



Financial Report for the Full Year ended 30 June 2026

Native **Mineral** Resources Holdings Limited
ACN 643 293 716

Contents

Corporate Directory	3
Directors' Report	4
Remuneration report (audited)	11
Consolidated Statement of Financial Position	22
Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income	23
Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows	24
Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity	25
Directors' Declaration	56

Corporate Directory

DIRECTORS

James Walker (GAICD, FCA, B.Comm (UNSW))

Non-Executive Chair

Phil Gardner (FAICD, CPA, B.Comm (Newcastle))

Non-Executive Director

Blake Cannavo

Managing Director and CEO

COMPANY SECRETARY

Natalie Teo (MGIA) (to 04 Dec 2025)

Jade Cook (AGIA) (from 05 Dec 25)

REGISTERED OFFICE

Suite 4201, Level 42 Australia Square
264-278 George Street
Sydney NSW 2000

PRINCIPLE PLACE OF BUSINESS

Suite 10, 6-14 Clarence Street
Port Macquarie NSW 2444
AUSTRALIA

Telephone: 02 6583 7833

Website: www.nmresources.com.au

AUDITORS

HLB Mann Judd Assurance (NSW) Pty Ltd

SHARE REGISTRY

Automic Group

BANKERS

Australian & New Zealand Banking Group

SOLICITORS

Queensland Law Group

STOCK EXCHANGE

Native Mineral Resources Holdings
Limited shares are listed on the Australian
Securities Exchange (ASX code: NMR)

Directors' Report

The directors present their report, together with the financial statements, on the consolidated entity (referred to hereafter as the 'consolidated entity' or 'Native Mineral Resources' or 'NMR' or 'Group') consisting of Native Mineral Resources Holdings Limited (referred to hereafter as the 'company' or 'parent entity') and the entities it controlled at the end of, or during, the financial year ended 30 June 2026.

Directors

The following persons were directors of Native Mineral Resources Holdings Limited during the whole of the financial period and up to the date of this report, unless otherwise stated:

- James Walker
- Phil Gardner
- Blake Cannavo

Principal Activities

During the financial year the principal activities of the consolidated entity changed from being focussed on exploration and development activities to the acquisition of a JORC resource mining lease and other tenements as well as the acquisition of a processing plant, all in far-north Queensland (see the Review of Operations section below for more detail).

Dividends

No dividends were paid or declared during the financial year.

Review of Operations

The 2026 Financial year was a pivotal transition period for Native Mineral Resources Holdings Limited. The company moved from an explorations company with recently purchased mining and processing plant into a First Gold and ongoing production.

In the September 2025 quarter, NMR reported quarterly revenue of just over \$4.0M. Now it regularly produces this as a monthly total with expectations of improved production and capacity with decreasing expenses as operations become more streamlined and efficiencies increase. June 2026 alone recorded a record monthly gold production of 763.8oz and the highest gravity gold bar purity since recommissioning (81.4% Au – bar BJM065).

On 16 July 2025, 60,312,500 shares were issued by way of a Placement raising \$10.0M (before costs) with a further 2,187,500 issued after shareholder approval was granted at the 03 September General Meeting.

On 04 November 2025 the Queensland DETSI approved the Blackjack ERC (EA0001593) now effective until 3 November 2030. Then on 13 March 2026, DETSI approved Far Fanning ERC (EPML00771613) now effective until 13 March 2028.

On 16 March 2026, the Company entered into a binding term sheet with Haoma Mining NL to acquire the rights to mine and extract ore from the Podosky Gold Deposit, which forms part of the broader Ravenswood Gold Project. Under the terms of the agreement, the Company agreed to pay total consideration of \$4.0 million for the mining rights. The arrangement provides the Company with the right to undertake mining and processing activities in respect of the project, with the Company responsible for funding all site-based operational, infrastructure and staffing activities,

including drilling, resource evaluation, mine design, haulage, ore processing and other project-related costs.

On 5 January 2026, the Company entered into a convertible security funding agreement with Lind Global Fund III LP under which it received funding of \$3.0 million in exchange for a convertible note with a face value of \$3.3 million. In connection with the facility, the Company issued 17,123,288 ordinary shares to Lind with an agreed value of \$1.0 million. The shares formed part of the consideration for Lind entering into the funding arrangement and may be sold or otherwise dealt with by Lind subject to restriction within the terms of the agreement.

The agreement also provides Lind with the right to reduce the placement share number by notice to the Company and payment of a prescribed reduction price. On 11 February 2026, Lind exercised this right and reduced the placement share number by 17,123,288 shares, being the full remaining placement share number, and paid \$770,548 to the Company. Following a reduction in the placement share number, Lind is permitted to freely sell placement shares up to the number by which the placement share number has been reduced.

On 6 May 2026, the Company entered into a second convertible security funding agreement with Lind Global Fund III LP under which it received funding of \$3.5 million in exchange for a convertible note with a face value of \$3.937 million. As part of this transaction, \$1,127,499 of the funding proceeds was applied towards repayment of the convertible note issued on 5 January 2026.

Tenement Grants

There were no tenement grants applied for or granted during the year to 30 June 2026.

Tenement Applications

There are no outstanding tenement applications as at 30 June 2026.

Tenements Relinquished

On 27 October 2025, NMR announced the execution of a binding Sale Agreement to divest certain of its tenements within the Palmerville region to Diversified Mining and Resources Pty Ltd and Sympall Pty Ltd. Total consideration of this is \$600,001 of which \$45,000 remains outstanding at 30 June pending completion of the sales process.

The tenements included in the sale are:

- EPM11980 – Limestone Creek
- EPM18325 – Bald Hills
- EPM19537 – Mitchell River South
- EPM26893 – Palmerville West
- EPM26894 – Palmerville East
- EPM26895 – Palmerville South
- EPM28847 - Wrotham

Sale of tenements at Palmerville allows NMR to focus on its Charters Towers operations.

Maneater Breccia in QLD

No fieldwork was conducted during the period at Maneaters Breccia.

Palmerville Project in QLD

No fieldwork was conducted during the period at Palmerville as a number of the tenements were in the process of being sold.

Blackjack Processing Plant

In July 2025, NMR introduced its first ore to the crushing circuit leading to the first ore-feed smelt on 30 July. From this period until 30 June 2026 a total of 3,561.7oz cumulative gold outturn was produced through the plant across a total of 75 smelts.

In October/November 2025, the plant was shut down to complete ball mill lubrication upgrades and bearing reline to support long-term reliability and throughput.

Blackjack Mining resource

The Blackjack prospect is a key component of the Charters Towers project, which includes 12 granted mining leases (MLs). It is located approximately 15 kilometres south of Charters Towers in Queensland, above the historic Blackjack and John Bull underground workings, which were intermittently mined from 1875 to 1889.

Mining operations occurred at all three pits (Blackjack South, Blackjack Mid and Blackjack North) progressively throughout the year.

Far Fanning (JORC resources)

The Far Fanning project, located about 45 km northeast of Charters Towers, comprises five mining leases covering 2.6 km². The main open pit, last mined in 2005, is currently only 30 metres deep. The site also includes a small underground operation that was active in the early 2000s, adding to its historical mining activity.

Far Fanning remains a longer-term development opportunity within NMR's portfolio. A JORC 2012 Inferred Mineral Resource of 2.3 million tonnes at 1.84 g/t Au (138,000 ounces) was established in 2021, providing a solid exploration base. Historical scoping work in 2019 highlighted potential pit expansion to a depth of 115 metres, suggesting future growth opportunities.

Legacy stockpile haulage at Far Fanning has been progressively transferred to the Blackjack ROM processing plant continued under the Environmental Enforcement Order (EEO) throughout the year supplementing Blackjack plant feed.

On 30 June, the Far Fanning PRCP was lodged with the Queensland DETSI supported by the recent amendment to Queensland environmental legislation providing a clearer regulatory framework for advancing mining projects during PRCP assessment.

Ravenswood Gold JV

Haoma's Ravenswood project tenements are located within 20km of Ravenswood, Queensland and ~75km east of Blackjack. The tenements include a series of 2004 JORC-compliant Mineral Resource Estimates (MRE) with 85,695oz contained gold, within the three resources defined to an average depth of 55 metres or less. MLs includes in the JV are ML 1325, ML 1330, ML 1415, ML 1483, ML 1529 & ML 10315.

NMR has not independently verified the Mineral Resource Estimates and refers to Haoma's published information. The estimates were reported under the JORC 2004 Code and are considered historical information.

Under the JV, NMR will undertake all drilling and mining studies at on the Ravenswood JV tenements and haul any identified ore to Blackjack, where NMR will process the material. NMR will pay for all site-based operational, infrastructure and staffing activities, including ore processing and associated costs incurred by the JV. These costs, along with a management fee, will be re-imbursed to NMR from revenue generated from the JV with remaining proceeds to be split 50-50 with Haoma.

Podosky Mining

Subsequent to signing the term sheet, on 17 March 2026, NMR secured exclusive 12-month mining rights over the Podosky Gold Project (ML10315) using a binding term sheet with Haoma Mining NL for \$4.0M.

Mining commenced 25 May 2026 with the first production blast on 19 May 2026; approximately 125k tonnes mined between RL282.5 and RL277.5 by quarter-end, across 5 completed blasts on Bench 277.5 to 30 June 2026.

Government Grants

No new government grants applied during the FY26.

Competent Person's Statement

The information in this report that relates to Exploration Results and Minerals Resources is based on information compiled by Mr Scott Franko, MAUSIMM, a Competent Person who is a member of the Australian Institute of Geoscientists. Mr Franko has sufficient experience that is relevant to the style of mineralisation and type of deposit under consideration and to the activity being undertaken to qualify as a Competent Person as defined in the 2012 Edition of the "Australasian Code for Reporting of Exploration Results, Mineral Resources and Ore Reserves". Mr Franko consents to the inclusion in this report of the matters based upon the information in the form and context in which it appears.

Financial Position

At 30 June 2026, the consolidated entity had net asset deficiency of \$1,943,792 (30 June 2025: net assets of \$9,999,379) and \$174,778 in cash (30 June 2025: \$13,472).

Significant changes in the state of affairs

During the year, the company began production of gold and silver from the acquired assets purchased in the preceding year. This has meant a significant change from an exploration-focused business into a gold-producing business. Since the purchased plant and equipment was not up to production standards, significant capital and work has gone into bringing this into a fit state.

With this change has also come the significant increase in staff and overhead expenditure. While revenue is now being generated and growing, so has the level of debt and creditor balances. NMR is working hard to keep expenditure in line with revenue growth.

Matters subsequent to the end of the financial year

On 02 July 2026 – Convertible Note issued to Lind with a face value of \$3.5M. This is the third Convertible Note issued to Lind over the last 12 months with a combined face value of \$10M with previous Notes issued in January 2026 and May 2026.

In July 2026, the Group entered into an additional facility with Yogi Bear Holdings Pty Ltd and borrowed \$2,100,000. The amount is unsecured and due to be repaid in October 2026.

On 10 July 2026, Blackjack Gold Mine PRCP was submitted with the Queensland DETSI.

Completion of the sale of Palmerville tenements. On 27 October 2025, NMR announced the sale of tenements within the Palmerville region to Diversified Mining and Resources Pty Ltd and Sympall Pty Ltd. Completion and transfer of these tenements occurred in July 2026 after final government release and sign off. The final payment of \$45,000 (less costs) was received on 20 July 2026.

On 03 September 2026 – NMR entered into an arrangement with CitiGold Limited to explore tenements close to Blackjack Milling operations. NMR has started its exploration work to identify if the tenements are economical to mine before making a commitment decision. Until a commitment decision is made, there is little exposure for NMR except the costs to prove up the resource. After this, all costs, including a management fee to NMR, are carried by the JV with profits then shared on a 50/50 basis on outturn.

On 02 September 2026, NMR announced that August recorded a record month of production reaching 1,080.5oz of gold being produced through the plant.

No other matters or circumstance have arisen since 30 June 2026 that has significantly affected, or may significantly affect the consolidated entity's operations, the results of those operations, or the consolidated entity's state of affairs in future financial years.

Likely developments and expected results of operations

The consolidated entity intends to continue its exploration, development and production activities on its existing projects and to acquire further suitable projects for exploration as opportunities arise.

Environmental regulation

The consolidated entity is subject to and is compliant with all aspects of environmental regulation of its exploration and mining activities. The directors are not aware of any environmental law that is not being complied with.

Information on Directors

Name:	James Walker
Title:	Non-Executive Independent Chair
Qualifications:	GAICD, FCA (lapsed in Oct 2025), B.Comm (UNSW)
Experience and expertise:	James has over 25 years' experience as a Chartered Accountant, non-executive director and senior executive of various high growth companies. James has successfully completed multiple ASX IPOs, corporate acquisition transactions, secondary round raises on both the ASX and UK AIM markets and private capital raises. James thrives on scaling businesses, commercialising technology and building new global markets, with extensive experience across a wide range of international high growth businesses, including deal-tech, data-driven customer experience, sensor systems, mining technology services, automotive, aviation, biotechnology, hotel telemarketing, drone detection and security sectors.

Other current directorships:	Non-executive Director of 6K Additive (ASX: 6KA) Executive Director of Scalare Partners Holdings (ASX: SCP)
Former directorships (last 3 years):	Non-executive chair at BlueGlass Limited (ASX: BLG) – resigned in October 2025
Special responsibilities:	Member of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee Member of the Audit and Risk Committee
Interests in shares:	756,000 (Direct) 15,684,599 (Indirect)
Contractual rights to shares:	None

Name:	Phil Gardner
Title:	Non-Executive Independent Director
Qualifications:	FAICD, CPA, B.Comm (Newcastle)
Experience and expertise:	Philip brings a long and diverse range of experience to his position as non-executive director of the company. As a CPA and Fellow of the AICD, he has the technical skills to provide balance to the board's strong industry-specific competencies. With 29 years' experience as a CEO and 21 years as a director of public, private, government and not for profit organisations, he brings the oversight and risk management experience to support the NMR team through its listing and life as a public company. Philip has had a non-executive director career across the health, infrastructure and tourism industries.

