



29 September 2026

Appendix 4G & Corporate Governance Statement

The Board of Castle Minerals Limited (ASX: CDT) ("Castle" or the "Company") is responsible for the corporate governance of the Company and its subsidiaries and has implemented policies, procedures and systems of control to provide a strong framework and practical means for ensuring good governance outcomes which meet the expectations of all stakeholders.

The Company's Board is committed to upholding a high standard of corporate governance practices, ensuring that the Company complies with the Corporations Act 2001 (Cth), the ASX Listing Rules, the Company Constitution, and other applicable laws and regulations.

This Corporate Governance Statement discloses the extent to which the Company has followed the recommendations set out by the ASX Corporate Governance Council ("Recommendations") in its publication Corporate Governance Principles and Recommendations 4th Edition, and best practice. The Recommendations are not mandatory; however, where the Company has departed from a Recommendation, the Board has offered full disclosure and reason for adoption of its own practice.

The Board approved this Company's Governance Statement on 29 September 2026.

The Company's Board has also reviewed the Company's Corporate Governance Plan, which outlines the terms of reference for the Company's corporate governance responsibilities. The Company's Corporate Governance Plan and other corporate governance policies are available on the Company's website at www.castleminerals.com/governance.php.

Please find attached an Appendix 4G 'Key to Disclosures Corporate Governance Council Principles and Recommendations' and the Corporate Governance Statement.

By the order of the Board

Jade Styants
Company Secretary

- END -

This announcement was authorised for release to the ASX by the Board of Castle Minerals Limited.

For further information please contact:

Steve Zaninovich
Managing Director
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Appendix 4G

Key to Disclosures

Corporate Governance Council Principles and Recommendations

Name of entity

CASTLE MINERALS LIMITED

ABN

83 116 095 802

Financial year ended:

30 June 2026

Our corporate governance statement¹ for the period above can be found at:

- ☐ These pages of our annual report:
- ☒ This URL on our website:
www.castleminerals.com/governance.php

The Corporate Governance Statement is accurate and up to date as at **29 September 2026** and has been approved by the board.

The annexure includes a key to where our corporate governance disclosures can be located.

Date: **26 September 2026**

Name of authorised officer authorising lodgement:

Jade Styants
Company Secretary

¹ "Corporate governance statement" is defined in Listing Rule 4.10.3 to mean the statement referred to in Listing Rule 4.10.3 which discloses the extent to which an entity has followed the recommendations set by the ASX Corporate Governance Council during a particular reporting period.

Listing Rule 4.10.3 requires an entity that is included in the official list as an ASX Listing to include in its annual report either a corporate governance statement that meets the requirements of that rule or the URL of the page on its website where such a statement is located. The corporate governance statement must disclose the extent to which the entity has followed the recommendations set by the ASX Corporate Governance Council during the reporting period. If the entity has not followed a recommendation for any part of the reporting period, its corporate governance statement must separately identify that recommendation and the period during which it was not followed and state its reasons for not following the recommendation and what (if any) alternative governance practices it adopted in lieu of the recommendation during that period.

Under Listing Rule 4.7.4, if an entity chooses to include its corporate governance statement on its website rather than in its annual report, it must lodge a copy of the corporate governance statement with ASX at the same time as it lodges its annual report with ASX. The corporate governance statement must be current as at the effective date specified in that statement for the purposes of Listing Rule 4.10.3.

Under Listing Rule 4.7.3, an entity must also lodge with ASX a completed Appendix 4G at the same time as it lodges its annual report with ASX. The Appendix 4G serves a dual purpose. It acts as a key designed to assist readers to locate the governance disclosures made by a listed entity under Listing Rule 4.10.3 and under the ASX Corporate Governance Council's recommendations. It also acts as a verification tool for listed entities to confirm that they have met the disclosure requirements of Listing Rule 4.10.3.

The Appendix 4G is not a substitute for, and is not to be confused with, the entity's corporate governance statement. They serve different purposes and an entity must produce each of them separately.

ANNEXURE – KEY TO CORPORATE GOVERNANCE DISCLOSURES

Corporate Governance Council recommendation		Where a box below is ticked, ² we have followed the recommendation <u>in full</u> for the <u>whole</u> of the period above. We have disclosed this in our Corporate Governance Statement:	Where a box below is ticked, we have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. Our reasons for not doing so are: ³
PRINCIPLE 1 – LAY SOLID FOUNDATIONS FOR MANAGEMENT AND OVERSIGHT			
1.1	A listed entity should have and disclose a board charter setting out: (a) the respective roles and responsibilities of its board and management; and (b) those matters expressly reserved to the board and those delegated to management.	☒ and we have disclosed a copy of our board charter at: www.castleminerals.com/governance.php	☐ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement <u>OR</u> ☐ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable
1.2	A listed entity should: (a) undertake appropriate checks before appointing a director or senior executive or putting someone forward for election as a director; and (b) provide security holders with all material information in its possession relevant to a decision on whether or not to elect or re-elect a director.	☒ and we have disclosed in our Corporate Governance Statement.	☐ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement <u>OR</u> ☐ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable
1.3	A listed entity should have a written agreement with each director and senior executive setting out the terms of their appointment.	☒ and we have disclosed in our Corporate Governance Statement.	☐ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement <u>OR</u> ☐ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable
1.4	The company secretary of a listed entity should be accountable directly to the board, through the chair, on all matters to do with the proper functioning of the board.	☒ and we have disclosed in our Corporate Governance Statement.	☐ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement <u>OR</u> ☐ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable

² Tick the box in this column only if you have followed the relevant recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. Where the recommendation has a disclosure obligation attached, you must insert the location where that disclosure has been made, where indicated by the line with “*insert location*” underneath. If the disclosure in question has been made in your corporate governance statement, you need only insert “our corporate governance statement”. If the disclosure has been made in your annual report, you should insert the page number(s) of your annual report (eg “pages 10-12 of our annual report”). If the disclosure has been made on your website, you should insert the URL of the web page where the disclosure has been made or can be accessed (eg “www.entityname.com.au/corporate-governance/charters/”).

