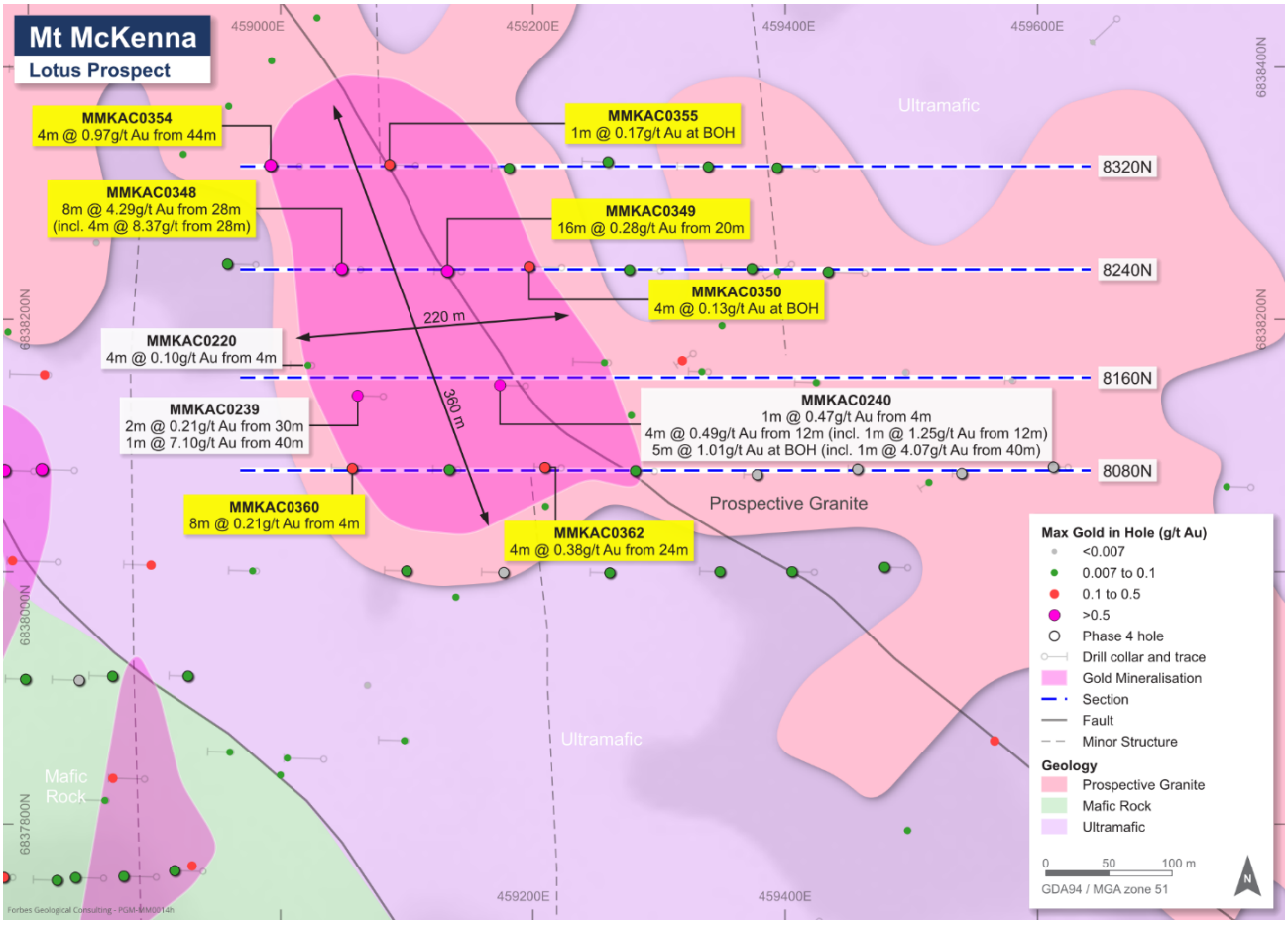


Figure 3. *Map showing intercepts and mineralised trends identified from Platina's 2026 phase 4 AC drilling at the Lotus prospect (previously part of the overall Granite Well East prospect area) of Mt McKenna Project – new results received highlighted in yellow. Lotus and Golden Wattle together occupy the area previously referred to as Targets 4 and 5. Map underlain by interpreted simplified bedrock geology.*

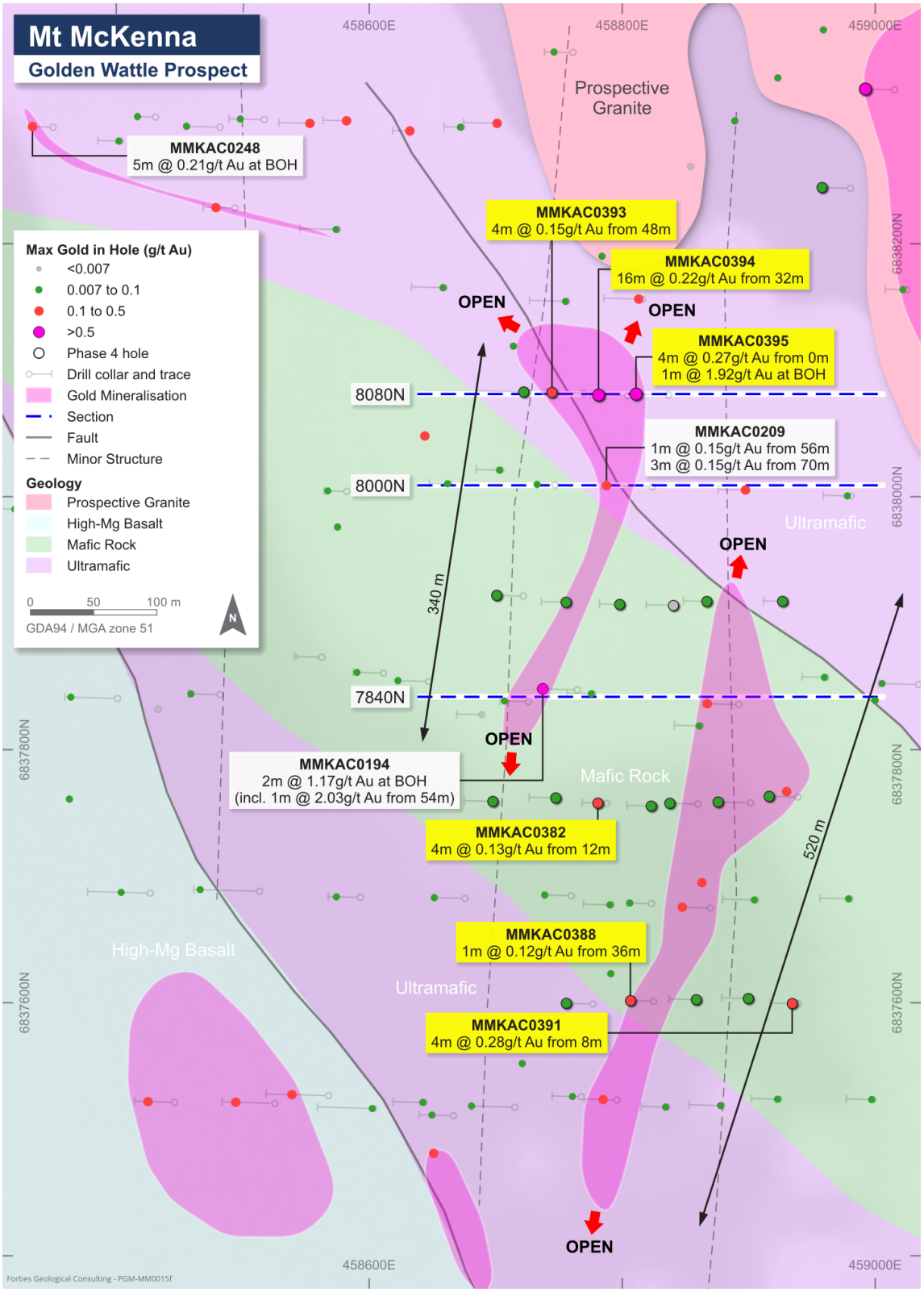


Figure 4. *Map showing intercepts and mineralised trends identified from Platina's 2026 phase 4 AC drilling at the Golden Wattle prospect (previously part of the overall Granite Well East prospect area) of Mt McKenna Project – new results highlighted in yellow. Lotus and Golden Wattle together occupy the area previously referred to as Targets 4 and 5. Map underlain by interpreted simplified bedrock geology.*