Other current directorships:	None
Former directorships (last 3 years):	None
Special responsibilities:	Chair of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee Chair of the Audit and Risk Committee
Interests in shares:	19,000,000 (Direct) 8,000,000 (Indirect)
Contractual rights to shares:	None

Name: Blake Cannavo
Title: Managing Director and Chief Executive Officer
Qualifications: None
Experience and expertise: Blake is an accomplished Chief Executive Officer with more than 25 years' experience in the mining and construction sectors with companies including Fortescue Metals Group, Lihir Gold Limited and Aquila Resources.
 He has been responsible for delivering a diverse range of projects valued up to \$10 billion in Asia Pacific, South Africa, the UK and Europe. A competent strategist, Blake has a proven track record in developing innovative plans and activities to ensure that projects are delivered on schedule and budget.

Other current directorships: None
Former directorships (last 3 years): None
Special responsibilities: None
Interests in shares: 215,918,792 (Indirect)
Interest in performance rights: 14,000,000
Interests in options: 43,000,000 (Indirect)
Contractual rights to shares: None

'Other current directorships' quoted above are current directorships for listed entities only and excludes directorships of all other types of entities, unless otherwise stated.

'Former directorships (last 3 years)' quoted above are directorships held in the last 3 years for listed entities only and excludes directorships of all other types of entities, unless otherwise stated.

Company Secretary

On 05 December 2025, Ms Jade Cook replaced Natalie Teo who had held the position since 11 June 2024. Jade is an Associate member of the Governance Institute of Australia and holds a Bachelor's degree in Business Management and a Master's degree in Corporate Governance.

Meetings of directors

The number of meetings of the company's Board of Directors ('the Board') and of each Board committee held during the year ended 30 June 2026, and the number of meetings attended by each director were:

	Full Board		Nomination & Remuneration Committee		Audit & Risk Committee	
	Attended	Held	Attended	Held	Attended	Held
James Walker	7	7	2	2	2	2
Phil Gardner	7	7	2	2	2	2
Blake Cannavo	6	7				

Held: represents the number of meetings held during the time the director held office or was a member of the relevant committee.

Remuneration report (audited)

The remuneration report details the key management personnel remuneration arrangements for the consolidated entity, in accordance with the requirements of the *Corporations Act 2001* and its Regulations.

Key management personnel are those persons having authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities of the entity, directly or indirectly, including all directors.

The remuneration report is set out under the following main headings:

- Principles used to determine the nature and amount of remuneration
- Details of remuneration
- Service agreements
- Share-based compensation
- Additional disclosures relating to key management personnel

Principles used to determine the nature and amount of remuneration

The objective of the consolidated entity's executive reward framework is to ensure reward for performance is competitive and appropriate for the results delivered. The framework aligns executive reward with the achievement of strategic objectives and the creation of value for shareholders, and it is considered to conform to the market best practice for the delivery of reward. The Board of Directors ensures that executive reward satisfies the following key criteria for good reward governance practices:

- competitiveness and reasonableness
- acceptability to shareholders
- performance linkage / alignment of executive compensation
- transparency

The Nomination and Remuneration Committee is responsible for determining and reviewing remuneration arrangements for its directors and executives. The performance of the consolidated entity depends on the quality of its directors and executives. The remuneration philosophy is to attract, motivate and retain high performance and high-quality personnel.

The Nomination and Remuneration Committee has structured an executive remuneration framework that is market competitive and complementary to the reward strategy of the consolidated entity.

The reward framework is designed to align executive reward to shareholders' interests. The Board has considered that it should seek to enhance shareholders' interests by:

- having economic profit as a core component of plan design
- focusing on sustained growth in shareholder wealth, consisting of dividends and growth in share price, and delivering constant or increasing return on assets as well as focusing the executive on key non-financial drivers of value
- attracting and retaining high calibre executives

Additionally, the reward framework should seek to enhance executives' interests by:

- rewarding capability and experience
- reflecting competitive reward for contribution to growth in shareholder wealth
- providing a clear structure for earning rewards

In accordance with best practice corporate governance, the structure of non-executive director and executive director remuneration is separate.

Non-executive directors' remuneration

Fees and payments to non-executive directors reflect the demands and responsibilities of their role. Non-executive directors' fees and payments are reviewed annually by the Nomination and Remuneration Committee. The Nomination and Remuneration Committee may, from time to time, receive advice from independent remuneration consultants to ensure non-executive directors' fees and payments are appropriate and in line with the market. The chairman's fees are determined independently to the fees of other non-executive directors based on comparative roles in the external market. The chairman is not present at any discussions relating to the determination of his own remuneration.

The Board Chair received a cash salary (see under "Details of Remuneration") during the 30 June 2026 financial year.

ASX listing rules require the aggregate non-executive directors' remuneration be determined periodically by a general meeting. The most recent determination was contained in the IPO prospectus (page 282) where the maximum annual aggregate remuneration was set at \$500,000.

Executive remuneration

The consolidated entity aims to reward executives based on their position and responsibility, with a level and mix of remuneration which has both fixed and variable components.

The executive remuneration and reward framework has four components:

- base pay and non-monetary benefits
- short-term performance incentives
- share-based payments
- other remuneration such as superannuation and long service leave

The combination of these comprises the executive's total remuneration.

Fixed remuneration, consisting of base salary, superannuation and non-monetary benefits, are reviewed annually by the Nomination and Remuneration Committee based on individual and business unit performance, the overall performance of the consolidated entity and comparable market remunerations.

Executives may receive their fixed remuneration in the form of cash or other fringe benefits (for example motor vehicle benefits) where it does not create any additional costs to the consolidated entity and provides additional value to the executive.

The company has not yet finalised any short-term or long-term incentive program for key management personnel.

Use of remuneration consultants

No remuneration advisors were engaged during the year nor was any formal remuneration advice received during the year.

The company's 2025 Annual General Meeting ('AGM')

At the 2025 AGM, 92.66% of the votes received supported the adoption of the remuneration report for the year ended 30 June 2025. The company did not receive any specific feedback at the AGM regarding its remuneration practices.

Details of remuneration

Amounts of remuneration

Details of the remuneration of key management personnel of the consolidated entity are set out in the following tables.

The key management personnel of the consolidated entity consisted of the following directors of Native Mineral Resources Holdings Limited:

- James Walker - Non-Executive Chair
- Phil Gardner - Non-Executive Director
- Blake Cannavo - Managing Director and Chief Executive Officer

	Cash Salary and Fees \$	Superannuation \$	Employee entitlements accrued \$	Equity Settled Options \$	Total \$
2026					
<i>Non-Executive Directors</i>					
James Walker	50,000	6,000	-	98,341	154,341
Phil Gardner	-	-	-	98,341	98,341

Executive Directors

Blake Cannavo	599,155	35,035	167,112	8,448,853	9,250,155
	649,155	41,035	167,112	8,645,535	9,502,837

	Cash Salary and Fees \$	Superannuation \$	Employee entitlements accrued \$	Equity Settled Options \$	Total \$
2025					
<i>Non-Executive Directors</i>					
James Walker	49,679	5,713	-	123,779	179,171
Phil Gardner	-	-	-	123,779	123,779

Executive Directors

Blake Cannavo	507,522	40,993	52,733	4,344,328	4,945,576
	557,201	46,706	52,733	4,591,886	5,248,526

Cash bonuses are not currently part of the remuneration packages of staff. The maximum bonus values are established at the start of each financial year and amounts payable are determined in the final month of the financial year by the Nomination and Remuneration Committee.

The proportion of remuneration linked to performance and the fixed proportion are as follows:

Name	Fixed Remuneration		Share Based Remuneration	
	2026	2025	2026	2025
<i>Non-Executive Directors</i>				
James Walker	36%	31%	64%	69%
Phil Gardner	0%	0%	100%	100%
<i>Executive Directors</i>				
Blake Cannavo	9%	12%	91%	88%

Service agreements

Remuneration and other terms of employment for key management personnel are formalised in service agreements. Details of these agreements are as follows:

Name:	Blake Cannavo
Title:	Managing Director and Chief Executive Officer
Agreement commenced:	1 August 2020
Term of agreement:	No fixed period
Details:	Base salary for the year ending 30 June 2026 of \$500,000 plus superannuation, to be reviewed annually by the Nomination and Remuneration Committee. 30 days termination notice by either party.

Key management personnel have no entitlement to termination payments in the event of removal for misconduct.

Share-based compensation

Issue of shares

There were no shares issued to directors and other key management personnel as part of compensation during the year ended 30 June 2026.

Options

The terms and conditions of each grant of options over ordinary shares affecting remuneration of directors and other key management personnel in this financial year or future reporting years are as follows:

Name	Number of Rights/Options granted	Grant Date	Vesting date and Exercise date	Expiry Date	Exercise price	Fair Value per Option at grant date
James Walker	1,150,000	27 Oct 2023	14 Nov 2027	N/A	\$0.00	\$0.037
Philip Gardner	4,140,000	27 Oct 2023	14 Nov 2027	N/A	\$0.00	\$0.037
Blake Cannavo	10,000,000	20 Sept 2024	31 Dec 2025	20 Sept 2028	\$0.05	\$0.001
Blake Cannavo	33,000,000	29 May 2025	30 Sept 2025	29 May 2030	\$0.04	\$0.165
Blake Cannavo	14,000,000	04 Dec 2025	Various	04 Dec 2030	\$0.00	Various

Options or rights granted carry no dividend or voting rights.

All options or rights were granted over unissued fully paid ordinary shares in the company. They vest based on the provision of service over the vesting period and some executive options may have share price hurdle whereby the directors and other key management personnel become beneficially entitled to them on vesting date. Options are exercisable by the holder as from the vesting date. There has not been any alteration to the terms or conditions of the grant since the grant date. There are no amounts paid or payable by the recipient in relation to the granting of such options or rights other than on their potential exercise.

Values of options or rights over ordinary shares granted, exercised and lapsed for directors and other key management personnel as part of compensation during the year ended 30 June 2026 are set out below:

Name	Value of options/rights granted or recognised as expense during the year	Value of options/rights exercised during the year	Value of options/rights lapsed during the year	Remuneration consisting of Options/rights for the year
	\$	\$	\$	%
James Walker	98,341	230,630	-	64%
Phil Gardner	98,341	120,000	-	100%
Blake Cannavo	8,448,853	6,965,000	-	91%

Additional disclosures relating to key management personnel

Shareholding

The number of shares in the company held during the financial year by each director and other members of key management personnel of the consolidated entity, including their personally related parties, is set out below:

	Balance at start of the year	Received as part of remuneration	Additions	Disposals/ Other	Balance at end of the Year
<i>Ordinary shares</i>					
James Walker	3,450,599	-	12,990,000	-	16,440,599
Philip Gardner	17,000,000	-	10,000,000	-	27,000,000
Blake Cannavo	152,618,792	-	77,300,000	(14,000,000)	215,918,792
	173,069,391	-	100,290,000	(14,000,000)	259,359,391

Option holding

The number of options over ordinary shares in the company held during the financial year by each director and other members of key management personnel of the consolidated entity, including their personally related parties, is set out below:

	Balance at start of the year	Granted	Exercised	Expired/ forfeited/ other	Balance at end of the Year
<i>Options over ordinary shares</i>					
James Walker	14,140,000	-	12,990,000	-	1,150,000
Philip Gardner	14,140,000	-	10,000,000	-	4,140,000
Blake Cannavo	120,000,000	14,000,000	77,000,000	-	57,000,000
	148,280,000	14,000,000	99,990,000	-	62,290,000

Other transactions with key management personnel and their related parties

Blake Cannavo, the Managing Director and Chief Executive Officer of the Company, has an interest in Bamford Engineering and Consulting Pty Ltd and Yogi Bear Holdings Pty Ltd ("Yogi Bear"). Accordingly, transactions with these entities have been treated as related party transactions.

The following transactions occurred during the year ended 30 June 2026:

Related party	Nature of transaction	2026 \$	2025 \$
Bamford Engineering and Consulting Pty Ltd	Office accommodation and equipment rental	66,000	66,000
Bamford Engineering and Consulting Pty Ltd	Consultancy services	208,800	201,995
Bamford Engineering and Consulting Pty Ltd	Reimbursement and settlement of operating expenses and creditor obligations	502,555	749,376
Yogi Bear Holdings Pty Ltd	Interest expense on related party loan facilities	116,185	Nil

Amounts disclosed for rental, consultancy and expense reimbursements are exclusive of GST.

During the year, Yogi Bear Holdings Pty Ltd provided funding to the Group under related party loan arrangements. These included general-purpose funding facilities and a separate facility established to fund the acquisition of the Podosky exclusive rights.

The first general-purpose loan facility has a limit of \$3,000,000, bears interest at 10% per annum and has a three-year term. The facility may be used to support the Group's business, consolidate debt or for another purpose agreed by the lender. This facility is unsecured.

The second general-purpose loan facility under which \$1,260,000, excluding costs, was provided to the Group. The facility bears interest at 10.95% per annum and had a three month term. The facility is unsecured and was repaid on 23 June 2026.

The Podosky loan facility has a limit of \$4,000,000, bears interest at 15% per annum and has a five-year term. The facility is unsecured and is to be used solely to complete the Podosky transaction.