³ If you have followed all of the Council’s recommendations in full for the whole of the period above, you can, if you wish, delete this column from the form and re-format it.

Corporate Governance Council recommendation	Where a box below is ticked, ² we have followed the recommendation <u>in full</u> for the <u>whole</u> of the period above. We have disclosed this in our Corporate Governance Statement:	Where a box below is ticked, we have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. Our reasons for not doing so are: ³
1.5 A listed entity should: (a) have and disclose a diversity policy; (b) through its board or a committee of the board set measurable objectives for achieving gender diversity in the composition of its board, senior executives and workforce generally; and (c) disclose in relation to each reporting period: (1) the measurable objectives set for that period to achieve gender diversity; (2) the entity's progress towards achieving those objectives; and (3) either: (A) the respective proportions of men and women on the board, in senior executive positions and across the whole workforce (including how the entity has defined "senior executive" for these purposes); or (B) if the entity is a "relevant employer" under the Workplace Gender Equality Act, the entity's most recent "Gender Equality Indicators", as defined in and published under that Act. If the entity was in the S&P / ASX 300 Index at the commencement of the reporting period, the measurable objective for achieving gender diversity in the composition of its board should be to have not less than 30% of its directors of each gender within a specified period.	☒ Items (a) and (b) and we have disclosed a copy of our diversity policy at: www.castleminerals.com/governance.php	☒ Item (c) set out in our Corporate Governance Statement why we have not complied with item 1.5(c). OR ☐ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable

Corporate Governance Council recommendation		Where a box below is ticked, ² we have followed the recommendation <u>in full</u> for the <u>whole</u> of the period above. We have disclosed this in our Corporate Governance Statement:	Where a box below is ticked, we have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. Our reasons for not doing so are: ³
1.6	A listed entity should: (a) have and disclose a process for periodically evaluating the performance of the board, its committees and individual directors; and (b) disclose for each reporting period whether a performance evaluation has been undertaken in accordance with that process during or in respect of that period.	☒ Item (a) and we have disclosed the evaluation process referred to in paragraph (a) at: www.castleminerals.com/governance.php	☒ Item (b) set out in our Corporate Governance Statement why we have not complied with item 1.6(b). <u>OR</u> ☐ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable
1.7	A listed entity should: (a) have and disclose a process for evaluating the performance of its senior executives at least once every reporting period; and (b) disclose for each reporting period whether a performance evaluation has been undertaken in accordance with that process during or in respect of that period.	☒ Item (a) and we have disclosed the evaluation process referred to in paragraph (a) at: www.castleminerals.com/governance.php	☒ Item (b) set out in our Corporate Governance Statement why we have not complied with item 1.7(b). <u>OR</u> ☐ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable

Corporate Governance Council recommendation		Where a box below is ticked, ² we have followed the recommendation <u>in full</u> for the <u>whole</u> of the period above. We have disclosed this in our Corporate Governance Statement:	Where a box below is ticked, we have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. Our reasons for not doing so are: ³
PRINCIPLE 2 - STRUCTURE THE BOARD TO BE EFFECTIVE AND ADD VALUE			
2.1	The board of a listed entity should: (a) have a nomination committee which: (1) has at least three members, a majority of whom are independent directors; and (2) is chaired by an independent director, and disclose: (3) the charter of the committee; (4) the members of the committee; and (5) as at the end of each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or (b) if it does not have a nomination committee, disclose that fact and the processes it employs to address board succession issues and to ensure that the board has the appropriate balance of skills, knowledge, experience, independence and diversity to enable it to discharge its duties and responsibilities effectively.	☐ <i>[If the entity complies with paragraph (a):]</i> and we have disclosed a copy of the charter of the committee at: <i>[insert location]</i> and the information referred to in paragraphs (4) and (5) at: <i>[insert location]</i> <i>[If the entity complies with paragraph (b):]</i> and we have disclosed the fact that we do not have a nomination committee and the processes we employ to address board succession issues and to ensure that the board has the appropriate balance of skills, knowledge, experience, independence and diversity to enable it to discharge its duties and responsibilities effectively at: <i>[insert location]</i>	☒ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement OR ☐ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable
2.2	A listed entity should have and disclose a board skills matrix setting out the mix of skills that the board currently has or is looking to achieve in its membership.	☒ and we have disclosed our board skills matrix at: www.castleminerals.com/governance.php	☐ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement OR ☐ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable

Corporate Governance Council recommendation		Where a box below is ticked, ² we have followed the recommendation <u>in full</u> for the <u>whole</u> of the period above. We have disclosed this in our Corporate Governance Statement:	Where a box below is ticked, we have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. Our reasons for not doing so are: ³
2.3	A listed entity should disclose: (a) the names of the directors considered by the board to be independent directors; (b) if a director has an interest, position, affiliation or relationship of the type described in Box 2.3 but the board is of the opinion that it does not compromise the independence of the director, the nature of the interest, position or relationship in question and an explanation of why the board is of that opinion; and (c) the length of service of each director.	☒ and we have disclosed the names of the directors considered by the board to be independent directors in our Corporate Governance Statement. and, where applicable, the information referred to in paragraph (b) at Corporate Governance Statement. and the length of service of each director at: 2026 Annual Report.	☐ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement
2.4	A majority of the board of a listed entity should be independent directors.	☒ and set out in our Corporate Governance Statement.	☐ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement <u>OR</u> ☐ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable
2.5	The chair of the board of a listed entity should be an independent director and, in particular, should not be the same person as the CEO of the entity.	☐ and set out in our Corporate Governance Statement.	☒ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement <u>OR</u> ☐ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable
2.6	A listed entity should have a program for inducting new directors and for periodically reviewing whether there is a need for existing directors to undertake professional development to maintain the skills and knowledge needed to perform their role as directors effectively.	☐	☒ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement <u>OR</u> ☐ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable

Corporate Governance Council recommendation		Where a box below is ticked, ² we have followed the recommendation <u>in full</u> for the <u>whole</u> of the period above. We have disclosed this in our Corporate Governance Statement:	Where a box below is ticked, we have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. Our reasons for not doing so are: ³
PRINCIPLE 3 – INSTIL A CULTURE OF ACTING LAWFULLY, ETHICALLY AND RESPONSIBLY			
3.1	A listed entity should articulate and disclose its values.	☒ and we have disclosed our values at: www.castleminerals.com/governance.php	☐ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement
3.2	A listed entity should: (a) have and disclose a code of conduct for its directors, senior executives and employees; and (b) ensure that the board or a committee of the board is informed of any material breaches of that code.	☒ and we have disclosed our code of conduct at: www.castleminerals.com/governance.php	☐ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement
3.3	A listed entity should: (a) have and disclose a whistleblower policy; and (b) ensure that the board or a committee of the board is informed of any material incidents reported under that policy.	☒ and we have disclosed our whistleblower policy at: www.castleminerals.com/governance.php	☐ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement
3.4	A listed entity should: (a) have and disclose an anti-bribery and corruption policy; and (b) ensure that the board or committee of the board is informed of any material breaches of that policy.	☒ and we have disclosed our anti-bribery and corruption policy at: www.castleminerals.com/governance.php	☐ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement

Corporate Governance Council recommendation	Where a box below is ticked, ² we have followed the recommendation <u>in full</u> for the <u>whole</u> of the period above. We have disclosed this in our Corporate Governance Statement:	Where a box below is ticked, we have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. Our reasons for not doing so are: ³
PRINCIPLE 4 – SAFEGUARD THE INTEGRITY OF CORPORATE REPORTS		
4.1	The board of a listed entity should: (a) have an audit committee which: (1) has at least three members, all of whom are non-executive directors and a majority of whom are independent directors; and (2) is chaired by an independent director, who is not the chair of the board, and disclose: (3) the charter of the committee; (4) the relevant qualifications and experience of the members of the committee; and (5) in relation to each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or (b) if it does not have an audit committee, disclose that fact and the processes it employs that independently verify and safeguard the integrity of its corporate reporting, including the processes for the appointment and removal of the external auditor and the rotation of the audit engagement partner.	☐ <i>[If the entity complies with paragraph (a):]</i> and we have disclosed a copy of the charter of the committee at: <i>[insert location]</i> and the information referred to in paragraphs (4) and (5) at: <i>[insert location]</i> <i>[If the entity complies with paragraph (b):]</i> and we have disclosed the fact that we do not have an audit committee and the processes we employ that independently verify and safeguard the integrity of our corporate reporting, including the processes for the appointment and removal of the external auditor and the rotation of the audit engagement partner at: <i>[insert location]</i>

Corporate Governance Council recommendation		Where a box below is ticked, ² we have followed the recommendation <u>in full</u> for the <u>whole</u> of the period above. We have disclosed this in our Corporate Governance Statement:	Where a box below is ticked, we have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. Our reasons for not doing so are: ³
4.2	The board of a listed entity should, before it approves the entity's financial statements for a financial period, receive from its CEO and CFO a declaration that, in their opinion, the financial records of the entity have been properly maintained and that the financial statements comply with the appropriate accounting standards and give a true and fair view of the financial position and performance of the entity and that the opinion has been formed on the basis of a sound system of risk management and internal control which is operating effectively.	☒ as we have disclosed in our Corporate Governance Statement.	☐ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement
4.3	A listed entity should disclose its process to verify the integrity of any periodic corporate report it releases to the market that is not audited or reviewed by an external auditor.	☒ as we have disclosed in our Corporate Governance Statement.	☐ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement
PRINCIPLE 5 – MAKE TIMELY AND BALANCED DISCLOSURE			
5.1	A listed entity should have and disclose a written policy for complying with its continuous disclosure obligations under listing rule 3.1.	☒ and we have disclosed our continuous disclosure compliance policy at: www.castleminerals.com/governance.php	☐ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement
5.2	A listed entity should ensure that its board receives copies of all material market announcements promptly after they have been made.	☒ and we have disclosed in our Corporate Governance Statement.	☐ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement
5.3	A listed entity that gives a new and substantive investor or analyst presentation should release a copy of the presentation materials on the ASX Market Announcements Platform ahead of the presentation.	☒ and we have disclosed in our Corporate Governance Statement.	☐ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement

Corporate Governance Council recommendation		Where a box below is ticked, ² we have followed the recommendation <u>in full</u> for the <u>whole</u> of the period above. We have disclosed this in our Corporate Governance Statement:	Where a box below is ticked, we have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. Our reasons for not doing so are: ³
PRINCIPLE 6 – RESPECT THE RIGHTS OF SECURITY HOLDERS			
6.1	A listed entity should provide information about itself and its governance to investors via its website.	☒ .and we have disclosed information about us and our governance on our website at: www.castleminerals.com/governance.php	☐ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement
6.2	A listed entity should have an investor relations program that facilitates effective two-way communication with investors.	☒ and we have disclosed in our Corporate Governance Statement.	☐ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement
6.3	A listed entity should disclose how it facilitates and encourages participation at meetings of security holders.	☒ and we have disclosed how we facilitate and encourage participation at meetings of security holders at: www.castleminerals.com/governance.php	☐ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement
6.4	A listed entity should ensure that all substantive resolutions at a meeting of security holders are decided by a poll rather than by a show of hands.	☒ and we have disclosed in our Corporate Governance Statement.	☐ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement
6.5	A listed entity should give security holders the option to receive communications from, and send communications to, the entity and its security registry electronically.	☒ and we have disclosed in our Corporate Governance Statement.	☐ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement

Corporate Governance Council recommendation		Where a box below is ticked, ² we have followed the recommendation <u>in full</u> for the <u>whole</u> of the period above. We have disclosed this in our Corporate Governance Statement:	Where a box below is ticked, we have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. Our reasons for not doing so are: ³
PRINCIPLE 7 – RECOGNISE AND MANAGE RISK			
7.1	The board of a listed entity should: (a) have a committee or committees to oversee risk, each of which: (1) has at least three members, a majority of whom are independent directors; and (2) is chaired by an independent director, and disclose: (3) the charter of the committee; (4) the members of the committee; and (5) as at the end of each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or (b) if it does not have a risk committee or committees that satisfy (a) above, disclose that fact and the processes it employs for overseeing the entity's risk management framework.	☐ <i>[If the entity complies with paragraph (a):]</i> and we have disclosed a copy of the charter of the committee at: <i>[insert location]</i> and the information referred to in paragraphs (4) and (5) at: <i>[insert location]</i> <i>[If the entity complies with paragraph (b):]</i> and we have disclosed the fact that we do not have a risk committee or committees that satisfy (a) and the processes we employ for overseeing our risk management framework at: <i>[insert location]</i>	☒ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement.
7.2	The board or a committee of the board should: (a) review the entity's risk management framework at least annually to satisfy itself that it continues to be sound and that the entity is operating with due regard to the risk appetite set by the board; and (b) disclose, in relation to each reporting period, whether such a review has taken place.	☒ and we have disclosed whether a review of the entity's risk management framework was undertaken during the reporting period in our Corporate Governance Statement.	☐ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement

Corporate Governance Council recommendation		Where a box below is ticked, ² we have followed the recommendation <u>in full</u> for the <u>whole</u> of the period above. We have disclosed this in our Corporate Governance Statement:	Where a box below is ticked, we have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. Our reasons for not doing so are: ³
7.3	A listed entity should disclose: (a) if it has an internal audit function, how the function is structured and what role it performs; or (b) if it does not have an internal audit function, that fact and the processes it employs for evaluating and continually improving the effectiveness of its governance, risk management and internal control processes.	☐ <i>[If the entity complies with paragraph (a):]</i> and we have disclosed how our internal audit function is structured and what role it performs at: <i>[insert location]</i> <i>[If the entity complies with paragraph (b):]</i> and we have disclosed the fact that we do not have an internal audit function and the processes we employ for evaluating and continually improving the effectiveness of our risk management and internal control processes at: <i>[insert location]</i>	☒ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement.
7.4	A listed entity should disclose whether it has any material exposure to environmental or social risks and, if it does, how it manages or intends to manage those risks.	☒ and we have disclosed whether we have any material exposure to environmental and social risks in our Corporate Governance Statement.	☐ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement

Corporate Governance Council recommendation		Where a box below is ticked, ² we have followed the recommendation <u>in full</u> for the <u>whole</u> of the period above. We have disclosed this in our Corporate Governance Statement:	Where a box below is ticked, we have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. Our reasons for not doing so are: ³
PRINCIPLE 8 – REMUNERATE FAIRLY AND RESPONSIBLY			
8.1	The board of a listed entity should: (a) have a remuneration committee which: (1) has at least three members, a majority of whom are independent directors; and (2) is chaired by an independent director, and disclose: (3) the charter of the committee; (4) the members of the committee; and (5) as at the end of each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or (b) if it does not have a remuneration committee, disclose that fact and the processes it employs for setting the level and composition of remuneration for directors and senior executives and ensuring that such remuneration is appropriate and not excessive.	☐ <i>[If the entity complies with paragraph (a):]</i> and we have disclosed a copy of the charter of the committee at: <i>[insert location]</i> and the information referred to in paragraphs (4) and (5) at: <i>[insert location]</i> <i>[If the entity complies with paragraph (b):]</i> and we have disclosed the fact that we do not have a remuneration committee and the processes we employ for setting the level and composition of remuneration for directors and senior executives and ensuring that such remuneration is appropriate and not excessive: <i>[insert location]</i>	☒ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement <u>OR</u> ☐ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable
8.2	A listed entity should separately disclose its policies and practices regarding the remuneration of non-executive directors and the remuneration of executive directors and other senior executives.	☒ and we have disclosed separately our remuneration policies and practices regarding the remuneration of non-executive directors and the remuneration of executive directors and other senior executives at: www.castleminerals.com/governance.php	☐ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement <u>OR</u> ☐ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable

Corporate Governance Council recommendation		Where a box below is ticked, ² we have followed the recommendation <u>in full</u> for the <u>whole</u> of the period above. We have disclosed this in our Corporate Governance Statement:	Where a box below is ticked, we have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. Our reasons for not doing so are: ³
8.3	A listed entity which has an equity-based remuneration scheme should: (a) have a policy on whether participants are permitted to enter into transactions (whether through the use of derivatives or otherwise) which limit the economic risk of participating in the scheme; and (b) disclose that policy or a summary of it.	☐ and we have disclosed our policy on this issue or a summary of it at: [insert location]	☒ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement <u>OR</u> ☐ we do not have an equity-based remuneration scheme and this recommendation is therefore not applicable <u>OR</u> ☐ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable
ADDITIONAL RECOMMENDATIONS THAT APPLY ONLY IN CERTAIN CASES			
9.1	A listed entity with a director who does not speak the language in which board or security holder meetings are held or key corporate documents are written should disclose the processes it has in place to ensure the director understands and can contribute to the discussions at those meetings and understands and can discharge their obligations in relation to those documents.	☐ and we have disclosed information about the processes in place at: [insert location]	☐ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement <u>OR</u> ☐ we do not have a director in this position and this recommendation is therefore not applicable <u>OR</u> ☐ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable
9.2	A listed entity established outside Australia should ensure that meetings of security holders are held at a reasonable place and time.	☐	☐ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement <u>OR</u> ☐ we are established in Australia and this recommendation is therefore not applicable <u>OR</u> ☐ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable
9.3	A listed entity established outside Australia, and an externally managed listed entity that has an AGM, should ensure that its external auditor attends its AGM and is available to answer questions from security holders relevant to the audit.	☐	☐ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement <u>OR</u> ☐ we are established in Australia and not an externally managed listed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable ☐ we are an externally managed entity that does not hold an AGM and this recommendation is therefore not applicable