2026 Phase 4 Aircore Drill Program

During September/October 2026, Platina completed an AC drilling program[6] following up anomalous results from the Phase 3 drilling completed in April 2026.[7] The program comprised **49 AC holes for 2,137m**:

- **Lotus Prospect – A total of 27 AC holes for 1,117m; and**
- **Golden Wattle Prospect – A total of 22 AC holes for 1,020m.**

This follow-up AC drilling program was planned at the Granite Well East prospect area to infill and extend the recently identified gold mineralisation. The program focussed on the mineralised trends intersected in holes MMKAC0194, MMKAC0197, MMKAC0209, MMKAC0239 and MMKAC0240, with the objective of defining the continuity, orientation and extent of the mineralised system.

The results have improved the Company's understanding of the geological setting and identified several areas warranting further investigation.

Granite Well East Geology

The Granite Well East area is located near the intersection of a north-northwest trending regional mafic–syenite sequence and the west-northwest trending Diorite Hill mafic–ultramafic intrusive complex. This geological setting includes a granite–monzogranite unit and an interpreted northwest-trending fault system that extends around a large, layered mafic-ultramafic intrusion. The intersection of these geological trends is considered a favourable setting for gold mineralisation.

Lotus and Golden Wattle together occupy the area previously referred to by Platina as Targets 4 and 5 within the broader Granite Well East prospect area.[8]

Lotus Prospect

The Lotus Prospect covers a section of the granite/monzogranite unit that hosts a mineralised zone approximately 360m long and 220m wide within this felsic unit (see Figure 3). Gold is associated with quartz veining, and visible gold was logged within quartz veins in MMKAC0239 and MMKAC0355. Disseminated sulphides (pyrite) were observed during logging, with up to 3% noted within quartz veins. Anomalous gold concentrations are more typically associated with red hematite and manganese-oxide staining. The mineralised area is broadly associated with arsenic with values up to 190ppm coincident with Au mineralisation. The gold mineralisation at the prospect is seen to be associated with elevated values of As, Bi, Mo, Pb and Ag.

New results from the Phase 4 drilling include:

- **8m @ 4.29g/t Au** from 28m, ***incl. 4m @ 8.37g/t Au*** from 28m (MMKAC0348), within granite proximal to a mafic contact and associated with quartz veining;
- **4m @ 0.97g/t Au** from 44m (MMKAC0354);
- **16m @ 0.28g/t Au** from 20m (MMKAC0349);

[6] Refer ASX release dated 7 October 2026 "Phase 4 drilling commences at the Mt McKenna Gold Project."
[7] Refer ASX release dated 29 June 2026 "Mt McKenna Gold Project - New Gold Zones Discovered."
[8] Refer ASX release dated 29 June 2026 "Mt McKenna Gold Project - New Gold Zones Discovered."

- **4m @ 0.38g/t Au** from 24m (MMKAC0362);
- **8m @ 0.21g/t Au** from 4m (MMKAC0360);
- **4m @ 0.13g/t Au from 48m** (MMKAC0350), ending at the bottom of hole; and
- **1m @ 0.17g/t Au** from 41m (MMKAC0355).

Additional results from 1m re-sampling of earlier Phase 3 aircore drilling have provided further information on gold distribution in holes MMKAC0239 and MMKAC0240, located more than 110m apart on Section 8160 (see Figure 7). These include:

- **2m @ 0.21g/t Au** from 30m (MMKAC0239);
- **5m @ 1.01g/t Au** from 38m, ***incl. 1m @ 4.07g/t Au*** from 40m (MMKAC0240), extending to the bottom of hole;
- **4m @ 0.49g/t Au** from 12m, ***incl. 1m @ 1.25g/t Au*** from 12m (MMKAC0240), associated with arsenic values up to 190ppm; and
- **1m @ 0.47g/t Au** from 4m (MMKAC0240).

Previously reported results from Phase 3 drilling[9] also included 1m @ 7.10g/t Au from 40m in MMKAC0239, where visible gold was logged. This interval occurs 1m above the bottom of the hole. Several AC holes at Lotus intersected gold mineralisation at or near their final depths, indicating potential for mineralisation to continue below the current drilling. The mineralised area also remains incompletely tested to the northwest and southeast, where historical vertical rotary air blast (**RAB**) drilling was shallow and may not have adequately intersected the interpreted mineralised trends.

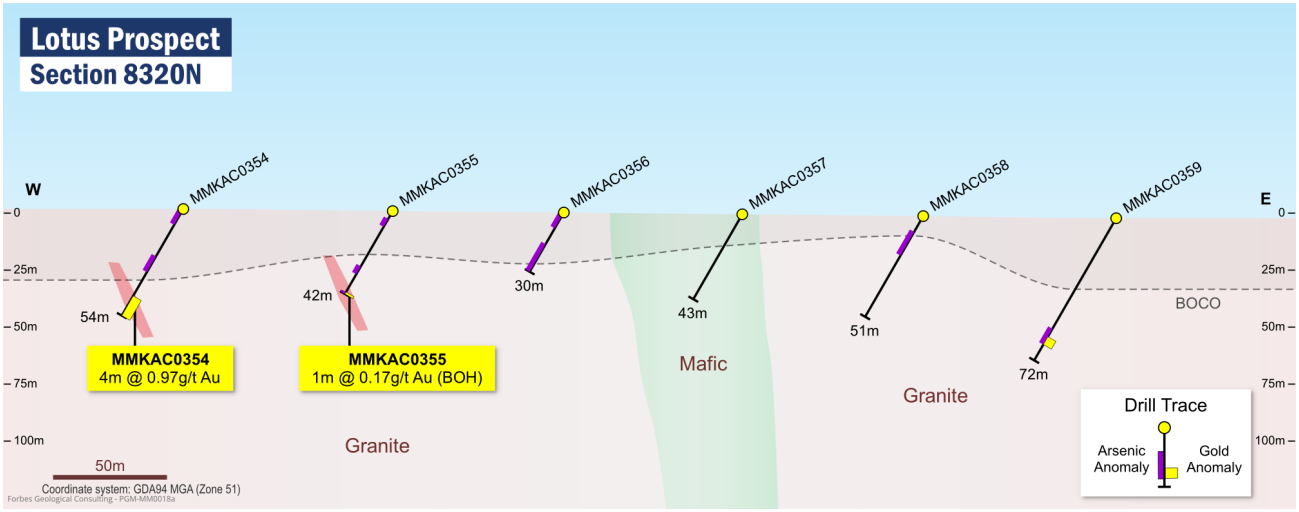


Figure 5. *Section 8320 showing AC holes MMKAC0354 – MMKAC0359 Section limits +/-40m.*

[9] Refer ASX release dated 29 June 2026 "Mt McKenna Gold Project - New Gold Zones Discovered."

