11 November 2026

High-grade veins extend Wadi Jarir and Matar; Geochemistry signals large gold system at Karak

Highlights:

- **New high-grade gold-bearing veins discovered at Wadi Jarir with rock chip samples returning grades up to 16.6 g/t Au, 15.8 g/t Au and 13.9 g/t Au.**
- **Results extend Wadi Jarir mineralised vein corridor to 9km.**
- **Significant silver mineralisation at Wadi Jarir South with grades up to 74.5 g/t Ag.**
- **500m extension to high-grade gold-bearing vein system at Matar with rock chip samples returning grades up to 19.5 g/t Au, 15.1 g/t Au and 14.2 g/t Au.**
- **Significant copper and molybdenum geochemical signature at Karak indicative of porphyry or IRG mineral system. Supports potential for a larger magmatic system beneath outcropping high-grade veins.**
- **Extensive array of ~400 new vein occurrences identified from drone photogrammetry at Wadi Jarir.**
- **Maiden KSA drilling program expected to commence December 2026 pending rig arrival.**

Peako Limited (ASX: PKO, Peako) is pleased to announce new rock chip sampling results from ongoing exploration programs at its Kingdom of Saudi Arabia (KSA) projects (**Figure 1**).

Chairman Gernot Abl commented:

> *"Our latest rock chip sampling results extend the high-grade gold vein systems at Wadi Jarir and Matar, with the Wadi Jarir vein corridor now defined over 9km, and multi-element geochemistry from Karak supporting the potential for a large magmatic gold system. The significant scale of the targets highlights the potential for discovering a large gold deposit and we are excited to commence our maiden KSA drill program shortly."*

The Wadi Jarir, Karak and Matar Prospects are located in the Central Arabian Gold region which is host to Saudi state-owned Maaden's nearby Sukhaybarat (+2Moz) and Bulgah (3.4Moz) gold mining operations. Many of the key geological features observed at these multi-million ounce gold deposits have been identified in recent mapping and sampling programs undertaken by Peako's KSA based exploration team, enhancing the potential for a significant gold discovery on the Company's exploration holdings in KSA.

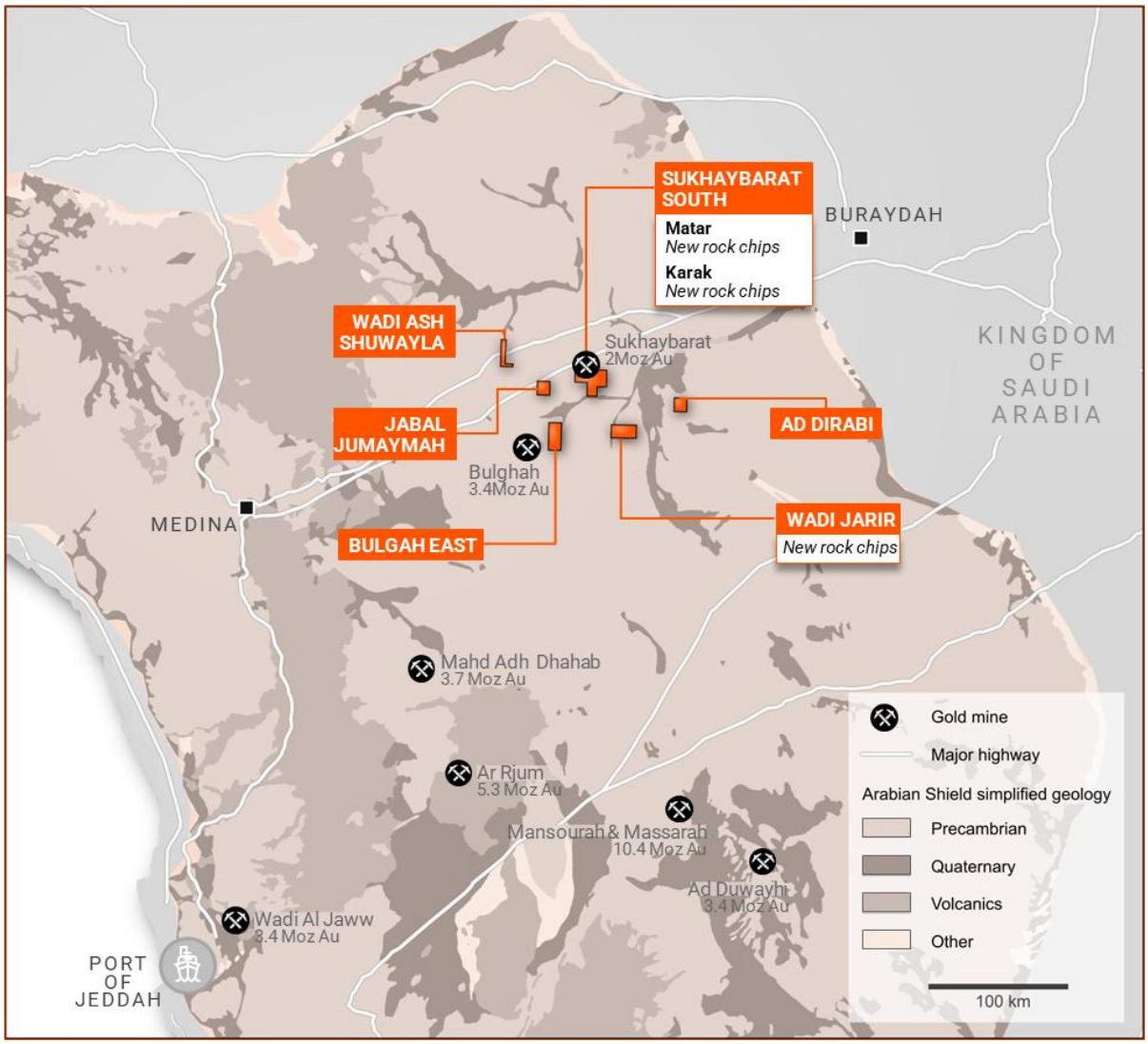


Figure 1 *Location of Peako's KSA Projects with new results highlighted*

Cautionary Statement *– The surrounding projects are not indicative of the potential resources which could be found on the Company's projects and will be subject to exploration results in the future.*

Wadi Jarir

Multiple new high-grade gold bearing veins have been identified from phase two mapping and sampling at Wadi Jarir with rock chip samples up to **16.6 g/t Au**, **15.8 g/t Au** and **13.9 g/t Au**, extending the length of the mineralised vein corridor to 9km (**Figure 2**). Significant silver grades were also returned at Wadi Jarir South with rock chips reporting up to 74.5 g/t Ag (**Figure 2**).

Historical wide-spaced drilling largely targeted zones between primary veins, missing the main structures and intersecting mineralisation now interpreted as wallrock alteration halos within a high-grade vein hosted system.

Drilling will test the high-grade vein system directly, following up historic intercepts including:

- **2m @ 13.5 g/t** Au from 38m to bottom of hole, ending in mineralised quartz veining
- **26m @ 0.7 g/t** Au from 13m;
- **15m @ 0.6 g/**t Au from 5m; and