Corporate Governance Council recommendation		Where a box below is ticked, ² we have followed the recommendation <u>in full</u> for the <u>whole</u> of the period above. We have disclosed this in our Corporate Governance Statement:	Where a box below is ticked, we have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. Our reasons for not doing so are: ³
ADDITIONAL DISCLOSURES APPLICABLE TO EXTERNALLY MANAGED LISTED ENTITIES			
-	<i>Alternative to Recommendation 1.1 for externally managed listed entities:</i> The responsible entity of an externally managed listed entity should disclose: (a) the arrangements between the responsible entity and the listed entity for managing the affairs of the listed entity; and (b) the role and responsibility of the board of the responsible entity for overseeing those arrangements.	☐ and we have disclosed the information referred to in paragraphs (a) and (b) at: [insert location]	☐ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement
-	<i>Alternative to Recommendations 8.1, 8.2 and 8.3 for externally managed listed entities:</i> An externally managed listed entity should clearly disclose the terms governing the remuneration of the manager.	☐ and we have disclosed the terms governing our remuneration as manager of the entity at: [insert location]	☐ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement

Corporate Governance Statement

For the period ended 30 June 2026. Approved by the Board on 29 September 2026.

Please refer to the 2026 Governance Plan and 2026 Annual Report available at the Company's website: www.castleminerals.com.

Recommendation	Current Practice
1.1 A listed entity should have and disclose a board charter setting out: (a) the respective roles and responsibilities of its board and management; and (b) those matters expressly reserved to the board and those delegated to management.	The Company has adopted a Board Charter that outlines the specific roles and responsibilities of the Board, the Chair, and management, and includes a description of matters expressly reserved for the Board and those delegated to management. The Board Charter also sets out the requirements of the Board composition, the roles and responsibilities of the Chairman and Company Secretary, the establishment, operation and management of Board Committees, Directors' access to Company records and information, details of the Board's relationships with management, details of the Board's performance review and details of the Continuous Disclosure Policy and Shareholder Communications Policy. A copy of the Company's Board Charter, which is part of the Company's Corporate Governance Plan, is available on the Company's website.
1.2 A listed entity should: (a) undertake appropriate checks before appointing a director or senior executive or putting someone forward for election as a director; and (b) provide security holders with all material information in its possession relevant to a decision on whether or not to elect or re-elect a director.	(a) The Company has guidelines for the appointment and selection of the Board in its Corporate Governance Plan. These checks take place prior to nominating a Director for election by security holders at a General Meeting or Annual General Meeting. (b) All material information relevant to a decision on whether to elect or re-elect a Director must be provided to security holders in the Notice of Meeting containing the resolution to elect or re-elect a Director. The Board will ensure this material information is included in the Company's 2026 Notice of Annual General Meeting.
1.3 A listed entity should have a written agreement with each director and senior executive setting out the terms of their appointment.	Written agreements are in place with each director and senior executive setting out the terms of their appointment.
1.4 The company secretary of a listed entity should be accountable directly to the board, through the chair, on all matters to do with the proper functioning of the board.	The Board Charter outlines the roles, responsibilities and accountability of the Company Secretary. In accordance, the Company Secretary is accountable directly to the Board, through the Chair, on all matters related to the proper functioning of the Board.
1.5 A listed entity should: (a) have and disclose a diversity policy; (b) through its board or a committee of the board set measurable objectives for achieving gender diversity in the composition of its board, senior executives and workforce generally; and (c) disclose in relation to each reporting period: (1) the measurable objectives set for that period to achieve gender diversity; (2) the entity's progress towards achieving those objectives; and (3) either: (A) the respective proportions of men and women on the board, in senior executive positions and across the	(a) The Company has adopted a Diversity Policy which provides a framework for the Company to establish and achieve measurable diversity objectives, including in respect of gender diversity. The Diversity Policy allows the Board to set measurable gender diversity objectives, if considered appropriate, and to assess annually both the objectives if any have been set and the Company's progress in achieving them. (b) The Diversity Policy is available, as part of the Corporate Governance Plan, on the Company's website. (c) The Board did not set specific measurable objectives regarding the proportion of females to be employed within the organisation or requirements for a proportion of female candidates for employment and Board positions

Recommendation	Current Practice												
whole workforce (including how the entity has defined “senior executive” for these purposes); or (B) if the entity is a “relevant employer” under the Workplace Gender Equality Act, the entity’s most recent “Gender Equality Indicators”, as defined in and published under that Act. If the entity was in the S&P / ASX 300 Index at the commencement of the reporting period, the measurable objective for achieving gender diversity in the composition of its board should be to have not less than 30% of its directors of each gender within a specified period.	during the reporting period. The Board considers that the setting of quantitative gender-based targets is not consistent with the merit and ability based policies currently implemented by the Company. The Board is committed to ensuring that the appropriate mix of skills, expertise and diversity are considered when making any new Board or senior executive appointments. Accordingly, the Company departed from Recommendation 1.5 during the reporting period. The respective proportions of men and women on the Board, in senior executive positions and across the whole organisation (including how the entity has defined “senior executive” for these purposes) as at 30 June 2026 is disclosed below: <table><tr><th></th><th>Female</th><th>Male</th></tr><tr><td>Board</td><td>0%</td><td>100%</td></tr><tr><td>Senior Executive</td><td>50%</td><td>50%</td></tr><tr><td>Whole organisation</td><td>25%</td><td>75%</td></tr></table>		Female	Male	Board	0%	100%	Senior Executive	50%	50%	Whole organisation	25%	75%
	Female	Male											
Board	0%	100%											
Senior Executive	50%	50%											
Whole organisation	25%	75%											