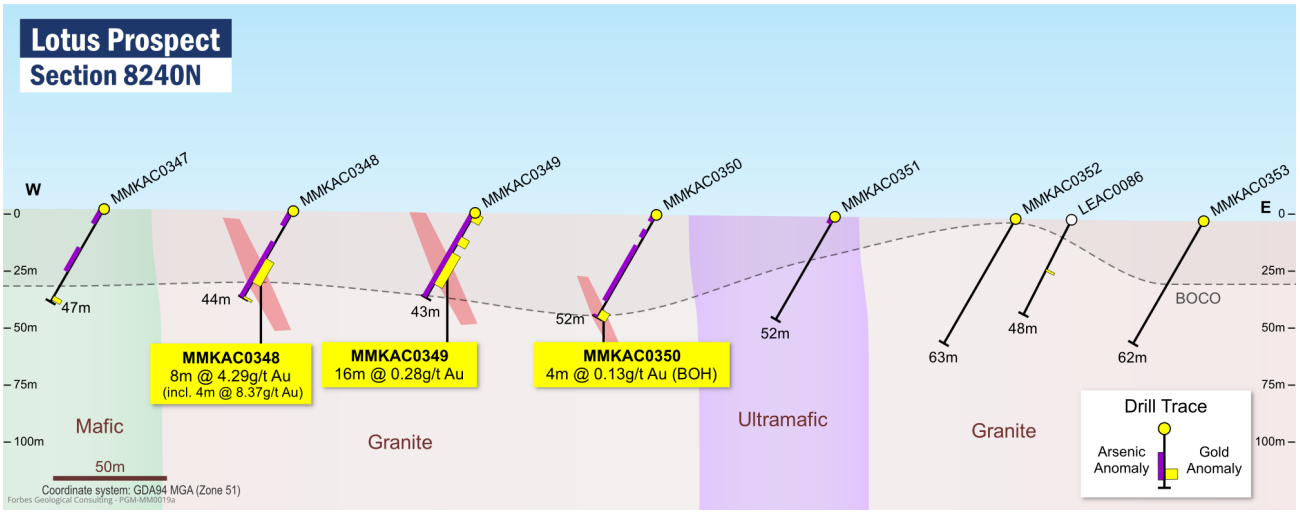


Figure 6. *Section 8240 showing AC holes from MMKAC0347 – MMKAC0352. Mineralised Au intersection in MMKAC0348 is proximal to Granitoid/Mafic contact and is associated with quartz veining. Section limits +/-40m.*

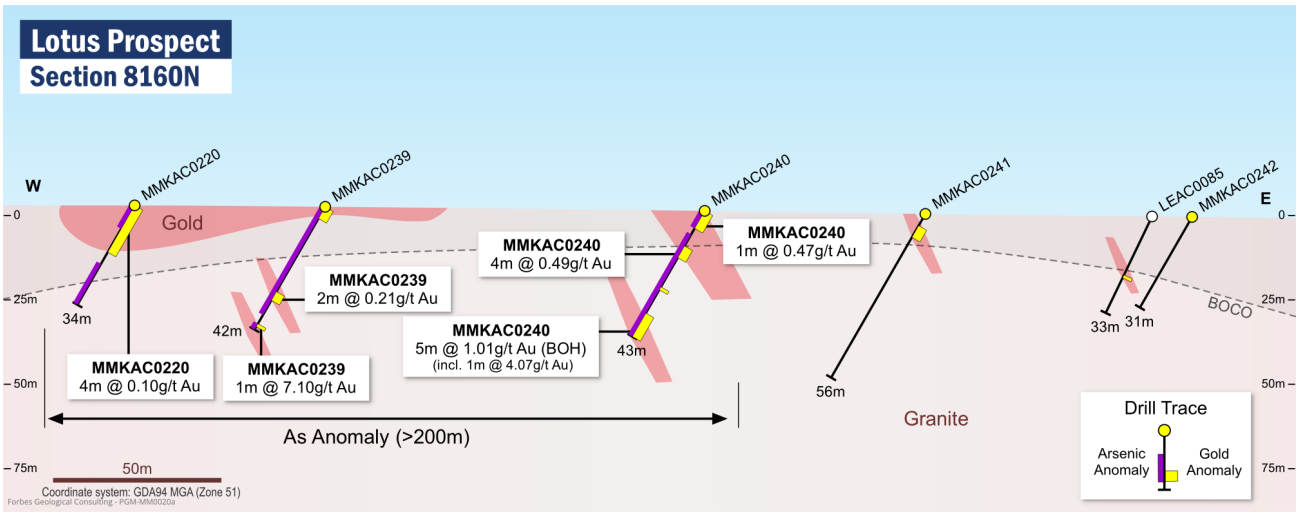


Figure 7. *Section 8160 showing 1m re-split assays for holes MMKAC0239 & MMKAC0240 (previously reported as 4m composites, June 2026). Section limits +/-40m.*

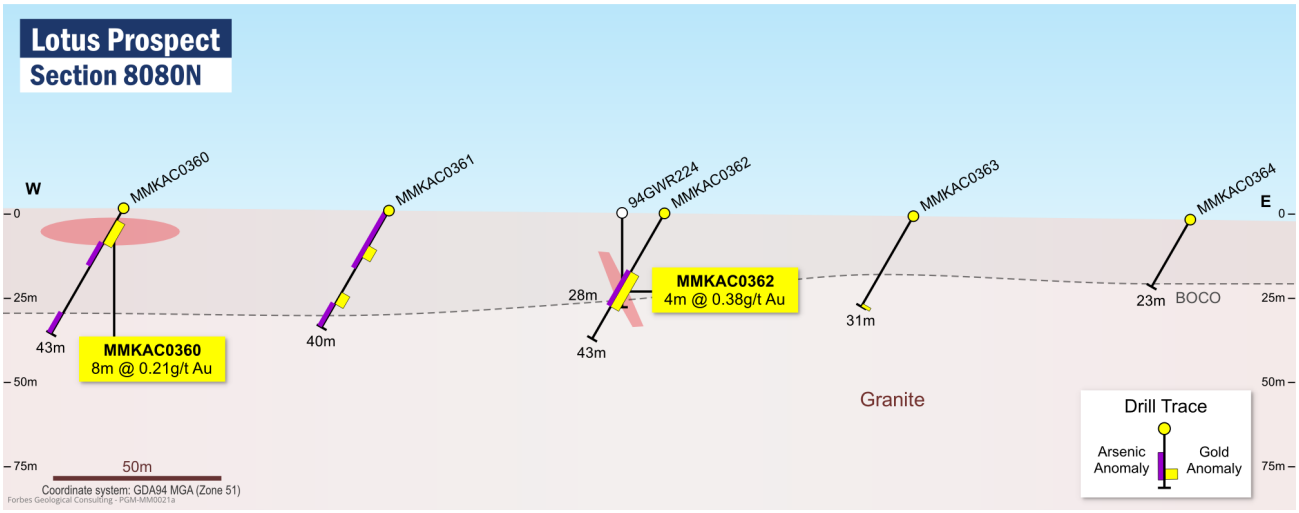


Figure 8. *Section 8080 showing AC holes MMKAC0360 – MMKAC0364 from Lotus Prospect. Section limits +/-40m.*

Golden Wattle Prospect

Drilling at the Golden Wattle Prospect, immediately west and southwest of Lotus, has identified two approximately parallel, north to north-northeast trending gold-mineralised zones with interpreted strike lengths of approximately 340m and 520m, together with a smaller anomalous zone to the southwest (see Figure 4).

Mineralisation occurs within mafic and ultramafic rocks, including ultramafic schist, with moderate to strong shearing locally observed in mafic rocks near mineralised intervals. Gold mineralisation appears to be associated with quartz and epidote veining and elevated arsenic concentrations, reaching 1,105ppm. Anomalous bismuth, copper, zinc, silver, tin, tellurium and tungsten have also been recorded in association with mineralisation, with copper concentrations reaching 1,690ppm.