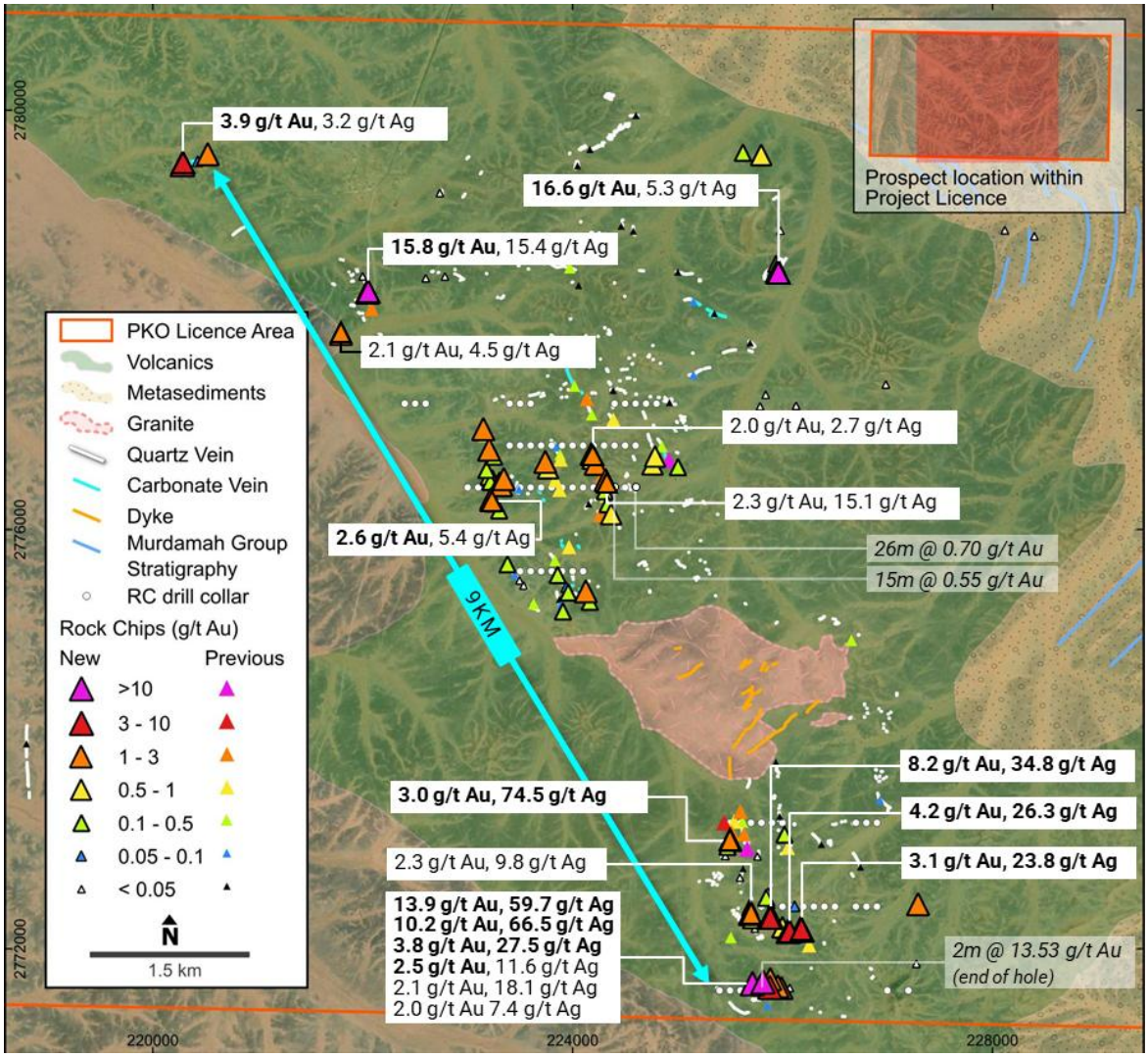


***Figure 2** new rock chip results at Wadi Jarir*

Significant new rock chip results from Wadi Jarir include:

- L156534: **16.6 g/t Au**, 5.3 g/t Ag
- L156423: **15.8 g/t Au**, 15.4 g/t Ag
- L156523: **13.9 g/t Au**, **59.7 g/t Ag**
- L156529: **10.2 g/t Au**, **66.5 g/t Ag**
- L156511: **8.2 g/t Au**, **34.8 g/t Ag**
- L156514: **4.2 g/t Au**, **26.3 g/t Ag**
- L156457: **3.9 g/t Au**, 3.2 g/t Ag
- L156524: **3.8 g/t Au**, **27.5 g/t Ag**
- L156516: **3.1 g/t Au**, **23.8 g/t Ag**
- L156501: **3.0 g/t Au**, **74.5 g/t Ag**
- L156462: **2.6 g/t Au**, 5.4 g/t Ag
- L156526: **2.5 g/t Au**, 11.6 g/t Ag
- L156479: 2.3 g/t Au, 15.1 g/t Ag
- L156520: 2.3 g/t Au, 9.8 g/t Ag
- L156528: 2.1 g/t Au, 18.1 g/t Ag
- L156564: 2.1 g/t Au
- L156477: 2.0 g/t Au
- L156527: 2.0 g/t Au, 7.4 g/t Ag
- L156532: 1.9 g/t Au
- L156474: 1.8 g/t Au
- L156473: 1.7 g/t Au
- L156469: 1.6 g/t Au
- L156455: 1.4 g/t Au
- L156478: 1.4 g/t Au, 12 g/t Ag
- L156464: 1.1 g/t Au
- L156472: 1.1 g/t Au
- L156498: 1.1 g/t Au
- L156452: 0.7 g/t Au, 12.8 g/t Ag
- L156535: 0.102 g/t Au, **22.2 g/t Ag**

Matar

The Matar Prospect is located 2.5 km south of the Sukhaybarat Gold Mine and 3km northeast of the Company's Redhill SE Prospect where high-grade intercepts including **4m @ 11.32 g/t Au** and **5m @ 5.6 g/t Au** remain open on historical 200m-spaced lines of drill holes.

Matar was discovered by Peako geologists' initial mapping and reconnaissance sampling program in the area. Recent follow up extended the outcropping vein system by approximately 500m (**Figure 3**) with new high-grade veins reporting grades up to **19.5 g/t Au**. Mineralisation is hosted along the margins of the same Tonalite intrusive suite that hosts the Sukhaybarat gold deposit, and represents a high priority target for Peako's upcoming drilling program.

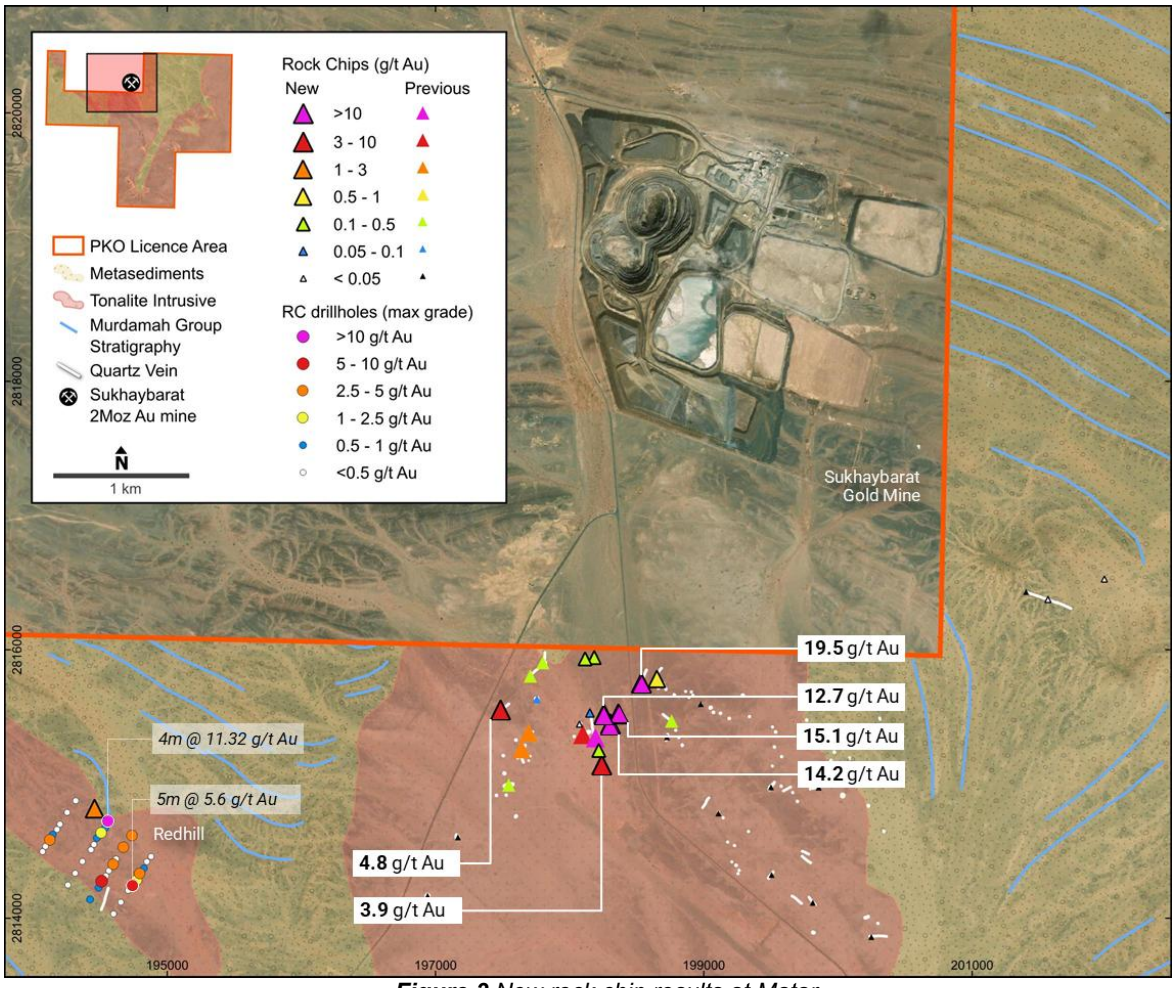


Figure 3 *New rock chip results at Matar*

Significant new rock chip results from the Matar Prospect include:

- Sample L156351: **19.5 g/t Au**
- Sample L156350: **15.1 g/t Au**
- Sample L156349: **14.2 g/t Au**
- Sample L156343: **12.7 g/t Au**
- Sample L156348: **4.8 g/t Au**
- Sample L156342: **3.9 g/t Au**

Multi-element geochemistry results for Matar have not yet been received from the laboratory.

