



The Board of PLC Resources Limited (ASX: PLC) (“the Company” or “PLC”) is responsible for the corporate governance of the Company. The Board has reviewed its current practices in light of the ASX Corporate Governance Principles and Recommendations 4th Edition (“Recommendations”) with a view to making amendments where applicable after considering the Company’s size and the resources it has available. As the Company’s activities develop in size, nature and scope, the size of the Board and the implementation of any additional formal corporate governance committees will be given further consideration.

This Corporate Governance Statement is current as at 29 September 2026 and has been approved by the Board of the Company on that date. It can be found in the ‘Company – Corporate Governance’ section of its website at <https://plcresources.au/corporate-governance/>. The Board sets out below its “if not why not” report in relation to those matters of corporate governance where the Company’s practices depart from the Recommendations.

Principle 1: Lay solid foundations for management and oversight	
Recommendation	PLC Resources Limited Current Practice
Recommendation 1.1 (a) A listed entity should have and disclose a board charter which sets out the respective roles and responsibilities of the Board, the Chair and management, and includes a description of those matters expressly reserved to the Board and those delegated to management.	Adopted The Company has adopted a Board Charter which sets out the respective roles and responsibilities of the Board, the Chair and management, including those matters expressly reserved for the Board and those delegated to management. A copy of the Board Charter, which forms part of the Company’s Corporate Governance Plan, is available on the Company’s website: https://plcresources.au/corporate-governance/
Recommendation 1.2 A listed entity should: (b) undertake appropriate checks before appointing a director or senior executive or putting someone forward for election as a Director; and (c) provide security holders with all material information in its possession relevant to a decision on whether or not to elect or re-elect a Director.	Adopted The Company has adopted guidelines for the appointment and selection of Directors and senior executives as part of its Corporate Governance Plan. The Company’s Nomination Committee Charter requires the Nomination Committee (or, in its absence, the Board), to ensure that appropriate background checks are undertaken before appointing a person, or putting forward a candidate for election, as a Director (including checks in respect of character, experience, education, criminal history and bankruptcy history). The Nomination Committee Charter also requires all material information relevant to a decision on whether to elect or re-elect a Director to be provided to security holders in the Notice of Meeting containing the relevant resolution. A copy of the Nomination Committee Charter is available on the Company’s website: https://plcresources.au/corporate-governance/
Recommendation 1.3 A listed entity should have a written agreement with each Director and senior executive setting out the terms of their appointment.	Adopted The Company’s Nomination Committee Charter requires each Director and senior executive to enter into a written agreement with the Company setting out the terms of their appointment or employment. The Company has written agreements in place with each of its Directors and senior executives.

Recommendation 1.4 The Company Secretary of a listed entity should be accountable directly to the Board, through the Chair, on all matters to do with the proper functioning of the Board.	Adopted The Board Charter outlines the roles, responsibilities and accountability of the Company Secretary. In accordance with the Board Charter, the Company Secretary is accountable directly to the Board, through the Chair, on all matters relating to the proper functioning of the Board.
Recommendation 1.5 A listed entity should: (a) have and disclose a diversity policy; (b) through its board or a committee of the board set measurable objectives for achieving gender diversity in the composition of its board, senior executives and workforce generally; and (c) disclose in relation to each reporting period: 1) the measurable objectives set for that period to achieve gender diversity; 2) the entity's progress towards achieving those objectives; and 3) either: (A) the respective proportions of men and women on the Board, in senior executive positions and across the whole workforce (including how the entity has defined "senior executive" for these purposes); or (B) if the entity is a "relevant employer" under the Workplace Gender Equality Act, the entity's most recent "Gender Equality Indicators", as defined in the Workplace Gender Equality Act. <i>If the entity was in the S&P / ASX 300 Index at the commencement of the reporting period, the measurable objective for achieving gender diversity in the composition of its board should be to have not less than 30% of its directors of each gender within a specified period.</i>	Partially Adopted a) The Company has adopted a Diversity Policy, which forms part of its Corporate Governance Plan and is available on the Company's website: https://plcresources.au/corporate-governance/ b) The Diversity Policy provides for the Board to establish measurable gender diversity objectives for achieving gender diversity where considered appropriate, and to monitor the Company's progress in achieving any objectives established. c) The Board did not set measurable gender diversity objectives during the reporting period and does not presently intend to establish such objectives for the coming year. In reaching this position the Board has had regard to the current size and nature of the Company's operations and workforce, together with the limited number of appointments anticipated. The Board considers that prescribing measurable objectives at this stage may unduly restrict the Company's ability to appoint the most suitably qualified candidates having regard to the skills, experience and other attributes required for the relevant role. The Board will continue to consider the appropriateness of establishing measurable gender diversity objectives as the Company's operations and workforce develop. The Company is committed to making recruitment and appointment decisions on the basis of merit, competence and performance, without discrimination on the basis of age, nationality, race, gender, religious beliefs, sexuality, physical ability or cultural background. The respective proportions of women within the Company are: - Board: 0% - Senior Management: 17% - Whole organisation: 17% Due to the size of its workforce, the Company is not a 'relevant employer' under the Workplace Gender Equality Act 2012 (Cth).
Recommendation 1.6 A listed entity should: (a) have and disclose a process for periodically evaluating the performance of the Board, its committees and individual Directors; and (b) disclose for each reporting period whether a performance evaluation has been undertaken in accordance with that process during or in respect of that period.	Partially Adopted The Company has adopted a Performance Evaluation Policy which sets out the process for periodically evaluating the performance of the Board, its committees as well as individual directors. The policy forms part of the Company's Corporate Governance Plan, and is available on the Company's website: https://plcresources.au/corporate-governance/ The Company did not undertake a formal evaluation of the performance of the Board, its Committees or individual Directors during the reporting period.