Several gold intersections occur at or near the bottom of aircore drill holes, indicating potential for mineralisation to extend into the underlying fresh rock. Both mineralised trends remain open to the north and south.

New results from the Phase 4 drilling include:

- **1m @ 1.92g/t Au** from 51m (MMKAC0395), at the bottom of the hole and associated with epidote veining (see Figure 9). The interval also returned elevated copper (greater than 700ppm), bismuth (greater than 30ppm) and tin (greater than 5ppm). The same hole intersected 4m @ 0.27g/t Au from surface;
- **16m @ 0.22g/t Au** from 32m (MMKAC0394);
- **4m @ 0.28g/t Au from 8m** (MMKAC0391);
- **4m @ 0.15g/t Au** from 48m (MMKAC0393);
- **4m @ 0.13g/t Au** from 12m (MMKAC0382); and
- **1m @ 0.12g/t Au** from 36m (MMKAC0388), 1m from the bottom of hole.

The 1m re-split assays for earlier holes at Golden Wattle returned:

- **2m @ 1.17g/t Au** from 54m, ***incl. 1m @ 2.03g/t Au*** from 54m (MMKAC0194), a bottom of hole intercept within mafic rocks (see Figure 11); and
- **3m @ 0.15g/t Au** from 70m and **1m @ 0.15g/t Au** from 56m (MMKAC0209), within a zone of strong arsenic and multielement pathfinder anomalism, along with quartz veining (see Figure 10).

Assay results from the northernmost Phase 3 drill line at Golden Wattle were outstanding at the time of the June 2026 release[10] due to the presence of fibrous material, which required separate laboratory processing. These results have now been received and include:

- **5m @ 0.21g/t Au** from 28m (MMKAC0248), a bottom of hole intercept (see Figure 4).

Other previously reported anomalous intersections at Golden Wattle include **4m @ 0.10g/t Au** from 48m (MMKAC0197)[11] near the bottom of hole, together with historical vertical RAB drilling results of 1m @ 0.22g/t Au from 38m in 94GWR228, at the bottom of the hole, and 4m @ 0.41g/t Au from 36m in 94GWR229, near the bottom of the hole.

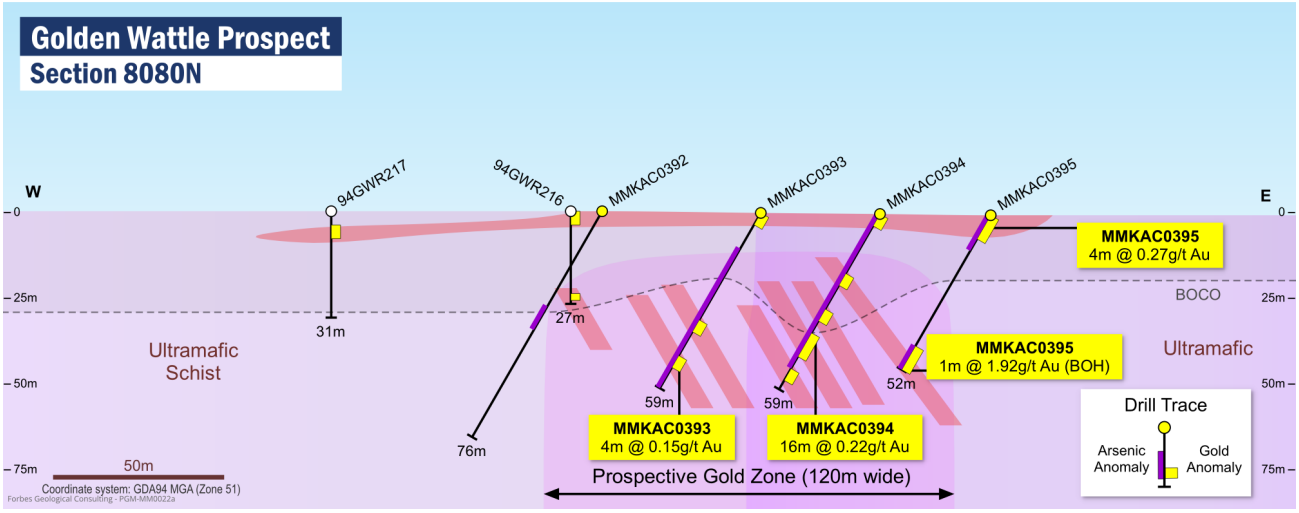


Figure 9. *Section 8080 showing AC holes MMKAC0392 – 0395 from Golden Wattle Prospect. Mineralisation at BOH associated with epidote veining in MMKAC0395. Section limits +/-40m.*

[10] Refer ASX release dated 29 June 2026 "Mt McKenna Gold Project - New Gold Zones Discovered."
[11] Refer ASX release dated 29 June 2026 "Mt McKenna Gold Project - New Gold Zones Discovered."

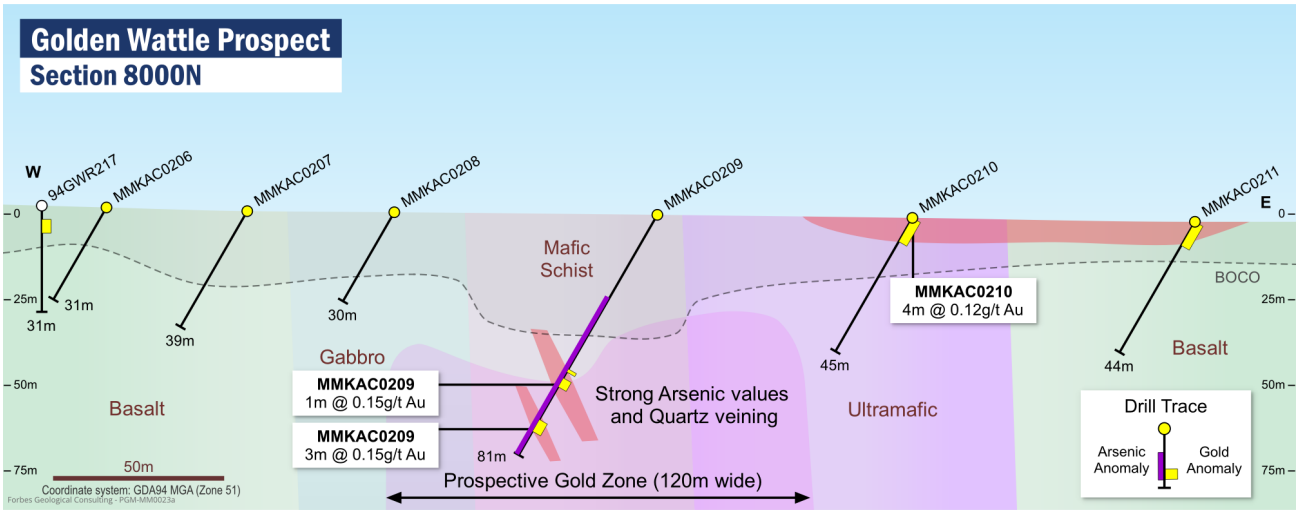


Figure 10. *Section 8000 shows 1m re-split assays for MMKAC0209 (previously reported as 4m composites, June 2026) with mineralised As-Au intersection. Section limits +/-40m.*