1.6 A listed entity should:

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| <p>(a) have and disclose a process for periodically evaluating the performance of the board, its committees and individual directors; and</p> <p>(b) disclose for each reporting period whether a performance evaluation has been undertaken in accordance with that process during or in respect of that period.</p> | <p>(a) The Board is responsible for evaluating the performance of the Board, its committees and individual Directors on an annual basis. The process for these evaluations is set out in the Company's Corporate Governance Plan, which is available on the Company's website.</p> <p>(b) No formal performance evaluation of the Board or individual Directors was undertaken during the reporting period. The Chairman maintained ongoing communication with Board members and performance was considered and discussed as part of the Board's regular oversight activities.</p> |
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1.7 A listed entity should:

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| <p>(a) have and disclose a process for evaluating the performance of its senior executives at least once every reporting period; and</p> <p>(b) disclose for each reporting period whether a performance evaluation has been undertaken in accordance with that process during or in respect of that period.</p> | <p>(a) The Company's Board is responsible for evaluating the performance of the Company's senior executives on an annual basis. For the purposes of this definition, a senior executive means key management personnel (as defined in the Corporations Act) other than a non-executive Director. The applicable processes for these evaluations can be found in the Company's Corporate Governance Plan, which is available on the Company's website.</p> <p>(b) No formal performance evaluation of the Company's senior executives was undertaken during the reporting period. The Board nevertheless maintained ongoing oversight of the performance of senior executives throughout the financial year, with performance discussed and assessed as part of the Board's regular oversight activities.</p> |
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2.1 The board of a listed entity should:

- (a) have a nomination committee which:
- (1) has at least three members, a majority of whom are independent directors; and
 - (2) is chaired by an independent director, and disclose:
 - (3) the charter of the committee;
 - (4) the members of the committee; and

The Company has not established a separate Nomination Committee. Given the size and structure of the Company and the nature of its operations, the full Board performs the functions and responsibilities ordinarily undertaken by a Nomination Committee.

The Board, as a whole, reviews the size and composition of the Board, considers the skills and competencies required, reviews succession planning and makes recommendations regarding the appointment, re-appointment or removal of Directors as appropriate. Relevant Directors abstain from discussions and decisions where a conflict of interest arises.

Where practicable and when the Board considers the Company's size and structure and the nature of its operations warrant, the Board may establish a Nomination Committee.

Recommendation	Current Practice
(5) as at the end of each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or (b) if it does not have a nomination committee, disclose that fact and the processes it employs to address board succession issues and to ensure that the board has the appropriate balance of skills, knowledge, experience, independence and diversity to enable it to discharge its duties and responsibilities effectively.	
2.2 A listed entity should have and disclose a board skills matrix setting out the mix of skills that the board currently has or is looking to achieve in its membership.	The Company has a Board skills matrix setting out the mix of skills and diversity that the Board currently possesses or is seeking to achieve in its membership. A copy is available on the Company's website. The Board Charter requires the disclosure of each Board member's qualifications and expertise. Full details as to each Director and senior executive's relevant skills and experience are available in the Company's Annual Report.
2.3 A listed entity should disclose: (a) the names of the directors considered by the board to be independent directors; (b) if a director has an interest, position, affiliation or relationship of the type described in Box 2.3 but the board is of the opinion that it does not compromise the independence of the director, the nature of the interest, position or relationship in question and an explanation of why the board is of that opinion; and (c) the length of service of each director.	(a) Mr Andrew Grove and Mr Matthew Horgan are considered independent non-executive directors. The Board has considered the performance rights held by Andrew Grove and Matthew Horgan as part of their remuneration and, having regard to the nature and value of those interests and the circumstances in which they were granted, is satisfied that those interests do not compromise their capacity to exercise independent judgement. (b) The Board has considered the independence of each Director having regard to the independence criteria in Box 2.3 of the ASX Corporate Governance Principles and Recommendations. The Board has determined that Andrew Grove and Matthew Horgan are independent Directors. Steven Zaninovich is not considered independent due to his position as Managing Director. (c) The Company's Annual Report discloses the length of service of each Director.
2.4 A majority of the board of a listed entity should be independent directors.	For the financial year ended 30 June 2026, the majority of the Board was comprised of independent non-executive Directors.
2.5 The chair of the board of a listed entity should be an independent director and, in particular, should not be the same person as the CEO of the entity.	Andrew Grove was appointed Non-Executive Chairman on 13 November 2025 and is considered by the Board to be an independent Director. Steven Zaninovich was appointed Managing Director on 3 March 2026. The roles of Chair and Managing Director are held by separate individuals.
2.6 A listed entity should have a program for inducting new directors and for periodically reviewing whether there is a need for existing directors to undertake professional development to maintain the skills and knowledge needed to perform their role as directors effectively.	The Company has a program for inducting new Directors and for reviewing the need for existing Directors to undertake professional development to maintain the skills and knowledge required to perform their roles effectively. The Corporate Governance Plan provides that all new Directors will be offered induction training tailored to their existing skills, knowledge and experience, and that the Company Secretary will facilitate the induction and professional development of Directors.

Recommendation	Current Practice
3.1 A listed entity should articulate and disclose its values.	The Board has adopted a set of values that are the foundation for how the Company achieves its business objectives. Our values are supported by the Code of Conduct and other key governance principles and policies, which are approved by the Board. The Company's values are available on the Company's website.
3.2 A listed entity should: (a) have and disclose a code of conduct for its directors, senior executives and employees; and (b) ensure that the board or a committee of the board is informed of any material breaches of that code.	The Company's Corporate Code of Conduct applies to the Company's Directors, senior executives and employees. The Company's Corporate Code of Conduct, which forms part of the Company's Corporate Governance Plan, is available on the Company's website. The Board is informed of any material breaches of the Code.
3.3 A listed entity should: (a) have and disclose a whistleblower policy; and (b) ensure that the board or a committee of the board is informed of any material incidents reported under that policy.	A copy of the Company's Whistleblower Policy, which is part of the Company's Corporate Governance Plan, is available on the Company's website. The Board is informed of any material incidents reported under this Policy.
3.4 A listed entity should: (a) have and disclose an anti-bribery and corruption policy; and (b) ensure that the board or committee of the board is informed of any material breaches of that policy.	A copy of the Anti-Bribery and Anti-Corruption Policy, which is part of the Company's Corporate Governance Plan, is available on the Company's website. The Board is informed of any material breaches of this Policy.
4.1 The board of a listed entity should: (a) have an audit committee which: (1) has at least three members, all of whom are non-executive directors and a majority of whom are independent directors; and (2) is chaired by an independent director, who is not the chair of the board, and disclose: (3) the charter of the committee; (4) the relevant qualifications and experience of the members of the committee; and (5) in relation to each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or (b) if it does not have an audit committee, disclose that fact and the processes it employs that independently verify and safeguard the integrity of its corporate reporting, including the processes for	The Company has not established a separate Audit and Risk Committee. Given the size and structure of the Company and the nature of its operations, the Board performs the functions and responsibilities ordinarily undertaken by an audit and risk committee. The Board oversees the integrity of the Company's financial reporting, the external audit process and the Company's risk management framework. The external auditor provides its audit findings and closing report to the Board prior to approval of the Company's half-year and full-year financial statements. The Board is responsible for recommending the appointment or re-appointment of the external auditor to shareholders and overseeing auditor independence and audit partner rotation in accordance with applicable requirements.

Recommendation	Current Practice
the appointment and removal of the external auditor and the rotation of the audit engagement partner.	
4.2 The board of a listed entity should, before it approves the entity's financial statements for a financial period, receive from its CEO and CFO a declaration that, in their opinion, the financial records of the entity have been properly maintained and that the financial statements comply with the appropriate accounting standards and give a true and fair view of the financial position and performance of the entity and that the opinion has been formed on the basis of a sound system of risk management and internal control which is operating effectively.	The Board requires the CEO/Managing Director and CFO (or, if none, the person(s) performing those functions) to provide the required declaration before the Board approves the Company's financial statements. The Company obtained the required declaration in respect of the 2026 financial year.
4.3 A listed entity should disclose its process to verify the integrity of any periodic corporate report it releases to the market that is not audited or reviewed by an external auditor.	The Company's Corporate Governance Plan provides that the Company must have policies and comprehensive practices in place to verify the integrity of the Company's periodic reports, which are not audited or reviewed by an external auditor, to satisfy the Board that each periodic report is materially accurate, balanced and provides investors with appropriate information to make informed investment decisions. Where a periodic corporate report, such as the Company's quarterly reports, are not required to be audited or reviewed by an external auditor, the Company conducts an internal verification process to confirm the integrity of the report, to ensure that the content of the report is materially accurate, and to provide investors with appropriate information to make informed investment decisions. Appropriate supporting information for such corporate reports is sought and retained on preparation of the report, and the full Board reviews and approves the release of such reports. Copies of all market announcements are also required to be circulated to the Board promptly, to ensure the Board has timely oversight of the nature and quality of information being disclosed to the market.
5.1 A listed entity should have and disclose a written policy for complying with its continuous disclosure obligations under listing rule 3.1.	A copy of the Continuous Disclosure Policy, which is part of the Company's Corporate Governance Plan, is available on the Company's website.
5.2 A listed entity should ensure that its board receives copies of all material market announcements promptly after they have been made.	Copies of all market announcements are promptly circulated by the Company Secretary to the Board, ensuring the Board has timely oversight of the nature and quality of information being disclosed to the market.
5.3 A listed entity that gives a new and substantive investor or analyst presentation should release a copy of the presentation materials on the ASX Market Announcements Platform ahead of the presentation.	The Company's Continuous Disclosure Policy, which forms part of the Company's Corporate Governance Plan, provides that any new and substantive investor or analyst presentations will be released on the ASX Market Announcements Platform ahead of the presentation. The Managing Director and Company Secretary ensure that any new and substantive investor or analyst presentations are released to ASX ahead of the presentation.
6.1 A listed entity should provide information about itself and its governance to investors via its website.	Information about the Company and its governance is available in the Corporate Governance Plan, which can be found on the Company's website.
6.2	The Company has adopted a Shareholder Communications Policy which aims to promote and facilitate effective two-way communication with investors. The Policy

Recommendation	Current Practice
A listed entity should have an investor relations program that facilitates effective two-way communication with investors.	outlines a range of ways in which information is communicated to shareholders and is available on the Company's website as part of the Company's corporate governance plan.
6.3 A listed entity should disclose how it facilitates and encourages participation at meetings of security holders.	Shareholders are encouraged to participate in all general meetings and annual general meetings of the Company. Shareholder meeting materials include a statement encouraging all shareholders to participate in the meeting.
6.4 A listed entity should ensure that all substantive resolutions at a meeting of security holders are decided by a poll rather than by a show of hands.	The Shareholder Communications Policy provides that all substantive resolutions at shareholder meetings will be decided by a poll rather than a show of hands.
6.5 A listed entity should give security holders the option to receive communications from, and send communications to, the entity and its security registry electronically.	The Shareholder Communications Policy provides that security holders can register with the Company to receive email notifications when the Company makes an announcement to the ASX, including the release of the Annual Report and half-yearly reports. Links are made available to the Company's website on which all information provided to the ASX is immediately posted. Shareholders' queries are referred to the Company Secretary in the first instance.
7.1 The board of a listed entity should: (a) have a committee or committees to oversee risk, each of which: (1) has at least three members, a majority of whom are independent directors; and (2) is chaired by an independent director, and disclose: (3) the charter of the committee; (4) the members of the committee; and (5) as at the end of each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or (b) if it does not have a risk committee or committees that satisfy (a) above, disclose that fact and the processes it employs for overseeing the entity's risk management framework.	The Company has not established a separate Risk Committee. Given the size and structure of the Company and the nature of its operations, the Board retains responsibility for overseeing the Company's risk management framework and performs the functions ordinarily undertaken by a risk committee. The Board oversees the identification and management of material business risks, with management responsible for developing and maintaining appropriate systems of risk management and internal control.
7.2 The board or a committee of the board should: (a) review the entity's risk management framework at least annually to satisfy itself that it continues to be sound and that the entity is operating with due regard to the risk appetite set by the board; and	(a) The Board reviews the Company's risk management framework at least annually. During the 2026 financial year, the Board reviewed the Company's risk management framework and risk profile and considered the effectiveness of the framework in identifying and managing the Company's material business risks.