Recommendation 1.7 A listed entity should: (a) have and disclose a process for evaluating the performance of its senior executives at least once every reporting period; and (b) disclose for each reporting period whether a performance evaluation has been undertaken in accordance with that process during or in respect of that period.	Partially Adopted The process for periodically evaluating the performance of senior executives is set out in the Company's Performance Evaluation Policy. The policy forms part of the Company's Corporate Governance Plan and is available on the Company's website: https://plcresources.au/corporate-governance/ The Company did not undertake a formal performance evaluation of its senior executives during the reporting period.
Principle 2: Structure the Board to be effective and add value	
Recommendation	PLC Resources Ltd Current Practice
Recommendation 2.1 The Board of a listed entity should: (a) have a nomination committee which: 1) has at least three members, a majority of whom are independent Directors; and 2) is chaired by an independent Director, and disclose: 3) the charter of the committee; 4) the members of the committee; and 5) as at the end of each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or (b) if it does not have a nomination committee, disclose that fact and the processes it employs to address Board succession issues and to ensure that the Board has the appropriate balance of skills, knowledge, experience, independence and diversity to enable it to discharge its duties and responsibilities effectively.	Adopted The Company does not currently have a nomination committee as the Board considers that the Company would not benefit from its establishment. Acting in its ordinary capacity as required, the Board carries out the functions that would otherwise be undertaken by a Nomination Committee, including determining the need for, screening and appointing new Directors. Given the current size of the Board and the resources available to the Company, the Board does not consider that a separate Nomination Committee would add value to this process. The Company has adopted a Nomination Committee Charter which sets out the processes employed by the Company in relation to appointments to the Board, Board succession and ensuring that the Board has an appropriate balance of skills, knowledge, experience, independence and diversity. The Nomination Committee Charter forms part of the Company's Corporate Governance Plan and is available on the Company's website: https://plcresources.au/corporate-governance/
Recommendation 2.2 A listed entity should have and disclose a Board skills matrix setting out the mix of skills that the Board currently has or is looking to achieve in its membership.	Not Adopted The Board has not yet completed a formal assessment of the skills and experience of each Director against the Board Skills Matrix. The Company intends to complete this assessment and periodically review the Board Skills Matrix as the Company's activities develop. Biographical information on each Director is contained in the Company's Annual Report and on the Company's website: https://plcresources.au/reports/

Recommendation 2.3 A listed entity should disclose: (a) the names of the Directors considered by the Board to be independent Directors; (b) if a Director has an interest, position or relationship of the type described in Box 2.3 of the ASX Corporate Governance Principles and Recommendations (4th Edition), but the Board is of the opinion that it does not compromise the independence of the Director, the nature of the interest, position or relationship in question and an explanation of why the Board is of that opinion; and (c) the length of service of each Director	Adopted (a) The Board considers Jason Froud to be independent. (b) Where a Director has an interest, position or relationship of the type described in Box 2.3 of the ASX Corporate Governance Principles and Recommendations (4th Edition), but the Board considers that the Director nevertheless remains independent, the Company will disclose the nature of that interest, position or relationship and explain the basis for the Board's assessment (c) The current directors of PLC Resources Ltd and their length of service are as follows; Simon Phillips, Executive Director appointed 7 November 2025 (10 months) Dale Hanna, Non-Executive Director appointed 7 November 2025 (10 months) Jason Froud, Non-Executive Director appointed 1 June 2024 (2yrs, 3 months)
Recommendation 2.4 A majority of the Board of a listed entity should be independent Directors.	Not Adopted The Company's Board Charter provides that, where practical, the majority of the Board should be independent. The Board currently comprises three directors, one of whom is considered to be independent. As such, independent directors currently do not comprise the majority of the Board. The Board does not currently consider an independent majority of the Board to be appropriate given the speculative nature of the Company's business, and its limited scale of activities, means the Company only needs, and can only commercially sustain, a small Board of three (3) Directors and no senior executives other than the Executive Director.
Recommendation 2.5 The Chair of the Board of a listed entity should be an independent Director and, in particular, should not be the same person as the CEO of the entity.	Not Adopted The Company does not have an appointed Chair of the Board. Non-Executive Director, Dale Hanna, assumes the role of Chair at Company board meetings. Dale Hanna is not considered an independent director. Having regard to the current size and composition of the Board, the nature and scale of the Company's activities and the experience of the existing Directors, the Board considers the present leadership structure to be appropriate for the Company at this stage. The Board will continue to review its composition and leadership structure as circumstances and activities develop.
Recommendation 2.6 A listed entity should have a program for inducting new Directors and for periodically reviewing whether there is a need for existing directors to undertake professional development to maintain the skills and knowledge needed to perform their role as Directors effectively.	Adopted In accordance with the Company's Board Charter, the Nominations Committee (or, in its absence, the Board) is responsible for approving and periodically reviewing induction and continuing professional development programs and procedures for Directors to ensure that are able to effectively discharge their responsibilities. The Company Secretary facilitates the induction of new Directors and assists with the continuing professional development of existing Directors, including arranging briefings in relation to material developments in laws, regulations and other applicable laws relevant to the Company.