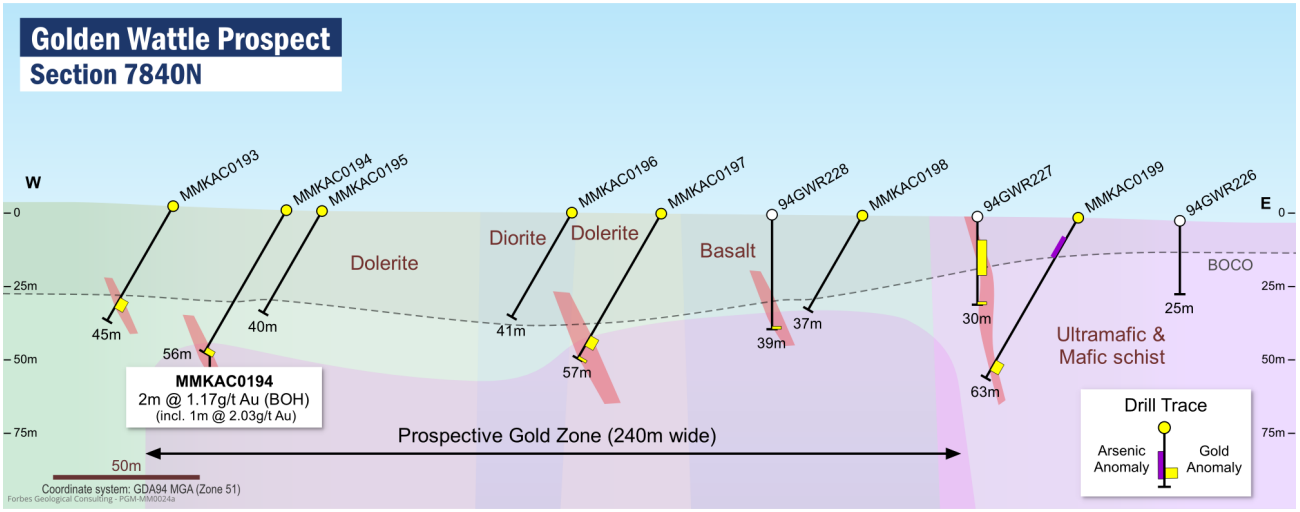


Figure 11. *Section 7840N showing AC holes MMKAC0193 – MMKAC0199, including 1m re-split assays for MMKAC0194 (previously reported as 4m composites, June 2026). Section limits +/-40m.*

Next steps

Platina has engaged a specialist structural geologist to undertake a detailed review of the geological and drilling data to date at Mt McKenna, with particular emphasis on the Lotus and Golden Wattle prospects. The review will focus on understanding the complex structural setting, determining the orientation and controls on gold mineralisation, and refining targets for the next phase of drilling.

Following the initial desktop review, a field visit is planned within the next three weeks to assess the available geological exposures, undertake structural mapping where possible and further evaluate the geological interpretations.

The findings will inform the design of a reverse circulation (**RC**) drilling program at Lotus and Golden Wattle, aimed at testing the potential depth and strike extensions of gold mineralisation identified by aircore drilling. RC drilling is provisionally planned for early in the first quarter of 2027, subject to the structural review, finalisation of drill targets and rig availability.

At the northern Target 2 area, a separate RC drilling program is planned for later in 2027 under the Western Australian Government's Co-funded Exploration Drilling Program. The program is intended to test the potential down-dip and along-strike extensions of previously identified gold-bearing structures, together with the associated arsenic anomaly and prospective granite–mafic contact identified through aircore drilling and gravity surveys. Additional drilling is also planned to investigate untested targets south of the existing Target 2 aircore drilling.

This announcement was authorised by Dr Paul Polito, Managing Director of Platina Resources Limited.

For more information:

Paul Polito
Managing Director & CEO
Mobile: 0428 713 865
admin@platinaresources.com.au

Gareth Quinn
Investor Relations
Mobile: 0417 711 108
gareth@republicir.com.au

ABOUT PLATINA RESOURCES LIMITED (ASX: PGM)

Platina Resources is an Australian explorer focused on the Laverton district of Western Australia, one of the country's premier gold regions. The Company has assembled a portfolio of more than 300km² across its three Laverton projects, Mt McKenna, Sunrise Bore and Mt Morgans South, close to established infrastructure and multiple processing facilities.

Platina's strategy is to secure quality ground, test well-defined targets systematically and allocate capital according to results. The Company aims to create shareholder value through discovery and by monetising its projects through sale, joint venture or development.

Platina also holds 100% of two exploration licence applications covering approximately 992km² at the Jove Tin Project in the Northern Territory, providing exposure to an Australian-designated strategic material.

For more information, please see: **www.platinaresources.com.au**

DISCLAIMER

Statements regarding Platina Resources' plans with respect to its mineral properties are forward-looking statements. There can be no assurance that Platina Resources' plans for development of its mineral properties will proceed as currently expected. There can also be no assurance that Platina Resources will be able to confirm the presence of additional mineral deposits, that any mineralisation will prove to be economic or that a mine will successfully be developed on any of Platina Resources' mineral properties.

REFERENCES TO PREVIOUS ASX RELEASES

The information in this report that relates to Exploration Results were last reported by the company in compliance with the 2012 Edition of the JORC Australasian Code for Reporting of Exploration Results, Mineral Resources and Ore Reserves in market releases dated as follows:

- New gold project in the world-class Laverton gold district, 3 September 2025
- Commencement of Exploration at the Mt McKenna Gold Project, 25 September 2025
- Mt McKenna Gold Project Exploration Update, 3 November 2025
- Aircore drilling underway at Mt McKenna Gold Project, 26 November 2025
- Drilling completed at Mt McKenna and US$1 million received, 23 December 2025
- Aircore Drilling identifies 1.5km mineralised structure, 20 January 2026
- Platina outlines fully funded 2026 gold exploration strategy, 5 February 2026
- Mt McKenna Gold Project - Back-to-back drilling programs, 12 February 2026
- Mt McKenna Gold Project - Phase 2 drilling underway, 27 February 2026
- Ground gravity survey defines drilling targets at Mt McKenna, 11 March 2026
- Phase 3 aircore drilling begins at Mt McKenna Gold Project, 30 March 2026
- Mt McKenna Gold Project - New Gold Zones Discovered, 29 June 2026
- Phase 4 drilling commences at the Mt McKenna Gold Project, 7 October 2026

The Company confirms that it is not aware of any new information or data that materially affects the information included in the market announcements referred to above and further confirms that all material assumptions underpinning the exploration results contained in those market releases continue to apply and have not materially changed.

COMPETENT PERSON STATEMENT

The information in this Report that relates to the Mt McKenna Project exploration results is based on information reviewed and compiled by Mr Rohan Deshpande who is an employee of Platina Resources and Member of the Australian Institute of Geoscientists (AIG). Mr Deshpande has sufficient experience which is relevant to this style of mineralisation and type of deposit under consideration and to the overseeing activities which he is undertaking to qualify as a Competent Person as defined in the 2012 Edition of the "Australasian Code for Reporting of Exploration Results, Minerals Resources and Ore Reserves'. Mr Deshpande consents to the inclusion in the report of the matters based on his information in the form and context in which it appears.