The reconciliation of Yogi Bear loan movements during the year is as follows:

	General-purpose facility \$	Podosky facility \$	Second facility \$	Total \$
Loan funds advanced	1,220,000	1,000,000	1,260,000	3,480,000
Net repayments and other movements	(245,214)	(50,000)	(1,379,786)	(1,675,000)
Transaction costs	-	-	77,581	77,581
Interest accrued	39,236	34,744	42,205	116,185
Balance outstanding as at 30 June 2026	1,064,022	984,744	-	1,998,766

During the year, net expenses of \$235,519 relating to Blake Cannavo were paid by Group and remain outstanding from Blake as at 30 June 2026.

During the period, a staff member who is related to Blake Cannavo worked for the company. Employment conditions and wages were on an arms-length basis and Blake was not directly supervising their work. A total of \$5,645 including superannuation was paid during the period to this employee.

In July 2026, the Group entered into an additional financing arrangement with Yogi Bear Holdings Pty Ltd and borrowed \$2,100,000. The amount is unsecured and due to be repaid in October 2026.

On 13 August 2026, Blake Cannavo transferred 3,864,079 shares in settlement of \$162,291 payable by the company under its convertible security funding arrangement with Lind Global Fund III LP. The repayment notice specified a repayment share price of \$0.042 per share.

In addition to related party loans, Blake Cannavo and entities associated with him provided personal guarantees and security support for certain financing and supplier arrangements of the Group. For the period to 30 June 2026, these arrangements supported finance facilities of \$13,514,713 and supplier and other creditor facilities of up to \$8,479,837. As at the date of this report the arrangements support balances with an exposure of \$22,815,727. Up to the date of this report, no consideration was paid by the Group for this support.

This concludes the remuneration report, which has been audited.

Shares under option

Unissued ordinary shares of Native Mineral Resources Holdings Limited under option or rights at the date of this report are as follows:

Grant date	Expiry Date	Exercise Price	Number under option
27 October 2023	N/A	\$0.00	5,290,000
20 September 2024	20 September 2028	\$0.05	10,000,000
20 September 2024	20 September 2029	\$0.02	7,250,000
29 May 2025	29 May 2030	\$0.04	7,000,000
29 May 2025	29 May 2030	\$0.04	26,000,000
04 December 2025	04 December 2030	\$0.00	14,000,000
05 January 2026	05 January 2029	\$0.117	7,200,000

Shares issued on the exercise of options

Shares were issued to Non-Executive Directors during the year ended 30 June 2026 on the exercise of options. No other shares were issued to Non-Executive Directors.

Indemnity and insurance of officers

The consolidated entity has indemnified the directors and executives of the company for costs incurred, in their capacity as a director or executive, for which they may be held personally liable, except where there is a lack of good faith.

During the financial year, the consolidated entity paid a premium in respect of a contract to ensure the directors and executives of the company against a liability to the extent permitted by the *Corporations Act 2001*. The contract of insurance prohibits disclosure of the nature of the liability and the amount of the premium.

Indemnity and insurance of auditor

The consolidated entity has not, during or since the end of the financial year, indemnified or agreed to indemnify the auditor of the company or any related entity against a liability incurred by the auditor.

During the financial year, the consolidated entity has not paid a premium in respect of a contract to insure the auditor of the company or any related entity.

Proceedings on behalf of the company

No person has applied to the Court under section 237 of the *Corporations Act 2001* for leave to bring proceedings on behalf of the consolidated entity, or to intervene in any proceedings to which the consolidated entity is a party for the purpose of taking responsibility on behalf of the consolidated entity for all or part of those proceedings.

Non-audit services

Details of the amounts paid or payable to the auditor for non-audit services provided during the financial year by the auditor are outlined in note 24 to the financial statements.

The directors are satisfied that the provision of non-audit services during the financial year, by the auditor (or by another person or firm on the auditor's behalf), is compatible with the general standard of independence for auditors imposed by the *Corporations Act 2001*.

The directors are of the opinion that the services as disclosed in note 24 to the financial statements do not compromise the external auditor's independence requirements of the *Corporations Act 2001* for the following reasons:

- all non-audit services have been reviewed and approved to ensure that they do not impact the integrity and objectivity of the auditor; and
- none of the services undermine the general principles relating to auditor independence as set out in APES 110 Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants issued by the Accounting Professional and Ethical Standards Board, including reviewing or auditing the auditor's own work, acting in a management or decision-making capacity for the company, acting as advocate for the company or jointly sharing economic risks and rewards.

Officers of the company who are former partners of HLB Mann Judd

There are no officers of the company who are former directors of HLB Mann Judd Assurance (NSW) Pty Limited.

Auditor's Independence Declaration under Section 307C of the Corporations Act 2001

The Auditor's Independence Declaration is set out on page 21 and forms part of the Directors' Report for the full year ended 30 June 2026.

Pursuant to section 295(5) *Corporations Act 2001* this Directors' Report is made in accordance with a resolution of the Directors and is signed by James Walker on behalf of the directors.

A handwritten signature in blue ink, appearing to read 'J Walker', with a long horizontal stroke extending to the right.

James Walker

Non-executive chair

30 September 2026

Auditor's Independence Declaration

To the directors of Native Mineral Resources Holdings Limited:

As lead auditor for the audit of the consolidated financial report of Native Mineral Resources Holdings Limited for the year ended 30 June 2026, I declare that, to the best of my knowledge and belief, there have been no contraventions of:

- (a) the auditor independence requirements as set out in the *Corporations Act 2001* in relation to the audit; and
- (b) any applicable code of professional conduct in relation to the audit.

This declaration is in relation to Native Mineral Resources Holdings Limited and the entities it controlled during the period.

Sydney, NSW
30 September 2026



N J Guest
Director

hlb.com.au

HLB Mann Judd Assurance (NSW) Pty Ltd ABN 96 153 077 215

Level 5, 10 Shelley Street Sydney NSW 2000 Australia

T: +61 (0)2 9020 4000 **E:** mailbox@hlbnsw.com.au

Liability limited by a scheme approved under Professional Standards Legislation.

Consolidated Statement of Financial Position

NATIVE MINERAL RESOURCES HOLDINGS LIMITED

	NOTES	30-Jun-26 \$	30-Jun-25 \$
Current Assets			
Cash and Cash Equivalent	7	174,778	13,472
Trade and Other Receivables	8	1,862,345	1,394,121
Mining Rights Assets	9	3,000,000	-
Total Current Assets		5,037,123	1,407,593
Fixed Assets			
Property, Plant and Equipment	10	45,590,918	33,497,758
Bonds and Security Deposits		3,305,004	3,015,028
Total Fixed Assets		48,895,922	36,512,786
Total Assets		53,933,045	37,920,379
Current Liabilities			
Trade and Other Payables	11	21,538,420	6,570,526
Convertible Securities	12	6,590,045	-
Borrowings	13	11,678,422	4,784,530
Employee Entitlements	14	589,826	304,615
Provisions	15	1,154,296	1,480,220
Total Current Liabilities		41,551,010	13,139,891
Non-Current Liabilities			
Borrowings	13	4,838,488	11,789,284
Provisions	15	9,487,340	2,991,825
Total Non-Current Liabilities		14,325,827	14,781,109
Total Liabilities		55,876,837	27,921,000
Net (Liabilities) Assets		(1,943,792)	9,999,379
Equity			
Share Capital	16	51,947,177	37,773,311
Share Based Payment Reserve	17	13,781,739	5,136,204
Retained Earnings	18	(67,672,708)	(32,910,136)
Total (Deficiency) Equity		(1,943,792)	9,999,379

The above consolidated statement of financial position should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income

NATIVE MINERAL RESOURCES HOLDINGS LIMITED

		30-Jun-26 \$	30-Jun-25 \$
Revenue	5	24,131,366	-
Interest Income		2,162	117
Other Income	5	1,361,155	25,676
Sale of Tenements		89,386	-
Board & Directors Expenses		(357,858)	(241,659)
Exploration Evaluation Expenses		(14,843,449)	(3,257,435)
Exploration Management		(1,767,538)	(152,902)
Finance Costs	5	(2,078,220)	(1,254,312)
Fair Value Loss	5	(2,244,941)	-
Office Expenses		(736,151)	(358,400)
Processing Costs		(1,161,608)	(2,767)
Professional Services Fees		(2,192,001)	(2,251,568)
Depreciation and Amortisation	5	(3,010,919)	(86,891)
Property, Plant, Equipment Hire		(5,898,635)	(440,956)
Travel		(1,785,636)	(922,807)
Utilities		(2,510,394)	(20,200)
Wage Costs	5	(21,759,291)	(6,907,215)
Other expenses		-	(306,529)
Loss before income tax benefit		(34,762,572)	(16,177,848)
Loss for the period		(34,762,572)	(16,177,848)
Basic loss per share (cents)	27	(3.36)	(2.90)
Diluted loss per share (cents)	27	(3.36)	(2.90)

The above consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows

NATIVE MINERAL RESOURCES HOLDINGS LIMITED

		30-Jun-26	30-Jun-25
		\$	\$
	NOTES		
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Receipts from Customers (incl. GST)		25,500,665	-
Cash Inflow from Interest Income		2,175	117
Other income received		1,372,414	13,647
Interest expense		(2,078,220)	(8,805)
Payments for exploration and evaluation		(14,470,285)	(3,716,866)
Payments to suppliers and employees		(24,185,150)	(7,510,500)
NET CASH FLOW USED IN OPERATING ACTIVITIES	20	<u>(13,858,401)</u>	<u>(11,222,407)</u>
CASH FLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Payment to acquire Property, Plant & Equipment		(7,921,743)	(7,696,067)
Payment received in advance for sale of Tenements		500,000	-
Proceeds from the Disposal of Tenements		89,386	-
Payment to acquire Mining rights or non-current asset		(510,000)	(23,203)
NET CASH FLOWS USED IN INVESTING ACTIVITIES		<u>(7,842,357)</u>	<u>(7,719,270)</u>
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Proceeds from the issue of shares and options		13,151,468	18,944,690
Proceeds from the issue of Convertible Notes		6,500,000	-
Payments received in adv. for Convertible Notes		3,400,000	-
Proceeds from Borrowings		3,480,000	-
Repayment of Borrowings		(4,669,404)	-
NET CASH FLOWS PROVIDED BY FINANCING ACTIVITIES		<u>21,862,064</u>	<u>18,944,690</u>
Net change in cash held		161,306	3,013
Effect of Movement in Exchange Rates		-	-
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period		<u>13,472</u>	<u>10,459</u>
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF PERIOD	7	<u>174,778</u>	<u>13,472</u>

The above consolidated statement of cashflows should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity

Attributable to shareholders of Native Mineral Resources Holdings Limited

	Ordinary Shares	Accumulated Losses	Share Based Payment Reserve	Total Equity
	\$	\$	\$	\$
Balance at 1 July 2024	14,704,876	(16,732,288)	293,095	(1,734,317)
Loss for the year		(16,177,848)		(16,177,848)
Other comprehensive Income				
	14,704,876	(32,910,136)	293,095	(17,912,165)
Transactions with shareholders in their capacity as shareholders				
Issue of Shares net of transaction costs	23,068,435			23,068,435
Share based payments			4,843,109	4,843,109
Balance at 30 June 2025	37,773,311	(32,910,136)	5,136,204	9,999,379
Balance at 1 July 2025	37,773,311	(32,910,136)	5,136,204	9,999,379
Loss for the year		(34,762,572)		(34,762,572)
Other comprehensive Income				
	37,773,311	(67,672,708)	5,136,204	(24,763,193)
Transactions with shareholders in their capacity as shareholders				
Issue of Shares net of transaction costs	14,173,866			14,173,866
Share based payments			8,645,535	8,645,535
Balance at 30 June 2026	51,947,177	(67,672,708)	13,781,739	(1,943,792)

The above statement of changes in equity should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

NOTE 1: CORPORATE INFORMATION

The financial statements of Native Mineral Resources Holdings Limited ("the company") and its controlled entities ("the Group" or the "consolidated entity") for the year ended 30 June 2026 are authorised for issue in accordance with the resolution of the Directors on 30 September 2026. Native Mineral Resources Holdings Limited is a company incorporated in Australia and limited by shares listed on the ASX.

The company is a for-profit entity for the purposes of preparing financial statements.

NOTE 2: SUMMARY OF MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

a) Basis of Preparation

These general-purpose financial statements for the financial year ended 30 June 2026 have been prepared in accordance with requirements of the *Corporations Act 2001* and Australian Accounting Standards. Compliance with Australian Accounting Standards ensures that the financial statements and notes also comply with International Financial Reporting Standards.

The financial statements have been prepared on a historical cost basis.

The material accounting policies are set out below.

From 1 July 2025, the consolidated entity has adopted all Australian Accounting Standards and Interpretations effective for annual periods beginning on or before 1 July 2025. The adoption of new and amended standards and interpretations had no material impact on the financial position or performance of the consolidated entity.

Australian Accounting Standards and Interpretations that have recently been issued or amended but are not yet mandatory, have not been early adopted by the consolidated entity for the annual reporting period ended 30 June 2026.

AASB 18 Presentation and Disclosure in Financial Statements

This new standard is not expected to have an impact of the recognition and measurement of assets, liabilities, income and expenses, however its impacts on the presentation and disclosure are expected to be pervasive. In particular, the Statement of Profit or Loss and Comprehensive Income and providing disclosures in relation to management-defined performance measures within the financial statements. The Group expects AASB 18 will have a material impact on the Group's presentation of its Consolidated Profit or Loss. The first year of application for the Group will be the year end 30 June 2028.

b) Critical accounting judgements, estimates and assumptions

The preparation of the financial statements may require management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts in the financial statements. Details of these are set out in Note 3.

c) Principles of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements incorporate the financial statements of the company and entities controlled by the company (i.e. subsidiaries). Subsidiaries are all entities over which the company has control. The company controls an entity when the company is exposed to, or has rights to, variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power to direct the activities of the entity.