Principle 3: Instill a culture of acting lawfully, ethically and responsibly	
Recommendation	PLC Resources Limited Current Practice
Recommendation 3.1 A listed entity should articulate and disclose its values.	Adopted The Company and its subsidiary companies (if any) are committed to conducting all of its business activities fairly, honestly with a high level of integrity, and in compliance with all applicable laws, rules and regulations. The Board, management and employees are dedicated to high ethical standards and recognise and support the Company's commitment to compliance with these standards. The Company's values are set out in its Code of Conduct (which forms part of the Corporate Governance Plan) and are available on the Company's website: https://plcresources.au/corporate-governance/ All employees are given appropriate training on the Company's values and senior executives will continually reference such values.
Recommendation 3.2 A listed entity should: (a) have and disclose a code of conduct for its Directors, senior executives and employees; and (b) ensure that the Board or a committee of the Board is informed of any material breaches of that code.	Adopted The Corporate Code of Conduct, which is part of the Company's Corporate Governance Plan, is available on the Company's website: https://plcresources.au/corporate-governance/ The Board is informed of any material breaches under the policy.
Recommendation 3.3 A listed entity should: (a) have and disclose a whistleblower policy; and (a) ensure that the Board or a committee of the Board is informed of any material incidents reported under that policy.	Adopted The Whistleblower Protection Policy which is part of the Company's Corporate Governance Plan, is available on the Company's website: https://plcresources.au/corporate-governance/ The Board is informed of any material breaches under the policy.
Recommendation 3.4 A listed entity should: (a) have and disclose an anti-bribery and corruption policy; and (b) ensure that the Board or committee of the Board is informed of any material breaches of that policy.	Adopted. The Anti-bribery and Anti-corruption Policy, which is part of the Company's Corporate Governance Plan, is available on the Company's website: https://plcresources.au/corporate-governance/ The Board is informed of any material breaches under the policy.
Principle 4: Safeguard the integrity of corporate reports	
Recommendation	PLC Resources Limited Current Practice
Recommendation 4.1 The Board of a listed entity should: (a) have an audit committee which: 1) has at least three members, all of whom are non-executive Directors and a majority of whom are independent Directors; and 2) is chaired by an independent Director, who is not the Chair of the Board,	Partially Adopted The Board has not established a separate audit committee due to the current size of the Board. The Board therefore carries out the process of an audit committee to independently verify and safeguard the integrity of its corporate reporting, including the processes for the appointment and removal of the external auditor and the rotation of the audit engagement partner. The Company has an Audit and Risk Committee Charter that provides for the creation of an Audit and Risk Committee with at least three members, all to be non-executive Directors, and majority be independent Directors. A copy of this charter, which is part of the Company's Corporate Governance Plan, and is available on the Company's website: https://plcresources.au/corporate-governance/

and disclose: 3) the charter of the committee; 4) the relevant qualifications and experience of the members of the committee; and 5) in relation to each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or (b) if it does not have an audit committee, disclose that fact and the processes it employs that independently verify and safeguard the integrity of its corporate reporting, including the processes for the appointment and removal of the external auditor and the rotation of the audit engagement partner.	
Recommendation 4.2 The Board of a listed entity should, before it approves the entity's financial statements for a financial period, receive from its CEO and CFO a declaration that the financial records of the entity have been properly maintained and that the financial statements comply with the appropriate accounting standards and give a true and fair view of the financial position and performance of the entity and that the opinion has been formed on the basis of a sound system of risk management and internal control which is operating effectively.	Adopted The Company's Audit and Risk Committee Charter requires the CEO and CFO (or, if none, the person(s) fulfilling those functions) to provide a sign off on these terms. The Company has obtained the sign-offs from the CEO and CFO for the latest reporting period in accordance with section 295A of the Corporations Act.
Recommendation 4.3 A listed entity should disclose its process to verify the integrity of any periodic corporate report it releases to the market that is not audited or reviewed by an external auditor.	Adopted All periodic corporate reports released to the ASX, including Quarterly Reports, are reviewed and approved by the Executive Director, CFO and Company Secretary, and finally reviewed and authorised for release to the market by the Board. In addition, reports such as the Half Year and Annual financial reports (and certain performance reports) are audited by the Company's external auditors in accordance with relevant regulations and good governance. Pursuant to the Board Charter, all Directors have the ability to seek external advice on the content of periodic corporate reports if considered necessary.
Principle 5: Make timely and balanced disclosure	
Recommendation	PLC Resources Limited Current Practice
Recommendation 5.1 A listed entity should have and disclose a written policy for complying with its continuous disclosure obligations under listing rule 3.1.	Adopted The Company has a Continuous Disclosure Policy, which is part of the Company's Corporate Governance Plan, and is available on the Company's website: https://plcresources.au/corporate-governance