Recommendation	Current Practice
(b) disclose, in relation to each reporting period, whether such a review has taken place.	(b) The Board is focused on the management of risk. The Company has completed a review of its risk management framework, which is outlined in the Corporate Governance Plan, accessible on the Company's website.
7.3 A listed entity should disclose: (a) if it has an internal audit function, how the function is structured and what role it performs; or (b) if it does not have an internal audit function, that fact and the processes it employs for evaluating and continually improving the effectiveness of its governance, risk management and internal control processes.	The Company does not currently have a formal internal audit function, however, the Board oversees the effectiveness of risk management and internal control processes. Management is responsible for resourcing, operating, and monitoring the system of internal control, incorporating risk responses in the form of controls into its management systems, and reporting the results of the effectiveness of these systems to the Board. Although no system of internal control can provide absolute assurance that the business risks will be fully mitigated, the internal control systems adopted by the Company have been designed to meet the Company's specific needs and the risks to which it is exposed. Internal control measures currently adopted by the Board include: (i) periodic reporting to the Board in respect of operational and financial performance; (ii) authority limits established for management which must not be exceeded unless prior Board approval is obtained; (iii) a compliance procedure for the purpose of ensuring compliance with the Company's continuous disclosure obligations; and (iv) regular reports to the Board by appropriate members of the management team and/or independent advisers, outlining the nature of particular risks and highlighting measures which are either in place or can be adopted to manage or mitigate those risks. The Board monitors the need for an internal audit function having regard to the size, location and complexity of the Company's operations.
7.4 A listed entity should disclose whether it has any material exposure to environmental or social risks and, if it does, how it manages or intends to manage those risks.	The Company has environmental and social risks inherent in its exploration activities. The Board considers that the Company does not currently have material exposure to environmental or social risks, having regard to the nature and scale of its exploration activities. The Company is subject to environmental regulation in respect of its exploration activities and seeks to ensure that appropriate standards of environmental care are maintained and that it complies with applicable environmental legislation. The Board oversees the Company's risk management framework and the identification and management of material business risks, including environmental and climate-related risks. Management is responsible for implementing appropriate risk management strategies, policies and controls and reporting to the Board on the effectiveness of risk management processes.
8.1 The board of a listed entity should: (a) have a remuneration committee which: (1) has at least three members, a majority of whom are independent directors; and	The Company has not established a separate Remuneration Committee. Given the size and structure of the Company and the nature of its operations, the Board performs the functions and responsibilities ordinarily undertaken by a remuneration committee. Remuneration matters are considered by the full Board, with Directors excluded from discussions concerning their own remuneration where appropriate.

Recommendation	Current Practice
(2) is chaired by an independent director, and disclose: (3) the charter of the committee; (4) the members of the committee; and (5) as at the end of each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or (b) if it does not have a remuneration committee, disclose that fact and the processes it employs for setting the level and composition of remuneration for directors and senior executives and ensuring that such remuneration is appropriate and not excessive.	
8.2 A listed entity should separately disclose its policies and practices regarding the remuneration of non-executive directors and the remuneration of executive directors and other senior executives.	The Company's Corporate Governance Plan requires the Board to disclose its policies and practices regarding the remuneration of Directors and senior executives, which is disclosed in the Remuneration Report contained in the Company's Annual Report as well as being disclosed on the Company's website.
8.3 A listed entity which has an equity-based remuneration scheme should: (a) have a policy on whether participants are permitted to enter into transactions (whether through the use of derivatives or otherwise) which limit the economic risk of participating in the scheme; and (b) disclose that policy or a summary of it.	During the reporting period, the Company did not have a policy addressing whether participants in its equity-based remuneration schemes were permitted to enter into transactions or arrangements designed to limit the economic risk associated with their participation in those schemes. Accordingly, the Company departed from Recommendation 8.3 during the reporting period. Following the reporting period, the Company amended its Trading Policy to prohibit Key Management Personnel from entering into transactions or arrangements designed to limit the economic risk associated with unvested or subject-to-vesting securities or other equity-based remuneration granted by the Company. The amended Trading Policy is available on the Company's website.
9.1 A listed entity with a director who does not speak the language in which Board or securityholder meetings are held, or key corporate documents are written, should disclose the processes it has in place to ensure the director understands and can contribute to discussions and discharge their obligations.	Not applicable. The Company does not have a Director who does not speak the language in which Board or securityholder meetings are held or key corporate documents are written.
9.2 A listed entity established outside Australia should ensure that meetings of securityholders are held at a reasonable place and time.	Not applicable. Castle Minerals Limited is established in Australia.
9.3 A listed entity established outside Australia, and an externally managed listed entity that has an AGM, should ensure its external auditor attends its AGM and is available to answer questions from securityholders relevant to the audit.	Not applicable. Castle is a listed company established in Australia and is not an externally managed listed entity.

The Company's corporate governance practices are set out on its website at www.castleminerals.com.