Karak

Significant gold-copper-molybdenum anomalism at Karak supports the potential for a large zoned magmatic system feeding the mineralised veins discovered at surface. Multi-element results reveal a geochemical signature characteristic of porphyry gold-copper-molybdenum or reduced intrusion-related gold system (RIRGS), highlighting potential for a significantly larger magmatic related system beneath the Karak vein system mapped at surface. (**Figure 4**).

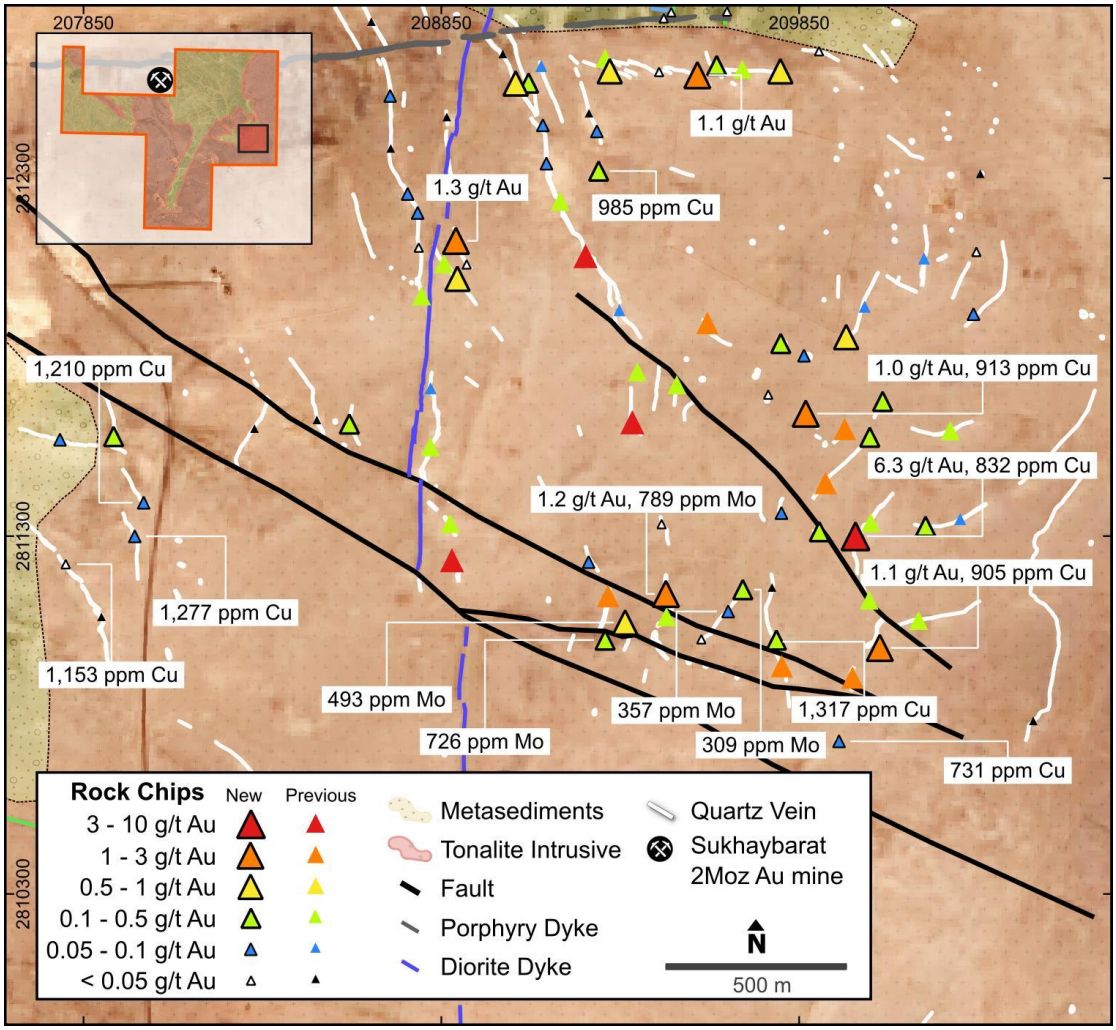


Figure 4 *New rock chip results at Karak*

Discovered by Peako during its initial mapping and reconnaissance sampling program, Karak covers a 2km x 1.5km outcropping vein system with rock chips up to **9.1 g/t** Au in a structural setting analogous to the Sukhaybarat Au Mine 10km to the Northwest.

Significant new rock chip results from Karak include:

- L156370: **6.3 g/t Au**, 4.2 g/t Ag, 50 ppm Mo, **832 ppm Cu**
- L156403: 1.3 g/t Au, 19.3 g/t Ag, 31 ppm Mo, **655 ppm Cu**
- L156363: 1.2 g/t Au, 3.8 g/t Ag, **789 ppm Mo**, **531 ppm Cu**
- L156417: 1.1 g/t Au, 1.1 g/t Ag, 101 ppm Mo, 235 ppm Cu
- L156368: 1.1 g/t Au, 2.2 g/t Ag, 63 ppm Mo, **905 ppm Cu**
- L156377: 1.0 g/t Au, 3.2 g/t Ag, 23 ppm Mo, **913 ppm Cu**
- L156401: 0.8 g/t Au, 1.8 g/t Ag, 120 ppm Mo, **629 ppm Cu**

- L156420: 0.8 g/t Au, 1 g/t Ag, 106 ppm Mo, **1332 ppm Cu**
- L156360: 0.6 g/t Au, 13.2 g/t Ag, **493 ppm Mo**, 487 ppm Cu
- L156359: 0.5 g/t Au, 2.2 g/t Ag, **726 ppm Mo**, 282 ppm Cu
- L156400: 0.3 g/t Au, 1.7 g/t Ag, 117 ppm Mo, **618 ppm Cu**
- L156367: 0.3 g/t Au, 75 ppm Mo, **1317 ppm Cu**
- L156413: 0.3 g/t Au, 1.3 g/t Ag, 11 ppm Mo, **985 ppm Cu**
- L156366: 0.2 g/t Au, 2.5 g/t Ag, **309 ppm Mo**, 402 ppm Cu
- L156418: 0.1 g/t Au, 1.3 g/t Ag, 245 ppm Mo, **626 ppm Cu**
- L156369: 0.1 g/t Au, 3.2 g/t Ag, 13 ppm Mo, **731 ppm Cu**
- L156356: 0.061 g/t Au, 0.7 g/t Ag, 182 ppm Mo, **1210 ppm Cu**
- L156365: 0.058 g/t Au, 2.1 g/t Ag, **357 ppm Mo**, **602 ppm Cu**
- L156357: 0.056 g/t Au, 2.3 g/t Ag, 21 ppm Mo, **1277 ppm Cu**
- L156358: 0.017 g/t Au, 1.9 g/t Ag, 20 ppm Mo, **1153 ppm Cu**

New vein targets identified from drone photogrammetry

Approximately 400 new vein targets have been identified at Wadi Jarir and Karak Prospects from newly acquired high-resolution drone imagery (**Figure 5**). Field reconnaissance and sampling of the newly identified vein targets is in progress.



Figure 5 *High-resolution photogrammetry (left) at Wadi Jarir. Mapped vein targets (right)*

Drill Program

Peako's maiden KSA drilling program is expected to commence in December pending arrival of the contractor rig into Saudi Arabia. The program will test priority targets including Wadi Jarir, Matar and Karak.