Recommendation 5.2 A listed entity should ensure that its board receives copies of all material market announcements promptly after they have been made.	Adopted Under the Company's Continuous Disclosure Policy, which is part of the Company's Corporate Governance Plan, members of the Board will receive material market announcements promptly after they have been made.
Recommendation 5.3 A listed entity that gives a new and substantive investor or analyst presentation should release a copy of the presentation materials on the ASX Market Announcements Platform ahead of the presentation.	Adopted All substantive investor or analyst presentations is intended to be released on the ASX Markets Announcement Platform ahead of such presentations.
Principle 6: Respect the rights of security holders	
Recommendation	PLC Resources Limited Current Practice
Recommendation 6.1 A listed entity should provide information about itself and its governance to investors via its website.	Adopted Information about the Company and its governance is available in the Corporate Governance Plan which can be found on the Company's website: https://plcresources.au/corporate-governance/
Recommendation 6.2 A listed entity should have an investor relations program that facilitates effective two-way communication with investors.	Adopted The Company has a Continuous Disclosure Policy that outlines the processes followed by the Company to ensure communication with shareholders and the investment community is effective, consistent and adheres to the principles of continuous disclosure. The Continuous Disclosure Policy, which is part of the Company's Corporate Governance Plan, is available on the Company's website: https://plcresources.au/corporate-governance/
Recommendation 6.3 A listed entity should disclose how it facilitates and encourages participation at meetings of security holders.	Adopted The Company encourages participation at General Meetings upon the dispatch of its Notice of Meeting and advises security holders that they may submit questions they would like to be asked at the meeting to the Board and to the Company's auditors.
Recommendation 6.4 A listed entity should ensure that all substantive resolutions at a meeting of security holders are decided by a poll rather than by a show of hands.	Adopted All substantive resolutions at securityholder meetings will be decided by a poll rather than a show of hands.
Recommendation 6.5 A listed entity should give security holders the option to receive communications from, and send communications to, the entity and its security registry electronically.	Adopted The Shareholder Communication Strategy provides that security holders can register with the Company to receive email notifications when an announcement is made by the Company to the ASX, including the release of the Annual Report, half yearly reports and quarterly reports. Links are made available to the Company's website on which all information provided to the ASX is immediately posted.

Principle 7: Recognise and manage risk	
Recommendation	PLC Resources Limited Current Practice
Recommendation 7.1 The Board of a listed entity should: (a) have a committee or committees to oversee risk, each of which: 1) has at least three members, a majority of whom are independent Directors; and 2) is chaired by an independent Director, and disclose: 3) the charter of the committee; 4) the members of the committee; and 5) as at the end of each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or (b) if it does not have a risk committee or committees that satisfy (a) above, disclose that fact and the process it employs for overseeing the entity's risk management framework.	Partially Adopted The Board has not established a separate audit committee due to the current size of the Board. The Board therefore carries out the process of an audit committee to independently verify and safeguard the integrity of its corporate reporting, including the processes for the appointment and removal of the external auditor and the rotation of the audit engagement partner. The Company has an Audit and Risk Committee Charter that provides for the creation of an Audit and Risk Committee with at least three members, all to be non-executive Directors, and majority be independent Directors. A copy of this charter, which is part of the Company's Corporate Governance Plan, and is available on the Company's website: https://plcresources.au/corporate-governance/
Recommendation 7.2 The Board or a committee of the Board should: (a) review the entity's risk management framework at least annually to satisfy itself that it continues to be sound and that the entity is operating with due regard to the risk appetite set by the Board; and (b) disclose in relation to each reporting period, whether such a review has taken place.	Adopted The Board has completed a structured review of the Company's risk management framework and key corporate risk in accordance with the Audit and Risk Committee Charter. The Board addresses individual risks as required on an ongoing basis and reviews the risk management framework annually.
Recommendation 7.3 A listed entity should disclose: (a) if it has an internal audit function, how the function is structured and what role it performs; or (b) if it does not have an internal audit function, that fact and the processes it employs for evaluating and continually improving the effectiveness of its governance, risk management and internal control processes.	Adopted The Audit and Risk Committee Charter provides for the Audit and Risk Committee (or, in its absence, the Board) to monitor and periodically review the need for an internal audit function, as well as assessing the performance and objectivity of any internal audit procedures that may be in place. The Company will not have an internal audit function until the Company's operations are of a sufficient number and magnitude to be of benefit to the Company. In the meantime, senior management with the involvement and oversight of the full Board will carry out the duties that would be ordinarily assigned to that function.

Recommendation 7.4 A listed entity should disclose whether it has any material exposure to environmental or social risks and, if it does, how it manages or intends to manage those risks.	Adopted The Audit and Risk Committee (or, in its absence, the Board) assists management to determine whether the Company has any potential or apparent exposure to environmental or social risks and, if it does, put in place management systems, practices and procedures to manage those risks. The Company's Corporate Governance Plan requires the Company to disclose whether it has any potential or apparent exposure to environmental or social risks and, if it does, put in place management systems, practices and procedures to manage those risks. The Company's risks are set out in the Directors Report section of the Annual Report. The Company has some exposure to these risks through its exploration activities, and will regularly monitor the materiality of these risks, particularly if there are changes to the scale and nature of its activities. The Environmental, Social and Governance Committee Charter, which is part of the Company's Corporate Governance Plan, is available on the Company's website: https://plcresources.au/corporate-governance
Principle 8: Remunerate fairly and responsibly	
Recommendation	PLC Resources Limited Current Practice
Recommendation 8.1 The Board of a listed entity should: (a) have a remuneration committee which: 1) has at least three members, a majority of whom are independent Directors; and 2) is chaired by an independent Director, and disclose: 3) the charter of the committee; 4) the members of the committee; and 5) as at the end of each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or (b) if it does not have a remuneration committee, disclose that fact and the processes it employs for setting the level and composition of remuneration for Directors and senior executives and ensuring that such remuneration is appropriate and not excessive.	Partially Adopted The Company's Remuneration Committee Charter provides for the creation of a Remuneration Committee (if it is considered it will benefit the Company), with at least three members, a majority of independent Directors, and be chaired by an independent Director. The members of the Remuneration Committee, the number of times the committee meets during each financial year, and the individual attendances of the members, will be disclosed in the Annual Reports. The Company does not have a Remuneration Committee as the Board is of the view that the Company is not currently of the size to justify the formation of a separate remuneration committee. In accordance with the Company's Board Charter, the Board carries out the duties that would ordinarily be carried out by the Remuneration Committee under the Remuneration Committee Charter. The Board devotes time at the annual Board meeting to assess the level and composition of remuneration for Directors and senior executives.
Recommendation 8.2 A listed entity should separately disclose its policies and practices regarding the remuneration of non-executive Directors and the remuneration of executive Directors and other senior executives.	Adopted This information is contained within the Remuneration Report of the Annual Report. Setting remuneration for executives is set out in the Remuneration Committee Charter, which is part of the Company's Corporate Governance Plan, is available on the Company's website: https://plcresources.au/corporate-governance