Air-Core Drilling Details

Hole ID	Depth From (m)	Depth To (m)	Width (m)	Au g/t	gram x metre	Intercept
MMKAC0348	28	36	8	**4.29**	**34.28**	8m @ 4.29g/t Au from 28m
						(incl. 4m @ 8.37g/t from 28m)
MMKAC0349	20	36	16	0.28	**4.45**	16m @ 0.28g/t Au from 20m
MMKAC0354	44	48	4	0.97	**3.88**	4m @ 0.97g/t Au from 44m
MMKAC0360	4	12	8	0.21	**1.69**	8m @ 0.21g/t Au from 4m
MMKAC0362	24	28	4	0.38	**1.53**	4m @ 0.38g/t Au from 24m
MMKAC0350	48	52	4	0.13	0.51	4m @ 0.13g/t Au from 48m
MMKAC0355	41	42	1	0.17	0.17	1m @ 0.17g/t Au from 41m

Table 1. *Anomalous and mineralised gold intersections (minimum of 0.1g/t Au cut-off and maximum 10m internal dilution) at the Lotus prospect from Mt McKenna's Phase 4 aircore drilling in October 2026.*

Hole ID	Depth From (m)	Depth To (m)	Width (m)	Au g/t	gram x metre	Intercept
MMKAC0394	32	48	16	0.22	**3.52**	16m @ 0.22g/t Au from 32m
MMKAC0395	51	52	1	**1.92**	**1.92**	1m @ 1.92g/t Au from 51m
MMKAC0391	8	12	4	0.28	**1.12**	4m @ 0.28g/t Au from 8m
MMKAC0395	0	4	4	0.27	**1.08**	4m @ 0.27g/t Au from 0m
MMKAC0393	48	52	4	0.15	0.59	4m @ 0.15g/t Au from 48m
MMKAC0382	12	16	4	0.13	0.50	4m @ 0.13g/t Au from 12m
MMKAC0388	36	37	1	0.12	0.12	1m @ 0.12g/t Au from 36m

Table 2. *Anomalous and mineralised gold intersections (minimum of 0.1g/t Au cut-off and maximum 10m internal dilution) at the Golden Wattle prospect from Mt McKenna's Phase 4 aircore drilling in October 2026.*

Hole ID	Depth From (m)	Depth To (m)	Width (m)	Au g/t	gram x metre	Intercept
MMKAC0240	38	43	5	**1.01**	**5.05**	5m @ 1.01g/t Au from 38m
						(incl. 1m @ 4.07g/t Au from 40m)
MMKAC0240	12	16	4	0.49	**1.96**	4m @ 0.49g/t Au from 12m
						(incl. 1m @ 1.25g/t Au from 12m)
MMKAC0240	4	5	1	0.47	0.47	1m @ 0.47g/t Au from 4m
MMKAC0239	30	32	2	0.21	0.42	2m @ 0.21g/t Au from 30m

Table 3. *Gold intersections from re-splits of the 4m composite samples (minimum of 0.1g/t Au cut-off and maximum 10m internal dilution) at the Lotus prospect from Mt McKenna's Phase 3 aircore drilling of March - April 2026.*

Hole ID	Depth From (m)	Depth To (m)	Width (m)	Au g/t	gram x metre	Intercept
MMKAC0194	54	56	2	**1.17**	**2.34**	2m @ 1.17g/t Au from 54m
						(incl. 1m @ 2.03g/t Au from 54m)
MMKAC0209	56	57	1	0.15	0.15	1m @ 0.15g/t Au from 56m
MMKAC0209	70	73	3	0.15	0.45	3m @ 0.15g/t Au from 70m

Table 4. *Gold intersection from re-splits of the original 4m composite samples (minimum of 0.1g/t Au cut-off and maximum 10m internal dilution) at the Golden Wattle prospect from Mt McKenna's Phase 3 aircore drilling of March - April 2026.*

Hole ID	Depth From (m)	Depth To (m)	Width (m)	Au g/t	gram x metre	Intercept
MMKAC0248	28	33	5	0.21	**1.07**	5m @ 0.21g/t Au from 28m

Table 5. *Gold intersection (minimum of 0.1g/t Au cut-off and maximum 10m internal dilution) at the Golden Wattle prospect from Mt McKenna's Phase 3 aircore drilling of March - April 2026. This assay was delayed at the lab due to the presence of fibrous material and having to process it separately.*

Prospect	Hole ID	Drill Type	End Depth (m)	Dip (degrees)	Azimuth (GDA94/MGA zone 51)	Collar East (GDA94/MGA zone 51)	Collar North (GDA94/MGA zone 51)	Collar RL (GDA94/MGA zone 51)	Collar Survey Method	Tenement ID
Lotus	MMKAC0347	AC	47	-60	270	458980.39	6838243.73	516	GPS	E 38/3795
Lotus	MMKAC0348	AC	44	-60	270	459063.43	6838239.7	515	GPS	E 38/3795
Lotus	MMKAC0349	AC	43	-60	270	459143.23	6838238.1	515	GPS	E 38/3795
Lotus	MMKAC0350	AC	52	-60	270	459222.82	6838241.36	514	GPS	E 38/3795
Lotus	MMKAC0351	AC	52	-60	270	459301.16	6838238.65	513	GPS	E 38/3795
Lotus	MMKAC0352	AC	63	-60	270	459380.47	6838240.14	512	GPS	E 38/3795
Lotus	MMKAC0353	AC	62	-60	270	459463.01	6838236.88	511	GPS	E 38/3795
Lotus	MMKAC0354	AC	54	-60	270	459015.13	6838321.51	515	GPS	E 38/3795
Lotus	MMKAC0355	AC	42	-60	270	459107.05	6838322.17	514	GPS	E 38/3795
Lotus	MMKAC0356	AC	30	-60	270	459182.16	6838319.77	513	GPS	E 38/3795
Lotus	MMKAC0357	AC	43	-60	270	459260.48	6838324.92	513	GPS	E 38/3795
Lotus	MMKAC0358	AC	51	-60	270	459339.9	6838320.98	512	GPS	E 38/3795
Lotus	MMKAC0359	AC	72	-60	270	459424.59	6838319.39	511	GPS	E 38/3795
Lotus	MMKAC0360	AC	43	-60	270	459061.83	6838081.82	517	GPS	E 38/3795
Lotus	MMKAC0361	AC	40	-60	270	459140.65	6838080.77	516	GPS	E 38/3795
Lotus	MMKAC0362	AC	43	-60	270	459222.5	6838082.38	515	GPS	E 38/3795
Lotus	MMKAC0363	AC	31	-60	270	459296.44	6838079.65	514	GPS	E 38/3795
Lotus	MMKAC0364	AC	23	-60	270	459378.69	6838076.94	513	GPS	E 38/3795
Lotus	MMKAC0365	AC	21	-60	270	459460.23	6838081.32	512	GPS	E 38/3795
Lotus	MMKAC0366	AC	17	-60	270	459540.82	6838077.95	511	GPS	E 38/3795
Lotus	MMKAC0367	AC	24	-60	270	459624.12	6838082.78	510	GPS	E 38/3795
Lotus	MMKAC0368	AC	37	-60	270	459100.84	6838000.64	517	GPS	E 38/3795
Lotus	MMKAC0369	AC	37	-60	270	459177.8	6837999.36	517	GPS	E 38/3795
Lotus	MMKAC0370	AC	37	-60	270	459263.86	6837999.1	516	GPS	E 38/3795
Lotus	MMKAC0371	AC	34	-60	270	459349.23	6838000.07	515	GPS	E 38/3795
Lotus	MMKAC0372	AC	36	-60	270	459423.06	6837999.66	514	GPS	E 38/3795

Prospect	Hole ID	Drill Type	End Depth (m)	Dip (degrees)	Azimuth (GDA94/MGA zone 51)	Collar East (GDA94/MGA zone 51)	Collar North (GDA94/MGA zone 51)	Collar RL (GDA94/MGA zone 51)	Collar Survey Method	Tenement ID
Lotus	MMKAC0373	AC	39	-60	270	459497.07	6838003.24	513	GPS	E 38/3795
Golden Wattle	MMKAC0374	AC	45	-60	270	458721.69	6837921.43	524	GPS	E 38/3795
Golden Wattle	MMKAC0375	AC	41	-60	270	458756.52	6837916.56	523	GPS	E 38/3795
Golden Wattle	MMKAC0376	AC	34	-60	270	458798.87	6837914.83	523	GPS	E 38/3795
Golden Wattle	MMKAC0377	AC	45	-60	270	458841.41	6837913.98	522	GPS	E 38/3795
Golden Wattle	MMKAC0378	AC	39	-60	270	458867.8	6837917.18	522	GPS	E 38/3795
Golden Wattle	MMKAC0379	AC	32	-60	270	458927.65	6837917.28	521	GPS	E 38/3795
Golden Wattle	MMKAC0380	AC	47	-60	270	458698.6	6837759.15	528	GPS	E 38/3795
Golden Wattle	MMKAC0381	AC	44	-60	270	458748.36	6837761.88	527	GPS	E 38/3795
Golden Wattle	MMKAC0382	AC	39	-60	270	458787.69	6837757.58	526	GPS	E 38/3795
Golden Wattle	MMKAC0383	AC	44	-60	270	458825.83	6837755.39	525	GPS	E 38/3795
Golden Wattle	MMKAC0384	AC	45	-60	270	458859.76	6837757.06	525	GPS	E 38/3795
Golden Wattle	MMKAC0385	AC	52	-60	270	458901.42	6837757.98	526	GPS	E 38/3795
Golden Wattle	MMKAC0386	AC	47	-60	270	458938.56	6837762.54	526	GPS	E 38/3795
Golden Wattle	MMKAC0387	AC	48	-60	270	458776.71	6837599.01	529	GPS	E 38/3795
Golden Wattle	MMKAC0388	AC	38	-60	270	458824.71	6837601.17	529	GPS	E 38/3795
Golden Wattle	MMKAC0389	AC	45	-60	270	458859.42	6837602.4	529	GPS	E 38/3795
Golden Wattle	MMKAC0390	AC	44	-60	270	458900.59	6837603.32	529	GPS	E 38/3795
Golden Wattle	MMKAC0391	AC	45	-60	270	458939.33	6837599.25	529	GPS	E 38/3795
Golden Wattle	MMKAC0392	AC	76	-60	270	458723.08	6838082.74	521	GPS	E 38/3795
Golden Wattle	MMKAC0393	AC	59	-60	270	458769.44	6838081.68	520	GPS	E 38/3795
Golden Wattle	MMKAC0394	AC	59	-60	270	458804.26	6838079.7	520	GPS	E 38/3795
Golden Wattle	MMKAC0395	AC	52	-60	270	458836.62	6838080.37	520	GPS	E 38/3795

Table 6. *Collar locations and details of all AC Drilling in October 2026 by Platina Resources Ltd*

JORC Code Table

Section 1: Sampling Techniques and Data

Criteria	JORC Code explanation	Commentary
Sampling techniques	• *Nature and quality of sampling (e.g. cut channels, random chips, or specific specialised industry standard measurement tools appropriate to the minerals under investigation, such as down hole gamma sounds, or handheld XRF instruments, etc.). These examples should not be taken as limiting the broad meaning of sampling.* • *Include reference to measures taken to ensure sample representivity and the appropriate calibration of any measurement tools or systems used.* • *Aspects of the determination of mineralisation that are Material to the Public Report.* *In cases where 'industry standard' work has been done this would be relatively simple (e.g. 'reverse circulation drilling was used to obtain 1m samples from which 3 kg was pulverised to produce a 30 g charge for fire assay'). In other cases more explanation may be required, such as where there is coarse gold that has inherent sampling problems. Unusual commodities or mineralisation types (e.g. submarine nodules) may warrant disclosure of detailed information.*	**Aircore Drilling:** • All drilling and sampling was undertaken in an industry standard manner. • Aircore samples were collected by spear from 1m sample piles and composited over 4m intervals. Some zones of visual interest with sulphide mineralisation were spear sampled into 1m sample intervals as well. • The bottom of hole metre was always collected and sampled as a 1m sample. • The independent laboratory pulverises the entire sample for analysis as described below.
Drilling techniques	*Drill type (e.g. core, reverse circulation, open-hole hammer, rotary air blast, auger, Bangka, sonic, etc.) and details (e.g. core diameter, triple or standard tube, depth of diamond tails, face-sampling bit or other type, whether core is oriented and if so, by what method, etc.).*	• Aircore holes were drilled with a 3.35-inch diameter blade bit and where required the hammer was used for a 3.74-inch diameter. Some locations an aircore diamond bit was also used. • Bostech AC Rig 09 (Drillboss 200) was employed to carry out the drill programs.

Criteria	JORC Code explanation	Commentary
Drill sample recovery	• *Method of recording and assessing core and chip sample recoveries and results assessed.* • *Measures taken to maximise sample recovery and ensure representative nature of the samples.* *Whether a relationship exists between sample recovery and grade and whether sample bias may have occurred due to preferential loss/gain of fine/coarse material.*	• Aircore samples were visually assessed for recovery. • Samples are considered representative with generally good recovery. • No sample bias is observed.
Logging	• *Whether core and chip samples have been geologically and geotechnically logged to a level of detail to support appropriate Mineral Resource estimation, mining studies and metallurgical studies.* • *Whether logging is qualitative or quantitative in nature. Core (or costean, channel, etc.) photography.* • *The total length and percentage of the relevant intersections logged.*	• Logged qualitatively by the on-site geologists from drill chip samples taken every metre. Logging is undertaken on geology, alteration, veining, sulphides and shearing. Logging of vein and sulphide percentages is semiquantitative.
Sub-sampling techniques and sample preparation	• *If core, whether cut or sawn and whether quarter, half or all core taken.* • *If non-core, whether riffled, tube sampled, rotary split, etc. and whether sampled wet or dry.* • *For all sample types, the nature, quality and appropriateness of the sample preparation technique.* • *Quality control procedures adopted for all sub-sampling stages to maximise representivity of samples.* • *Measures taken to ensure that the sampling is representative of the in situ material collected, including for instance results for field duplicate/second-half sampling.* • *Whether sample sizes are appropriate to the grain size of the material being sampled.*	• Aircore samples were collected by spear from 1m sample piles and composited over 4m intervals. A final 1m bottom of hole assay were taken for assaying with a different technique. • Anomalous results from 4m composite samples from the June 2026 assays were 1m re-split in the field and resubmitted to the independent ALS lab for analysis. These samples were scooped from the 1m piles of the aircore drilling on the ground. • Industry prepared independent standards and blanks are inserted approximately 1 in 33 samples for AC. • Each sample was dried, split, crushed and pulverised. • Sample sizes are considered appropriate for the material sampled. • The samples are considered representative and appropriate for this type of drilling. • Aircore samples are generally of good quality and appropriate for delineation of geochemical trends but are not generally used in resource estimates.

Criteria	JORC Code explanation	Commentary
Quality of assay data and laboratory tests	• *The nature, quality and appropriateness of the assaying and laboratory procedures used and whether the technique is considered partial or total.* • *For geophysical tools, spectrometers, handheld XRF instruments, etc., the parameters used in determining the analysis including instrument make and model, reading times, calibrations factors applied and their derivation, etc.* • *Nature of quality control procedures adopted (e.g. standards, blanks, duplicates, external laboratory checks) and whether acceptable levels of accuracy (i.e. lack of bias) and precision have been established.*	• The samples were submitted to a commercial independent laboratory in Perth, Australia (ALS). • 4m Aircore samples were analysed for Au using 25g aqua regia extraction with ICPMS finish and multi-elements by ICPAES and ICPMS using aqua regia digestion. (ALS Code: TL43-MEPKG) • 1m EOH samples were analysed for Au using 25g aqua regia extraction with ICPMS finish (AuTL43) and multi-elements by ICPAES using four acid digestion (ALS Code: ME-MS61). • One sample where it was suspected to have visible gold was re-assayed by photon assay (ALS Code: Au-PA01p) so as to collect data from a larger sample mass in cases of nugget gold effect. • The techniques are considered quantitative in nature. • As discussed previously certified reference standards were inserted by the Company and the laboratory also carries out internal standards in individual batches. • The standards were considered satisfactory.
Verification of sampling and assaying	• *The verification of significant intersections by either independent or alternative company personnel.* • *The use of twinned holes.* • *Documentation of primary data, data entry procedures, data verification, data storage (physical and electronic) protocols.* • *Discuss any adjustment to assay data.*	• Sample results have been merged by the company's geologists. • Results have been uploaded into the company database Datashed5, checked and verified. • No adjustments have been made to the assay data. • Results are reported on a length-weight basis.
Location of data points	• *Accuracy and quality of surveys used to locate drill holes (collar and down-hole surveys), trenches, mine workings and other locations used in Mineral Resource estimation.* • *Specification of the grid system used.* • *Quality and adequacy of topographic control.*	• Aircore hole collar locations are located by handheld GPS to an accuracy of 4m. • Elevation data can be considered low quality and was adjusted in by regional DTM data. • Locations are given in GDA94 zone 51. • Diagrams and location table are provided in the report. • Topographic control is by detailed satellite image and GPS data.
Data spacing and distribution	• *Data spacing for reporting of Exploration Results.* • *Whether the data spacing and distribution is sufficient to establish the degree of geological and grade continuity appropriate for the Mineral Resource and Ore Reserve estimation procedure(s) and classifications applied.*	• Aircore drill spacing was 80m between holes and 80m between lines for holes MMKAC0347 – MMKAC0373 • Aircore drill spacing was ~40m between holes and 80m between lines for holes MMKAC0374 – MMKAC0395. • All holes have been geologically logged and provide a strong basis for geological control and continuity of mineralisation.

Criteria	JORC Code explanation	Commentary
	• *Whether sample compositing has been applied.*	• Sample compositing has not been applied except in reporting of drill intercepts.
Orientation of data in relation to geological structure	• *Whether the orientation of sampling achieves unbiased sampling of possible structures and the extent to which this is known, considering the deposit type.* • *If the relationship between the drilling orientation and the orientation of key mineralised structures is considered to have introduced a sampling bias, this should be assessed and reported if material.*	• The AC drilling is approximately perpendicular to the strike of interpreted structures where known and therefore the sampling is considered representative. • In some cases, drilling is not at right angles to the strike and dip of mineralised structures and as such true widths are less than downhole widths. This will be allowed for when geological interpretations are completed.
Sample security	• *The measures taken to ensure sample security.*	• Samples were collected by company personnel and delivered directly to the laboratory via a transport contractor.
Audits or reviews	• *The results of any audits or reviews of sampling techniques and data.*	• No audits have been completed. Review of QAQC data has been carried out by database consultants and company geologists and is considered satisfactory.

Section 2 Reporting of Exploration Results
(Criteria listed in the preceding section also apply to this section.)

Criteria	JORC Code explanation	Commentary
Mineral tenement and land tenure status	• *Type, reference name/number, location and ownership including agreements or material issues with third parties such as joint ventures, partnerships, overriding royalties, native title interests, historical sites, wilderness or national park and environmental settings.* *The security of the tenure held at the time of reporting along with any known impediments to obtaining a licence to operate in the area.*	Mt McKenna Project - E 38/3795. The tenement is owned by Jasper Exploration Pty Ltd which is a 100% subsidiary of Platina Resources Ltd (ASX: PGM). A 1.5% Net Smelter Royalty exists (Platina can buy-back 50% of the royalty at market value) to the vendors of the tenement. Native Title Mt McKenna is situated within the Nyalpa Pirniku (WCD2023/002), native title area. A Native Title Agreement has been signed and executed with Nyalpa Pirniku. There are no known impediments to operating on this tenement.
Exploration done by other parties	• *Acknowledgment and appraisal of exploration by other parties.*	Prior to the work completed by Platina mentioned in the body of this report the below companies have completed exploration over the tenement in the past. • Aberfoyle Resources Ltd – 1991-92 • CRA Exploration Pty Ltd – 1995-96 • Voyager Gold NL – 1998 • Placer Pty Ltd – 1999-00 • Coronet Resources Ltd – 2004 • Image Resources NL – 2004-06 • A1 Minerals Ltd - 2005 • Crescent Gold Ltd – 2008 • Aruma Exploration Pty Ltd – 2011 • Victory Mines Ltd – 2012 • White Cliff Minerals Ltd – 2014-16
Geology	• *Deposit type, geological setting and style of mineralisation.*	• The project is prospective for orogenic lode-type and intrusive related gold deposits. • Gold mineralisation is associated with shear zones and quartz veining. • Possible mineralisation associated with lithological contacts at Mt McKenna used as a targeting tool for mineralisation. All other geological information is covered in the main body of this report.

Criteria	JORC Code explanation	Commentary
Drill hole Information	• *A summary of all information material to the understanding of the exploration results including a tabulation of the following information for all Material drill holes:* • *If the exclusion of this information is justified on the basis that the information is not Material and this exclusion does not detract from the understanding of the report, the Competent Person should clearly explain why this is the case.*	• Drill intercepts are considered indicative of widespread gold mineralisation and have been selected to display this, as reported in the main body of this report. • All relevant data has been supplied in the main body and subsequent Tables. • Drill hole location and directional information provided in the report.
Data aggregation methods	• *In reporting Exploration Results, weighting averaging techniques, maximum and/or minimum grade truncations (e.g. cutting of high grades) and cut-off grades are usually Material and should be stated.* • *Where aggregate intercepts incorporate short lengths of high grade results and longer lengths of low grade results, the procedure used for such aggregation should be stated and some typical examples of such aggregations should be shown in detail.* • *The assumptions used for any reporting of metal equivalent values should be clearly stated.*	• As detailed in the main body of this report. • As detailed in the main body of this report. • No metal equivalent values have been reported. • Intercepts are length weighted averaged. • Minimum of 0.1g/t Au cut-off with maximum consecutive length of 10m internal dilution. • No maximum cuts have been made.
Relationship between mineralisation widths and intercept lengths	• *These relationships are particularly important in the reporting of Exploration Results.* • *If the geometry of the mineralisation with respect to the drill hole angle is known, its nature should be reported.* • *If it is not known and only the down hole lengths are reported, there should be a clear statement to this effect (e.g. 'down hole length, true width not known').*	• Not known. Results are indicative only as aircore drilling targets for broader haloes of mineralisation. • Not known if the drilling has targeted in the correct geometry of mineralisation only interpretations made.
Diagrams	• *Appropriate maps and sections (with scales) and tabulations of intercepts should be included for any significant discovery being reported These should include, but not be limited to a plan view of*	• All diagrams were prepared to highlight important information relevant to this announcement.

Criteria	JORC Code explanation	Commentary
	drill hole collar locations and appropriate sectional views.	
Balanced reporting	• *Where comprehensive reporting of all Exploration Results is not practicable, representative reporting of both low and high grades and/or widths should be practiced to avoid misleading reporting of Exploration Results.*	• All relevant information has been reported. • The report is considered balanced and provided in context.
Other substantive exploration data	• *Other exploration data, if meaningful and material, should be reported including (but not limited to): geological observations; geophysical survey results; geochemical survey results; bulk samples – size and method of treatment; metallurgical test results; bulk density, groundwater, geotechnical and rock characteristics; potential deleterious or contaminating substances.*	• Exploration data has been summarized in an appropriate way to reflect the exploration nature of the project.
Further work	• *The nature and scale of planned further work (e.g., tests for lateral extensions or depth extensions or large-scale step-out drilling).* • *Diagrams clearly highlighting the areas of possible extensions, including the main geological interpretations and future drilling areas, provided this information is not commercially sensitive.*	• Further work is detailed in the main body of this report. • Diagrams including collar locations & plans are contained within the main body of this report.