Results from processing of newly acquired magnetic survey data across key drilling targets and magnetic inversion modelling are anticipated in the coming weeks and will help refine drill targets and build deposit-level geological understanding.

Ahead of commencement of drilling, field activities are focussed on assessing the ~400 new vein targets identified at Wadi Jarir as well as expanding the Company's regional targeting campaign to evaluate target areas at the Bulgah East and Ad Dirabi licenses where promising new systems were identified in first phase mapping and sampling, with grades up to 11.41 g/t Au reported at Ad Dirabi and 5.05 g/t Au at Bulgah East.

The Company is carefully monitoring the Middle East security situation with the safety of its staff a priority. Due to the remote location of Peako's KSA projects, field exploration activities are unaffected and continuing as usual.

This announcement is approved for release by the Board of Peako Limited.

For further information please contact:

Gernot Abl **Chairman** **Email:** gernot@peako.com.au	**Tony Manini** **Strategic Adviser** **Email:** Tony@peako.com.au

KSA Projects

Peako's KSA portfolio comprises six projects covering approximately 862km² in the Central Arabian Gold Region (**Figure 1**). All Projects are located within 65km of operating multi-million-ounce gold mines, including positions neighbouring the Sukhaybarat (~2 Moz) and Bulgah (~3.4 Moz) mine areas.

The portfolio contains a combination of drill-ready targets and earlier-stage prospects offering further discovery potential across a larger footprint. This combination provides Peako with multiple near-term catalysts from a suite of high-quality drill ready targets and a strong pipeline of additional prospects which are being evaluated simultaneously.

Saudi Arabia hosts a Tier-1 gold endowment within the Arabian–Nubian Shield, sharing comparable geology with leading global gold provinces like Western Australia, West Africa, and Canada. Despite already hosting 15 multi-million-ounce deposits, the region remains largely underexplored, having historically been dominated by a single state-affiliated operator. With resource growth accelerating, Saudi Arabia presents a rare early-stage discovery frontier. Historical regional-scale reconnaissance work and wide-spaced drilling provide a high-quality pipeline of targets and a springboard for systematic discovery.

Competent Person Declaration

The information in this announcement that relates to Exploration Results is based on information compiled or reviewed by Dr Paul Kitto who is a member of the Australian Institute of Geoscientists. Dr Kitto is a Director of and a consultant to Peako Limited and has sufficient experience which is relevant to the style of mineralisation and type of deposits under consideration and to the activity which he is undertaking to qualify as a Competent Person as defined in the 2012

Edition of the Australasian Code for Reporting of Exploration Results, Mineral Resources and Ore Reserves. Dr Kitto consents to the inclusion in this announcement of the matters based on information provided by him and in the form and context in which it appears.

References

The information in this report that relates to Exploration Results previously reported in ASX announcements are listed below. The Company is not aware of any new information or data that materially affects the information included in each relevant market announcement.

Further details can be found in the following Peako ASX announcements:

24 August 2026	Magnetic surveys to commence on key targets in KSA in preparation for maiden drilling programs
6 August 2026	Extensive gold systems discovered on KSA project, Rock samples assay up to 41.5 g/t gold
10 June 2026	Peako to Acquire Drill-Ready Gold Exploration Portfolio in Kingdom of Saudi Arabia

APPENDIX A - ROCK CHIP RESULTS

Sample ID	Project	Prospect	Zone	East	North	Au (g/t)	Ag (g/t)	Mo ppm	Cu ppm
L156336	Sukhaybarat South	Karak	UTM84-38N	209472	2812747	0.007			
L156337	Sukhaybarat South	Karak	UTM84-38N	209493	2812764	0.020			
L156338	Sukhaybarat South	Karak	UTM84-38N	209649	2812766	0.010			
L156339	Sukhaybarat South	Karak	UTM84-38N	208491	2810395	0.017			
L156340	Sukhaybarat South	Karak	UTM84-38N	208487	2810435	<0.005			
L156341	Sukhaybarat South	Matar	UTM84-37N	801759	2815250	0.113			
L156342	Sukhaybarat South	Matar	UTM84-38N	198240	2815143	**3.927**			
L156343	Sukhaybarat South	Matar	UTM84-38N	198256	2815522	**12.676**			
L156344	Sukhaybarat South	Matar	UTM84-37N	801680	2815526	0.050			
L156345	Sukhaybarat South	Matar	UTM84-37N	801606	2815439	0.035			
L156346	Sukhaybarat South	Matar	UTM84-37N	801694	2815940	0.161			
L156347	Sukhaybarat South	Matar	UTM84-37N	801626	2815927	0.180			
L156348	Sukhaybarat South	Matar	UTM84-37N	801014	2815519	**4.809**			
L156349	Sukhaybarat South	Matar	UTM84-38N	198305	2815448	**14.187**			
L156350	Sukhaybarat South	Matar	UTM84-38N	198363	2815523	**15.095**			
L156351	Sukhaybarat South	Matar	UTM84-38N	198535	2815753	**19.515**			
L156352	Sukhaybarat South	Matar	UTM84-38N	198651	2815783	0.761			
L156354	Sukhaybarat South	Karak	UTM84-38N	207784	2811569	0.061	1.1	26	62
L156355	Sukhaybarat South	Karak	UTM84-38N	207934	2811578	0.164	2.4	11	22
L156356	Sukhaybarat South	Karak	UTM84-38N	208018	2811393	0.061	0.7	182	**1210**
L156357	Sukhaybarat South	Karak	UTM84-38N	207993	2811299	0.056	2.3	21	**1277**
L156358	Sukhaybarat South	Karak	UTM84-38N	207800	2811221	0.017	1.9	20	**1153**
L156359	Sukhaybarat South	Karak	UTM84-38N	209308	2811009	0.460	2.2	**726**	282
L156360	Sukhaybarat South	Karak	UTM84-38N	209364	2811058	0.646	13.2	**493**	487
L156361	Sukhaybarat South	Karak	UTM84-38N	209466	2811333	0.021	<0.5	67	18
L156362	Sukhaybarat South	Karak	UTM84-38N	209262	2811227	0.074	<0.5	74	64
L156363	Sukhaybarat South	Karak	UTM84-38N	209478	2811138	**1.204**	3.8	**789**	**531**
L156364	Sukhaybarat South	Karak	UTM84-38N	209577	2811011	0.009	<0.5	19	54
L156365	Sukhaybarat South	Karak	UTM84-38N	209652	2811089	0.058	2.1	**357**	**602**
L156366	Sukhaybarat South	Karak	UTM84-38N	209693	2811150	0.241	2.5	**309**	402
L156367	Sukhaybarat South	Karak	UTM84-38N	209787	2811009	0.273	<0.5	75	**1317**
L156368	Sukhaybarat South	Karak	UTM84-38N	210076	2810987	**1.075**	2.2	63	**905**
L156369	Sukhaybarat South	Karak	UTM84-38N	209962	2810726	0.096	3.2	13	**731**
L156370	Sukhaybarat South	Karak	UTM84-38N	210008	2811299	**6.326**	4.2	50	**832**
L156371	Sukhaybarat South	Karak	UTM84-38N	209907	2811312	0.142	2.4	156	268
L156372	Sukhaybarat South	Karak	UTM84-38N	209801	2811364	0.094	<0.5	13	80
L156373	Sukhaybarat South	Karak	UTM84-38N	209740	2811361	<0.005	<0.5	85	20
L156374	Sukhaybarat South	Karak	UTM84-38N	210204	2811327	0.347	0.7	45	352
L156375	Sukhaybarat South	Karak	UTM84-38N	210048	2811576	0.224	0.7	45	175
L156376	Sukhaybarat South	Karak	UTM84-38N	210084	2811676	0.284	0.8	43	442
L156377	Sukhaybarat South	Karak	UTM84-38N	209869	2811642	**1.048**	3.2	23	**913**
L156378	Sukhaybarat South	Karak	UTM84-38N	209764	2811695	0.044	<0.5	7	108
L156379	Sukhaybarat South	Karak	UTM84-38N	209723	2811763	<0.005	<0.5	5	62
L156380	Sukhaybarat South	Karak	UTM84-38N	209799	2811838	0.352	0.8	8	389
L156381	Sukhaybarat South	Karak	UTM84-38N	209864	2811804	0.054	<0.5	219	204
L156383	Sukhaybarat South	Karak	UTM84-38N	209982	2811856	0.749	0.6	170	283
L156384	Sukhaybarat South	Karak	UTM84-38N	210338	2811920	0.061	<0.5	135	324
L156385	Sukhaybarat South	Karak	UTM84-38N	210346	2812094	0.016	<0.5	68	330
L156386	Sukhaybarat South	Karak	UTM84-38N	210142	2812386	<0.005	<0.5	46	342
L156387	Sukhaybarat South	Karak	UTM84-38N	210084	2812254	<0.005	<0.5	63	416
L156388	Sukhaybarat South	Karak	UTM84-38N	209633	2811853	<0.005	**1.0**	27	224
L156389	Sukhaybarat South	Karak	UTM84-38N	209367	2811911	<0.005	2.3	10	**944**
L156390	Sukhaybarat South	Karak	UTM84-38N	209364	2811850	<0.005	4.8	138	**580**
L156391	Sukhaybarat South	Karak	UTM84-38N	209540	2811801	<0.005	4.4	19	**1443**
L156392	Sukhaybarat South	Karak	UTM84-38N	209579	2811752	<0.005	<0.5	3	126

Sample ID	Project	Prospect	Zone	East	North	Au (g/t)	Ag (g/t)	Mo ppm	Cu ppm
L156393	Sukhaybarat South	Karak	UTM84-38N	209534	2811657	<0.005	1.1	56	**565**
L156394	Sukhaybarat South	Karak	UTM84-38N	209453	2811693	<0.005	4.3	298	**733**
L156395	Sukhaybarat South	Karak	UTM84-38N	209252	2811600	<0.005	<0.5	52	**721**
L156396	Sukhaybarat South	Karak	UTM84-38N	209119	2811465	<0.005	4.3	**554**	**513**
L156397	Sukhaybarat South	Karak	UTM84-38N	208994	2811853	<0.005	<0.5	2	78
L156398	Sukhaybarat South	Karak	UTM84-38N	208910	2811836	<0.005	<0.5	18	154
L156399	Sukhaybarat South	Karak	UTM84-38N	208929	2811734	<0.005	6.2	156	**1835**
L156400	Sukhaybarat South	Karak	UTM84-38N	208593	2811613	0.280	1.7	117	**618**
L156401	Sukhaybarat South	Karak	UTM84-38N	208895	2812019	0.804	1.8	120	**629**
L156402	Sukhaybarat South	Karak	UTM84-38N	208921	2812059	0.009	<0.5	<2	21
L156403	Sukhaybarat South	Karak	UTM84-38N	208891	2812125	**1.265**	19.3	31	**655**
L156404	Sukhaybarat South	Karak	UTM84-38N	208787	2812106	0.035	<0.5	<2	98
L156405	Sukhaybarat South	Karak	UTM84-38N	208784	2812203	0.059	1.6	6	111
L156406	Sukhaybarat South	Karak	UTM84-38N	208756	2812256	0.052	**1.0**	20	219
L156407	Sukhaybarat South	Karak	UTM84-38N	208632	2812153	<0.005	<0.5	<2	15
L156408	Sukhaybarat South	Karak	UTM84-38N	208707	2812530	0.093	6.8	7	147
L156409	Sukhaybarat South	Karak	UTM84-38N	209094	2812566	0.252	1.1	75	327
L156410	Sukhaybarat South	Karak	UTM84-38N	209058	2812565	0.528	1.9	46	146
L156411	Sukhaybarat South	Karak	UTM84-38N	209134	2812448	0.091	0.6	19	136
L156412	Sukhaybarat South	Karak	UTM84-38N	209144	2812341	0.081	1.5	89	80
L156413	Sukhaybarat South	Karak	UTM84-38N	209290	2812320	0.260	1.3	11	**985**
L156414	Sukhaybarat South	Karak	UTM84-38N	209285	2812431	0.062	<0.5	11	65
L156415	Sukhaybarat South	Karak	UTM84-38N	209321	2812599	0.567	0.8	47	163
L156416	Sukhaybarat South	Karak	UTM84-38N	209459	2812597	0.048	0.5	216	234
L156417	Sukhaybarat South	Karak	UTM84-38N	209566	2812588	**1.092**	1.1	101	235
L156418	Sukhaybarat South	Karak	UTM84-38N	209620	2812615	0.108	1.3	245	**626**
L156419	Sukhaybarat South	Karak	UTM84-38N	209906	2812655	0.019	<0.5	56	246
L156420	Sukhaybarat South	Karak	UTM84-38N	209798	2812599	0.785	**1.0**	106	**1332**
L156422	Wadi Jarir		UTM84-38N	221999	2778414	0.039	<0.5	<2	2
L156423	Wadi Jarir		UTM84-38N	222045	2778267	**15.846**	15.4	<2	15
L156424	Wadi Jarir		UTM84-38N	222783	2778412	0.038	<0.5	<2	9
L156425	Wadi Jarir		UTM84-38N	222601	2778396	0.023	<0.5	<2	123
L156426	Wadi Jarir		UTM84-38N	222663	2778464	<0.005	<0.5	<2	30
L156427	Wadi Jarir		UTM84-38N	222940	2778703	<0.005	<0.5	<2	7
L156428	Wadi Jarir		UTM84-38N	223125	2778834	<0.005	<0.5	<2	4
L156429	Wadi Jarir		UTM84-38N	222957	2779177	<0.005	<0.5	<2	4
L156430	Wadi Jarir		UTM84-38N	223128	2779406	<0.005	<0.5	<2	7
L156431	Wadi Jarir		UTM84-38N	223013	2779556	<0.005	<0.5	<2	26
L156432	Wadi Jarir		UTM84-38N	222735	2779209	0.038	0.7	<2	13
L156433	Wadi Jarir		UTM84-38N	223459	2779465	<0.005	<0.5	<2	7
L156434	Wadi Jarir		UTM84-38N	223666	2779741	<0.005	<0.5	<2	87
L156435	Wadi Jarir		UTM84-38N	223600	2779817	<0.005	<0.5	<2	<2
L156436	Wadi Jarir		UTM84-38N	223663	2779638	<0.005	<0.5	<2	<2
L156437	Wadi Jarir		UTM84-38N	223645	2778835	<0.005	<0.5	<2	<2
L156438	Wadi Jarir		UTM84-38N	223884	2778763	<0.005	<0.5	<2	2
L156439	Wadi Jarir		UTM84-38N	224191	2778793	<0.005	<0.5	<2	16
L156440	Wadi Jarir		UTM84-38N	224575	2779259	<0.005	<0.5	<2	7
L156441	Wadi Jarir		UTM84-38N	224718	2779133	<0.005	<0.5	<2	6
L156442	Wadi Jarir		UTM84-38N	225509	2779054	<0.005	0.7	3	37
L156443	Wadi Jarir		UTM84-38N	225728	2778968	<0.005	0.5	<2	20
L156444	Wadi Jarir		UTM84-38N	225924	2779270	<0.005	<0.5	<2	6
L156445	Wadi Jarir		UTM84-38N	225981	2779216	<0.005	<0.5	<2	8
L156446	Wadi Jarir		UTM84-38N	226115	2779131	<0.005	<0.5	<2	5
L156447	Wadi Jarir		UTM84-38N	227162	2778731	<0.005	<0.5	<2	5
L156448	Wadi Jarir		UTM84-38N	226809	2778808	<0.005	<0.5	<2	4
L156449	Wadi Jarir		UTM84-38N	226867	2779671	<0.005	<0.5	<2	7
L156450	Wadi Jarir		UTM84-38N	226702	2779654	<0.005	<0.5	<2	25

Sample ID	Project	Prospect	Zone	East	North	Au (g/t)	Ag (g/t)	Mo ppm	Cu ppm
L156451	Wadi Jarir		UTM84-38N	227168	2779496	<0.005	<0.5	<2	4
L156452	Wadi Jarir		UTM84-38N	225797	2779572	0.733	12.8	2	22
L156453	Wadi Jarir		UTM84-38N	225623	2779594	0.266	4.6	3	12
L156455	Wadi Jarir		UTM84-38N	220523	2779580	**1.434**	4.5	<2	8
L156456	Wadi Jarir		UTM84-38N	220427	2779512	0.097	1.3	<2	9
L156457	Wadi Jarir		UTM84-38N	220281	2779482	**3.869**	3.2	4	8
L156458	Wadi Jarir		UTM84-38N	220766	2778809	<0.005	<0.5	<2	6
L156459	Wadi Jarir		UTM84-38N	217835	2774834	<0.005	<0.5	<2	155
L156460	Wadi Jarir		UTM84-38N	222194	2772415	<0.005	<0.5	<2	20
L156461	Wadi Jarir		UTM84-38N	223300	2776180	0.230	<0.5	<2	3
L156462	Wadi Jarir		UTM84-38N	223222	2776289	**2.632**	5.4	<2	6
L156463	Wadi Jarir		UTM84-38N	223241	2776248	0.476	1.1	<2	5
L156464	Wadi Jarir		UTM84-38N	223320	2776423	**1.138**	3.3	<2	2
L156465	Wadi Jarir		UTM84-38N	223306	2776447	0.762	2.8	<2	17
L156466	Wadi Jarir		UTM84-38N	223234	2776487	0.126	0.6	<2	36
L156467	Wadi Jarir		UTM84-38N	223200	2776501	0.275	<0.5	<2	2
L156468	Wadi Jarir		UTM84-38N	223216	2776454	0.190	1.2	3	10
L156469	Wadi Jarir		UTM84-38N	223344	2776479	**1.622**	2.6	6	7
L156470	Wadi Jarir		UTM84-38N	223179	2776568	0.215	<0.5	2	11
L156471	Wadi Jarir		UTM84-38N	223252	2776694	0.436	0.6	<2	6
L156472	Wadi Jarir		UTM84-38N	223205	2776761	**1.136**	1.7	<2	3
L156473	Wadi Jarir		UTM84-38N	223149	2776957	**1.690**	2.1	<2	3
L156474	Wadi Jarir		UTM84-38N	223739	2776644	**1.811**	4.5	<2	17
L156475	Wadi Jarir		UTM84-38N	223765	2776584	0.635	1.6	<2	4
L156476	Wadi Jarir		UTM84-38N	224192	2776676	0.904	2.6	<2	7
L156477	Wadi Jarir		UTM84-38N	224181	2776721	**2.023**	2.7	<2	17
L156478	Wadi Jarir		UTM84-38N	224219	2776626	**1.365**	**12.0**	<2	8
L156479	Wadi Jarir		UTM84-38N	224314	2776472	**2.315**	15.1	<2	7
L156480	Wadi Jarir		UTM84-38N	224306	2776364	0.387	2.6	<2	3
L156481	Wadi Jarir		UTM84-38N	224333	2776240	0.438	4.7	<2	5
L156482	Wadi Jarir		UTM84-38N	224367	2776146	0.894	7.2	<2	3
L156483	Wadi Jarir		UTM84-38N	224761	2776620	0.791	2.4	<2	82
L156484	Wadi Jarir		UTM84-38N	224786	2776695	0.640	1.1	<2	4
L156485	Wadi Jarir		UTM84-38N	225004	2776594	0.149	<0.5	<2	19
L156486	Wadi Jarir		UTM84-38N	225787	2777173	0.013	<0.5	<2	7
L156487	Wadi Jarir		UTM84-38N	225840	2777284	0.014	<0.5	<2	62
L156488	Wadi Jarir		UTM84-38N	226130	2777178	0.010	<0.5	<2	10
L156490	Wadi Jarir		UTM84-38N	223379	2775667	0.203	<0.5	<2	<2
L156491	Wadi Jarir		UTM84-38N	223401	2775639	0.052	<0.5	<2	8
L156492	Wadi Jarir		UTM84-38N	223494	2775512	0.030	<0.5	<2	29
L156493	Wadi Jarir		UTM84-38N	223534	2775463	0.047	<0.5	2	26
L156494	Wadi Jarir		UTM84-38N	223958	2775398	0.102	0.8	<2	7
L156495	Wadi Jarir		UTM84-38N	223939	2775450	0.065	<0.5	2	11
L156496	Wadi Jarir		UTM84-38N	223878	2775532	0.082	<0.5	<2	5
L156497	Wadi Jarir		UTM84-38N	223857	2775565	0.287	<0.5	<2	10
L156498	Wadi Jarir		UTM84-38N	224125	2775408	**1.116**	1.4	<2	12
L156499	Wadi Jarir		UTM84-38N	224164	2775309	0.134	0.6	<2	7
L156500	Wadi Jarir		UTM84-38N	223907	2775217	0.131	<0.5	<2	8
L156501	Wadi Jarir		UTM84-38N	225502	2773036	**2.963**	**74.5**	<2	18
L156502	Wadi Jarir		UTM84-38N	225476	2772970	0.108	0.6	<2	7
L156503	Wadi Jarir		UTM84-38N	225455	2772883	0.030	<0.5	<2	5
L156504	Wadi Jarir		UTM84-38N	225762	2772878	0.020	<0.5	<2	7
L156505	Wadi Jarir		UTM84-38N	226019	2773088	0.222	0.9	<2	78
L156506	Wadi Jarir		UTM84-38N	225595	2772676	0.014	<0.5	<2	10
L156507	Wadi Jarir		UTM84-38N	225862	2772542	0.016	<0.5	<2	10
L156508	Wadi Jarir		UTM84-38N	225845	2772484	0.227	0.8	<2	11
L156509	Wadi Jarir		UTM84-38N	225893	2772415	0.046	<0.5	8	8

Sample ID	Project	Prospect	Zone	East	North	Au (g/t)	Ag (g/t)	Mo ppm	Cu ppm
L156510	Wadi Jarir		UTM84-38N	226116	2772404	0.050	0.6	2	38
L156511	Wadi Jarir		UTM84-38N	225888	2772311	**8.210**	**34.8**	<2	26
L156512	Wadi Jarir		UTM84-38N	226000	2772203	0.896	8.9	<2	13
L156513	Wadi Jarir		UTM84-38N	226009	2772178	0.192	<0.5	<2	5
L156514	Wadi Jarir		UTM84-38N	226055	2772163	**4.247**	**26.3**	<2	6
L156516	Wadi Jarir		UTM84-38N	226174	2772189	**3.087**	**23.8**	<2	24
L156517	Wadi Jarir		UTM84-38N	226221	2772140	0.245	1.3	<2	5
L156518	Wadi Jarir		UTM84-38N	225737	2772190	0.010	0.6	5	11
L156519	Wadi Jarir		UTM84-38N	225701	2772271	0.450	1.9	<2	21
L156520	Wadi Jarir		UTM84-38N	225688	2772330	**2.288**	9.8	<2	185
L156521	Wadi Jarir		UTM84-38N	225690	2772388	0.118	<0.5	<2	7
L156522	Wadi Jarir		UTM84-38N	225731	2772338	0.009	0.5	<2	7
L156523	Wadi Jarir		UTM84-38N	225714	2771665	**13.868**	**59.7**	<2	21
L156524	Wadi Jarir		UTM84-38N	225880	2771630	**3.842**	**27.5**	<2	7
L156525	Wadi Jarir		UTM84-38N	226070	2771624	0.047	<0.5	<2	5
L156526	Wadi Jarir		UTM84-38N	225991	2771623	**2.531**	11.6	<2	14
L156527	Wadi Jarir		UTM84-38N	225955	2771639	**2.015**	7.4	<2	8
L156528	Wadi Jarir		UTM84-38N	225884	2771708	**2.133**	18.1	<2	10
L156529	Wadi Jarir		UTM84-38N	225814	2771682	**10.182**	**66.5**	<2	46
L156530	Wadi Jarir		UTM84-38N	227276	2771855	0.020	<0.5	<2	6
L156531	Wadi Jarir		UTM84-38N	228445	2771620	<0.005	<0.5	<2	5
L156532	Wadi Jarir		UTM84-38N	227292	2772423	**1.902**	3.3	<2	8
L156533	Wadi Jarir		UTM84-38N	225981	2778849	0.034	1.9	<2	**581**
L156534	Wadi Jarir		UTM84-38N	225952	2778465	**16.552**	5.3	<2	119
L156535	Wadi Jarir		UTM84-38N	225940	2778532	0.102	**22.2**	<2	481
L156536	Wadi Jarir		UTM84-38N	228119	2778854	0.010	<0.5	<2	15
L156537	Wadi Jarir		UTM84-38N	228401	2778796	0.010	<0.5	16	42
L156538	Wadi Jarir		UTM84-38N	227318	2777487	<0.005	<0.5	<2	9
L156539	Wadi Jarir		UTM84-38N	226985	2777382	0.010	1.7	16	35
L156540	Wadi Jarir		UTM84-38N	229852	2773823	0.006	<0.5	<2	9
L156542	Wadi Jarir		UTM84-38N	228231	2774083	<0.005	<0.5	<2	6
L156543	Wadi Jarir		UTM84-38N	228877	2773217	<0.005	<0.5	<2	21
L156544	Wadi Jarir		UTM84-38N	227916	2776402	<0.005	<0.5	<2	29
L156545	Sukhaybarat South		UTM84-38N	202114	2807413	0.066	0.6	77	**560**
L156546	Sukhaybarat South		UTM84-38N	202750	2806540	<0.005	<0.5	<2	3
L156547	Sukhaybarat South		UTM84-38N	201861	2807035	0.014	<0.5	<2	135
L156548	Sukhaybarat South		UTM84-38N	202672	2804284	**1.712**	<0.5	<2	60
L156549	Sukhaybarat South		UTM84-38N	200576	2807621	<0.005	<0.5	<2	3
L156550	Sukhaybarat South		UTM84-38N	201318	2803325	<0.005	<0.5	<2	6
L156551	Sukhaybarat South		UTM84-38N	201343	2803404	0.006	<0.5	<2	13
L156552	Sukhaybarat South		UTM84-38N	201391	2803246	0.008	<0.5	<2	15
L156553	Sukhaybarat South		UTM84-38N	204036	2804818	0.032	<0.5	<2	6
L156554	Sukhaybarat South		UTM84-38N	204184	2805008	0.027	<0.5	<2	4
L156555	Sukhaybarat South		UTM84-38N	204184	2805045	0.005	<0.5	<2	4
L156556	Sukhaybarat South		UTM84-38N	201047	2816706	<0.005	<0.5	<2	53
L156557	Sukhaybarat South		UTM84-38N	202252	2816520	<0.005	<0.5	<2	3
L156558	Sukhaybarat South		UTM84-38N	202096	2815860	<0.005	<0.5	<2	39
L156559	Sukhaybarat South		UTM84-38N	201987	2816527	0.038	<0.5	<2	11
L156560	Sukhaybarat South		UTM84-38N	201567	2816375	0.016	<0.5	<2	24
L156561	Sukhaybarat South	Redhill SE	UTM84-37N	798018	2814668	0.014	<0.5	<2	23
L156562	Sukhaybarat South	Redhill SE	UTM84-37N	798023	2814648	**1.401**	<0.5	2	61
L156563	Sukhaybarat South		UTM84-37N	793196	2814791	<0.005	<0.5	<2	23
L156564	Wadi Jarir		UTM84-38N	221793	2777866	**2.103**	4.5	<2	3

<0.005 is below detection limit of 0.005 g/t Au, <0.5 is below detection limit of 0.5 g/t Ag, <2 is below detection limit of 2 ppm Mo or 2 ppm Cu

APPENDIX B – JORC TABLE 1

Section 1: Sampling Techniques and Data – Rock Chip Sampling

Criteria	JORC Code Explanation	Commentary
Sampling Technique	Nature and quality of sampling (eg cut channels, random chips, or specific specialised industry standard measurement tools appropriate to the minerals under investigation, such as downhole gamma sondes, or handheld XRF instruments, etc). These examples should not be taken as limiting the broad meaning of sampling. Include reference to measures taken to ensure sample representivity and the appropriate calibration of any measurement tools or systems used. Aspects of the determination of mineralisation that are Material to the Public Report. In cases where 'industry standard' work has been done this would be relatively simple (eg 'reverse circulation drilling was used to obtain 1 m samples from which 3 kg was pulverised to produce a 30 g charge for fire assay'). In other cases more explanation may be required, such as where there is coarse gold that has inherent sampling problems. Unusual commodities or mineralisation types (eg submarine nodules) may warrant disclosure of detailed information.	Rock chip samples are random (grab) samples comprised of fragments of rock outcrop (and veins in varying orientations), sampled with a hammer. Rock chip sampling was carried out as part of a geological mapping exercise in areas of geological interest. Sample size is nominally 1 to 2 kilograms. All sampling is guided by Peako's protocols and Quality Control procedures as per industry standards. Samples were dispatched for analysis to Bureau Veritas in Jeddah with Au analysed using Fire Assay on a 30g charge with an Atomic Absorption Spectroscopy (AAS) finish (method FA430). Multi-element analysis was undertaken using a four-acid digest of a 0.25 g split with an ICP-ES finish (method MA300).
Drilling	Drill type (eg core, reverse circulation, open- hole hammer, rotary air blast, auger, Bangka, sonic, etc) and details (eg core diameter, triple or standard tube, depth of diamond tails, face-sampling bit or other type, whether core is oriented and if so, by what method, etc).	N/A
Drill Sample Recovery	Method of recording and assessing core and chip sample recoveries and results assessed. Measures taken to maximise sample recovery and ensure representative nature of the samples. Whether a relationship exists between sample recovery and grade and whether sample bias may have occurred due to preferential loss/gain of fine/coarse material.	N/A
Logging	Whether core and chip samples have been geologically and geotechnical logged to a level of detail to support appropriate Mineral Resource estimation, mining studies and metallurgical studies. Whether logging is qualitative or quantitative in nature. Core (or costean/Trench, channel, etc) photography. The total length and percentage of the relevant intersections logged.	Samples were logged into field notebooks along with sample numbers. Samples were visually logged for rock type/lithology, texture, alteration styles, vein intensity, structural characteristics, and the presence of primary sulphides or secondary oxide/weathering products (such as boxworks and secondary copper). Rock chip logging is both qualitative and quantitative, depending on the field being logged.
Sub-Sampling Technique and Sample Preparation	If core, whether cut or sawn and whether quarter, half or all core taken. If non-core, whether riffled, tube sampled, rotary split, etc and whether sampled wet or dry. For all sample types, the nature, quality and appropriateness of the sample preparation technique. Quality control procedures adopted for all sub-sampling stages to maximise representivity of samples. Measures taken to ensure that the sampling is representative of the in-situ material collected, including for instance results for field duplicate/second-half sampling. Whether sample sizes are appropriate to the grain size of the material being sampled.	No drill core is described in this report. Rock chip samples were visually logged for rock type/lithology, texture, alteration styles, vein intensity, structural characteristics, and the presence of primary sulphides or secondary oxide/weathering products (such as boxworks and secondary copper). Rock chip samples were submitted to Bureau Veritas in Jeddah which laboratory is ISO9001-certified. No sub-sampling was undertaken. No duplicate sample were taken as these are reconnaissance samples. Each of the rock chip samples weighed approximately 1 to 2kg and are considered to be suitable given the nature of the material being sampled.

Criteria	JORC Code Explanation	Commentary
		The sample preparation for all samples follows industry best practice. Sampling is carried out in accordance with Peako's protocols as per industry best practice. Field QC procedures involve the use of blank samples to test laboratory equipment cleaning between samples. The insertion rate of these averaged 1:50. The sample sizes are considered appropriate to correctly represent the style of mineralisation.
Quality of Assay Data and Laboratory Tests	The nature, quality and appropriateness of the assaying and laboratory procedures used and whether the technique is considered partial or total. For geophysical tools, spectrometers, handheld XRF instruments, etc, the parameters used in determining the analysis including instrument make and model, reading times, calibrations factors applied and their derivation, etc. Nature of quality control procedures adopted (eg standards, blanks, duplicates, external laboratory checks) and whether acceptable levels of accuracy (ie lack of bias) and precision have been established.	Samples were analysed in the certified Bureau Veritas Laboratory in Jeddah. Samples were dispatched for analysis to Bureau Veritas in Jeddah with Au analysed using Fire Assay on a 30g charge with an AAS finish (method FA430). Multi-element analysis was undertaken using a four-acid digest of a 0.25 g split with an ICP-ES finish (method MA300). Internal laboratory QAQC checks are reported by each laboratory. Review of internal laboratory QAQC suggests each laboratory is performing within acceptable limits.
Verification of Sampling and Assaying	The verification of significant intersections by either independent or alternative company personnel. The use of twinned holes. Documentation of primary data, data entry procedures, data verification, data storage (physical and electronic) protocols. Discuss any adjustment to assay data	Reported results are compiled and verified by the Company's Exploration Manager and Competent Person No twinned holes are reported in this release. Primary field data is collected by Peako's geologists on standardised logging sheets. This data is compiled and digitally captured. There has been no adjustment to assay data.
Location of Data points	Accuracy and quality of surveys used to locate drill holes (collar and down- hole surveys), trenches, mine workings and other locations used in Mineral Resource estimation. Specification of the grid system used Quality and adequacy of topographic control	Sample locations were captured by hand-held GPS with a positional accuracy is approximately +/-5 metres. The coordinates of samples are shown in Appendix A. The coordinate system used is WGS84/UTM Zone 37N or Zone 38N and is shown for each result. The RL of the samples is not reported as it is not considered relevant for early reconnaissance work of this nature in a largely flat plain environment.
Data Spacing and Distribution	Data spacing for reporting of Exploration Results Whether the data spacing and distribution is sufficient to establish the degree of geological and grade continuity appropriate for the Mineral Resource and Ore Reserve estimation procedure(s) and classifications applied. Whether sample compositing has been applied	The samples taken were part of a sampling program following on from initial reconnaissance and sampled at the geologist's discretion from available outcrops. No Mineral Resource or Ore Reserve estimation reported. No sample compositing was applied.
Orientation of Data in Relation to Geological Structure	Whether the orientation of sampling achieves unbiased sampling of possible structures and the extent to which this is known, considering the deposit type. If the relationship between the drilling orientation and the orientation of key mineralised structures is considered to have introduced a sampling bias, this should be assessed and reported if material.	Samples were taken from outcropping quartz veins, stockworks and altered rocks to detect the spatial location of mineralisation.
Sample Security	The measures taken to ensure sample security	Samples are stored in a secure location at the Company's office prior to road transport by commercial freight handlers to the laboratories, both situated in Jeddah.
Audits or reviews	The results of any audits or reviews of sampling techniques and data reviews.	There has been no external audit or review of the techniques or data.

Section 2 Reporting of Exploration Results

Criteria	JORC Code Explanation	Commentary
Mineral Tenement and Land Tenure Status	Type, reference name/number, location and ownership including agreements or material issues with third parties such as joint ventures, partnerships, overriding royalties, native title interests, historical sites, wilderness or national park and environmental settings. The security of the tenure held at the time of reporting along with any known impediments to obtaining a licence to operate in the area.	Results reported in this announcement are from Sukhaybarat South (Licence Blocks 20260300071, 20260300072 and 20260300073), Wadi Jarir (Licence Blocks 20260300074and 20260300094). Peako has a 100% interest in the tenements which are presently registered in the name of Desert Ex LLC. Peako has incorporated a Saudi Arabia subsidiary to which the exploration licences will be transferred in line with KSA statutory processes 12 months following initial licence grant which occurred in March and April 2026. A 1% NSR royalty applies to all minerals extracted pursuant to a royalty agreement with Desert Ex LLC. The Licenses are in good standing with no known impediments.
Exploration Done by Other Parties	Acknowledgment and appraisal of exploration by other parties.	Modern exploration has been almost exclusively completed by Ma'aden, the Saudi Arabian Mining Company which is majority owned by Saudi Arabia's Public Investment Fund. Their historical work reported in this announcement was carried out sporadically between 2003 and 2020 as part of large exploration programs over wide regional areas. Work included surface sampling (soils, ionic soils, rock chip) as well as some AC, RC or diamond drilling in selected areas. Historical exploration work was also carried out in the late 1970s by the US Geological Service and Riofex Saudi Arabia Mission which comprised regional mapping of ancient gold mines and limited rock chip sampling. DesertEx conducted reconnaissance rock chip sampling as well as data compilation.
Geology	Deposit type, geological setting and style of mineralisation.	The Licenses are located within the broad Sukhaybarat gold district within the central Arabian Shield, a region composed predominantly of Neoproterozoic juvenile crust formed during the Pan-African orogeny (c. 870–550 Ma). The geological architecture of this section of the central Arabian Shield reflects multiple stages of arc accretion, basin development, granitoid magmatism and transpressional deformation, which collectively are interpreted to control the regional-scale distribution of currently identified precious (and base) metals mineral systems. Lithostratigraphically, the district is dominated by Neoproterozoic metavolcanic and metasedimentary successions intruded by syn- to post-tectonic granitoid plutons. A significant component of the local host sequence includes the Murdama Group, a thick sedimentary package deposited in late-orogenic basins following arc accretion. and interpreted as derived from adjacent volcanic arc terranes and deposited within fault-bounded basins during the late stages of the Pan-African orogeny (~650–620 Ma). Metamorphic grades are typically lower- to mid-greenschist facies, locally displaying weak structural fabrics related to regional deformation. Structurally, the region is dominated by NNW-trending, shear zones and faults associated with the Nabitah Fault System. This system controls the location of many of KSA's major gold deposits. A later major transcurrent structural province developed during late Pan-African tectonic escape (the NW trending Najd Fault system), that extends for hundreds of kilometres. It is interpreted that this system played a fundamental role in controlling both magmatic emplacement and potentially hydrothermal fluid migration, across multiple events. Earliest magmatic activity began with subduction-related arc volcanism, culminating in widespread emplacement of post-tectonic granitic plutons that are commonly calc-alkaline to mildly peraluminous in composition. Mineralisation is interpreted as structurally controlled and / or associated with intrusion-related hydrothermal systems, mostly developed within Idah Suite tonalites and granodiorites, sometimes

Criteria	JORC Code Explanation	Commentary
		extending short distances into adjacent Murdama Group metasediments..
Drill Hole Information	A summary of all information material to the understanding of the exploration results including a tabulation of the following information for all Material drill holes: • easting and northing of the drill hole collar • elevation or RL (Reduced Level – elevation above sea level in metres) of the drill hole collar • dip and azimuth of the hole • down hole length and interception depth • hole length • If the exclusion of this information is justified on the basis that the information is not Material and this exclusion does not detract from the understanding of the report, the Competent Person should clearly explain why this is the case.	N/A
Data Aggregation Methods	In reporting Exploration Results, weighting averaging techniques, maximum and/or minimum grade truncations (eg cutting of high grades) and cut-off grades are usually Material and should be stated. Where aggregate intercepts incorporate short lengths of high grade results and longer lengths of low grade results, the procedure used for such aggregation should be stated and some typical examples of such aggregations should be shown in detail. The assumptions used for any reporting of metal equivalent values should be clearly stated.	N/A
Relationship Between Mineralisation Widths and Intercept Lengths	These relationships are particularly important in the reporting of Exploration Results If the geometry of the mineralisation with respect to the drill hole angle is known, its nature should be reported. If it is not known and only the down hole lengths are reported, there should be a clear statement to this effect (eg 'down hole length, true width not known').	Rock chip samples were taken from outcropping quartz veins, stockworks, and altered rocks to detect the spatial location of mineralisation.
Diagrams	Appropriate maps and sections (with scales) and tabulations of intercepts should be included for any significant discovery being reported These should include, but not be limited to a plan view of drill hole collar locations and appropriate sectional views.	The coordinates of rock chip sample locations are presented in Appendix A and location of significant results are shown in diagrams provided with this report.
Balanced Reporting	Where comprehensive reporting of all Exploration Results is not practicable, representative reporting of both low and high grades and/or widths should be practiced to avoid misleading reporting of Exploration Results.	All rock-chip assay results, regardless of grade, have been reported.
Other Substantive Exploration Data	Other exploration data, if meaningful and material, should be reported including (but not limited to): geological observations; geophysical survey results; geochemical survey results; bulk samples – size and method of treatment; metallurgical test results; bulk density, groundwater, geotechnical and rock characteristics; potential deleterious or contaminating substances.	There is no other exploration data which is considered material to the results reported in the announcement.
Further Work	The nature and scale of planned further work (eg tests for lateral extensions or large scale step out drilling. Diagrams clearly highlighting the areas of possible extensions, including the main geological interpretations and future drilling areas, provided this information is not commercially sensitive.	Planned work programs includes: • Reprocessing and inversion of magnetics data (Sukhaybarat South, Wadi Jarir and Jabal Jumaymah); • Ground-truthing, mapping and sampling of geophysical and geochemical targets • Drilling of priority targets (Sukhaybarat South, Wadi Jarir and Jabal Jumaymah).