Recommendation 8.3 A listed entity which has an equity-based remuneration scheme should: (a) have a policy on whether participants are permitted to enter into transactions (whether through the use of derivatives or otherwise) which limit the economic risk of participating in the scheme; and (b) disclose that policy or a summary of it.	Adopted The Company has an equity - based remuneration scheme comprising an Employee Incentive Securities Plan. The Trading policy, which is part of the Company's Corporate Governance Plan, is available on the Company's website: https://plcresources.au/corporate-governance
Principle 9: Additional recommendations that apply only in certain cases	
Recommendation	PLC Resources Limited Current Practice
Recommendation 9.1 A listed entity with a director who does not speak the language in which board or security holder meetings are held or key corporate documents are written should disclose the processes it has in place to ensure the director understands and can contribute to the discussions at those meetings and understands and can discharge their obligations in relation to those documents.	Not Applicable As set out in the Company's Board Charter (which forms part of the Corporate Governance Plan), should the Company have a non-English speaking Director, the Company will translate all key corporate documents into their respective language(s) for the benefit of the Director. In addition, a translator would be present for all Board and Shareholder meetings.
Recommendation 9.2 A listed entity established outside Australia should ensure that meetings of security holders are held at a reasonable place and time.	Not Applicable Not applicable however, it is noted that all Shareholder meetings will be held at a reasonable place and time for shareholders.
Recommendation 9.3 A listed entity established outside Australia, and an externally managed listed entity that has an AGM, should ensure that its external auditor attends its AGM and is available to answer questions from security holders relevant to the audit.	Not Applicable Not applicable however, it is noted that the Auditor will attend the Company's Annual General Meeting and will be available to answer questions from Shareholders in respect of the Company's audit.

Appendix 4G

Key to Disclosures

Corporate Governance Council Principles and Recommendations

Name of entity

PLC RESOURCES LTD

ABN/ARBN

16 637 198 531

Financial year ended:

30 JUNE 2026

Our corporate governance statement¹ for the period above can be found at:²

- ☐ These pages of our annual report:
- ☒ This URL on our website: <https://plcresources.au/corporate-governance/>

The Corporate Governance Statement is accurate and up to date as at 29 September 2026 and has been approved by the board.

The annexure includes a key to where our corporate governance disclosures can be located.³

Date: 29 September 2026

Name of authorised officer authorising lodgement: Simon Acomb (Company Secretary)

¹ "Corporate governance statement" is defined in Listing Rule 19.12 to mean the statement referred to in Listing Rule 4.10.3 which discloses the extent to which an entity has followed the recommendations set by the ASX Corporate Governance Council during a particular reporting period.

Listing Rule 4.10.3 requires an entity that is included in the official list as an ASX Listing to include in its annual report either a corporate governance statement that meets the requirements of that rule or the URL of the page on its website where such a statement is located. The corporate governance statement must disclose the extent to which the entity has followed the recommendations set by the ASX Corporate Governance Council during the reporting period. If the entity has not followed a recommendation for any part of the reporting period, its corporate governance statement must separately identify that recommendation and the period during which it was not followed and state its reasons for not following the recommendation and what (if any) alternative governance practices it adopted in lieu of the recommendation during that period.

Under Listing Rule 4.7.4, if an entity chooses to include its corporate governance statement on its website rather than in its annual report, it must lodge a copy of the corporate governance statement with ASX at the same time as it lodges its annual report with ASX. The corporate governance statement must be current as at the effective date specified in that statement for the purposes of Listing Rule 4.10.3.

Under Listing Rule 4.7.3, an entity must also lodge with ASX a completed Appendix 4G at the same time as it lodges its annual report with ASX. The Appendix 4G serves a dual purpose. It acts as a key designed to assist readers to locate the governance disclosures made by a listed entity under Listing Rule 4.10.3 and under the ASX Corporate Governance Council's recommendations. It also acts as a verification tool for listed entities to confirm that they have met the disclosure requirements of Listing Rule 4.10.3.

The Appendix 4G is not a substitute for, and is not to be confused with, the entity's corporate governance statement. They serve different purposes and an entity must produce each of them separately.

² Tick whichever option is correct and then complete the page number(s) of the annual report, or the URL of the web page, where your corporate governance statement can be found. You can, if you wish, delete the option which is not applicable.