Intercompany transactions, balances and unrealised gains on transactions between Group companies (if any) are eliminated. Accounting policies of all companies in the Group are consistent.

d) Revenue recognition

The consolidated entity recognises revenue as follows:

Sale of gold and other metals

Revenue from the sale of gold and other metals is recognised in accordance with AASB 15 *Revenue from Contracts with Customers*.

The Group sells gold doré to third-party refining companies under off-take arrangements. Revenue is recognised at a point in time, being when control of the gold and other metals transfers to the customer, which occurs upon physical delivery of the gold and other metals to the refiner in accordance with the relevant sales contract.

At the time of delivery, the Group satisfies its performance obligation as it has no further ability to direct the use of, or obtain the benefits from, the gold and other metal delivered.

At the date of delivery, sales revenue is recognised at the estimated fair value of the consideration receivable, based on:

- The estimated gold content and quality of the material delivered; and
- The prevailing gold price at the date of delivery, adjusted for contractually agreed refining and treatment charges.

The consideration received under gold sales contracts includes variable consideration, as the final sales value is subject to subsequent confirmation of gold and other metal content following assay procedures performed by the refiner.

Following delivery, the initially recognised revenue is adjusted once:

- Final assay results are received from the refiner; and
- The final payable gold content and price are determined in accordance with the relevant sales contract.

Any differences between the estimated revenue recognised at delivery and the final invoiced amount, arising from assay or pricing adjustments, are recognised as adjustments to revenue in the period in which the initial revenue was recognised.

Other Income

Other income includes fuel tax refund which is recognised when it is received or when the right to receive payment is established.

e) Income Tax

With the company in a tax loss situation no income tax has been brought to account. Once profitable the income tax expense will comprise current income tax expense and deferred tax expense.

Current income tax expense charged to profit or loss is the tax payable on taxable income calculated using applicable tax rates enacted, or substantively enacted, as at the end of the reporting period. Current tax liabilities (assets) are therefore measured at the amounts expected to be paid to (recovered from) the relevant taxation authority.

Deferred tax is calculated at the tax rates that are expected to apply to the period when the asset is realised or liability is settled. Deferred tax is credited in profit or loss except where it relates to items that may be credited directly to equity, in which case the deferred tax is adjusted directly against equity.

Deferred income tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that no adverse change will occur in income taxation legislation, that the company will derive sufficient future assessable income to enable the benefit to be realised and that the company will continue to comply with the conditions of deductibility imposed by the law.

Native Mineral Resources Holdings Limited (the 'head entity') and its wholly-owned Australian subsidiaries (Native Mineral Resources Pty Ltd and Blackjack Milling Pty Ltd) have formed an income tax consolidated group under the tax consolidation regime.

f) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents includes cash on hand, deposits held at call with financial institutions, other short-term, highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

g) Exploration and evaluation expenditure

The acquisition and maintenance costs of tenements are expensed in the period incurred.

h) Mining assets

Where the mining activity area does not have any estimate of proved and probable reserve, the activity is expensed in the period it is incurred.

Restoration costs expected to be incurred are provided for as part of development phase that give rise to the need for restoration.

i) Plant and Equipment

Plant and equipment is stated at historical cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition of the items.

Depreciation is calculated on a straight-line basis to write off the net cost of each item of plant and equipment over their expected useful lives as follows:

Mine Property	5-10 years
Plant	3-10 years
Equipment	2-5 years
Computers	3-5 years

The residual values, useful lives and depreciation methods are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at each reporting date.

Work-in-progress is assessed as an asset not yet suitable for use in its intended function area. It is transferred to Fixed Asset when available for use or resale. Depreciation will start at that date of transfer, similar to other assets of its class, as above.

An item of plant and equipment is derecognised upon disposal or when there is no future economic benefit to the consolidated entity. Gains and losses between the carrying amount and the disposal proceeds are taken to profit or loss. Any revaluation surplus reserve relating to the item disposed of is transferred directly to retained profits.

j) Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the consolidated entity has a present (legal or constructive) obligation as a result of a past event, it is probable the consolidated entity will be required to settle the obligation, and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation. The amount recognised as a provision is the best estimate of the consideration required to settle the present obligation at the reporting date, taking into account the risks and uncertainties surrounding the obligation. If the time value of money is material, provisions are discounted using a current pre-tax rate specific to the liability. The increase in the provision resulting from the passage of time is recognised as a finance cost.

k) Trade and other payables

These amounts represent liabilities for goods and services provided to the consolidated entity prior to the end of the financial year and which are unpaid. Due to their short-term nature they are measured at amortised cost and are not discounted. The amounts are unsecured and are usually paid within 30 days of recognition.

l) Employee benefits

Short-term employee benefits

Liabilities for wages and salaries, including non-monetary benefits, annual leave and long service leave expected to be settled wholly within 12 months of the reporting date are measured at the amounts expected to be paid when the liabilities are settled.

Defined contribution superannuation expense

Contributions to defined contribution superannuation plans are expensed in the period in which they are incurred.

m) Share-based payments

Equity-settled share-based compensation benefits are provided to directors, the lead manager and employees.

Equity-settled transactions are awards of shares, or options over shares, that are provided to directors, the lead manager and employees in exchange for the rendering of services.

The cost of equity-settled transactions are measured at fair value on grant date. Fair value is independently determined using the Black-Scholes or the Monte Carlo option pricing model that takes into account the exercise price, the term of the option, the impact of dilution, the share price at grant date and expected price volatility of the underlying share, the expected dividend yield and the risk free interest rate for the term of the option, together with non-vesting conditions that do not determine whether the consolidated entity receives the services that entitle the employees to receive payment. No account is taken of any other vesting conditions.

The cost of equity-settled transactions are recognised as an expense with a corresponding increase in equity over the vesting period. The cumulative charge to profit or loss is calculated based on the grant date fair value of the award, the best estimate of the number of awards that are likely to vest and the expired portion of the vesting period. The amount recognised in profit or loss for the period is the cumulative amount calculated at each reporting date less amounts already recognised in previous periods.

The cost of cash-settled transactions is initially, and at each reporting date until vested, determined by applying the Black-Scholes or Monte Carlo option pricing model, taking into consideration the terms and conditions on which the award was granted. The cumulative charge to profit or loss until settlement of the liability is calculated during the vesting period and, expensed at each reporting date based on the fair value of the award at that date multiplied by the expired portion of the vesting period.

All changes in the liability are recognised in profit or loss.

Market conditions are taken into consideration in determining fair value. Therefore, any awards subject to market conditions are considered to vest irrespective of whether or not that market condition has been met, provided all other conditions are satisfied.

n) Issued capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Costs directly attributable to the issue of new shares are shown as a deduction from the equity proceeds.

o) Comparative Figures

When required by Accounting Standards, comparative figures have been adjusted to conform to changes in presentation for the current financial year.

p) Earnings per share

Basic earnings per share

Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing the profit attributable to the owners of Native Mineral Resources Holdings Limited, excluding any costs of servicing equity other than ordinary shares, by the

weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the financial year, adjusted for bonus elements in ordinary shares issued during the financial year.

Diluted earnings per share

Diluted earnings per share adjusts the figures used in the determination of basic earnings per share to take into account the after income tax effect of interest and other financing costs associated with dilutive potential ordinary shares and the weighted average number of shares assumed to have been issued for no consideration in relation to dilutive potential ordinary shares.

q) Going concern

These financial statements have been prepared on the going concern basis which contemplates the continuity of normal business activities and the realisation of assets and discharge of liabilities in the normal course of business.

The consolidated entity has incurred operating losses of \$34,762,572 (2025: \$16,177,848) and negative operating cash flows of \$13,858,401 (2025: \$11,222,407) for the financial year ended 30 June 2026. As at 30 June 2026 the consolidated entity held cash of \$174,778 (2025: \$13,472), and recorded a net current asset deficiency of \$36,513,887 (2025: \$11,732,298) and net asset deficiency of \$1,943,792 (2025: net asset of \$9,999,379).

These conditions indicate a material uncertainty that may cast a significant doubt about the Group's ability to continue as a going concern and, therefore, that it may be unable to realise its assets and discharge its liabilities in the normal course of business. Should the Group be unable to continue as a going concern, it may be required to realise its assets and extinguish its liabilities other than the in the ordinary course of business, and at amounts that differ from those stated in the financial report. The financial statements do not include any adjustments relating to the recoverability and classification of recorded asset amounts, or to the amounts and classification of liabilities that might be necessary should the Group not continue as a going concern.

The Directors have taken the following actions or put plans in place to mitigate the Group's going concern risk:

- On 02 July 2026, NMR issued 1 Convertible Note with a face value of \$3,500,000 to continue to fund the development of the plant at Blackjack Milling and other corporate expenses.
- On 03 September 2026, NMR entered into an arrangement with CitiGold to explore and, if suitable, to mine operations on tenements close to Blackjack Milling. This opportunity diversifies the area where gold may be sourced and adds consistency of supply to the processing plant. This also further supports cashflow in the near term. This remains contingent upon successful evaluation of this opportunity which is not certain.

While the financial forecasts prepared by the Directors support the ability of the Group to continue as a going concern, this is based on following assumptions:

- The Directors consider that the Group has the ability to continue to raise additional debt and or equity funds on a timely basis. The Group entity has successfully raised funds in the past and the Directors have no reason to believe that it will not be able to continue to source equity or alternative funding if required;
- The Group has the ability to scale back a significant portion of its expenditure activities if required
- The cashflow forecast assumes revenue will be generated from Gold projects controlled by the Group and other ore sourced from third parties;

- Financiers and creditors remain willing to work with the Group and provide trading terms that allow obligations to be met;
- Continued financial support of the Managing Director and related entities, including via the provision of guarantees and other security interests; and
- Assumptions based around the continued production capacity; plant availability; grade of processed ore; and gold spot pricing remain consistent within the foreseeable outlook

The Group's forecast assumes increasing gold production from Blackjack Milling at Charters Towers. June 2026 resulted in the largest single month of gold production of 763.8oz for FY 2026, which has subsequently been surpassed by August with 1,080oz produced giving confidence of increased production outcomes. Access to ore supplies from Far Fanning and arrangements with both Haoma Mining NL and CitiGold Limited provide further confidence of consistent and increasing supply and positive cashflow generation. The Directors do not anticipate, the Group will need to raise further additional funds to meet its near term planned and budgeted operating and exploration expenditure during the financial year 2026.

The Directors believe that they will be successful in generating sufficient cash flow required to ensure the Group can continue operations for the foreseeable future based on the matters outlined above and, therefore, they are confident that the going concern basis on which the financial statements have been prepared is appropriate. However, should the Group be unable to meet its fundings requirements in a sufficiently timely basis, there is a material uncertainty that may cast doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern and therefore Group may be unable to realise its assets and settle its liabilities in the ordinary course of business.

r) Borrowings

Loans and borrowings are initially recognised at the fair value of the consideration received, net of transaction costs. They are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

s) Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss (Convertible securities)

Financial liabilities are classified at fair value through profit or loss where they are held for trading or are designated as such upon initial recognition in accordance with AASB 9.

The Group's convertible securities contain debt host liabilities and multiple embedded derivative features, including variable-price conversion and share-settlement rights. Where the relevant criteria are met, the Group designates the entire hybrid contract as a financial liability at fair value through profit or loss.

Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are initially recognised at fair value, with directly attributable transaction costs recognised immediately in profit or loss. They are subsequently remeasured at fair value at each reporting date. Changes in fair value are recognised in profit or loss, except for changes attributable to movements in the Group's own credit risk, which are presented in other comprehensive income unless doing so would create or enlarge an accounting mismatch.

Where the fair value at initial recognition differs from the transaction price and the fair value is not evidenced by a quoted price in an active market for an identical liability or is not based solely on observable market data, any resulting day one gain or loss is deferred. The deferred difference is recognised subsequently only to the extent that it arises from a change in a factor, including time, that market participants would take into account when pricing the liability.

t) Mining rights asset

The Group has entered into an agreement granting exclusive access and mining rights over the Podosky Project for a fixed term. The consideration payable under the agreement is recognised as a mining rights asset when the Group obtains control of the contractual rights and it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the rights will flow to the Group.

The mining rights asset is initially measured at cost, being the present obligation incurred under the agreement, including amounts payable to the counterparty. A corresponding financial liability is recognised for any unpaid consideration.

Following initial recognition, the mining rights asset is amortised on a straight-line basis over the period during which the Group is entitled to access and exploit the mining area, being the term of the agreement, unless another basis better reflects the pattern in which the expected economic benefits are consumed. The financial liability is measured at amortised cost and subsequently reduced as payments are made in accordance with the contractual payment schedule.

The Group assesses the mining rights asset for indicators of impairment at each reporting date and recognises an impairment loss where the carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount.

NOTE 3: CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS, ESTIMATES AND ASSUMPTIONS

The preparation of the financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts in the financial statements. Management continually evaluates its judgements and estimates in relation to assets, liabilities, contingent liabilities, revenue and expenses. Management bases its judgements, estimates and assumptions on historical experience and on other various factors, including expectations of future events, management believes to be reasonable under the circumstances. The resulting accounting judgements and estimates will seldom equal the related actual results. The judgements, estimates and assumptions that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities (refer to the respective notes) within the next financial year are discussed below.

Share-based payment transactions

The consolidated entity measures the cost of equity-settled transactions with employees by reference to the fair value of the equity instruments at the date at which they are granted. The fair value is determined by using the Black-Scholes model or the Monte Carlo model taking into account the terms and conditions upon which the instruments were granted. The accounting estimates and assumptions relating to equity-settled share-based payments would have no impact on the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next annual reporting period but may impact profit or loss and equity. Refer to Note 23 for further information.

Impairment of non-financial assets other than indefinite life intangible assets

The Group assesses impairment of non-financial assets other than indefinite life intangible assets at each reporting date by evaluating conditions specific to the Group and to the particular asset that may lead to impairment. If an impairment trigger exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is determined. This involves fair value less costs of disposal or value-in-use calculations, which incorporate a number of key estimates and assumptions.

It is reasonably possible that the underlying gold and metal price assumption, along with accessible reserves may change which may then impact the estimated life of the mine and may then require a

material adjustment to the carrying value of mining plant and equipment, mining infrastructure and other mining assets. Furthermore, the expected future cash flows used to determine the value-in use of these assets are inherently uncertain and could materially change over time. They are significantly affected by a number of factors including production estimates, together with economic factors such as metal spot prices, estimates of costs to produce reserves and future capital expenditure.

Fair value of convertible security liabilities

The Group measures its convertible security liabilities using valuation techniques that incorporate significant unobservable inputs. The valuation requires assumptions regarding expected share-price volatility, credit and liquidity risk, the timing and method of repayment, the likelihood of settlement in cash or ordinary shares, VWAP-based settlement prices and the likelihood of exercise of conversion, placement-share and buy-back features. Refer to Note 12 for further information. Changes in these assumptions could result in a material change in the reported fair value of the liabilities and the associated fair value movement recognised in profit or loss or other comprehensive income.

Rehabilitation provision

A provision has been made for the anticipated costs for future rehabilitation of land explored or mined. The consolidated entity's mining and exploration activities are subject to various laws and regulations governing the protection of the environment. The consolidated entity recognises management's best estimate for assets retirement obligations and site rehabilitations in the period in which they are incurred. Actual costs incurred in the future periods could differ materially from the estimates. Additionally, future changes to environmental laws and regulations, life of mine estimates and discount rates could affect the carrying amount of this provision.

NOTE 4: SEGMENT INFORMATION

Operating segments are identified based on the internal reports that are regularly reviewed by the Board of Directors (the Chief Operating Decision Maker) in assessing performance and determining the allocation of resources.

The Board of Directors monitors the Group as a single business unit. Internal reporting provided to the Board is prepared and reviewed on a consolidated basis and is used in making strategic decisions, assessing financial performance and allocating resources. Consequently, management has determined that the Group has one operating segment, namely Mining and Exploration of Minerals. The Group only operates in geographical area being Australia.

The Group derives revenue from the sale of metals.

NOTE 5: ITEMS IN STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS

Loss before income tax from continuing operations includes the following revenue, other income and specific expenses

	Consolidated	
	30 June 2026	30 June 2025
	\$	\$
Revenue from contracts with customers		
Sale of Metals	24,131,366	-

Disaggregation of revenue

Major product line

Native Mineral Resources Holdings Limited
30 June 2026
Notes to the financial statements

	Consolidated	
	30 June 2026	30 June 2025
	\$	\$
Sales of Metal	24,131,366	-
<i>Geographical regions</i>		
Australia	24,131,366	-
<i>Timing of revenue recognition</i>		
Goods transferred at a point in time	24,131,366	-

	Consolidated	
	30 June 2026	30 June 2025
	\$	\$
Other Income		
Other income comprises of below items:		
Fuel tax credits	1,355,587	12,647
Other sundry income	5,568	13,029
	<u>1,361,155</u>	<u>25,676</u>

	Consolidated	
	30 June 2026	30 June 2025
	\$	\$
Expenses		
<i>Depreciation and amortisation</i>		
Depreciation on plant and equipment	2,010,919	86,891
Amortisation of mining right	1,000,000	-
Total depreciation and amortisation	<u>3,010,919</u>	<u>86,891</u>
<i>Finance cost</i>		
Interest and finance charges paid/payable on borrowings	2,078,220	1,254,312
<i>Net fair value loss</i>		
Fair value loss on convertible securities	1,907,305	-
Release of day one difference	337,636	-
	<u>2,244,941</u>	<u>-</u>
<i>Superannuation expense</i>		
Defined contribution superannuation expense	1,128,440	178,465
<i>Share based payment expense</i>		
Share based payment expense	8,645,535	4,591,886

NOTE 6: INCOME TAX EXPENSE

The Group incurred a loss before income tax for the year ended 30 June 2026. No income tax expense has been recognised in the current year (2025: nil).

The consolidated entity has not recognised any deferred income tax asset which may arise from available tax losses. The consolidated entity has estimated its tax losses to be \$47,498,833 at 30 June 2026 (2025: \$24,846,070). A benefit of 25% (2025: 25%) of approximately \$11,874,708 (2025: \$6,211,517) associated with the tax losses carried forward will only be obtained if:

- The consolidated entity derives future assessable income of a nature and of an amount sufficient to enable the benefit from the deductions for the losses to be realised;
- The consolidated entity continues to comply with the conditions for deductibility imposed by the law; and
- No changes in tax legislation adversely affect the consolidated entity in realising the benefit from the deductions for the losses.

NOTE 7: CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

	Consolidated	
	2026	2025
	\$	\$
Cash at Bank	173,778	12,472
Cash on Hand	1,000	1,000
	<u>174,778</u>	<u>13,472</u>

NOTE 8: TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES

	Consolidated	
	2026	2025
	\$	\$
Trade Debtors	247,449	-
Prepayments	385,411	65,828
Related party – Blake Cannavo	235,519	-
Sundry Receivables	993,966	1,328,293
	<u>1,862,345</u>	<u>1,394,121</u>

NOTE 9: MINING RIGHTS ASSETS

	Consolidated	
	2026	2025
	\$	\$
Mining Rights	4,000,000	-
Amortisation of Mining Rights	(1,000,000)	-
	<u>3,000,000</u>	<u>-</u>

NOTE 10: PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

	Consolidated	
	2026	2025
	\$	\$
Land	1,157,775	1,157,775
Mine Property	25,702,049	15,632,675
Property - Work in Progress	4,387,603	3,288,872
Less: Accumulated Depreciation	(307,633)	-
	<u>29,782,019</u>	<u>18,921,547</u>
Plant	14,598,165	5,064,442
Plant - Work in Progress	384,061	7,573,509
Less: Accumulated Depreciation	(1,545,570)	(81,922)
	<u>13,436,656</u>	<u>12,556,029</u>
Equipment	1,132,267	128,152
Equipment - Work in Progress	4,522	511,085
Less: Accumulated Depreciation	(234,247)	(74,796)
	<u>902,542</u>	<u>564,441</u>
Motor Vehicles	324,114	261,131
Less: Accumulated Depreciation	(58,525)	-
	<u>265,590</u>	<u>261,131</u>
Computers	106,387	75,223
Less: Accumulated Depreciation	(60,052)	(38,388)
	<u>46,335</u>	<u>36,835</u>
	<u><u>45,590,918</u></u>	<u><u>33,497,758</u></u>

Native Mineral Resources Holdings Limited

30 June 2026

Notes to the financial statements

Reconciliations

The carrying amount of Mine Property includes capitalised rehabilitation assets relating to the Group's obligations to rehabilitate land and mining infrastructure. The rehabilitation asset will be depreciated over the remaining useful life of the related mining operation. Reconciliations of the written down values at the beginning and end of the current and previous financial year are set out below:

	Land	Property	Plant	Equipment	Motor Vehicles	Computers	Total
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Consolidated							
Balance at 30 June 2024	-	-	56,132	28,783	-	5,721	90,636
Acquisition	1,157,775	15,632,675	4,327,300	-	-	-	21,117,750
Additions	-	3,288,873	8,212,379	563,185	261,131	50,694	12,376,262
Disposals	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Depreciation expense	-	-	(39,782)	(27,527)	-	(19,582)	(86,891)
Balance at 30 June 2025	1,157,775	18,921,548	12,556,029	564,441	261,131	36,833	33,497,757
Balance at 30 June 2025	1,157,775	18,921,548	12,556,029	564,441	261,131	36,833	33,497,757
Additions	-	11,168,104	2,344,276	497,552	62,984	31,165	14,104,079
Disposals	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Depreciation expense	-	(307,633)	(1,463,648)	(159,451)	(58,525)	(21,663)	(2,010,919)
Balance at 30 June 2026	1,157,775	29,782,019	13,436,656	902,542	265,590	46,335	45,590,917

NOTE 11: TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES

	Consolidated	
	2026	2025
	\$	\$
TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES		
Trade creditors	12,749,124	6,220,604
Payments received in Advance	3,900,000	-
Other creditors	3,490,000	-
Other payables	543,738	215,711
Accrued expenses	855,558	134,211
	<u>21,538,420</u>	<u>6,570,526</u>

Payments received in advance comprise of \$500,000 deposit received for tenements in the process of being disposed at year end, and \$3,400,000 related to Convertible securities issued subsequent to year end.

Other Creditors relates to the remaining payments for the exclusive rights to mine at the Podosky site.

NOTE 12: CONVERTIBLE SECURITIES

	Consolidated	
	2026	2025
	\$	\$
Current		
Convertible notes	6,590,045	-
	<u>6,590,045</u>	<u>-</u>

Convertible security arrangements

During the year, the Group entered into convertible security funding arrangements with Lind Global Fund III LP to provide funding for general working capital purposes.

January 2026 convertible security

On 24 December 2025, the Company entered into a Convertible Security Funding Agreement under which the investor agreed to provide an initial advance of \$3,000,000. The Company received proceeds of \$2,456,626 net of transaction costs of \$195,000 and other cost of \$348,372. In consideration for the advance, the Company issued a convertible security with a face value of \$3,300,000. The arrangement also provided the Company with access to further funding of up to \$7,000,000, subject to mutual agreement and the satisfaction of the relevant conditions.

The January 2026 convertible security has a 12-month term and a face value of \$3.3 million. Repayments commence after a 90-day holiday period and could be settled in cash, shares, or a combination of both. Share settlements were based on the lower of a fixed conversion price of \$0.15 per share (subject to anti-dilution adjustments) and a discounted market-based price. The agreement also included issuer buy-back rights and was secured over the Company's assets, subject to priority arrangements.

In connection with the arrangement, the Company also granted 7,200,000 options to the investor. The options are exercisable at the lower of \$0.20 and a 100% premium to the five-day VWAP immediately before closing and expire 36 months after their date of issue.

During the year, the investor exercised its right to acquire 17,123,288 placement shares at \$0.045 per share. The Company received proceeds of approximately \$770,548, and the fair value of the shares issued was \$1,797,945. The Group also made repayments totalling \$1,127,499 against the January 2026 convertible security.

May 2026 convertible security

On 28 April 2026, the Company entered into a further Convertible Security Funding Agreement with the same investor. Under this arrangement, the investor agreed to advance \$3,500,000 and the Company issued a convertible security with a face value of \$3,937,500. The Company received proceeds of \$2,252,501 net of transaction costs of \$120,000 and repayment of first three monthly repayments due under the January 2026 convertible security of \$1,127,499.

The May 2026 convertible security has a six-month term with an initial fixed conversion price of \$0.15 per share, subject to anti-dilution adjustments. Following the repayment holiday, the investor could convert the

Native Mineral Resources Holdings Limited**30 June 2026****Notes to the financial statements**

debt at the lower of the fixed conversion price and a discounted market-based price. The agreement also provided for the issue of 25 million placement shares if the facility was not repaid during the holiday period, included issuer buy-back rights, carried no interest unless a default occurred, and was secured over the Company's assets subject to priority arrangements.

Movement in convertible security liabilities

	January 2026 security	May 2026 security	Total
	\$	\$	\$
Initial carrying amount	3,000,000	3,500,000	6,500,000
Fair value remeasurement	1,445,011	462,294	1,907,305
Derecognition of placement-share feature	(1,027,397)	–	(1,027,397)
Cash repayments	(1,127,499)	–	(1,127,499)
Release of deferred day-one difference	330,792	6,844	337,636
Carrying amount at 30 June 2026	2,620,907	3,969,138	6,590,045

The closing carrying amount of \$6,590,045 comprises the gross modelled fair value of \$6,984,687, less an unrecognised deferred day-one difference of \$394,642.

The liabilities have been classified as current liabilities because the contractual maturity or repayment dates fall within 12 months after the reporting date.

Fair value measurement

The convertible security liabilities are classified as Level 3 in the fair value hierarchy because their valuation incorporates significant unobservable inputs.

The valuation was determined by reference to the following components, where applicable:

- the present value of expected repayments of the securities' face values;
- expected cash repayment premiums;
- the economic benefit associated with settlement in ordinary shares;
- the fair value of the investor conversion rights;
- the fair value of the placement-share rights; and
- the effect of the Company's and investor's respective buy-back and conversion rights.

The significant inputs and assumptions used in the measurement at 30 June 2026 included:

Valuation input	Assumption
Company share price	\$0.0465
Expected volatility	Approximately 96.3%
Credit and liquidity discount rate	25.0%
VWAP factor	Approximately 93.6%
January security probability of cash settlement	10%
May security probability of repayment after six months	50%
May security probability associated with placement-share and conversion features	50%

Native Mineral Resources Holdings Limited**30 June 2026****Notes to the financial statements**

The valuation of the liabilities is particularly sensitive to the Company's share price, expected volatility, the credit and liquidity discount rate, the expected timing and form of settlement, the probability of exercise of the conversion and placement-share features, and potential adjustments to the conversion price.

Security and priority

The convertible securities constitute secured obligations of the Company. The January 2026 arrangement refers to a second-ranking general security agreement over the Company's assets. The May 2026 arrangement is subject to the existing security documents and the applicable subordination and priority deed between the Company, the investor and the existing secured creditor.

NOTE 13: BORROWINGS

	Consolidated	
	2026	2025
	\$	\$
OTHER FINANCIAL LIABILITIES		
Borrowings - Current	11,678,422	4,784,530
Borrowings - Non-Current	4,838,488	11,789,284
	<u>16,516,910</u>	<u>16,573,814</u>

Lender	Start Date	Term	Interest Rate	Opening Balance	Additions	Repayments	Interest Charged	Closing Balance
Collins St	5/11/2024	36 Mth	10.00%	16,573,814	-	(3,934,105)	1,878,435	14,518,143
Yogi Bear 1	6/03/2026	36 Mth	10.00%	-	1,220,000	(245,214)	39,236	1,064,022
Yogi Bear 2	2/04/2026	36 Mth	15.00%	-	1,000,000	(50,000)	34,744	984,744
Yogi Bear 3	26/05/2026	3 Mth	10.95%	-	1,337,581	(1,379,786)	42,205	-
				16,573,814	3,507,581	5,554,538	1,990,052	16,516,910

Collins St required a lump sum payment of \$3 million in May 2025. Following this initial payment, regular monthly repayments of approximately \$960,000 commenced in February 2026 and continue until the end of the loan term. Subsequent to year end, the Group did not meet the full scheduled repayment for August 2026 and the repayment due in September 2026 remained outstanding at the date of this report. To date, the lender has demonstrated flexibility in relation to the timing of repayments and has not exercised its rights under the financing arrangement. While the lender retains the contractual right to issue a notice of default, management has engaged in ongoing discussions with the lender and, based on those discussions and the lender's historical conduct, considers it probable that continued flexibility will be provided in respect of the repayment schedule.

Yogi Bear is a related party. NMR is not in default in respect of these loans. Please refer Note 22 for further details on the terms of the loans.

NOTE 14: EMPLOYEE ENTITLEMENTS

	Consolidated	
	2026	2025
	\$	\$
EMPLOYEE PROVISIONS		
Annual Leave Accrual	504,868	304,615
Long Service Leave	84,958	-
	<u>589,826</u>	<u>304,615</u>

NOTE 15: PROVISIONS

	Consolidated	
	2026	2025
	\$	\$
PROVISIONS - Current		
Royalties	1,154,296	1,480,220
	<u>1,154,296</u>	<u>1,480,220</u>
PROVISIONS - Non-Current		
Mine Restoration and Rehabilitation	9,487,340	2,991,825
	<u>9,487,340</u>	<u>2,991,825</u>

The provision for future royalties has been based on the assessed value of gold in the available stockpile on-site at the time of acquisition. Over the course of the year, NMR has been consuming this stockpile within its normal operations. This value was determined using sample testing of the stockpiles.

The provision for restoration, rehabilitation and environmental work has been classified as a non-current provision as the majority of rehabilitation activities are expected to be undertaken upon closure of the mining operation and are not expected to be settled within 12 months of the reporting date. The provision may be funded by a cash deposit held by the Queensland Treasury's Financial Provisioning Scheme (FPS). The provision has been determined with reference to the Estimated Rehabilitation Cost (ERC) decision from the Department of Environment, Science and Innovation (DESI), and represents management's estimate of the future costs required to rehabilitate disturbed areas and fulfil environmental obligations arising from mining activities.

NOTE 16: ISSUED CAPITAL

	30-Jun-26	30-Jun-25	30-Jun-26	30-Jun-25
	\$	\$	Number	Number
Ordinary Shares				
Fully paid ordinary shares	51,947,177	37,773,312	1,098,712,817	918,339,529
Movement in contributed Equity for the period				
Balance at beginning of the period	37,933,312	14,704,876	918,339,529	209,850,514
Shares issued during the current financial year				
15 July 2025 (Capital Raising)	9,650,000		60,312,500	
01 August 2025 (Conversion of Options - ESOP)	-		10,000	
08 September 2025 (Capital Raising - Related Parties)	350,000		2,187,500	
17 September 2025 (Conversion of Options)	400,000		10,000,000	
20 October 2025 (Conversion of Options)	400,000		10,000,000	
20 October 2025 (Conversion of NED Rights)	-		2,530,000	
12 February 2026 (Share Placement)	1,000,000		17,123,288	
05 February 2026 (Conversion of Options)	1,620,000		63,000,000	
6 February 2026 (Conversion of NED Rights)	-		460,000	
26 February 2026 (Conversion of Options)	560,000		14,000,000	
06 March 2026 (Conversion of Options)	15,000		750,000	
Shares issued during the previous period				
30 June 2025		23,883,018		708,489,015
Less: Share issuance costs	18,865	(814,583)	-	-
Balance at end of period	51,947,177	37,773,312	1,098,712,817	918,339,529

Ordinary shares

Ordinary shares entitle the holder to participate in dividends and the proceeds on the winding up of the company in proportion to the number of and amounts paid on the shares held. The fully paid ordinary shares have no par value and the company does not have a limited amount of authorised capital.

On a show of hands every member present at a meeting in person or by proxy shall have one vote and upon a poll each share shall have one vote.

Share buy-back

There is no current on-market share buy-back.

Capital risk management

The consolidated entity's objectives when managing capital is to safeguard its ability to continue as a going concern, so that it can provide returns for shareholders and benefits for other stakeholders and to maintain an optimum capital structure to reduce the cost of capital.

Capital is regarded as total equity, as recognised in the statement of financial position.

NOTE 17: SHARE BASED PAYMENT RESERVE

	Consolidated	
	2026	2025
	\$	\$
Share based payments reserve opening balance	5,136,204	293,095
Options issued to directors and employees	8,448,854	4,749,026
Options Issued to a third party	-	196,000
Director Options Vested	196,681	102,120
Options vested and transferred to Share Capital	-	(100,000)
Options expired	-	(104,037)
Share based payments closing balance	13,781,739	5,136,204

The share-based payment reserve is used to recognise the value of equity-settled share-based payment arrangements granted to employees and other service providers. Amounts are transferred from the reserve to issued capital or retained earnings when the related equity instruments are exercised, lapse or otherwise vest in accordance with the terms of the arrangement.

NOTE 18: ACCUMULATED LOSSES

	Consolidated	
	2026	2025
	\$	\$
Retained losses at the beginning of the financial year	(32,910,134)	(16,732,288)
Loss after income tax expense for the year	(34,762,572)	(16,177,848)
Retained losses at the end of the financial year	(67,672,708)	(32,910,136)

NOTE 19: KEY MANAGEMENT PERSONNEL

Compensation

The aggregate compensation made to directors and other members of key management personnel of the consolidated entity is set out below:

	Consolidated	
	2026	2025
	\$	\$
Short-term employee benefits	816,267	609,934
Post-employment benefits	41,035	46,706
Share-based payments	8,645,535	4,591,886
	9,502,837	5,248,526

NOTE 20: RECONCILIATION OF PROFIT AFTER INCOME TAX TO NET CASH FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES

	2026 \$	2025 \$
(Loss) after income tax expense for the year	(34,762,572)	(16,177,848)
Adjustments for:		
Depreciation and amortisation	3,010,919	86,891
Share-based payments	8,645,535	4,843,108
Interest capitalised to Business Loan	-	1,245,509
Fair value adjustment to convertible notes	2,244,942	-
Other adjustment	(89,375)	-
Change in operating assets and liabilities:		
Decrease in receivables	(1,043,838)	(1,335,594)
Increase in employee provisions	285,211	115,527
Decrease in royalty provisions	(325,924)	-
Increase in trade creditors and accruals	8,176,701	-
Net cash from operating activities	(13,858,401)	(11,222,407)

NOTE 21: FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS*Overview*

The Group has exposure to the following risks from use of financial instruments:

- Credit risk
- Liquidity risk
- Market risk

This note represents information about the Group's exposure to each of the above risks, their objectives, policies and processes for measuring and managing risk, and the management of capital.

The Board of Directors has overall responsibility for the establishment and oversight of the risk management framework. Management monitors and manages the financial risks related to the operations of the Company through regular reviews of the risks.

(a) Credit Risk exposures

Credit risk is the risk of financial loss to the Group if a counterparty to a financial instrument fails to meet its contractual obligations. The credit risk on liquid funds is limited because the counterparties are banks with high credit ratings assigned by international credit rating agencies.

The credit risk on financial assets of the Group which have been recognised on the statement of financial position is the carrying amount. The Group is not materially exposed to any individual debtor. The Group operates in the gold mining production and exploration sectors. With immediate payment for gold production, it has a very limited exposure to trade receivables credit risk in relation to trade receivables. The Group undertakes gold mining and any additional exploration and evaluation activities exclusively in

Native Mineral Resources Holdings Limited

30 June 2026

Notes to the financial statements

Australia. At the statement of financial position date there were no significant concentrations of credit risk.

The carrying amount of the Group's financial assets represents the maximum credit exposure. The Group's maximum exposure to credit risk at reporting date was:

	Consolidated	
	2026	2025
	\$	\$
Financial Assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	174,778	13,472
Trade and other receivables	1,476,934	1,328,293
Bond and security deposits	3,305,004	3,015,028
	<u>4,956,716</u>	<u>4,356,793</u>

Maturities of financial liabilities

The table below analyses the Group's financial liabilities into relevant maturity groupings based on their contractual maturities. The amounts disclosed in the table are the contractual undiscounted cash flows. The tables include both interest and principal cash flows disclosed as remaining contractual maturities and therefore these totals may differ from their carrying amount in the statement of financial position.

Contractual maturities of financial liabilities at 30 June 2026	Less than 6 months	6 - 12 months	Between 1 and 2 years	Between 2 and 5 years	Over 5 years	Total contractual cashflows	Carrying amount (assets)/ liabilities
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Trade and other payables	17,638,420	-	-	-	-	17,638,420	17,638,420
Borrowings	5,856,545	5,773,569	2,888,029	1,998,766	-	16,516,910	16,516,910
Convertible Notes	6,214,212	375,833	-	-	-	6,590,045	6,590,045
at 30 June 2025							
Trade Creditors	6,570,526	-	-	-	-	6,570,526	6,570,526
Borrowings	-	4,784,530	10,625,072	1,164,212	-	16,573,814	16,573,814

(b) Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Group will not be able to meet its financial obligations as they fall due. The Group's approach to managing liquidity is to ensure, as far as possible, that it will always have sufficient liquidity to meet its liabilities when due, under both normal and stressed conditions, without incurring unacceptable losses or risking damage to the Group's reputation. The Group manages liquidity risk by maintaining adequate reserves by continuously monitoring forecast and actual cash flows.

If the Group anticipates a need to raise additional capital in the next 12 months to meet forecasted operational activities, then the decision on how the Group will raise future capital will depend on market conditions existing at the time.

(c) Market Risk

Market risk is the risk that changes in market prices, such as foreign exchange rates, interest rates and equity prices, will affect the Group's income or the value of holdings of financial instruments. The objective of market risk management is to manage and control market risk exposures within acceptable parameters, while optimising the return.

(i) Currency Risk

The Group is not currently exposed to currency risk

(ii) Interest rate risk

The Group's exposure to the risk of changes in market interest rates relates primarily to the Groups cash and cash equivalents.

At reporting date, the interest rate profile of the Group's interest-bearing financial instruments was as follows:

	Consolidated	
	30-Jun-26	30-Jun-25
	\$	\$
<i>Variable rate Instruments</i>		
Financial Assets	173,778	13,472
Financial Liabilities	-	-
	<u>173,778</u>	<u>13,472</u>

Convertible notes and loans are not included in the above table as they bear fixed rate of interest hence does not expose Group to interest rate risk.

(iii) Net fair values

Methods and assumptions used in determining net fair value.

For assets and other liabilities, the net fair value approximates their carrying value. No financial assets and financial liabilities are readily traded on organised markets in standardised form. The Group has no financial assets where carrying amounts exceed net fair value at balance date.

The aggregate net fair values and carrying amounts of financial assets and financial liabilities are disclosed in the statement of financial position and in notes to and forming part of the financial statements.

NOTE 22: RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Blake Cannavo, the Managing Director and Chief Executive Officer of the Company, has an interest in Bamford Engineering and Consulting Pty Ltd and Yogi Bear Holdings Pty Ltd ("Yogi Bear"). Accordingly, transactions with these entities have been treated as related party transactions.

The following transactions occurred during the year ended 30 June 2026:

Related party	Nature of transaction	2026 \$	2025 \$
Bamford Engineering and Consulting Pty Ltd	Office accommodation and equipment rental	66,000	66,000
Bamford Engineering and Consulting Pty Ltd	Consultancy services	208,800	201,995
Bamford Engineering and Consulting Pty Ltd	Reimbursement and settlement of operating expenses and creditor obligations	502,555	749,376
Yogi Bear Holdings Pty Ltd	Interest expense on related party loan facilities	116,185	Nil

Amounts disclosed for rental, consultancy and expense reimbursements are exclusive of GST.

During the year, Yogi Bear Holdings Pty Ltd provided funding to the Group under related party loan arrangements. These included general-purpose funding facilities and a separate facility established to fund the acquisition of the Podosky exclusive rights.

The first general-purpose loan facility has a limit of \$3,000,000, bears interest at 10% per annum and has a three-year term. The facility may be used to support the Group's business, consolidate debt or for another purpose agreed by the lender. This facility is unsecured.

The second general-purpose loan facility under which \$1,260,000, excluding costs, was provided to the Group. The facility bears interest at 10.95% per annum and had a 3 month term. The facility is unsecured and was repaid on 23 June 2026.

The Podosky loan facility has a limit of \$4,000,000, bears interest at 15% per annum and has a five-year term. The facility is unsecured and is to be used solely to complete the Podosky transaction.

The reconciliation of Yogi Bear loan movements during the year is as follows:

	General-purpose facility \$	Podosky facility \$	Second facility \$	Total \$
Loan funds advanced	1,220,000	1,000,000	1,260,000	3,480,000
Net repayments and other movements	(245,214)	(50,000)	(1,379,786)	(1,675,000)
Transaction costs	-	-	77,581	77,581
Interest accrued	39,236	34,744	42,205	116,185
Balance as at 30 June 2026	1,064,022	984,744	-	1,998,766

Native Mineral Resources Holdings Limited**30 June 2026****Notes to the financial statements**

During the year, net expenses of \$235,519 relating to Blake Cannavo were paid by Group and remain outstanding from Blake as at 30 June 2026.

During the period, a staff member who is related to Blake Cannavo worked for the company. Employment conditions and wages were on an arms-length basis and Blake was not directly supervising their work. A total of \$5,645 including superannuation was paid during the period to this employee.

In July 2026, the Group entered into an additional financing arrangement with Yogi Bear Holdings Pty Ltd and borrowed \$2,100,000. The amount is unsecured and due to be repaid in October 2026.

On 13 August 2026, Blake Cannavo transferred 3,864,079 shares in settlement of \$162,291 payable by the Company under its convertible security funding arrangement with Lind Global Fund III LP. The repayment notice specified a repayment share price of \$0.042 per share.

In addition to related party loans, Blake Cannavo and entities associated with him provided personal guarantees and security support for certain financing and supplier arrangements of the Group. For the period to 30 June 2026, these arrangements supported finance facilities of \$13,514,713 and supplier and other creditor facilities of up to \$8,479,837. As at the date of this report the arrangements support balances with an exposure of \$22,815,727. Up to the date of this report, no consideration was paid by the Group for this support.

NOTE 23: SHARE BASED PAYMENTS

The Managing Director, Blake Cannavo was awarded 14,000,000 unlisted performance rights ("FY26 LTI Rights") on 4 December 2025, following receipt of shareholder approval. The approved grant included 7 tranches each comprising 2,000,000 rights with vesting conditions based on the future market capitalisation of the Company. Tranche 1 will vest when the market capitalisation of the Company is achieves \$200M, and then each successive tranche vests when market capitalisation increases by \$50M with the last tranche vesting when the market capitalisation reaches \$500M. Each tranche of the awards will vest provided that the market capitalisation of the Company achieves the required hurdle prior to the expiry date of 28 November 2030.

The fair value of each performance right granted during the year has been calculated utilising the Monte Carlo Simulation method incorporating the following inputs and assumptions:

Description	FY26 LTI Rights
Grant date	4 December 2025
Expiry	28 November 2030
Vesting period (years)	5.0
Share Price at Issue Date (\$)	0.070
Expected life (years)	5.0
Volatility (%)	100
Risk free interest rate (%)	4.12
Dividend yield (%)	0.0

Native Mineral Resources Holdings Limited

30 June 2026

Notes to the financial statements

Tranche	No. of Rights	Market Cap Hurdle (\$)	Fair Value at Grant Date (\$)	Expense recorded for the period ended 30 June 2026 (\$)
A	2,000,000	200,000,000	0.065	13,028
B	2,000,000	250,000,000	0.063	12,628
C	2,000,000	300,000,000	0.060	12,026
D	2,000,000	350,000,000	0.059	11,826
E	2,000,000	400,000,000	0.057	11,425
F	2,000,000	450,000,000	0.056	11,225
G	2,000,000	500,000,000	0.055	11,826
Total expense recorded for the period ended 30 June 2026 (\$)				83,984

NOTE 24: REMUNERATION OF AUDITORS

During the financial year the following fees were paid or payable for services provided by HLB Mann Judd Assurance (NSW) Pty Ltd, the auditor of the company, its network firms and unrelated firms:

	Consolidated	
	2026	2025
	\$	\$
<i>Audit services - HLB Mann Judd</i>		
Audit or review of the financial statements	106,239	119,643
<i>Other services - HLB Mann Judd</i>		
Preparation of the tax return	18,500	6,292
	<u>124,739</u>	<u>125,935</u>

NOTE 25: PARENT ENTITY INFORMATION

Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income

	Parent	
	2026	2025
	\$	\$
Profit after Income Tax	(15,576,613)	(6,409,569)
Total Comprehensive Income	(15,576,613)	(6,409,569)

Statement of Financial Position

Total Current Assets	166,007	30,148
Total Non-Current Assets	<u>72,787,808</u>	<u>51,445,121</u>
Total Assets	<u>72,953,815</u>	<u>51,475,269</u>
Total Current Liabilities	19,455,196	4,908,641
Total Non-Current Liabilities	<u>11,478,533</u>	<u>11,789,284</u>

Total Liabilities	30,933,729	16,697,925
Net Assets	42,020,086	34,777,344
Equity		
- Issued Capital	51,947,176	37,773,311
- Share Based Payment Reserve	13,781,739	5,136,204
- Accumulated losses	(23,708,829)	(8,132,171)
Total Equity	42,020,086	34,777,344

NOTE 26: INTERESTS IN SUBSIDIARIES

The consolidated financial statements incorporate the assets, liabilities and results of the following subsidiaries in accordance with the accounting policy described in Note 2:

Name	Principal place of business / Country of incorporation	Ownership interest	
		2026 %	2025 %
Native Mineral Resources Pty Ltd	Australia	100.00%	100.00%
Blackjack Milling Pty Ltd	Australia	100.00%	100.00%
Fortified Gold Pty Ltd	Australia	99.94%	99.94%

NOTE 27: EARNINGS PER SHARE

	Consolidated	
	2026 \$	2025 \$
<i>Earnings per share for profit from continuing operations</i>		
Profit after income tax	(34,762,572)	(16,177,848)
Profit after income tax attributable to the owners of Native Mineral Resources Holdings Limited	(34,762,572)	(16,177,848)
Profit after income tax attributable to the owners of Native Mineral Resources Holdings Limited used in calculating diluted earnings per share	(34,762,572)	(16,177,848)
	Cents	Cents
Basic earnings per share (cents)	(3.36)	(2.90)
Diluted earnings per share (cents)	(3.36)	(2.90)

	2026 Number	2025 Number
<i>Weighted average number of ordinary shares</i>		
Weighted average number of ordinary shares used in calculating basic earnings per share	1,033,425,610	558,511,754
Adjustments for calculation of diluted earnings per share:		
Options over ordinary shares	-	-
Weighted average number of ordinary shares used in calculating diluted earnings per share	1,033,425,610	558,511,754

Options

Options on issue are not included in the calculation of diluted earnings per share because they are considered to be antidilutive for the year ended 30 June 2026. These options could potentially dilute earnings per share in future periods.

NOTE 28: COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES**a) Tenements**

The Group has certain obligations to perform minimum exploration work and to expend minimum amounts of money on such work on mining tenements. These obligations may be varied from time to time subject to approval by the relevant authorities and are expected to be fulfilled in the normal course of the operations of the Group. These commitments have not been provided for in the financial report. Due to the nature of the Group's operations in exploring and evaluating areas of interest, it is difficult to accurately forecast the nature and amount of future expenditure beyond the next year. Expenditure may be reduced by seeking exemption from individual commitments, or through the relinquishment of tenure and may increase when new tenements are acquired or granted.

The minimum expenditure commitment on the tenements is:

	Consolidated Group	
	30 June 2026	30 June 2025
	\$	\$
Not later than one year	878,401	1,130,153
Later than one year and less than five years	1,632,454	3,549,964

Note that as per ASX announcement on 27 October 2025, a number of tenements in the Palmerville region are in the process of being sold to Diversified Mining and Resources Pty Ltd and Sympall Pty Ltd. As at 30 June 2026, this process has not been finalised. The above figures assume these tenements remain with NMR. The finalisation of this sale went through in August 2026. Taking this into account, the amounts in the table above for 2026 would be \$372,935 for first year and \$650,326 for year 2 to 5 respectively.

b) Mine restoration costs

As part of its mining operations, the Group is subject to environmental regulations requiring the restoration of disturbed land and the decommissioning of mining infrastructure upon cessation of operations.

The Group has recognised a provision for mine rehabilitation and closure costs in accordance with AASB 137 Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets. However, certain obligations remain contingent in nature due to the following uncertainties:

- The timing of mine closure is uncertain and depends on future production levels and commodity prices.
- The extent of restoration required may vary depending on changes in environmental legislation or site-specific conditions.
- The cost estimates are based on current technologies and market rates, which may change significantly over time.

The Group continues to monitor regulatory developments and site conditions and will revise its estimates and provisions as more information becomes available.

The Queensland State Government has a Financial Provisioning Scheme (FPS) to assist with managing environmental and rehabilitation obligations. Estimated Rehabilitation Costs (ERC) as advised by the Department of Environment, Tourism, Science and Innovation for Blackjack and Far Fanning projects were re-assessed during the year, resulting in an increase of surety amount by \$6.2 million. The Group has entered into a payment arrangement with the Scheme Manager whereby the additional surety amount is payable in monthly instalments over the period from July 2026 to July 2027.

NOTE 29: EVENTS SUBSEQUENT TO REPORTING DATE

On 02 July 2026 – Convertible Note issued to Lind with a face value of \$3.5M. This is the third Convertible Note issued to Lind over the last 12 months with a combined face value of \$10.0M with previous Notes issued in January 2026 and May 2026.

In July 2026, the Group entered into an additional facility with Yogi Bear Holdings Pty Ltd and borrowed \$2,100,000. The amount is unsecured and due to be repaid in October 2026.

On 10 July 2026, Blackjack Gold Mine PRCP was submitted with the Queensland DETSI.

Completion of the sale of Palmerville tenements. On 27 October 2025, NMR announced the sale of tenements within the Palmerville region to Diversified Mining and Resources Pty Ltd and Sympall Pty Ltd. Completion and transfer of these tenements occurred in July 2026 after final government release and sign off. The final payment of \$45,000 (less costs) was received on 20 July 2026.

On 03 September 2026 – NMR entered into an arrangement with CitiGold Limited to explore tenements close to Blackjack Milling operations. NMR has started its exploration work to identify if the tenements are economical to mine before making a commitment decision. Until a commitment decision is made, there is little exposure for NMR except the costs to prove up the resource. After this, all costs, including a management fee to NMR, are carried by the JV with profits then shared on a 50/50 basis on outturn.

On 02 September 2026, NMR announced that August recorded a record month of production reaching 1,080.5oz of gold being produced through the plant.

No other matters or circumstance have arisen since 30 June 2026 that has significantly affected, or may significantly affect the consolidated entity's operations, the results of those operations, or the consolidated entity's state of affairs in future financial years.

Native Mineral Resources Holdings Limited
30 June 2026
Consolidated entity disclosure statement

Entity name	Entity type	Country of incorporation	Ownership interest %	Tax residency
Native Mineral Resources Pty Ltd	Body corporate	Australia	100%	Australia*
Blackjack Milling Pty Ltd	Body corporate	Australia	100%	Australia*
Fortified Gold Pty Ltd	Body corporate	Australia	99.94%	Australia

*Native Mineral Resources Holdings Limited (the 'head entity') and its wholly-owned Australian subsidiaries (Native Mineral Resources Pty Ltd and Blackjack Milling Pty Ltd) have formed an income tax consolidated group under the tax consolidation regime.

Directors' Declaration

In the opinion of the directors of Native Mineral Resources Holdings Limited ("the Company"):

- a) the financial statements and notes set out on pages 22 to 54 are in accordance with the *Corporations Act 2001*, including:
 - i. giving a true and fair view of the consolidated entity's financial position as at 30 June 2026 and of its performance for the year ended on that date; and
 - ii. complying with Australian Accounting Standards (including the Australian Accounting Interpretations), the *Corporations Regulations 2001* and other mandatory professional reporting requirements;
- b) there are reasonable grounds to believe that the Company will be able to pay its debts as and when they become due and payable;
- c) the information disclosed in the consolidated entity disclosure statement is true and correct; and

The notes to the financial statements include a statement of compliance with International Financial Reporting Standards.

The directors have been given the declarations required by Section 295A of the *Corporations Act 2001* from the chief executive officer and chief financial officer for the financial year ended 30 June 2026.

Signed in accordance with a resolution of the directors.



James Walker
Non-executive chair
30 September 2026

Independent Auditor's Report to the Members of Native Mineral Resources Holdings Limited**REPORT ON THE AUDIT OF THE FINANCIAL REPORT****Opinion**

We have audited the financial report of Native Mineral Resources Holdings Limited ("the Company") and its controlled entities ("the Group"), which comprises the consolidated statement of financial position as at 30 June 2026, the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, the consolidated statement of changes in equity and the consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including material accounting policy information, the consolidated entity disclosure statement and the directors' declaration.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial report of the Group is in accordance with the *Corporations Act 2001*, including:

- (a) giving a true and fair view of the Group's financial position as at 30 June 2026 and of its financial performance for the year then ended; and
- (b) complying with Australian Accounting Standards and the *Corporations Regulations 2001*.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Report* section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the auditor independence requirements of the *Corporations Act 2001* and the ethical requirements of the Accounting Professional and Ethical Standards Board's APES 110 *Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants* ("the Code") that are relevant to our audit of the financial report in Australia. We have also fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Material Uncertainty Regarding Going Concern

We draw attention to Note 2 (q) in the financial report which indicates the Group incurred a net loss of \$34,762,572 and negative operating cash flows of \$13,858,401 for the financial year ended 30 June 2026, and as of that date the value of current liabilities exceeded the value of current assets by \$36,513,887. The Group also recorded a net asset deficiency of \$1,943,792. As stated in Note 2 (q), these conditions, along with other matters set forth in the Note, indicate that a material uncertainty exists that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter.

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgement, were of most significance in our audit of the financial report of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the financial report as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters. In addition to the matter described in the *Material Uncertainty Related to Going Concern* we have determined the matters described below to be the key audit matters to be communicated in our report.

hlb.com.au

HLB Mann Judd Assurance (NSW) Pty Ltd ABN 96 153 077 215

Level 5, 10 Shelley Street Sydney NSW 2000 Australia

T: +61 (0)2 9020 4000 **E:** mailbox@hlbnsw.com.au

Liability limited by a scheme approved under Professional Standards Legislation.

57 | Page

Key Audit Matter	How our audit addressed the key audit matter
Recoverability of Mine Property, Plant and Equipment Refer to Note 10 The Group has recognised Mine Property, Plant and Equipment with a carrying value of approximately \$45.6 million as at 30 June 2026, comprising Mine Property of approximately \$29.8 million and Plant assets of approximately \$13.4 million. The recoverability of these assets requires significant judgement by management in assessing whether the carrying values are supported by future economic benefits expected to be derived from the Group's mining operations. The assessment incorporates a number of assumptions relating to future gold production and other matters. Given the significance of the carrying value of these assets and the degree of judgement involved in management's assessment, we considered this to be a key audit matter.	Our procedures included, but were not limited to: • obtaining an understanding of the processes and controls relating to management's assessment of the recoverability of mining assets; • evaluating whether indicators of impairment existed at reporting date; • assessing the appropriateness of the cash-generating unit identified by management; • evaluating the reasonableness of key assumptions used in management's forecast model, including production quantities, operating cost and gold price assumptions; • comparing selected assumptions to approved budgets, production forecasts, publicly available commodity price information and historical operating performance; • performing sensitivity analyses over key assumptions to assess the impact of reasonably possible changes; • assessing the consistency of assumptions used in the impairment assessment with those used in management's going concern assessment; and • examining the adequacy of the disclosures included in the financial report.
Mine Restoration and Rehabilitation Provision Refer to Note 15 The Group has recognised a mine restoration and rehabilitation provision of approximately \$9.5 million as at 30 June 2026. The provision represents management's estimate of future costs required to rehabilitate areas disturbed by mining and processing activities, and to satisfy the Group's environmental and statutory obligations. The determination of the rehabilitation provision involves significant judgement and estimation uncertainty, including assumptions relating to: • the extent of disturbed areas; • future rehabilitation methodologies; • expected rehabilitation costs; and • timing of rehabilitation activities. Given the significance of the balance and the degree of estimation uncertainty involved, we considered this to be a key audit matter.	Our procedures included, but were not limited to: • obtaining an understanding of management's process for determining rehabilitation obligations; • assessing the completeness of rehabilitation obligations recognised by the Group; • evaluating the reasonableness of assumptions applied in estimating future rehabilitation costs; • testing the mathematical accuracy of management's rehabilitation model; and • examining the adequacy of the disclosures included in the financial report.

Key Audit Matter	How our audit addressed the key audit matter
Convertible Notes and Borrowings Refer to Notes 12 and 13	
The Group has recognised convertible note liabilities of approximately \$6.6 million and borrowings of approximately \$16.5 million as at 30 June 2026. The accounting treatment of the Group's financing arrangements required significant audit effort due to the complexity of the contractual terms and judgement required in determining the appropriate accounting treatment under Australian Accounting Standards. The Group has also been reliant on borrowings and significant financial support from related parties. Given the significance of these funding arrangements to the Group's capital structure and financial position, we considered this to be a key audit matter.	Our procedures included, but were not limited to: • obtaining and reviewing executed financing agreements, convertible note agreements and supporting documentation; • assessing management's accounting treatment of the financing arrangements against the requirements of Australian Accounting Standards; • evaluating the classification of convertible notes and other financing instruments; • assessing the appropriateness of management's calculations supporting the carrying value of the liabilities recognised; • reviewing compliance with the contractual terms of financing arrangements; and • examining the adequacy of the disclosures included in the financial report.

Other Information

The directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Group's annual report for the year ended 30 June 2026, but does not include the financial report and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial report does not cover the other information and accordingly we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial report, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial report or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of the Directors for the Financial Report

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation of:

- a) the financial report (other than the consolidated entity disclosure statement) that gives a true and fair view in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards and the *Corporations Act 2001*; and
- b) the consolidated entity disclosure statement that is true and correct in accordance with the *Corporations Act 2001*; and

for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of:

- a) the financial report (other than the consolidated entity disclosure statement) that gives a true and fair view and is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error; and
- b) the consolidated entity disclosure statement that is true and correct and is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial report, the directors are responsible for assessing the ability of the Group to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Report

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial report as a whole is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of this financial report.

As part of an audit in accordance with the Australian Auditing Standards, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial report, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the directors.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial report or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial report, including the disclosures, and whether the financial report represents the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with the directors regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide the directors with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with the directors, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the financial report of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

REPORT ON THE REMUNERATION REPORT

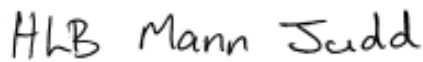
Opinion on the Remuneration Report

We have audited the Remuneration Report included in pages 11 to 18 of the Directors' Report for the year ended 30 June 2026.

In our opinion, the Remuneration Report of Native Mineral Resources Holdings Limited for the year ended 30 June 2026 complies with section 300A of the *Corporations Act 2001*.

Responsibilities

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation and presentation of the Remuneration Report in accordance with section 300A of the *Corporations Act 2001*. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Remuneration Report, based on our audit conducted in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards.



HLB Mann Judd Assurance (NSW) Pty Ltd
Chartered Accountants

Sydney, NSW
30 September 2026



N J Guest
Director

Shareholder Information

The shareholder information set out below was applicable as at 30 June 2026.

Distribution of equitable securities

Analysis of number of equitable security holders by size of holding:

Holding Ranges	Holders	Total Units	% Issued Share Capital
above 0 up to and including 1,000	38	7,488	0.00%
above 1,000 up to and including 5,000	227	760,168	0.07%
above 5,000 up to and including 10,000	298	2,422,334	0.22%
above 10,000 up to and including 100,000	847	34,261,664	3.12%
above 100,000	568	1,061,261,163	96.59%
Totals	1,978	1,098,712,817	100.00%

Equity security holders

Twenty largest quoted equity security holders

The names of the twenty largest security holders of quoted equity securities are listed below:

Position	Holder Name	Holding	% IC
1	CITICORP NOMINEES PTY LIMITED	194,275,886	17.68%
2	W & E MAAS HOLDINGS PTY LIMITED <THE MAAS FAMILY A/C>	179,197,121	16.31%
3	HSBC CUSTODY NOMINEES (AUSTRALIA) LIMITED - A/C 2	47,730,839	4.34%
4	FINEXIA WEALTH PTY LTD <CLIENT NOMINEE A/C>	28,750,000	2.62%
5	MR DEAN ROBERT MELLERS <DAHRC A/C>	25,100,000	2.28%
6	MR NICHOLAS LONSDALE	25,075,328	2.28%
7	MR PHILIP PATRICK GARDNER	19,000,000	1.73%
8	LIND GLOBAL FUND III LP	17,123,288	1.56%
9	MX NOMINEES PTY LTD	14,887,764	1.36%
10	NETWEALTH INVESTMENTS LIMITED <WRAP SERVICES A/C>	11,860,650	1.08%
11	LEXBAND PTY LTD <MACMILLAN SUPER FUND A/C>	10,600,000	0.96%
12	STARBUCK GROUP PTY LTD	10,000,000	0.91%
13	JURRAH INVESTMENTS PTY LTD <RM DAVIS FAMILY A/C>	9,991,299	0.91%
14	TMPJ HOLDINGS PTY LIMITED	9,722,408	0.88%
15	MR THOMAS YU-WEI WU	9,627,280	0.88%
16	MISS CLEA HARRISON	9,400,000	0.86%
17	SUTTON GARDNER PTY LIMITED <SUTTON GARDNER SF A/C>	8,000,000	0.73%
18	ANGIP NOMINEES PTY LTD <WATTLE SUPERANNUATION A/C>	7,000,000	0.64%
19	MR ADRIAN PETER HOLZ	6,553,295	0.60%
20	BFT ONE PTY LTD	6,550,000	0.60%
	Total	650,445,158	59.20%
	Total issued capital - selected security class(es)	1,098,712,817	100.00%

Substantial Shareholders

Holder Name	Total Holders	Holding %
BOC Holdings Pty Ltd	215,918,792	19.67%
W & E MAAS HOLDINGS PTY LIMITED <THE MAAS FAMILY A/C>	179,197,121	15.47%

Classes of Equity Securities

Number of Holders of each Class of Equity Securities

Security Name	Total Holders	Total Holdings
FULLY PAID ORDINARY SHARES	1,978	1,098,712,817
NED RIGHTS EXP 14/11/2027	2	5,290,000
UNL OPT CLASS B@ \$0.05 EXP 20/09/2028	1	10,000,000
UNL OPT CLASS C@ \$0.02 EXP 20/09/2029	1	7,250,000
UNL DIR OPT TR B @ \$0.04 EXP 29/05/2030	1	7,000,000
UNL DIR OPT TR C @ \$0.04 EXP 29/05/2030	1	26,000,000
PERFORMANCE RIGHTS DIR EXP 04/12/2030	1	14,000,000
UNL OPT @ \$0.1170 EXP 05/01/2029	1	7,200,000
CONV NOTES FIXED PRICE \$0.15 05/01/2027	1	1
CONV NOTES MATURITY 6/05/27	1	1

Unquoted Securities

Security Name	Total Holders	Total Holdings
NED RIGHTS EXP 14/11/2027	2	5,290,000
UNL OPT CLASS B@ \$0.05 EXP 20/09/2028	1	10,000,000
UNL OPT CLASS C@ \$0.02 EXP 20/09/2029	1	7,250,000
UNL DIR OPT TR B @ \$0.04 EXP 29/05/2030	1	7,000,000
UNL DIR OPT TR C @ \$0.04 EXP 29/05/2030	1	26,000,000
PERFORMANCE RIGHTS DIR EXP 04/12/2030	1	14,000,000
UNL OPT @ \$0.1170 EXP 05/01/2029	1	7,200,000
CONV NOTES FIXED PRICE \$0.15 05/01/2027	1	1
CONV NOTES MATURITY 6/05/27	1	1

Voting rights

The voting rights attached to ordinary shares are set out below:

Ordinary shares

On a show of hands every member present at a meeting in person or by proxy shall have one vote and upon a poll each share shall have one vote.

There are no other classes of equity securities with voting rights.

Tenements

Description	Entity	Tenement number	Interest owned %
Palmerville - Queensland	Native Mineral Resources Pty Ltd	EPM 26891	100
Palmerville - Queensland	Native Mineral Resources Pty Ltd	EPM 27396	100
Palmerville - Queensland	Native Mineral Resources Pty Ltd	EPM 27452	100
Maneater Hill - Queensland	Native Mineral Resources Pty Ltd	EPM 28038	100
Blackjack, Queensland	Blackjack Milling Pty Ltd	ML1387	100
Blackjack, Queensland	Blackjack Milling Pty Ltd	ML1407	100
Blackjack, Queensland	Blackjack Milling Pty Ltd	ML1408	100
Blackjack, Queensland	Blackjack Milling Pty Ltd	ML1409	100
Blackjack, Queensland	Blackjack Milling Pty Ltd	ML1428	100
Blackjack, Queensland	Blackjack Milling Pty Ltd	ML1429	100
Blackjack, Queensland	Blackjack Milling Pty Ltd	ML1431	100
Blackjack, Queensland	Blackjack Milling Pty Ltd	ML1432	100
Blackjack, Queensland	Blackjack Milling Pty Ltd	ML1433	100
Blackjack, Queensland	Blackjack Milling Pty Ltd	ML1548	100
Blackjack, Queensland	Blackjack Milling Pty Ltd	ML1735	100
Blackjack, Queensland	Blackjack Milling Pty Ltd	ML10285	100
Blackjack, Queensland	Blackjack Milling Pty Ltd	EPM27184	100
Charters Tower, Queensland	Blackjack Milling Pty Ltd	EPM14388	100
Charters Tower, Queensland	Blackjack Milling Pty Ltd	EPM15527	100
Charters Tower, Queensland	Blackjack Milling Pty Ltd	EPM26653	100
Charters Tower, Queensland	Blackjack Milling Pty Ltd	EPM26942	100
Charters Tower, Queensland	Blackjack Milling Pty Ltd	EPM26944	100
Charters Tower, Queensland	Blackjack Milling Pty Ltd	EPM27412	100
Charters Tower, Queensland	Blackjack Milling Pty Ltd	MDL2005	100
Far Fanning, Queensland	Fortified Gold Pty Ltd	ML1349	100
Far Fanning, Queensland	Fortified Gold Pty Ltd	ML1350	100
Far Fanning, Queensland	Fortified Gold Pty Ltd	ML1351	100
Far Fanning, Queensland	Fortified Gold Pty Ltd	ML1437	100
Far Fanning, Queensland	Fortified Gold Pty Ltd	ML1438	100