³ Throughout this form, where you are given two or more options to select, you can, if you wish, delete any option which is not applicable and just retain the option that is applicable. If you select an option that includes "OR" at the end of the selection and you delete the other options, you can also, if you wish, delete the "OR" at the end of the selection.

See notes 4 and 5 below for further instructions on how to complete this form.

ANNEXURE – KEY TO CORPORATE GOVERNANCE DISCLOSURES

Corporate Governance Council recommendation		Where a box below is ticked, ⁴ we have followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed this in our Corporate Governance Statement:	Where a box below is ticked, we have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. Our reasons for not doing so are: ⁵
PRINCIPLE 1 – LAY SOLID FOUNDATIONS FOR MANAGEMENT AND OVERSIGHT			
1.1	A listed entity should have and disclose a board charter setting out: (a) the respective roles and responsibilities of its board and management; and (b) those matters expressly reserved to the board and those delegated to management.	☒ and we have disclosed a copy of our board charter at: https://plcresources.au/corporate-governance/	☐ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement OR ☐ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable
1.2	A listed entity should: (a) undertake appropriate checks before appointing a director or senior executive or putting someone forward for election as a director; and (b) provide security holders with all material information in its possession relevant to a decision on whether or not to elect or re-elect a director.	☒	☐ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement OR ☐ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable
1.3	A listed entity should have a written agreement with each director and senior executive setting out the terms of their appointment.	☒	☐ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement OR ☐ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable
1.4	The company secretary of a listed entity should be accountable directly to the board, through the chair, on all matters to do with the proper functioning of the board.	☒	☐ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement OR ☐ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable

⁴ Tick the box in this column only if you have followed the relevant recommendation **in full** for the **whole** of the period above. Where the recommendation has a disclosure obligation attached, you must insert the location where that disclosure has been made, where indicated by the line with "*insert location*" underneath. If the disclosure in question has been made in your corporate governance statement, you need only insert "our corporate governance statement". If the disclosure has been made in your annual report, you should insert the page number(s) of your annual report (eg "pages 10-12 of our annual report"). If the disclosure has been made on your website, you should insert the URL of the web page where the disclosure has been made or can be accessed (eg "www.entityname.com.au/corporate-governance/charters/").

⁵ If you have followed all of the Council's recommendations **in full** for the **whole** of the period above, you can, if you wish, delete this column from the form and re-format it.

Key to Disclosures Corporate Governance Council Principles and Recommendations

Corporate Governance Council recommendation		Where a box below is ticked, ⁴ we have followed the recommendation <u>in full</u> for the <u>whole</u> of the period above. We have disclosed this in our Corporate Governance Statement:	Where a box below is ticked, we have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. Our reasons for not doing so are: ⁵
1.5	A listed entity should: (a) have and disclose a diversity policy; (b) through its board or a committee of the board set measurable objectives for achieving gender diversity in the composition of its board, senior executives and workforce generally; and (c) disclose in relation to each reporting period: (1) the measurable objectives set for that period to achieve gender diversity; (2) the entity's progress towards achieving those objectives; and (3) either: (A) the respective proportions of men and women on the board, in senior executive positions and across the whole workforce (including how the entity has defined "senior executive" for these purposes); or (B) if the entity is a "relevant employer" under the Workplace Gender Equality Act, the entity's most recent "Gender Equality Indicators", as defined in and published under that Act. If the entity was in the S&P / ASX 300 Index at the commencement of the reporting period, the measurable objective for achieving gender diversity in the composition of its board should be to have not less than 30% of its directors of each gender within a specified period.	☐	☒ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement OR ☐ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable
1.6	A listed entity should: (a) have and disclose a process for periodically evaluating the performance of the board, its committees and individual directors; and (b) disclose for each reporting period whether a performance evaluation has been undertaken in accordance with that process during or in respect of that period.	☐	☒ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement OR ☐ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable

Key to Disclosures Corporate Governance Council Principles and Recommendations

Corporate Governance Council recommendation		Where a box below is ticked, ⁴ we have followed the recommendation <u>in full</u> for the <u>whole</u> of the period above. We have disclosed this in our Corporate Governance Statement:	Where a box below is ticked, we have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. Our reasons for not doing so are: ⁵
1.7	A listed entity should: (a) have and disclose a process for evaluating the performance of its senior executives at least once every reporting period; and (b) disclose for each reporting period whether a performance evaluation has been undertaken in accordance with that process during or in respect of that period.	☐	☒ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement OR ☐ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable

Key to Disclosures Corporate Governance Council Principles and Recommendations

Corporate Governance Council recommendation		Where a box below is ticked, ⁴ we have followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed this in our Corporate Governance Statement:	Where a box below is ticked, we have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. Our reasons for not doing so are: ⁵
PRINCIPLE 2 - STRUCTURE THE BOARD TO BE EFFECTIVE AND ADD VALUE			
2.1	The board of a listed entity should: (a) have a nomination committee which: (1) has at least three members, a majority of whom are independent directors; and (2) is chaired by an independent director, and disclose: (3) the charter of the committee; (4) the members of the committee; and (5) as at the end of each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or (b) if it does not have a nomination committee, disclose that fact and the processes it employs to address board succession issues and to ensure that the board has the appropriate balance of skills, knowledge, experience, independence and diversity to enable it to discharge its duties and responsibilities effectively.	☒ and we have disclosed a copy of the charter of the committee at: https://plcresources.au/corporate-governance/ and the information referred to in paragraphs (4) and (5) in the Corporate Governance Statement and we have disclosed the fact that we do not have a nomination committee and the processes we employ to address board succession issues and to ensure that the board has the appropriate balance of skills, knowledge, experience, independence and diversity to enable it to discharge its duties and responsibilities effectively at: https://plcresources.au/corporate-governance/	☐ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement OR ☐ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable
2.2	A listed entity should have and disclose a board skills matrix setting out the mix of skills that the board currently has or is looking to achieve in its membership.	☐ and we have disclosed our board skills matrix at: [insert location]	☒ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement OR ☐ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable

Key to Disclosures Corporate Governance Council Principles and Recommendations

Corporate Governance Council recommendation		Where a box below is ticked, ⁴ we have followed the recommendation <u>in full</u> for the <u>whole</u> of the period above. We have disclosed this in our Corporate Governance Statement:	Where a box below is ticked, we have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. Our reasons for not doing so are: ⁵
2.3	A listed entity should disclose: (a) the names of the directors considered by the board to be independent directors; (b) if a director has an interest, position, affiliation or relationship of the type described in Box 2.3 but the board is of the opinion that it does not compromise the independence of the director, the nature of the interest, position or relationship in question and an explanation of why the board is of that opinion; and (c) the length of service of each director.	☒ and we have disclosed the names of the directors considered by the board to be independent directors in the Corporate Governance Statement located: https://plcresources.au/corporate-governance/ and, where applicable, the information referred to in paragraph (b) in the Corporate Governance Statement located: https://plcresources.au/corporate-governance/ and the length of service of each director in the Corporate Governance Statement located https://plcresources.au/corporate-governance/	☐ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement
2.4	A majority of the board of a listed entity should be independent directors.	☐	☒ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement OR ☐ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable
2.5	The chair of the board of a listed entity should be an independent director and, in particular, should not be the same person as the CEO of the entity.	☐	☒ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement OR ☐ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable

2.6	A listed entity should have a program for inducting new directors and for periodically reviewing whether there is a need for existing directors to undertake professional development to maintain the skills and knowledge needed to perform their role as directors effectively.	☒	☐ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement OR ☐ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable
PRINCIPLE 3 – INSTIL A CULTURE OF ACTING LAWFULLY, ETHICALLY AND RESPONSIBLY			
3.1	A listed entity should articulate and disclose its values.	☒ and we have disclosed our values in: https://plcresources.au/corporate-governance/	☐ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement
3.2	A listed entity should: (a) have and disclose a code of conduct for its directors, senior executives and employees; and (b) ensure that the board or a committee of the board is informed of any material breaches of that code.	☒ and we have disclosed our code of conduct at: https://plcresources.au/corporate-governance/	☐ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement
3.3	A listed entity should: (a) have and disclose a whistleblower policy; and (b) ensure that the board or a committee of the board is informed of any material incidents reported under that policy.	☒ and we have disclosed our whistleblower policy at: https://plcresources.au/corporate-governance/	☐ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement
3.4	A listed entity should: (a) have and disclose an anti-bribery and corruption policy; and (b) ensure that the board or committee of the board is informed of any material breaches of that policy.	☒ and we have disclosed our anti-bribery and corruption policy at: https://plcresources.au/corporate-governance/	☐ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement

PRINCIPLE 4 – SAFEGUARD THE INTEGRITY OF CORPORATE REPORTS			
4.1	The board of a listed entity should: (a) have an audit committee which: (1) has at least three members, all of whom are non-executive directors and a majority of whom are independent directors; and (2) is chaired by an independent director, who is not the chair of the board, and disclose: (3) the charter of the committee; (4) the relevant qualifications and experience of the members of the committee; and (5) in relation to each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or (b) if it does not have an audit committee, disclose that fact and the processes it employs that independently verify and safeguard the integrity of its corporate reporting, including the processes for the appointment and removal of the external auditor and the rotation of the audit engagement partner.	☐ <i>[If the entity complies with paragraph (a):]</i> and we have disclosed a copy of the charter of the committee at: <i>[insert location]</i> and the information referred to in paragraphs (4) and (5) at: <i>[insert location]</i> <i>[If the entity complies with paragraph (b):]</i> and we have disclosed the fact that we do not have an audit committee and the processes we employ that independently verify and safeguard the integrity of our corporate reporting, including the processes for the appointment and removal of the external auditor and the rotation of the audit engagement partner at: <i>[insert location]</i>	☒ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement
4.2	The board of a listed entity should, before it approves the entity's financial statements for a financial period, receive from its CEO and CFO a declaration that, in their opinion, the financial records of the entity have been properly maintained and that the financial statements comply with the appropriate accounting standards and give a true and fair view of the financial position and performance of the entity and that the opinion has been formed on the basis of a sound system of risk management and internal control which is operating effectively.	☒	☐ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement
4.3	A listed entity should disclose its process to verify the integrity of any periodic corporate report it releases to the market that is not audited or reviewed by an external auditor.	☒	☐ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement
PRINCIPLE 5 – MAKE TIMELY AND BALANCED DISCLOSURE			
5.1	A listed entity should have and disclose a written policy for complying with its continuous disclosure obligations under listing rule 3.1.	☒ and we have disclosed our continuous disclosure compliance policy at: https://plcresources.au/corporate-governance/	☐ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement

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5.2	A listed entity should ensure that its board receives copies of all material market announcements promptly after they have been made.	☒	☐ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement
5.3	A listed entity that gives a new and substantive investor or analyst presentation should release a copy of the presentation materials on the ASX Market Announcements Platform ahead of the presentation.	☒	☐ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement
PRINCIPLE 6 – RESPECT THE RIGHTS OF SECURITY HOLDERS			
6.1	A listed entity should provide information about itself and its governance to investors via its website.	☒ and we have disclosed information about us and our governance on our website at: https://plcresources.au/corporate-governance/	☐ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement
6.2	A listed entity should have an investor relations program that facilitates effective two-way communication with investors.	☒	☐ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement
6.3	A listed entity should disclose how it facilitates and encourages participation at meetings of security holders.	☒ and we have disclosed how we facilitate and encourage participation at meetings of security holders at: https://plcresources.au/corporate-governance/	☐ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement
6.4	A listed entity should ensure that all substantive resolutions at a meeting of security holders are decided by a poll rather than by a show of hands.	☒	☐ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement
6.5	A listed entity should give security holders the option to receive communications from, and send communications to, the entity and its security registry electronically.	☒	☐ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement

PRINCIPLE 7 – RECOGNISE AND MANAGE RISK			
7.1	The board of a listed entity should: (a) have a committee or committees to oversee risk, each of which: (1) has at least three members, a majority of whom are independent directors; and (2) is chaired by an independent director, and disclose: (3) the charter of the committee; (4) the members of the committee; and (5) as at the end of each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or (b) if it does not have a risk committee or committees that satisfy (a) above, disclose that fact and the processes it employs for overseeing the entity's risk management framework.	☐ <i>[If the entity complies with paragraph (a):]</i> and we have disclosed a copy of the charter of the committee at: <i>[insert location]</i> and the information referred to in paragraphs (4) and (5) at: <i>[insert location]</i> <i>[If the entity complies with paragraph (b):]</i> and we have disclosed the fact that we do not have a risk committee or committees that satisfy (a) and the processes we employ for overseeing our risk management framework at: <i>[insert location]</i>	☒ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement
7.2	The board or a committee of the board should: (a) review the entity's risk management framework at least annually to satisfy itself that it continues to be sound and that the entity is operating with due regard to the risk appetite set by the board; and (b) disclose, in relation to each reporting period, whether such a review has taken place.	☒ and we have disclosed whether a review of the entity's risk management framework was undertaken during the reporting period at: https://plcresources.au/corporate-governance/	☐ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement
7.3	A listed entity should disclose: (a) if it has an internal audit function, how the function is structured and what role it performs; or (b) if it does not have an internal audit function, that fact and the processes it employs for evaluating and continually improving the effectiveness of its governance, risk management and internal control processes.	☒ and we have disclosed the fact that we do not have an internal audit function and the processes we employ for evaluating and continually improving the effectiveness of our risk management and internal control processes at: https://plcresources.au/corporate-governance/	☐ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement

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7.4	A listed entity should disclose whether it has any material exposure to environmental or social risks and, if it does, how it manages or intends to manage those risks.	☒ and we have disclosed whether we have any material exposure to environmental and social risks at: https://plcresources.au/corporate-governance/ and, if we do, how we manage or intend to manage those risks at: https://plcresources.au/corporate-governance/	☐ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement
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PRINCIPLE 8 – REMUNERATE FAIRLY AND RESPONSIBLY			
8.1	The board of a listed entity should: (a) have a remuneration committee which: (1) has at least three members, a majority of whom are independent directors; and (2) is chaired by an independent director, and disclose: (3) the charter of the committee; (4) the members of the committee; and (5) as at the end of each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or (b) if it does not have a remuneration committee, disclose that fact and the processes it employs for setting the level and composition of remuneration for directors and senior executives and ensuring that such remuneration is appropriate and not excessive.	☐	☒ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement OR ☐ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable
8.2	A listed entity should separately disclose its policies and practices regarding the remuneration of non-executive directors and the remuneration of executive directors and other senior executives.	☒ and we have disclosed separately our remuneration policies and practices regarding the remuneration of non-executive directors and the remuneration of executive directors and other senior executives at: https://plcresources.au/corporate-governance/	☐ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement OR ☐ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable
8.3	A listed entity which has an equity-based remuneration scheme should: (a) have a policy on whether participants are permitted to enter into transactions (whether through the use of derivatives or otherwise) which limit the economic risk of participating in the scheme; and (b) disclose that policy or a summary of it.	☒ and we have disclosed our policy on this issue or a summary of it at: https://plcresources.au/corporate-governance/	☐ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement OR ☐ we do not have an equity-based remuneration scheme and this recommendation is therefore not applicable OR ☐ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable

ADDITIONAL RECOMMENDATIONS THAT APPLY ONLY IN CERTAIN CASES			
9.1	A listed entity with a director who does not speak the language in which board or security holder meetings are held or key corporate documents are written should disclose the processes it has in place to ensure the director understands and can contribute to the discussions at those meetings and understands and can discharge their obligations in relation to those documents.	☐ and we have disclosed information about the processes in place at: <i>[insert location]</i>	☒ we do not have a director in this position and this recommendation is therefore not applicable OR
9.2	A listed entity established outside Australia should ensure that meetings of security holders are held at a reasonable place and time.	☐	☒ we are established in Australia and this recommendation is therefore not applicable OR
9.3	A listed entity established outside Australia, and an externally managed listed entity that has an AGM, should ensure that its external auditor attends its AGM and is available to answer questions from security holders relevant to the audit.	☐	☒ we are established in Australia and not an externally managed listed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable