



TRUSCOTT
MINING CORPORATION LIMITED

ABN: 31 116 420 378

ANNUAL REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED

30 JUNE 2026

CORPORATE DIRECTORY

Directors

PN Smith *Executive Chairman & Managing Director*
MJ Povey *Executive Director & Company Secretary*
EE Smith *Non-Executive Technical Director*
RT Girdwood *Executive Director*

Company Secretary

MJ Povey

Share Registry

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Telephone: +61 (02) 9698 5414

Auditor

Horizon Nexus (WA) Audit Pty Ltd
(formally Nexia Perth Audit Services Pty Ltd)
Level 4, 88 William Street
Perth WA 6000

AGM

The Company's 2026 AGM is to be held on the 30th November 2026.

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Stock Exchange Listing

Australian Securities Exchange

ASX Code - TRM

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The 2025–2026 financial year marked a change in nature and the level of Truscott Mining Corporation Ltd's activities. The improved gold market conditions and the maturity of the Company's research and development programme facilitating and driving that change.

In line with planned increases in activity levels the Company strengthened its Board and management during the year. Ms Rebecca Girdwood was appointed Director on 27 March 2026, bringing experience in First Nations governance, native title, land access, cultural heritage, and stakeholder engagement; following the end of the financial year she was appointed Executive Director — Corporate Affairs.

To ensure that the company has the overall expertise required to move to the next stage in its development an additional executive appointment with a complementary set of skills in finance, accounting, ASX reporting, investor communications, and project management expertise was made in the new financial year. Ms Stephanie Hillbeck, with specific experience in the mining sector, was appointed as Chief Financial Officer and Company Secretary, following the end of the financial year on 2 September 2026.

Increases in professional inputs have resulted in ongoing corporate governance review and updates, with revised policies published on the Company website, and a new website and social media presence launched to improve the accessibility of shareholder communications.

In addition to ongoing research and development activity across the wider Westminster Project, prerequisite work programmes to support development initiatives were undertaken. In house, work required to bring the Orebody One resource estimate up to current reporting standards was progressed. Rose Mining Geology has been appointed to audit the company's current geological database and ensure all incoming data is recorded in accordance with the JORC Code (2012) standards.

The Company continues to collaborate with all local stakeholders and maintain an interface with lawyers Ward Kellor to support progress on the conversion of the Mineral Authorities, adjacent to the existing mining lease, to an additional mining lease.

Application of the company's research and development initiatives continues over the outlying Barkly and North Tennant Projects, both projects located within 40 km of the Tennant Creek township.

At Barkly, the integration of airborne geophysics, surface geochemistry, and structural interpretation has defined three regional targets for ongoing work. Further, on ground recognisance and rock chip sampling is planned in the forward work program as a precursor to commencing acquisition of ground-based gravity surveys.

At North Tennant, structural modelling defined a North Tennant Domain of the TCMF interpreted to be analogous to the central part of the field that hosts Westminster, and two priority areas were identified for maiden mapping and rock chip sampling.

The near-term vision for the Company encompasses advancing the lead Westminster Project whilst looking to future business expansion options by exploring the outlying Barkly and North Tennant Project areas.

The Directors have continued to support the Company by constraining their time charges, advancing loan funds and, subject to annual general meeting approval, accepting full payment for Directors' fees by the issue of Performance Rights that convert to shares on reaching a set Milestone within a fixed period.



Peter N Smith
Executive Chairman 29 September 2026

Portfolio Overview

Ownership. Truscott Mining Corporation Limited (ASX: TRM) (Truscott or Company) is an active gold and critical minerals exploration and development company with a project portfolio in the Tennant Creek Mineral Field (TCMF), Northern Territory. The Company holds a 100% interest in each of the Westminster Project (Mining Lease MLC511 and Mineral Authorities MA25952, MA26500, and MA26588), the Barkly Project (Exploration Licence 31579), and the North Tennant Project (Exploration Licence 32111).

Location. All three projects lie within 40 km (Figure 1) of the Tennant Creek township, in a mineral field that has produced more than five million ounces of gold historically and are accessible from sealed roads. The Westminster Project is adjacent to the regional airstrip, hospital, and other infrastructure, and the north-south railway corridor passes alongside the Westminster Project area and through the North Tennant tenement.

Research. During the year the Company increased activity across the TCMF portfolio and established new systems to support business growth. Across the greenfield projects, priority target areas were defined by integrating conventional targeting methods with the structural-mathematical modelling developed through the Company's research and development (R&D) programme.

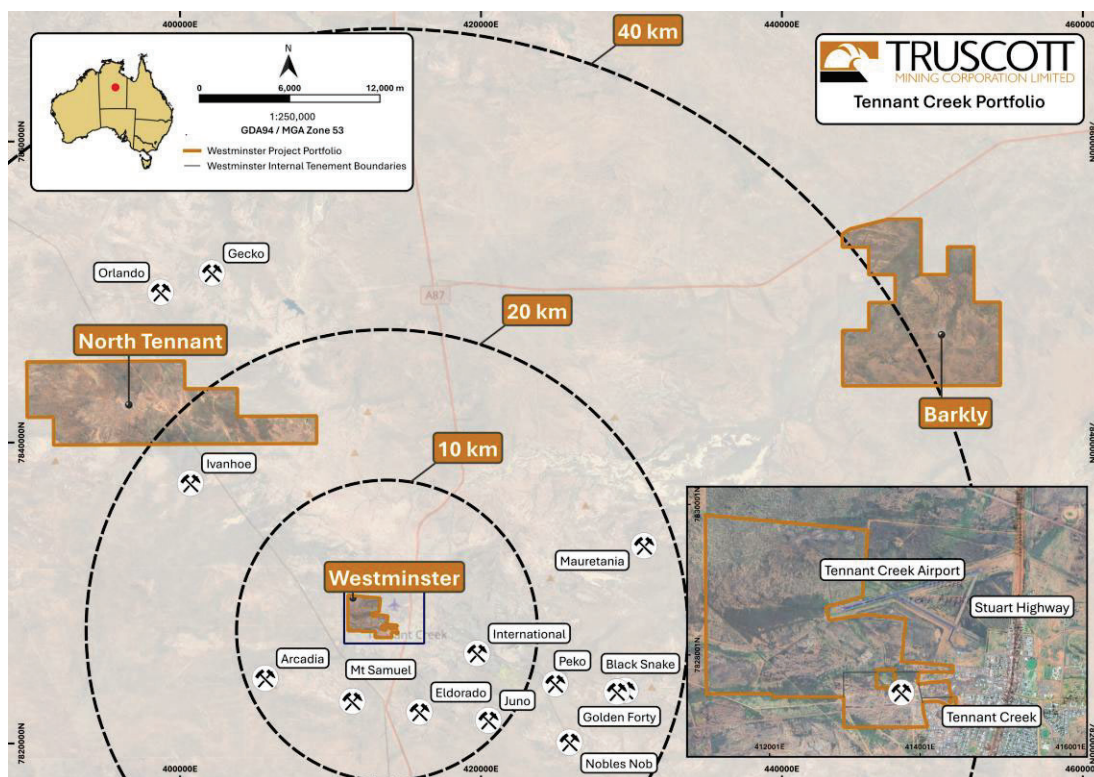


Figure One: Truscott's project portfolio in the Tennant Creek Mineral Field, Northern Territory, Westminster, North Tennant, and Barkly Projects, Westminster Project area scaled inset.

Objectives. The Company's focus is on exploration for gold, though additional credits for silver and critical minerals are typically associated with this style of mineralisation.

The Company's exploration strategy is designed to support the objectives of establishing an initial long-life operation, that then supports business expansion through the addition of subsequent production projects.

Activities. Key exploration activities during the year:

- Completion of 1,312 m of reverse circulation (RC) drilling in six holes at Structural Target Two (ST2), Westminster
- Drilling planning and geological modelling at Westminster
- Database auditing to support independent mineral resource estimation updates
- Target definition at the Barkly and North Tennant Projects
- Planning for mapping and sampling campaigns at Barkly and North Tennant

Westminster

Structural Setting. Structural Targets Two, Three, and Four (ST2, ST3, and ST4) have been delineated (Figure 2) through structural modelling and multi-element geochemical data interpretation of 213 drill holes. These are modelled repetitions of the Orebody One setting along the central structural corridor, defined by drilled gold and bismuth intercepts together with the structural model. Structural Target Two was intersected by the 2026 RC drilling and widely spaced historical drilling has also supported the identification of Structural Targets Three and Four. Structural geological modelling was advanced during the year using the 2026 reverse circulation (RC) drilling results.

Structural Drilling, 2026. The Company completed 1,312 m of RC drilling in six holes at Structural Target Two (ST2), the inaugural drilling programme at that target. The drilling intersected the modelled shear zone and the associated gold mineralisation, and returned the significant intercepts set out in Table 1.

The structurally controlled gold mineralisation exhibits a distribution of higher-grade material (≥ 0.50 g/t Au) within shearing and dilation zones, with proximal lower-grade gold mineralisation. The results confirm the location of ST2 and its structural offset from Orebody One and further define the position of the centre of ST2 for future drilling.

Table 1: Significant gold intercepts, Structural Target Two reverse circulation drilling, 2026.

Hole ID	From (m)	To (m)	Interval (m)	Au (g/t)	Including
26WMRC134	58.0	61.0	3.0	0.9	1.0 m @ 1.2 g/t Au from 58.0 m
26WMRC135	69.0	71.0	2.0	1.4	1.0 m @ 2.4 g/t Au from 69.0 m

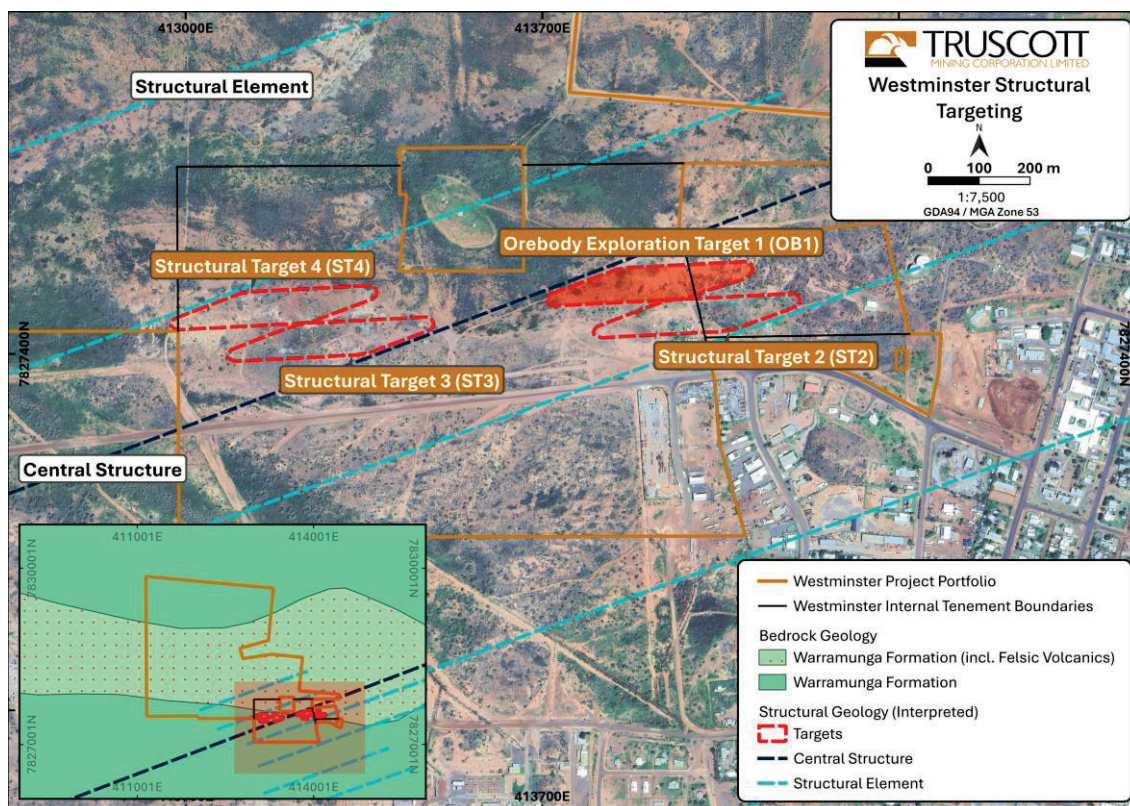


Figure Two: Structural geological interpretation of the Westminster Project area, showing Orebody (Exploration) Target One (OB1), and Structural Targets Two to Four (ST2–ST4).

Historical Mineral Resource Estimate. Pre-2011 drilling assay data was used to estimate a historical MRE for Westminster comprising a maiden inferred resource of 111,330 t @ 25.6 g/t Au for 91,750 oz, reported in accordance with the JORC Code (2004) (ASX: TRM 30 June 2011). The historical estimate was derived from 73 of the 167 significant intercepts currently identified within the Orebody One zone.

The Structural Model for Ore Body Target OB1. A cross section (Figure 3) across the centre of ore body target one illustrates the focus of the drilling that supports the historical mineral resource estimate.

Research & modelling indicates that the host setting for gold mineralisation is described as occurring in a dilation setting into which gold rich fluids have flowed.

The significant numbers of low-grade assays as evident in the halo above the main zone of mineralisation indicate the existence of a bimodal population that requires definition prior to providing progressing new ore resource modelling.

The increased depths of drilling planned for resource extension drilling are shown towards the central section and lower section of the cross section. The new drilling focuses on more centralised zones of dilation with potential for significant accumulations of gold mineralisation.

GENERATIVE - TECHNICAL

Primary Target- Drilling Results 2009-2011

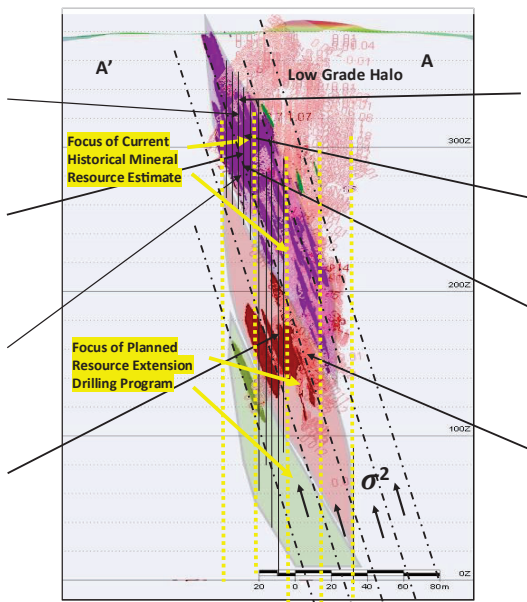


From (m)	Ag ppm	Bi ppm	Fe %	Au ppm
60	0.4	471	16.3	15.5
61	2.5	615	16.1	1.20
62	0.4	3230	22.4	15.5
63	<0.2	166	19.0	0.08
64	<0.2	128	21.6	0.02
65	<0.2	81	16.9	1.23
66	0.3	80	16.6	1.64
67	<0.2	107	17.2	0.93

From (m)	Ag ppm	Bi ppm	Fe %	Au ppm
86	1	82	21.10	5.23
87	0.2	19	23.80	0.09
88	0.5	40	23.90	2.11
89	0.4	192	11.40	0.92
90	0.4	194	12.60	0.80
91	1.9	3680	9.04	20.7

From (m)	Ag ppm	Bi ppm	Fe %	Au ppm
94	0.7	217	12.45	5.34
95	3.4	529	11.35	14.55
96	3.1	85	8.63	3.64
97	2.1	90	12.05	1.28
98	0.6	18	23.4	0.34
99	<0.2	85	14.1	4.41
100	1.7	589	31.3	2.42
101	1.3	221	27.3	0.66

From (m)	Ag ppm	Bi ppm	Fe %	Au ppm
191	1.3	362	15.5	1.23
192	0.5	39	15.9	3.33
193	2.4	68	16.7	25.6
194	0.2	16	17.1	0.27
195	<0.2	19	15.5	0.21
196	2.8	37	17.3	3.89
197	0.2	15	13.35	0.08
198	1.7	42	14.5	5.22



From (m)	Ag ppm	Bi ppm	Fe %	Au ppm
44	0.3	218	17.50	0.76
45	<0.2	37	15.30	0.09
46	3.1	3420	24.00	44.7
47	0.3	572	14.30	7.55
48	<0.2	85	11.90	0.32
49	0.5	123	15.50	0.47
50	0.3	88	11.65	1.15

From (m)	Ag ppm	Bi ppm	Fe %	Au ppm
64	0.3	81	15.5	1.3
65	0.5	27	14.5	0.06
66	0.3	45	16.4	0.11
67	5.4	10090	13.4	189
68	0.3	402	14.7	3.65

From (m)	Ag ppm	Bi ppm	Fe %	Au ppm
87	0.6	54	12.15	0.25
88	1.6	3400	12.9	63.1
89	0.6	93	13.5	3.84
90	0.3	32	11.85	0.09
91	0.2	85	9.75	0.46
92	0.3	60	8.34	0.47
93	0.2	49	12.7	2.35

From (m)	Ag ppm	Bi ppm	Fe %	Au ppm
203	2.4	739	15.30	2.36
204	0.5	88	17.40	0.12
205	<0.2	48	15.80	0.13
206	0.2	20	9.14	1.44
207	<0.2	12	13.80	0.13
208	<0.2	22	10.35	0.20
209	2.4	42	13.70	45.55
210	3.1	72	9.77	25.55
211	0.2	20	11.80	1.48
212	0.7	128	11.15	1.86
213	<0.2	14	7.39	0.51
214	0.3	88	10.40	1.75

Figure Three: Central Cross Section- Orientation Orthogonal to F2 (070°) +/- 120 Metres.

Resource Extension Drilling. A schematic long section (Figure 4) for Ore Body Target OB1 demonstrates peak gold intersections from twenty metres spaced drilling control sections illustrating the extent of the mineralisation intersected to date.

The section aligned to structure on F2 (070°) illustrates a series of ore shoots plunging at 50°. The upper ore shoot (red) is well characterised, however drilling density will require further in-file going forward.

The focus of the next planned round of drilling is further illustrated with the intent to target extensions to known mineralisation in the core of the next level shoot (blue) and to also provide several deeper holes to test for the modelled lower (grey) part of the system.

Reporting Standards. During the year, inhouse work to bring the Orebody One resource estimate up to current reporting standards was progressed. Rose Mining Geology was appointed to audit the Company's geological database and ensure all incoming data is recorded in accordance with the JORC Code (2012) standards.

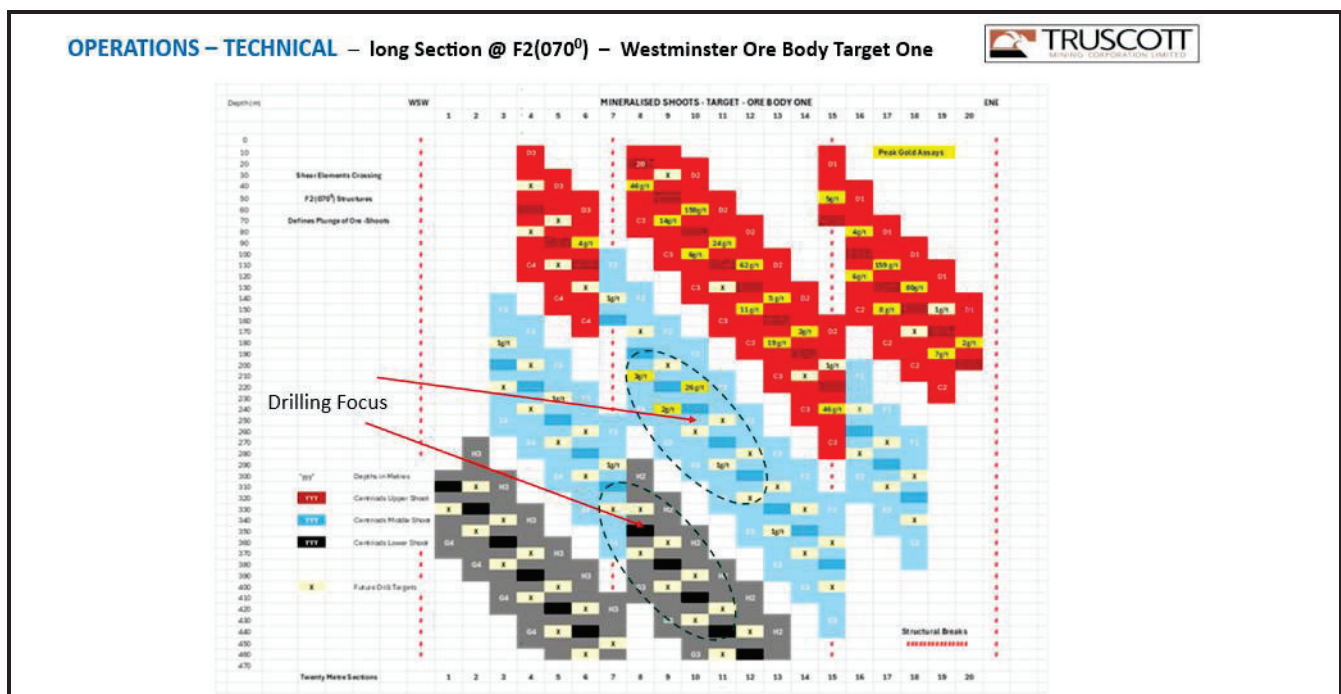


Figure Four: Schematic Long Section Ore Body Target One - Westminster

Planned drilling, 2026–2027. Diamond drilling planning completed, with the objectives of:

1. Targeting high-grade gold mineralisation zones within Orebody One, the OB1 area, and Structural Target Two (ST2).
2. Gaining the additional density (specific gravity) data required for a JORC Code (2012) compliant MRE.
3. Further researching the structural controls on Ore Systems and mineralisation placement.
4. Post drilling an update of the Westminster Mineral Resource Estimate (MRE) for Orebody One, is to be reported in accordance with the JORC Code (2012).

Mine planning. The Company is preparing to commence the process of converting the Mineral Authorities adjacent to the existing mining lease (MLC511), to an additional mining lease.

Greenfield Exploration Projects

The Company continued to maintain exploration and research and initiatives to its long-term business development Barkly & North Tennant Projects.

The Barkly Project. An exploration project (Exploration Licence 31579) covering 83 km², within the north-eastern area of the TCMF, approximately 38 km from the Tennant Creek township. Barkly lies north-east of the historical high-grade International and Peko mines. The area is considered (Figure 5) both underexplored and prospective for gold mineralisation comparable to the Westminster Project, and for polymetallic mineralisation, with copper the principal additional commodity identified to date.

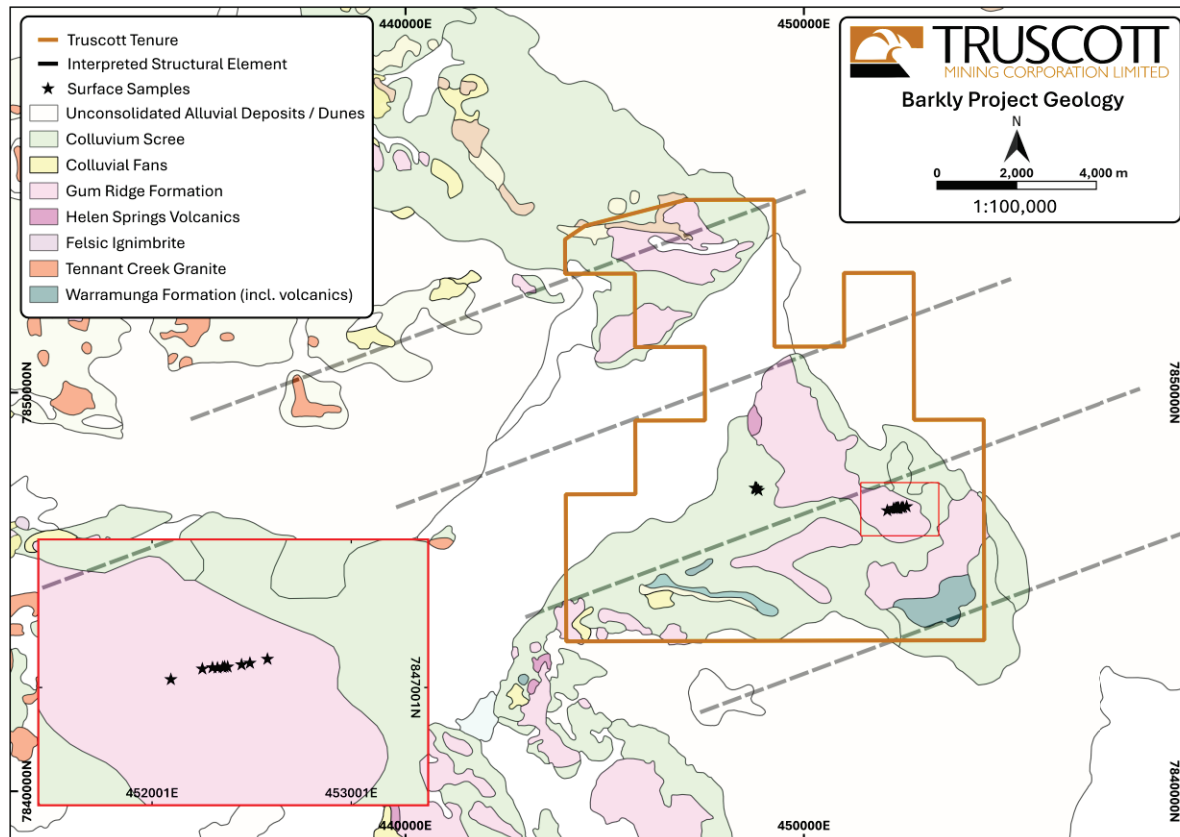


Figure Five: Barkly Project, Geology after NTGS Tennant Creek SE 53-14 1:250,000 map (2nd ed., 1998), simplified by Truscott Mining Corporation Ltd.

The Company previously identified laterites and surface copper mineralisation, including bornite in outcrop. Earlier work included desktop studies and field-based groundwork, including rock chip sampling, and planning of geophysical surveys.

During the year the Company completed:

- Re-interpretation of historical drilling data, and review of areas exhibiting the Tennant Creek-style pathfinder geochemical suite and gold intercepts ≥ 0.50 g/t Au
- An update of the Company's geological conceptual model
- Target generation, focused on the integration of airborne geophysics, surface geochemistry, and structural interpretation

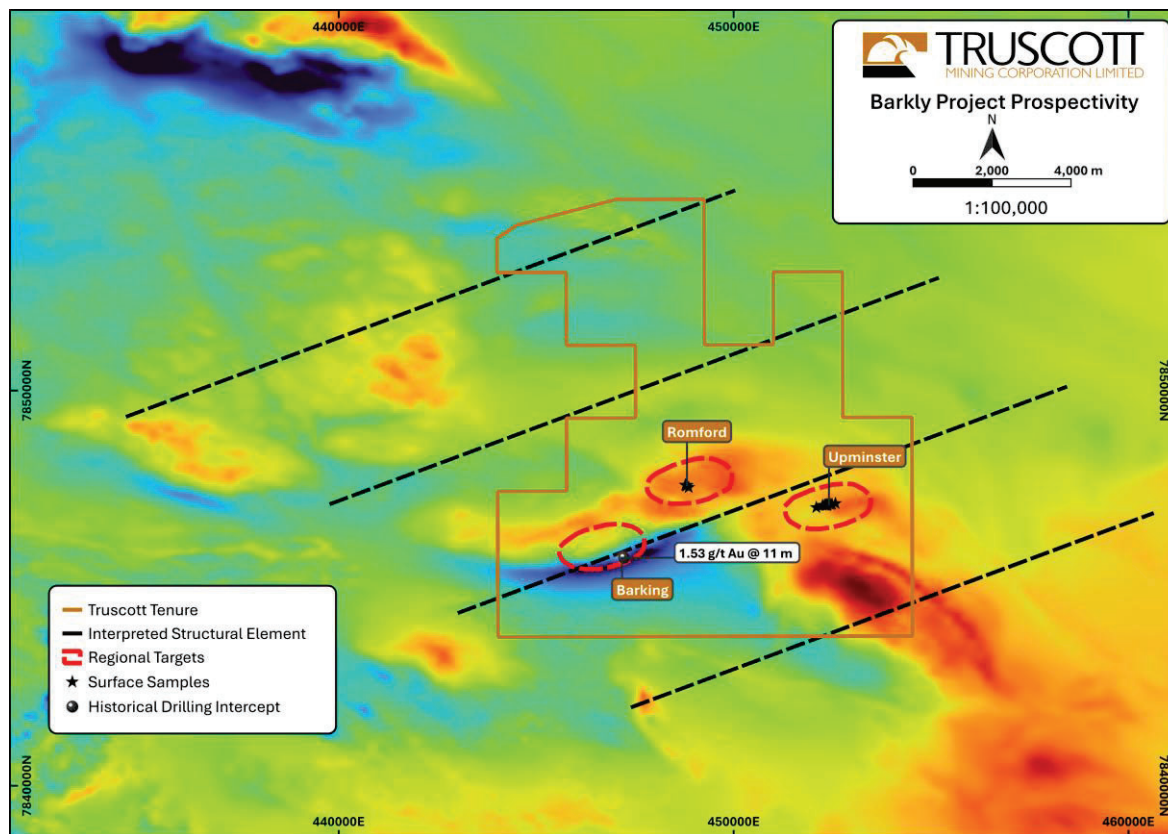


Figure Six: Barkly Project target areas, surface samples, and total magnetic intensity (TMI) aeromagnetic image (Geoscience Australia, 2019) — warm colours indicate higher magnetic intensity.

Structural geological modelling, combined with multi-element geochemical analyses, has defined a Barkly Domain of the TCMF, interpreted to be analogous to the Central TCMF that hosts the Westminster deposit. There is an apparent correlation between target zones identified in structural geological modelling and geochemical anomalies in sheared laterite surface samples. Three regional targets were identified:

- Barking — a north-east–south-west gold trend identified in historical drilling data, including a reported intercept of 1.0 m @ 1.5 g/t Au from 11.0 m
- Romford — rock chip sampling returned an As–Sb–Bi–Mo(–Ag) pathfinder signature consistent with Tennant Creek-style mineralisation
- Upminster — a relative Cu–Pb–As anomaly indicating potential for Tennant Creek-style ironstone-hosted copper mineralisation

Planned 2026–2027 fieldwork comprises detailed geological mapping and infill rock chip sampling to further refine the target geometry ahead of subsequent fieldwork phases. A gravity survey is also planned, to discriminate ironstone bodies within the target areas.

The North Tennant Project. An exploration project (Exploration Licence 32111) covering 77.5 km². It lies 14 km north-west of the Tennant Creek township, between the White Devil–Orlando–Gecko structural corridor to the north and the Ivanhoe mine to the south. The project is prospective for Tennant Creek-style gold mineralisation, with copper, bismuth, and iron as potential credits.

The Company has previously undertaken first-pass reconnaissance mapping focused on structural features associated with the structural geological regime of the TCMF. Earlier work included desktop studies and field-based groundwork, including rock chip sampling. Structural modelling defined a North Tennant Domain of the TCMF, interpreted to be analogous to the Central TCMF that hosts the Westminster deposit, with a set of structures controlling mineralisation within a corridor of higher prospectivity.

During the year the Company completed:

- Interpretation and re-interpretation of historical drilling data.
- Detailed structural geological modelling, applying the Company's R&D initiatives.
- Definition of priority target areas using airborne geophysics.

Planned 2026–2027 priorities comprise geological mapping and rock chip sampling, followed by refined target definition using multi-element geochemistry.

Research & Development

The Company has spent the past decade undertaking research, focused on understanding deformation patterns, including folding and shearing, and how energy is distributed within rock masses. Truscott applies fractal mathematics — an applied mathematical concept describing self-similar, or scale-invariant, geological features across multiple scales — to improve the prediction of orebody positions (ASX: TRM 14 April 2026).

The Company refers to this combination of conventional targeting methods and fractal mathematics as “structural-mathematical targeting”. The research programme has concentrated on three areas: deformation patterns, including folding and shearing; the distribution of energy within the rock mass; and the application of fractal mathematics to the prediction of orebody positions.

Project areas are defined by modelling within larger-scale fractal elements, with individual prospects located within central structures, specifically fractal three-level fold structures. Modelling indicates that mineralisation commonly occurs in repeating, structurally controlled positions along east-north-east (~070°) trending structural corridors within the TCMF. Westminster has a 070° trending structural corridor, and separate structural and potential orebody targets are being modelled within fractal four dilation openings adjacent to the central fold structure. During the year the Company reviewed and further refined the fractal model.

The Company intends to continue testing predictions systematically and recording the outcomes, so that predictive performance can be demonstrated rather than asserted. The Company has developed a predictive capability, based on a structural geological model, for generating and prioritising exploration targets. The predictive framework is applied to the business expansion projects at Barkly and North Tennant. Exploration targets are refined and prioritised with greater confidence by integrating this research with multi-element geochemistry.

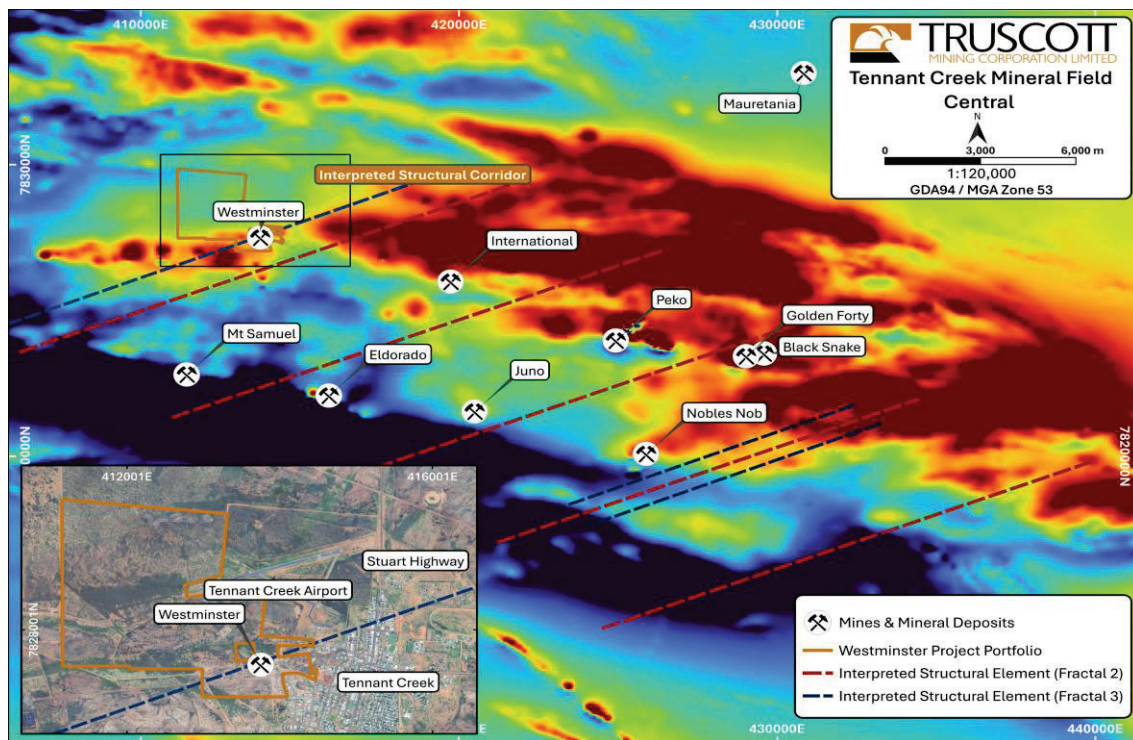


Figure Seven: The Company's study area in the central Tennant Creek Mineral Field with structural geological interpretation and total magnetic intensity (TMI) aeromagnetic image (Geoscience Australia, 2019) — warm colours represent a stronger magnetic signature.

Exploration strategy, 2026–2027. The Company's exploration strategy comprises three elements:

- Resource Development — further diamond drilling at Westminister Orebody (Exploration) Target One (OB1) ahead of an updated Mineral Resource Estimate reported in accordance with the JORC Code (2012).
- Resource Extension — commence infill drilling at Structural Targets Two to Four (ST2–ST4) at Westminister to support the Company's long-term objectives.
- Business Expansion — define targets identified through structural modelling across the Barkly and North Tennant greenfield projects.

The scheduling of these activities across the 2026–2027 financial year is set out in Table 2.

Table 2: Portfolio work schedule, by Quarter.

Project	Activity	Sep 2026 Quarter	Dec 2026 Quarter	Mar 2027 Quarter	Jun 2027 Quarter
Westminster – Resource Development	Orebody (Exploration) Target One (OB1) core drilling				
	Structural Target Two (ST2) core drilling				
	Interpretation & modelling				
	Further drilling & metallurgical testing				
Westminster – Mine Planning	JORC 2012 Mineral Resource Estimate(s)				
	Mining Lease application commencement				
Barkly & North Tennant	Geological mapping, sampling, & geophysical surveys				
	Interpretation & reporting				

Refer to the Company's cautionary statement regarding forward-looking statements.

Peter N Smith

Executive Chairman

This report is authorised for release by the Board of Truscott Mining Corporation Limited (ASX: TRM).

Cautionary Statement

This review and information, opinions or conclusions expressed within this review contain forecasts and forward-looking information. Such forecasts, projections and information are not a guarantee of future performance and involve unknown risks and uncertainties. Actual results and developments will almost certainly differ materially from those expressed or implied. There are a number of risks, both specific to Truscott Mining Corporation Limited, and of a general nature which may affect the future operating and financial performance of the Company, and the value of an investment in the Company including but not limited to title risk, renewal risk, economic conditions, stock market fluctuations, commodity demand and price movements, timing of access to infrastructure, timing of environmental approvals, regulatory risks, operational risks, reliance on key personnel, reserve estimations, native title risks, cultural heritage risks, foreign currency fluctuations, and mining development, construction and commissioning risks.

Competent Person's Statement — Exploration Results

The contents of this report, which relate to geology and exploration results, are based on information reviewed by Mr Ivan Henderson, who is a consultant engaged by Truscott Mining Corporation Limited. Mr Henderson is a Competent Person — Member (3664) with the Australian Institute of Geoscientists (AIG). Mr Henderson has sufficient experience which is relevant to the style of mineralisation and type of deposit under consideration and to the activity being undertaken to qualify as a Competent Person as defined in the 2012 Edition of the "Australasian Code for Reporting of Exploration Results, Mineral Resources and Ore Reserves". Mr Henderson consents to the inclusion in the announcement of the matters based on the information in the form and context in which it appears.

Disclaimer

The information in this review that relates to Exploration Results is extracted from the ASX announcements (Original Announcements) as referenced. The Company confirms that it is not aware of any new information or data that materially affects the information included in the Original Announcements and that all material assumptions and technical parameters underpinning the estimates in the Original Announcements continue to apply and have not materially changed. To the extent disclosed above, the Company confirms that the

form and context in which the Competent Person's findings are presented have not been materially modified from the original market announcements.

In the case of Mineral Resources, Production Targets, Ore Reserves, and forecast financial information, all material assumptions and technical parameters underpinning the estimates in the relevant market announcements continue to apply and have not materially changed. The Company confirms that the form and context in which the Competent Persons' findings are presented have not been materially modified from the original announcement.

Sustainability

The Company recognises that responsible exploration requires effective management of health and safety, environmental, cultural heritage, community and economic considerations.

The Company's sustainability framework is based on five pillars:

- health, safety and wellbeing;
- environment;
- people, culture and community;
- Traditional Owner engagement; and
- economic sustainability.

The complete sustainability framework is available on the Company's website at [Sustainability & Responsible Exploration | Truscott Mining](#)

Environmental and social risks

Consistent with ASX Corporate Governance Recommendation 7.4, the Company has considered its exposure to environmental and social risks.

The material or potentially material risks associated with the Company's exploration and resource-development activities include:

- health and safety risks associated with drilling, fieldwork, travel and contractor activities;
- environmental disturbance, water management, drill-site rehabilitation and compliance with environmental approvals;
- Aboriginal cultural heritage, sacred-site protection, native title and land-access requirements;
- relationships with Traditional Owners, landholders, local communities and regulators;
- the availability and retention of suitably qualified personnel and contractors; and
- the Company's capacity to maintain funding for exploration, rehabilitation and project-development activities.

The Company manages, or intends to manage, these risks through its risk-management and compliance frameworks, Board oversight, contractor-management arrangements, environmental and heritage planning, field-level risk assessments, rehabilitation programs and engagement with regulators, Traditional Owners, the Central Land Council, landholders and local communities.

Peter N Smith

Executive Chairman

Authorised by: By the Board

Appendix 1: Tenement Status

The Company confirms that all its tenements remained in good standing at the 30 June 2026, as set out in Table 1. No tenement blocks were surrendered or acquired during the year.

Table 3: Mining tenements held at the 30 June 2026.

Project	Tenement	Location	Grant Date	Interest at Start of Year	Interest at End of Year
Westminster	MLC511	Northern Territory	01/01/2012	100%	100%
Westminster	MA25952	Northern Territory	26/10/2007	100%	100%
Westminster	MA26500	Northern Territory	09/07/2008	100%	100%
Westminster	MA26588	Northern Territory	09/07/2008	100%	100%
Barkly	EL31579	Northern Territory	11/01/2018	100%	100%
North Tennant	EL32111	Northern Territory	26/11/2019	100%	100%

Truscott Mining Corporation Limited's Corporate Governance Arrangements

The Company's board of directors (**Board**) is responsible for the overall corporate governance of the Company, and it recognises the need for the highest standards of ethical behaviour and accountability. It is committed to administering its corporate governance structures to promote integrity and responsible decision making. Accordingly, the Company has, where appropriate, sought to adopt the "Corporate Governance Principles and Recommendations" (Fourth Edition) (**ASX Recommendations**) published by the ASX Corporate Governance Council.

The corporate governance principles and practices adopted by the Company may depart from those generally applicable to ASX-listed companies under ASX Recommendations where the Board considers compliance is not appropriate having regard to the nature and size of the Company's business.

The Company sets out below its report in relation to its compliance with the ASX Recommendations and those matters of corporate governance where the Company's practice departs from the ASX Recommendations to the extent that they are currently applicable to the Company. This statement is current as at 29 September 2026 and has been approved by the Board of the Company.

ASX Corporate Governance Principles and Recommendations**1. Principle 1: Lay solid foundations for management and oversight: A listed entity should clearly delineate the respective roles and responsibilities of its board and management and regularly review their performance.****1.1 Recommendation**

A listed entity should have and disclose a board charter setting out:

- (a) the respective roles and responsibilities of its board and management; and
- (b) those matters expressly reserved to the board and those delegated to management.

Compliance with ASX Recommendation: followed

The Company has adopted a Board Charter.

Under the Board Charter, the Board is responsible for the overall operation and stewardship of the Company and, in particular, is responsible for:

- (a) setting the strategic direction of the Company, establishing goals to ensure that these strategic objectives are met and monitoring the performance of management against these goals and objectives;
- (b) ensuring there are adequate resources available to meet the Company's objectives;
- (c) appointing the Managing Director, evaluating the performance and determining the remuneration of senior executives, and ensuring that appropriate policies and procedures are in place for recruitment, training, remuneration and succession planning;
- (d) approving and monitoring financial reporting and capital management;
- (e) approving and monitoring the progress of business objectives;
- (f) ensuring that any necessary statutory licences are held and compliance measures are maintained to ensure compliance with the law and licences;
- (g) ensuring that adequate risk management procedures exist and are being used;
- (h) ensuring that the Company has appropriate corporate governance structures in place, including standards of ethical behaviour and a culture of corporate and social responsibility;
- (i) ensuring that the Board is and remains appropriately skilled to meet the changing needs of the Company; and
- (j) ensuring procedures are in place for ensuring the Company's compliance with the law and financial and audit responsibilities, including the appointment of an external auditor and reviewing the financial statements, accounting policies and management processes.

In complying with Recommendation 1.1, the Company has adopted a Board Charter which discloses the respective roles and responsibilities of the Board and senior management and identifies those matters expressly reserved to the Board and those delegated to management.

1.2 Recommendation 1.2

A listed entity should:

- (a) undertake appropriate checks before appointing a director or senior executive or putting someone forward for election as a director; and
- (b) provide security holders with all material information in its possession relevant to a decision on whether or not to elect or re-elect a director.

Compliance with ASX Recommendation: followed

In respect of any future Directors, the Company will conduct specific and appropriate checks of candidates prior to their appointment or nomination for election by shareholders. The Company does not propose to conduct specific checks prior to nominating an existing Director for re-election by shareholders at a general meeting on the basis that this is not considered necessary in the Company's circumstances.

The Chairman and Managing Director, Mr Peter N Smith, and the Executive Director, Mr Michael J Povey, have both been directors since the Company's incorporation. The Chairman and the Executive Director assessed the other Director prior to his appointment, and they considered that he had the appropriate experience that was of value to the Company and had a strong professional reputation.

As a matter of practice, the Company includes in its notices of meeting a brief biography of each Director who stands for election or re-election. The biography sets out the relevant qualifications and professional experience of the nominated Director for consideration by shareholders.

1.3 Recommendation 1.3

A listed entity should have a written agreement with each director and senior executive setting out the terms of their appointment.

Compliance with ASX Recommendation: followed

The Company seeks to engage or employ its Directors and other senior executives under written agreements setting out key terms and otherwise governing their engagement or employment by the Company.

The Company's Managing Director and its Executive Directors are employed pursuant to a written employment agreements with the Company and the non-executive Director is engaged under a letter of appointment.

1.4 Recommendation 1.4

The company secretary of a listed entity should be accountable directly to the board, through the chair, on all matters to do with the proper functioning of the board.

Compliance with ASX Recommendation: followed

The Company Secretary is a Board member and reports directly, and is accountable, to the Board through the Chairman in relation to all governance matters.

The Company Secretary advises and supports the Board members on general governance matters, implements adopted governance procedures, and coordinates circulation of meeting agendas and papers.

1.5 Recommendation 1.5

A listed entity should:

- (a) have and disclose a diversity policy;
- (b) through its board or a committee of the board set measurable objectives for achieving gender diversity in the composition of its board, senior executives and workforce generally; and
- (c) disclose in relation to each reporting period:
 - 1. the measurable objectives set for that period to achieve gender diversity;
 - 2. the entity's progress towards achieving those objectives; and
 - 3. either:
 - (A) the respective proportions of men and women on the board, in senior executive positions and across the whole workforce (including how the entity has defined "senior executive" for these purposes); or
 - (B) If the entity is a "relevant employer" under the Workplace Gender Equality Act, the entity's most recent "Gender Equality Indicators", as defined in and published under that Act.

Compliance with ASX Recommendation: Recommendation 1.5(a), 1.5(b) and 1.5(c)(i) followed; recommendation 1.5(c) not followed

The Board has adopted a diversity policy and is committed to ensuring diversity within the Company, particularly the participation of women. Considering the size and scope of the Company, the Board has not set a measurable objective for achieving gender diversity, however it is the Company's practice that during the selection and appointment process, the professional search firm supporting the Company will provide at least one credible and suitably experienced female candidate.

As at 30 June 2026, women made up 33% of the total Company. The Board comprises three men and one woman, and has one male and one female employee.

1.6 Recommendation 1.6

A listed entity should:

- (a) have and disclose a process for periodically evaluating the performance of the board, its committees and individual directors; and
- (b) disclose for each reporting period, whether a performance evaluation has been undertaken in accordance with that process during or in respect of that period.

Compliance with ASX Recommendation: not followed

The Company does not have in place a formal process for evaluation of the Board, its committees and individual Directors.

The small size of the Board and the nature of the Company's activities make the establishment of a formal performance evaluation strategy unnecessary. Performance evaluation is a discretionary matter for consideration by the entire Board and in the normal course of events the Board will review performance of senior management, Directors and the Board as a whole.

1.7 Recommendation 1.7

A listed entity should:

- (a) have and disclose a process for periodically evaluating the performance of its senior executives at least once every reporting period; and
- (b) disclose for each reporting period whether a performance evaluation has been undertaken in accordance with that process during or in respect of that period.

Compliance with ASX Recommendation: not followed

The Company does not have in place a formal process for evaluation of its key executives.

The Company's small size and the nature of its activities make the establishment of a formal performance evaluation strategy unnecessary. As with evaluation of Directors, performance evaluation for key executives is a discretionary matter for consideration by the entire Board and in the normal course of events the Board will review performance of the executives and management as a whole.

2. Principle 2: Structure the board to be effective and add value: The board of a listed entity should be of an appropriate size and collectively have the skills, commitment and knowledge of the entity and the industry in which it operates, to enable it to discharge its duties effectively and to add value.**2.1 Recommendation 2.1**

The board of a listed entity should:

- (a) have a nomination committee which:
 - (i) has at least three members, a majority of whom are independent directors; and
 - (ii) is chaired by an independent director, and disclose:
 - (iii) the charter of the committee;
 - (iv) the members of the committee; and
 - (v) as at the end of each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or
- (b) if it does not have a nomination committee, disclose that fact and the processes it employs to address board succession issues and to ensure that the board has the appropriate balance of skills, knowledge, experience, independence and diversity to enable it to discharge its duties and responsibilities effectively.

Compliance with ASX Recommendation: 2.1(a) not followed. 2.1(b) followed

The Company does not have a nomination committee.

The full Board, which comprises 1 Non-Executive Director and 3 Executive Directors, considers the matters and issues that would otherwise be addressed by a nomination committee.

Under the Board Charter, candidacy for the Board is based on merit against objective criteria with a view to maintaining an appropriate balance of skills and experience. As a matter of practice, candidates for the office of Director are individually assessed by the Chairman before appointment or nomination to ensure that they possess the relevant skills, experience, personal attributes and capability to devote the necessary time and commitment to the role.

The Board considers that, given the current size and scope of the Company's operations, no efficiencies or other benefits would be achieved by establishing a separate nomination committee. The Board intends to reconsider the requirement for, and benefits of, a separate nomination committee as the Company's operations grow and evolve.

2.2 Recommendation 2.2

A listed entity should have and disclose a board skills matrix setting out the mix of skills and diversity that the board currently has or is looking to achieve in its membership.

Compliance with ASX Recommendation: not followed

The Company does not currently have a skills or diversity matrix in relation to the Board members.

The Board considers that such a matrix is not necessary given the current size and scope of the Company's operations. The Board may adopt such a matrix at a later time as the Company's operations grow and evolve.

2.3 Recommendation 2.3

A listed entity should disclose:

- (a) the names of the directors considered by the board to be independent directors;
- (b) if a director has an interest, position, association or relationship of the type described in Box 2.3 of ASX Recommendations but the board is of the opinion that it does not compromise the independence of the director, the nature of the interest, position, association or relationship in question and an explanation of why the board is of that opinion; and
- (c) the length of service of each director.

Compliance with ASX Recommendation: followed

The Company does not have any Directors who satisfy the criteria for independence as outlined in Box 2.3 of the ASX Recommendations.

The Board currently comprises the following members:

- (a) **Mr Peter N Smith - Executive Chairman and Managing Director**
Mr Peter N Smith has held this office since the Company's incorporation on 27 September 2005.
Mr Smith is a substantial shareholder such that the Board does not consider Mr Smith to be independent.
- (b) **Mr Michael J Povey - Executive Director, Chief Financial Officer and Company Secretary**
Mr Michael J Povey has held this office since the Company's incorporation on 27 September 2005.
Mr Povey is an executive director and as such the Board does not consider Mr Povey to be independent.
- (c) **Mr Ewan E Smith - Non-Executive Director**
Mr Ewan E Smith was appointed as a Director on 1 December 2017.
As Mr E Smith is a substantial shareholder the Board does not consider him to be independent.
- (d) **Ms Rebecca T Girdwood - Executive Director**
Ms Rebecca T Girdwood was appointed as a Director on 27 March 2026.
As Ms R Girdwood is a shareholder the Board does not consider her to be independent.

2.4 Recommendation 2.4

A majority of the board of a listed entity should be independent directors.

Compliance with ASX Recommendation: not followed

The Board does not comprise a majority of "independent directors" at present.

The Board considers, however, that given the size and scope of the Company's operations at present, it has the relevant experience in the exploration and mining industry and is appropriately structured to discharge its duties in a manner that is in the best interests of the Company and its shareholders from both a long-term strategic and operational perspective.

2.5 Recommendation 2.5

The chair of the board of a listed entity should be an independent director and, in particular, should not be the same person as the CEO of the entity.

Compliance with ASX Recommendation: not followed

The roles of Chairman and Managing Director are exercised by the same person.

The Chairman of the Company, Mr Peter Smith, is not an independent director in accordance with the criteria for independence as outlined in Box 2.3 of the ASX Recommendations.

However, given the size and scope of the Company's operations, the Board believes that Mr Smith is an appropriate person for the position as Chairman because of his experience in the resources sector and as a public company director.

2.6 Recommendation 2.6

A listed entity should have a program for inducting new directors for periodically reviewing whether there is a need for existing directors to undertake professional development to maintain the skills and knowledge needed to perform their role as directors effectively.

Compliance with ASX Recommendation: not followed

The Company does not currently have a formal induction program for new Directors nor does it have a formal professional development program for existing Directors. The Board does not consider that a formal induction program is necessary given the current size and scope of the Company's operations.

All Directors are generally experienced in exploration and mining company operations, albeit in different aspects (e.g. operations, finance, corporate governance etc.). The Chairman has also been a director of another listed company. The Board seeks to ensure that all of its members understand the Company's operations. Directors also attend, on behalf of the Company and otherwise, technical and commercial seminars and industry conferences which enable them to maintain their understanding of industry matters and technical advances.

Noting the above, the Board considers that a formal induction program is not necessary given the current size and scope of the Company's operations, though the Board may adopt such a program in the future as the Company's operations grow and evolve.

3. Principle 3: Instil a culture of acting lawfully, ethically and responsibly: A listed entity should instil and continually reinforce a culture across the organisation of acting lawfully, ethically and responsibly.

3.1 Recommendation 3.1

A listed entity should articulate and disclose its values.

3.2 Recommendation 3.2

A listed entity should:

- (a) have and disclose a code of conduct for its directors, senior executives and employees; and
- (b) ensure that the board or a committee of the board is informed of any material breaches of that code.

Compliance with ASX Recommendation: followed

The Board believes that the success of the Company has been and will continue to be enhanced by a strong ethical culture within the organisation.

Accordingly, the Company has established a Code of Conduct which sets out the standards with which the directors, officers, managers, employees and consultants of the Company are expected to comply in relation to the affairs of the Company's business and when dealing with each other, shareholders and the broader community.

The Code sets out the Company's policies on various matters, including the following:

- (a) compliance with all applicable laws, rules and regulations;
- (b) conflicts of interest;
- (c) fair dealing;
- (d) dealings with the Company's assets and property;
- (e) use and confidentiality of information;
- (f) continuous disclosure and securities trading (also covered by discrete policies);
- (g) health, safety and environment;
- (h) employment practices; and
- (i) gifts and entertainment.

The Code also outlines the procedure for reporting any breaches of the Code of Conduct and the possible disciplinary action the Company may take in respect of any breaches.

In addition to their obligations under the Corporations Act 2001 (the Act) in relation to inside information, all Directors, employees and consultants have a duty of confidentiality to the Company in relation to confidential information they possess.

In fulfilling their duties, each Director dealing with corporate governance matters may obtain independent professional advice at the Company's expense, subject to prior approval of the Chairman, whose approval will not be unreasonably withheld.

3.3 Recommendation 3.3

A listed entity should:

- (a) have and disclose a whistle-blower policy; and
- (b) ensure that the board or a committee of the board is informed of any material incidents reported under that policy.

Compliance with ASX Recommendation: followed

The Board has implemented a whistle-blower policy, and all employees have been made aware of it. The policy is also included in the welcome package to be given to all new employees.

3.4 Recommendation 3.4

A listed entity should:

- (a) have and disclose an anti-bribery and corruption policy and
- (b) ensure that the board or a committee of the board is informed of any material incidents reported under that policy.

The Board has implemented an anti-bribery and corruption policy, and all employees have been made aware of it. The policy is also included in the welcome package to be given to all new employees.

4. Principle 4: Safeguard the integrity of corporate reports: A listed entity should have appropriate processes to verify the integrity of its corporate reports.

4.1 Recommendation 4.1

The board of a listed entity should:

- (a) have an audit committee which:
 - (i) has at least three members, all of whom are non-executive directors and a majority of whom are independent directors; and
 - (ii) is chaired by an independent director, who is not the chair of the board, and disclose:
 - (iii) the charter of the committee;
 - (iv) the relevant qualifications and experience of the members of the committee; and
 - (v) in relation to each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or
- (b) if it does not have an audit committee, disclose that fact and the processes it employs that independently verify and safeguard the integrity of its corporate reporting, including the processes for the appointment and removal of the external auditor and the rotation of the audit engagement partner.

Compliance with ASX Recommendation not followed

The Company does not have an Audit Committee as there are only 4 members on the board, none of whom are considered independent.

The Board has charged the Company Secretary with preparing the annual and half yearly reports. These reports are subsequently audited by the Company's auditors, Horizon Nexus (WA) Audit Pty Ltd (formally Nexia Perth Audit Services Pty Ltd). The Company Secretary also compiles the information and prepares the Company's quarterly financial and operational reports.

All Company reports are reviewed by the Board before they are finalised, and the Directors are given the opportunity to question and consider the veracity of the information in the reports.

The Board considers that, given the current size and scope of the Company's operations and that only one Director holds a non-executive position in the Company, efficiencies or other benefits would not be gained by increasing the size of the Board so as to enable it to have an audit committee.

As the Company's operations grow and evolve, the Board will reconsider the appropriateness of having a separate the audit committee.

4.2 Recommendation 4.2

The board of a listed entity should, before it approves the entity's financial statements for a financial period, receive from its CEO and CFO a declaration that, in their opinion, the financial records of the entity have been properly maintained and that the financial statements comply with the appropriate accounting standards and give a true and fair view of the financial position and performance of the entity and that the opinion has been formed on the basis of a sound system of risk management and internal control which is operating effectively.

Compliance with ASX Recommendation: followed

As a matter of practice, the Company obtains declarations from its Managing Director and Company Secretary before its financial statements are approved substantially in the form referred to in ASX Recommendation 4.2.

4.3 Recommendation 4.3

A listed entity should disclose its process to verify the integrity of any periodic corporate report it releases to the market that is not audited or reviewed by an external auditor.

Compliance with ASX Recommendation: followed

Any periodic corporate report prepared for release is first reviewed by at least 2 directors prior to release.

A listed entity that has an AGM should ensure that its external auditor attends its AGM and is available to answer questions from security holders relevant to the audit.

5. Principle 5: Make timely and balanced disclosure: A listed entity should make timely and balanced disclosure of all matters concerning it that a reasonable person would expect to have a material effect on the price or value of its securities

5.1 Recommendation 5.1

A listed entity should have and disclose a written policy for complying with its continuous disclosure obligations under listing rule 3.1.

Compliance with ASX Recommendation: followed

The Company is a "disclosing entity" pursuant to section 111AR of the Act and, as such, is required to comply with the continuous disclosure requirements of Chapter 3 of the ASX Listing Rules and section 674 of the Act. Subject to the exceptions contained in the ASX Listing Rules, the Company is required to disclose to ASX any information concerning the Company which is not generally available and which a reasonable person would expect to have a material effect on the price or value of the Company's securities.

The Company is committed to observing its disclosure obligations under the Act and its obligations under the ASX Listing Rules. All relevant information is provided to ASX.

The Company has adopted a Continuous Disclosure Policy, the purpose of which is to:

- (a) ensure that the Company, as a minimum, complies with its continuous disclosure obligations under the Act and the ASX Listing Rules and, as much as possible, seeks to achieve best practice in its disclosure activities;
- (b) provide shareholders and the market with timely, direct and equal access to information issued by the Company; and
- (c) promote investor confidence in the integrity of the Company and its securities.

5.2 Recommendation 5.2

A listed entity should ensure that its board receives copies of all material market announcements promptly after they have been made.

Compliance with ASX Recommendation: followed

Any director not involved in the preparation of a market announcement is sent a copy prior to its release.

5.3 Recommendation 5.3

A listed entity that gives a new and substantive investor or analyst presentation should release a copy of the presentation materials on the ASX Market Announcements Platform ahead of the presentation.

Compliance with ASX Recommendation: followed

All disclosures are made to the market prior to any presentations, investors, analysts or conferences.

6. Principle 6: Respect the rights of security holders: A listed entity should provide its security holders with appropriate information and facilities to allow them to exercise their rights as security holders effectively.**6.1 Recommendation 6.1**

A listed entity should provide information about itself and its governance to investors via its website.

Compliance with ASX Recommendation: not followed

Information on the Company's corporate governance, including copies of its various corporate governance policies and charters, is included in the Company's annual report.

6.2 Recommendation 6.2

A listed entity should design and implement an investor relations program to facilitate effective two-way communication with investors.

Compliance with ASX Recommendation: followed

The Company has adopted a Shareholder Communications Policy, the purpose of which is to facilitate the effective exercise of shareholders' rights by communicating effectively with shareholders, giving shareholders ready access to balanced and understandable information about the Company and its corporate strategies and making it easy for shareholders to participate in general meetings of the Company.

The Company communicates with shareholders:

- (a) through releases to the market via the ASX;
- (b) through the Company's website;
- (c) through information provided directly to shareholders;
- (d) at general meetings of the Company; and
- (e) by providing a facility whereby third parties (including shareholders) can request email subscription to publicly available information via the Company's website.

6.3 Recommendation 6.3

A listed entity should disclose the policies and processes it has in place to facilitate and encourage participation at meetings of security holders.

Compliance with ASX Recommendation: followed

In accordance with the Company's Shareholder Communications Policy, the Company supports shareholder participation in general meetings and seeks to provide appropriate mechanisms for such participation.

In preparing for general meetings of the Company, the Company will draft the notice of meeting and related explanatory information so that they provide all of the information that is relevant to shareholders in making decisions on matters to be voted on by them at the meeting. This information will be presented clearly and concisely so that it is easy to understand and not ambiguous.

The Company will use general meetings as a tool to effectively communicate with shareholders and allow shareholders a reasonable opportunity to ask questions of the Board of Directors and to otherwise participate in the meeting.

Mechanisms for encouraging and facilitating shareholder participation will be reviewed regularly to encourage the highest level of shareholder participation.

6.4 Recommendation 6.4

A listed entity should ensure that all substantive resolutions at a meeting of security holders are decided by a poll rather than by a show of hands.

6.5 Recommendation 6.5

A listed entity should give security holders the option to receive communications from, and send communications to, the entity and its security registry electronically.

Compliance with ASX Recommendation: followed

The Company considers that communicating with shareholders by electronic means is an efficient way to distribute information in a timely and convenient manner.

In accordance with the Shareholder Communication Policy, the Company has, as a matter of practice, provided new shareholders with the option to receive communications from the Company electronically and the Company encourages them to do so. Existing shareholders are also encouraged to request communications electronically.

All shareholders that have opted to receive communications electronically are provided with notifications by the Company when an announcement or other communication (including annual reports, notices of meeting etc.) is uploaded to the ASX announcements platform.

7. Principle 7: Recognise and manage risk: A listed entity should establish a sound risk management framework and periodically review the effectiveness of that framework**7.1 Recommendation 7.1**

The board of a listed entity should:

(a) have a committee or committees to oversee risk each of which:

- (i) has at least three members, a majority of whom are independent directors; and
- (ii) is chaired by an independent director, and disclose;
- (iii) the charter of the committee;
- (iv) the members of the committee; and
- (v) as at the end of each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or

(b) if it does not have a risk committee or committees that satisfy (a) above, disclose that fact and the processes it employs for overseeing the entity's risk management framework.

Compliance with ASX Recommendation: 7.1(a) not followed, 7.1(b) followed

The Company does not have a separate risk management committee.

The role of the risk management committee is undertaken by the full Board, which comprises one Non-Executive Director and three Executive Directors.

The Board considers that, given the current size and scope of the Company's operations, efficiencies or other benefits would not be gained by establishing a separate risk management committee at present.

As the Company's operations grow and evolve, the Board will reconsider the appropriateness of forming a separate risk management committee.

However, the Board has adopted a Risk Management Policy that sets out a framework for a system of risk management and internal compliance and control, whereby the Board delegates day-to-day management of risk to the Managing Director. The Board is responsible for supervising management's framework of control and accountability systems to enable risk to be assessed and managed.

In addition, Company is committed to ensuring that sound environmental management and safety practices are maintained for its exploration activities.

7.2 Recommendation 7.2

The board or a committee of the board should:

- (a) review the entity's risk management framework at least annually to satisfy itself that it continues to be sound and that the entity is operating with due regard to the risk appetite set by the board; and
- (b) disclose, in relation to each reporting period, whether such a review has taken place.

Compliance with ASX Recommendation: not followed

As the Board has responsibility for the monitoring of risk management it has not required a formal report regarding the material risks and whether those risks are managed effectively. The Board believes that the Company is currently effectively communicating its significant and material risks to the Board and its affairs are not of sufficient complexity to justify the implementation of a more formal system for identifying, assessing, monitoring and managing risk in the Company.

7.3 Recommendation 7.3

A listed entity should disclose:

- (a) if it has an internal audit function, how the function is structured and what role it performs; or
- (b) if it does not have an internal audit function, that fact and the processes it employs for evaluating and continually improving the effectiveness of its risk management and internal control processes.

Compliance with ASX Recommendation: 7.3(a) not followed, 7.3(b) followed

The Company does not currently have an internal audit function. This function is undertaken by the full Board.

The Company has adopted internal control procedures which are set out in its Risk Management Policy. The Company's internal controls include the following:

- (a) identification of key risks;
- (b) managing activities within budgets and operational and strategic plans;
- (c) regular financial reporting against budget;
- (d) regular visits the Company's exploration project areas to review the geological practices including the environmental and safety aspects of the Company's operations;
- (e) appraisal procedures and due diligence requirements for potential acquisitions or divestments; and
- (f) reliance on auditor reviews and senior management declarations.

The Managing Director is charged with evaluating and considering improvements to the Company's risk management and internal control processes on an ongoing basis.

The Board considers that an internal audit function is not currently necessary given the current size and scope of the Company's operations.

As the Company's operations grow and evolve, the Board will reconsider the appropriateness of adopting an internal audit function.

7.4 Recommendation 7.4

A listed entity should disclose whether it has any material exposure to environmental or social risks and, if it does, how it manages or intends to manage those risks.

Compliance with ASX Recommendation: followed

The Company's primary operation of mineral exploration and development is speculative in nature and has inherent risks. It is subject to various economic, environmental and social sustainability risks, which may materially impact the Company's ability to operate and to generate value for shareholders. These include:

- (a) **Exploration:** The success of the Company depends on the delineation of economically mineable reserves and resources, access to required development capital, movement in the price of commodities, securing and maintaining title to the Company's exploration and mining tenements and obtaining all consents and approvals necessary for the conduct of its exploration activities. The actual costs of exploration may materially differ from those estimated by the Company.

- (b) **Title risks:** All exploration leases held by the Company may be subject to overlapping applications. The Company has in place both internal and external land management and land monitoring to ensure appropriate objections are lodged and protection of the leases is maintained.
- (c) **Future capital requirements:** The Company will need to raise funding for working capital from time to time. However, there is no guarantee that appropriate or adequate funding will be available.
- (d) **Commodity price fluctuations:** The Company's future revenue will depend upon demand and commodity prices for its products.
- (e) **Exchange rate fluctuations:** The revenue and/or the expenditure of the Company will be taken into account in Australian and US currencies, exposing the Company to the fluctuations and volatility of the rates of exchange between the US dollar and the Australian dollar as determined in international markets.
- (f) **Environmental risks:** The operations and activities of the Company are subject to environmental laws and regulations. As with most exploration projects and mining operations, the Company's operations and activities are expected to have an impact on the environment, particularly if advanced exploration or mine development proceeds. The Company attempts to conduct its operations and activities to the highest standard of environmental obligation, including compliance with all environmental laws.
- (g) **Securities market conditions:** As with all securities markets, the price of the Company's shares and other securities is subject to fluctuations in the market.

The Company has adopted the Risk Management Policy and other procedures to identify, mitigate and manage these risks. These policies are updated from time to time as the Board considers appropriate in the circumstances for the management of the Company's risk profile.

8. Principle 8: Remunerate fairly and responsibly: A listed entity should pay director remuneration sufficient to attract and retain high-quality directors and design its executive remuneration to attract, retain and motivate high-quality senior executives and to align their interests with the creation of value for security holders and with the entity's values and risk appetite.

8.1 Recommendation 8.1

The board of a listed entity should:

- (a) have a remuneration committee which:
 - (i) has at least three members, a majority of whom are independent directors; and
 - (ii) is chaired by an independent director, and disclose:
 - (iii) the charter of the committee;
 - (iv) the members of the committee; and
 - (v) as at the end of each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or
- (b) if it does not have a remuneration committee, disclose that fact and the processes it employs for setting the level and composition of remuneration for directors and senior executives and ensuring that such remuneration is appropriate and not excessive.

Compliance with ASX Recommendation: 8.1(a) not followed, 8.1(b) followed

The Company has not established a separate remuneration committee and does not have a formal remuneration policy in place.

The role of the remuneration committee is undertaken by the full Board. The Board considers that, given its current size, efficiencies or other benefits would not be gained by establishing a separate remuneration committee.

The Company sets out the remuneration paid or provided to Directors and senior executives annually in the remuneration report contained within the Company's annual report to shareholders. The full Board determines all compensation arrangements for Directors. It is also responsible for setting performance criteria, performance monitors, share option schemes, incentive performance schemes, superannuation entitlements, retirement and termination entitlements and professional indemnity and liability insurance cover.

The maximum aggregate remuneration payable to Non-Executive Directors is \$80,000; the Non-Executive Directors have been paid below this threshold to preserve the Company's cash reserves and in recent years have been paid their directors' fees in the form of shares and performance rights in the Company.

As the Company's operations grow and evolve, the Board will reconsider the appropriateness of forming a separate remuneration committee.

8.2 Recommendation 8.2

A listed entity should separately disclose its policies and practices regarding the remuneration of non-executive directors and the remuneration of executive directors and other senior executives.

Compliance with ASX Recommendation: followed

The Company's policies and practices regarding the remuneration of Executive and Non-Executive Directors and other senior executives is set out in the Remuneration Report contained in the Company's Annual Report for each financial year.

8.3 Recommendation 8.3

A listed entity which has an equity-based remuneration scheme should:

- (a) have a policy on whether participants are permitted to enter into transactions (whether through the use of derivatives or otherwise) which limit the economic risk of participating in the scheme; and
- (b) disclose that policy or a summary of it.

Compliance with ASX Recommendation:

The Company does not currently have an equity-based remuneration scheme.

As the Company's operations grow and evolve, the Board will reconsider the appropriateness of an equity-based remuneration scheme.

DIRECTORS

The names of Directors who held office during the year and up to the date of signing this report, unless otherwise stated are:

Peter N Smith	Executive Chairman & Managing Director
Ewan E Smith	Non-Executive Technical Director
Michael J Povey	Executive Director & Company Secretary
Rebecca T Girdwood	Executive Director (appointed. 27 March 2026)

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

The principal activities of Truscott Mining Corporation Ltd (the "Company") are the exploration and development of gold and base metal projects in the Northern Territory. No significant changes in the nature of these activities occurred during the year ended 30 June 2026.

DIVIDENDS

No dividends have been declared, provided for, or paid in respect of the financial year ended 30 June 2026 (30 June 2025: Nil).

FINANCIAL SUMMARY

The loss of the Company after providing for income tax amounted to \$387,505 (2025: \$291,259).

The net assets of the Company were \$2,422,912 at 30 June 2026 (30 June 2025: \$1,372,168).

GOING CONCERN

For the year ended 30 June 2026, the Company incurred a loss of \$387,505 (2025: \$291,259) and had net cash outflows of \$691,617 (2025: \$307,673) from operating and investing activities as disclosed in the Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income and Statement of Cash flows respectively. As a result of the need for continued cash outflows for future operating and investment activities the Directors have assessed the Company's ability to continue as a going concern and to pay its debts as and when they fall due.

The Company's ability to fund operating activities and exploration commitments and for use as working capital is dependent upon details included in the accounting policies note 1(b).

Accordingly, the Directors have prepared the Financial Report on a going concern basis. As such, the financial statements do not include any adjustments as to the recoverability and classification of recorded asset amounts or to the amounts and classification of liabilities that might be necessary should the Company not continue as a going concern. In the event that the Company is not able to raise additional capital, there is a material uncertainty whether the Company will continue as a going concern and realise its assets and extinguish liabilities in the normal course of business and at the amounts stated in this financial report.

Additional details are included in the accounting policies note 1(b).

SIGNIFICANT CHANGES IN THE STATE OF AFFAIRS

Other than listed below, there were no significant changes in the state of affairs of the Company that occurred during the year ended 30 June 2026.

The 2,240,000 Class M Performance Rights which had reached their Milestone were converted to fully paid ordinary shares on 22 July 2025.

The 2,000,000 Class N Performance Rights which had reached their Milestone were converted to fully paid ordinary shares on 22 July 2025.

As approved at the AGM on 28 November 2025 the Company issued 1,824,000 Class T Performance Rights to the Directors in lieu of Director fees for the year ended 30 June 2025.

SIGNIFICANT CHANGES IN THE STATE OF AFFAIRS (cont'd)

On 24 December 2025 the Company placed 18,000,000 fully paid shares at 8 cents with sophisticated and professional investors to raise \$1,440,000 before costs.

Full details of the share issues are included in Note 11 to the Financial Statements.

EVENTS SUBSEQUENT TO END OF THE REPORTING PERIOD

1,800,000 Class Q Performance Rights and 2,500,000 Class R Performance Rights were converted into fully paid ordinary shares on 2 July 2026 and a further 1,600,000 Class Q Performance Rights were converted into fully paid ordinary shares on 7 August 2026. It was announced on 3 September that Ms Stephanie Hillbeck has been appointed as Chief Financial Officer and Company Secretary with effect from 5 October. Other than the above matters the Directors are not aware of any other matter or circumstance since the end of the financial year that has significantly affected or may significantly affect the operations of the Company, the results of those operations or the state of affairs of the Company in subsequent financial years.

BUSINESS STRATEGIES, FUTURE DEVELOPMENTS AND EXPLORATION

The 2025–2026 financial year marked a change in nature and the level of the Company's activities. The improved gold market conditions and the maturity of the Company's research and development programme facilitating and driving that change.

The near-term vision for the Company encompasses advancing the lead Westminster Project whilst looking to future business expansion options by exploring the outlying Barkly and North Tennant Project areas.

Research and development activities will be ongoing on both the reference study area of the Westminster Project and its wider application to reconnaissance exploration on the Barkly and North Tennant Project areas. Multidisciplinary inputs to the research and development continue to enhance the understanding of the controls over mineralisation across the mineral field.

MATERIAL BUSINESS RISKS**Operating and financial risk**

The Company's activities have inherent risk, and the Board is unable to provide certainty of the expected results of activities, or that any or all the likely activities will be achieved. The material business risks faced by the Company that could influence the Company's prospects, are detailed below.

Operational risk

The Company may be affected by various operational factors. If any of these potential risks eventuate, the Company's operational and financial performance may be adversely affected. No assurances can be given that the Company will achieve commercial viability through the successful exploration and/or mining of its tenement interest. Until the Company can realise value from its projects, it is likely to incur ongoing operating losses.

The operations of the Company may be affected by various factors, including failure to locate or identify mineral deposits, failure to achieve predicted grades in exploration and mining, operational and technical difficulties encountered in mining, insufficient or unreliable infrastructure such as power, water and transport, difficulties in commissioning and operating plant and equipment, unanticipated metallurgical problems which may affect unexpected shortages or increases in the costs of consumables, spare parts, plant and equipment.

The Company acquires and records exploration results in accordance with the 2012 edition of the JORC Code. Judgement based on knowledge, experience and industry practice is being used to develop an understanding of the mineralisation throughout the mineral field and the Company's tenements. The acquired knowledge is subject to updating and reinterpretation as additional information and techniques come to hand. In addition, by their very nature, description over the possible distribution of mineralisation is not necessarily precise and depends to some extent on interpretations, which may prove to be inaccurate.

The tenements are at various stages of exploration, and potential investors should understand that mineral exploration and development are speculative and high-risk undertakings that may be impeded by circumstances and factors beyond the control of the Company.

There can be no assurance that exploration of tenements, or any other exploration properties that may be acquired in the future, will result in the discovery of an economic mineral resource. Even if an apparently viable deposit is identified, there is no guarantee that it can be economically exploited.

RISK STATEMENT (cont'd)**Operational risk (cont'd)**

There is no assurance that exploration or project studies by the Company will result in the definition of an economically viable mineral deposit or that the exploration tonnage estimates, and conceptual project developments are able to be achieved. In the event the Company successfully delineates economic deposits on any tenement, it will need to apply for a mining lease to undertake development and mining on the relevant tenement. There is no guarantee that the Company will be granted a mining lease if one is applied for and if a mining lease is granted, it will also be subject to conditions which must be met.

Further capital requirements

The Company's projects require additional funding to progress activities. There can be no assurance that additional capital or other types of financing will be available if needed to further exploration or possible development activities and operations or that, if available, the terms of such financing will be favourable to the Company.

Native title and Aboriginal Heritage

The areas of the Company's tenements, over which Native Title rights of Aboriginal Australians exist, have been cleared by the Aboriginal Area's Protection Authority for the purposes of exploration and mining. For these tenement areas, over which Native Title rights do exist, there is a requirement for the Company to negotiate with the relevant titleholder, prior to progressing to the development and mining phases of operations. The other exploration tenement holdings are yet to receive clearances for ground disturbance, associated with second phase exploration activities. Where there is an Aboriginal Site for the purposes of the Aboriginal Heritage legislation, the Company must obtain consents in accordance with the legislation.

The Company's activities are subject to Government regulation and approvals

The Company is subject to certain Government regulations and approvals. Any material adverse change in government policies or legislation in Australia that affect mining, processing, development and mineral exploration activities, export activities, income tax laws, royalty regulations, government subsidiaries and environmental issues may affect the viability and profitability of any planned exploration or possible development of the Company's portfolio of projects.

Global conditions

General economic conditions, movements in interest and inflation rates and currency exchange rates may have an adverse effect on the Company's exploration and evaluation activities, as well as on its ability to fund those activities. General economic conditions, laws relating to taxation, new legislation, trade barriers, movements in interest and inflation rates, currency exchange controls and rates, national and international political circumstances (including outbreaks in international hostilities, wars, terrorist acts, sabotage, subversive activities, security operations, labour unrest, civil disorder, and states of emergency), natural disasters (including fires, earthquakes and floods), and quarantine restrictions, epidemics and pandemics, may have an adverse effect on the Company's operations and financial performance, including the Company's exploration, development and production activities, as well as on its ability to fund those activities.

General economic conditions may also affect the value of the Company and its market valuation regardless of its actual performance.

Health and Safety

The Company's management of its health and safety considerations has resulted in another incident free reporting period. Government regulators and health officials continue to direct and support the management framework for the operations.

INFORMATION ON DIRECTORS

The following information is current as at the date of this report.

Mr Peter N Smith	Executive Chairman & Managing Director
Qualifications	BSc (Min), PG Dip (M Tech), M Min Tech, FAusIMM, CP. Experience in Australia and overseas in mine development and management including positions with Normandy Poseidon, Gwalia Consolidated, Broken Hill Proprietary Limited and Ivanhoe Mines. Previously Director of Strategic Minerals Corporation and CEO for Giants Reef Mining Limited, and now a director of a private exploration company. Mr P N Smith has been a director of the Company since it was incorporated in September 2005. Mr P N Smith is a director and shareholder in Resource Investments & Consulting Pty Ltd which has a contract to supply the services of Mr P N Smith as a consultant mining engineer. Mr PN Smith has not been a director of any other public company during the past 3 years.
Dr Ewan E Smith	Non-Executive Director
Qualifications	B Com (Man), BSC, MBBS. Dr EE Smith is a significant shareholder and has tertiary qualifications in commerce, science and medicine. He has operational experience in geophysics data acquisition, logistics and exploration activities. He has the capability to make professional contributions to operational health and safety management. Dr EE Smith has not been a director of any other public company during the past 3 years.
Ms Rebecca T Girdwood	Executive Director
Qualifications	B Com (UWA), GAICD Ms Girdwood is an experienced Non-Executive Director and former Chief Executive Officer with more than 35 years' experience across the resources sector, First Nations operational governance, ESG, banking, infrastructure and government. Ms Girdwood brings significant expertise in native title, land access negotiations, cultural heritage management and stakeholder engagement, having worked extensively with Traditional Owners, mining companies and government agencies across Western Australia. Ms Girdwood has supported the negotiation and implementation of land access agreements and governance frameworks that enable responsible resource development while protecting cultural heritage. Ms Girdwood is the principal of a consulting company that has a contract to supply various services to Truscott. Ms RT Girdwood has not been a director of any other public company during the past 3 years.
Mr Michael J Povey	Executive Director & Company Secretary
Qualifications	B.Bus, FTIA. An accountant with public accounting experience with major accounting firms including Deloitte and KPMG. Mr Povey has also lectured in both undergraduate and postgraduate business courses at Curtin University. Mr Povey subsequently established an accounting practice concentrating on taxation and company reporting. He has been the Company Secretary and a director of the Company since it was incorporated in September 2005. Mr Povey is the principal of an accounting practice that has a contract to supply the services of Mr Povey for company secretarial and accounting services. Mr MJ Povey has not been a director of any other public company during the past 3 years.

MEETINGS OF DIRECTORS

During the financial year, 11 meetings of Directors were held. The Directors have met regularly throughout the year in an informal capacity with a number of substantive matters being resolved via circular resolutions. Attendances by each Director during the year were as follows:

Directors' Meetings		
	Number eligible to attend	Number attended
PN Smith	11	11
EE Smith	11	10
MJ Povey	11	11
RT Girdwood	0	0

In accordance with the Constitution, Mr PN Smith and Ms R T Girdwood retire as directors at the Annual General Meeting and being eligible, offer themselves for re-election.

REMUNERATION REPORT (AUDITED)

This report details the nature and amount of remuneration for each director and executive of the Company. As at the date of this report the Company had 3 executive directors and 1 non-executive director but did not have any executive employees. During the year the Company did not engage remuneration consultants.

REMUNERATION POLICY

The policy of the Company is to attract the right team members by paying market-based remuneration that is commensurate with the skills and experience of the directors and executives. The performance of the Company in its exploration activities has been considered by the Board and compared with the exploration activities of other companies operating in and around the general location of the Tennant Creek Mineral Field. The Board considers that the Company's activities compare very favourably with those of the other companies and accordingly the remuneration is considered to not exceed what is reasonable, based on the performance achieved.

In accordance with the contracts and letters of appointment of the directors they have no performance-based remuneration. As the Company has been run on a tight cashflow budget the directors agreed to discount the remuneration received for consulting fees. The Company has been issuing performance rights in lieu of Directors' fees as detailed in the tables below. At the 2025 annual general meeting, the Company's remuneration report was passed by the requisite majority of shareholders.

DETAILS OF REMUNERATION

The remuneration for each key management person of the Company was as follows:

	Deferred Director fees	Salary	Super- annuation	Consulting fees	Totals	Fixed remuneration	Share based payment s
	\$			\$	\$		
Directors							
<u>PN Smith</u>							
2026	57,600	144,000	17,280	0	218,880	100%	0%
2025	57,600	0	0	145,200	202,800	100%	0%
<u>MJ Povey</u>							
2026	43,200	0	0	40,200	83,400	100%	0%
2025	43,200	0	0	38,200	81,400	100%	0%
<u>EE Smith</u>							
2026	43,200	0	0	0	43,200	100%	0%
2025	43,200	0	0	0	43,200	100%	0%
<u>RT Girdwood</u>							
2026	11,520	0	0	0	11,520	100%	0%
2025	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0%
Totals							
2026	155,520	144,000	17,280	40,200	357,000	100%	0%
2025	144,000	0	0	183,400	327,400	100%	0%

For the years ended 30 June 2025 and 2026 Mr PN Smith's company and Mr MJ Povey's accounting practice elected to invoice less than the minimum amount payable as per their contracts.

REMUNERATION REPORT (AUDITED) (cont'd)

As approved at the 2025 AGM, the directors' fees and superannuation payable for the year ended 30 June 2025 amounting to \$144,000 were replaced with Class T Performance Rights. The Class T rights were independently valued using the Monte Carlo simulation methodology. Inputs used were: Spot price on 28 November 2025 - \$0.084; Exercise price – nil; Risk-Free rate – 3.800%; Volatility – 75.0%; Dividends – nil. Below are details of the Class T Performance rights. The resulting difference between the fair value of the performance rights and the directors' fees and superannuation payable amounted to \$4,720 and has been recognised in the Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income during the year ended 30 June 2026.

	Class T Value \$	Director fees and superannuation payable \$	Number of rights
Mr PN Smith	60,822	57,600	729,600
Mr MJ Povey	43,949	43,200	547,200
Dr EE Smith	43,949	43,200	547,200
Totals	148,720	144,000	1,824,000

On 22 July 2025 the Class M Rights that were issued in lieu of director fees and superannuation for the year ended 30 June 2021 were converted to fully paid ordinary shares.

	Class M Market Value on conversion \$	Director fees and superannuation payable \$	Number of rights
Mr PN Smith	62,720	57,600	1,280,000
Mr MJ Povey	47,040	43,200	960,000
Totals	109,760	100,800	2,240,000

On 22 July 2025 the Class N Rights that were issued for sacrifices made by the executive directors for the year ended 30 June 2021 were converted to fully paid ordinary shares.

	Class N Market Value on conversion \$	Number of rights
Mr PN Smith	73,500	1,500,000
Mr MJ Povey	24,500	500,000
Totals	98,000	2,000,000

In order to conserve cash for research, exploration and working capital purposes the directors have agreed to receive Class U Performance rights, subject to shareholder approval, for the director fees that were payable for the year ended 30 June 2026. These Class U Performance rights will only be issued if approved by the shareholders and will only subsequently convert to fully paid ordinary shares if a milestone is reached.

Under the proposed milestone for the Class U rights, each right will automatically convert into one Fully Paid Ordinary Share, as long as the Fully Paid Ordinary shares have an average last sale price, whether traded or not, on closing on ASX of at least 8.0 cents on 20 consecutive trading days. The rights will expire 4 years from the date of issue. Even if the milestone is reached, the rights will not vest before 1 July 2027. Provided the milestone has been reached before the expiry date, they will not expire.

REMUNERATION REPORT (AUDITED) (cont'd)

	Class U Deemed Value \$	Number of rights
Mr PN Smith	57,600	810,000
Mr MJ Povey	43,200	607,500
Dr EE Smith	43,200	607,500
Ms RT Girdwood	11,520	162,000
Totals	155,520	2,187,000

The above table assumes that the deemed value of the proposed Class U Performance rights to be granted in lieu of the directors' fees is equal to the cash value of the fees.

Note: If approved by the Members at the 2026 AGM, the actual value of the Class U Rights will be independently determined as at the date of their grant.

If the Class U Performance rights to be issued in lieu of the Directors' fees are not approved by the shareholders at the 2026 AGM, the directors have agreed to defer payment of the Directors' fees until after 31 December 2027, or until the Company has the necessary funding to move onwards with exploration of the Company's projects.

For the unpaid consulting fees of \$1,021,024, including GST from 1 July 2014 to 30 June 2022, Mr Peter N Smith has agreed to defer payment, free of interest, until the Company has the necessary funding to move onwards with exploration of the Company's projects:

The above amount is included in current trade and other payables.

The number of ordinary shares in the Company held by each KMP during the financial year was as follows:

	Balance at Beginning of Year	Shares acquired from conversion of rights	Shares purchased	Shares sold	Balance at End of Year
30 June 2026					
Peter N Smith	37,633,290	0	841,280	0	38,474,570
Michael J Povey	13,928,150	1,314,000	0	(19,000)	15,223,150
Ewan E Smith	34,970,450	2,780,000	0	0	37,750,450
Rebecca T Girdwood	N/A	0	0	0	5,555,463
Totals	86,531,890	4,094,000	841,280	(19,000)	97,003,633

The end of year balance for RT Girdwood reflects the number of shares held at the date of her appointment.

The above shareholdings include both direct and indirect holdings at 30 June 2026.

The number of ordinary shares in the Company held by each KMP during the previous financial year was as follows:

	Balance at Beginning of Year	Shares acquired from conversion of rights	Shares purchased	Shares sold	Balance at End of Year
30 June 2025					
Peter N Smith	36,568,914	0	1,064,376	0	37,633,290
Michael J Povey	12,091,150	2,115,000	0	(278,000)	13,928,150
Ewan E Smith	29,230,007	1,850,000	3,890,443	0	34,970,450
Totals	77,890,071	3,965,000	4,954,819	(278,000)	86,531,890

The above shareholdings include both direct and indirect holdings at 30 June 2025.

REMUNERATION REPORT (AUDITED) (cont'd)

DIRECTOR PERFORMANCE RIGHTS HOLDINGS – YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2026

The number of performance rights directly held by each Director of the Company during the financial year were as follows:

	Balance at the start of the year	Granted during the year	Converted during the year	Balance at year end	Vested during the year	Not vested at year end	Not reached milestone at year end
<u>Peter N Smith</u>							
Class M Rights	1,280,000	0	1,280,000 (1)	0	0	0	0
Class N Rights	1,500,000	0	1,500,000 (1)	0	0	0	0
Class Q Rights	1,600,000	0	0	1,600,000	0	0	0
Class R Rights	2,000,000	0	0	2,000,000	0	0	0
Class S Rights	640,000	0	0	640,000	0	0	0
Class T Rights	0	729,600	0	729,600	0	729,600	0
<u>Michael J Povey</u>							
Class M Rights	960,000	0	960,000 (2)	0	0	0	0
Class N Rights	500,000	0	500,000 (2)	0	0	0	0
Class Q Rights	1,200,000	0	0	1,200,000	0	0	0
Class R Rights	500,000	0	0	500,000	0	0	0
Class S Rights	480,000	0	0	480,000	0	0	0
Class T Rights	0	547,200	0	547,200	0	547,200	0
<u>Ewan E Smith</u>							
Class Q Rights	1,200,000	0	0	1,200,000	0	0	0
Class S Rights	480,000	0	0	480,000	0	0	0
Class T Rights	0	547,200	0	547,200	0	547,200	0
Totals:							
Class M Rights	2,240,000	0	2,240,000	0	0	0	0
Class N Rights	2,000,000	0	2,000,000	0	0	0	0
Class Q Rights	4,000,000	0	0	4,000,000	0	0	0
Class R Rights	2,500,000	0	0	2,500,000	0	0	0
Class S Rights	1,600,000	0	0	1,600,000	0	0	0
Class T Rights	0	1,824,000	0	1,824,000	0	1,824,000	0

⁽¹⁾ These converted performance rights were assigned to related entities of the director.

⁽²⁾ 146,000 of these converted performance rights were assigned to related entities of the director.

REMUNERATION REPORT (AUDITED) (cont'd)

DIRECTOR PERFORMANCE RIGHTS HOLDINGS – YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2025

The number of performance rights directly held by each Director of the Company during the financial year were as follows:

	Balance at the start of the year	Granted during the year	Expired or converted during the year	Balance at year end	Vested during the year	Not vested at year end	Not reached milestone at year end
Peter N Smith							
Class M Rights	1,280,000	0	0	1,280,000	0	0	0
Class N Rights	1,500,000	0	0	1,500,000	0	0	0
Class O Rights	2,450,000	0	2,450,000 (1)	0	0	0	0
Class P Rights	1,800,000	0	1,800,000 (1)	0	0	0	0
Class Q Rights	1,600,000	0	0	1,600,000	0	0	0
Class R Rights	2,000,000	0	0	2,000,000	0	0	0
Class S Rights	0	640,000	0	640,000	0	640,000	0
Michael J Povey							
Class M Rights	960,000	0	0	960,000	0	0	0
Class N Rights	500,000	0	0	500,000	0	0	0
Class O Rights	1,850,000	0	1,850,000 (1)	0	0	0	0
Class P Rights	500,000	0	500,000 (1)	0	0	0	0
Class Q Rights	1,200,000	0	0	1,200,000	0	0	0
Class R Rights	500,000	0	0	500,000	0	0	0
Class S Rights	0	480,000	0	480,000	0	480,000	0
Ewan E Smith							
Class O Rights	1,850,000	0	1,850,000 (1)	0	0	0	0
Class Q Rights	1,200,000	0	0	1,200,000	0	0	0
Class S Rights	0	480,000	0	480,000	0	480,000	0
Totals:							
Class M Rights	2,240,000	0	0	2,240,000	0	0	0
Class N Rights	2,000,000	0	0	2,000,000	0	0	0
Class O Rights	6,150,000	0	6,150,000 (1)	0	0	0	0
Class P Rights	2,300,000	0	2,300,000 (1)	0	0	0	0
Class Q Rights	4,000,000	0	0	4,000,000	0	0	0
Class R Rights	2,500,000	0	0	2,500,000	0	0	0
Class S Rights	0	1,600,000	0	1,600,000	0	1,600,000	0

(1) Converted

REMUNERATION REPORT (AUDITED) (cont'd)**OTHER KMP TRANSACTIONS**

There have been no other transactions involving equity instruments other than those described in the tables above. During the year Mr PN Smith's company – Resource Investments & Consulting Pty Ltd received part payment of \$60,000 of his interest-free loan to the Company. Balance at 30 June 2026 \$390,500 (2025 \$450,500). Mr Smith has agreed to defer repayment of the loan until after 31 December 2027, or until the Company has the necessary funding to move onwards with exploration of the Company's projects.

CONSULTANCY AGREEMENTS

Remuneration and other terms of employment for Mr PN Smith, Mr MJ Povey and Ms RT Girdwood are formalised in consultancy agreements. Dr EE Smith's director's fees are covered in his letter of appointment. Each of the above agreements provide for directors' fees, superannuation and the provision of professional services. A summary of the agreements is as follows:

Mr PN Smith & Mr MJ Povey

- The term of each agreement was for 2 years commencing from 30 June 2011. If not renewed the agreements continue on a monthly basis.
- Amounts payable were fixed for the 2 years. There has been no change in the rates since 30 June 2011.
- The agreements may be terminated by giving 3 month's notice or the Company paying 3 months consultancy fee in lieu of notice.
- Upon termination of the agreement the consultant is not entitled to claim any compensation or damages from the Company in respect of the termination.
- Minimum annual consultancy fees payable are:

Mr PN Smith	\$230,400
Mr MJ Povey	\$43,200
Dr EE Smith	\$nil
Ms RT Girdwood	\$nil

Ms RT Girdwood

- The agreement is for 1 year with an option for a further year.
- Annual directors' fees payable, inclusive of compulsory superannuation are:

Mr PN Smith	\$57,600
Mr MJ Povey	\$43,200
Dr EE Smith	\$43,200
Ms RT Girdwood	\$43,200
- Each director is entitled to receive additional consultancy/directors' fees as specified below once the following number of equivalent days have been worked each year:

Mr PN Smith	120 days	\$2,400 plus GST per day
Mr MJ Povey	48 days	\$1,800 plus GST per day
Dr EE Smith	36 days	\$1,800 per day
Ms RT Girdwood	36 days	\$1,500 plus GST per day

Mr P N Smith and Mr M J Povey both elected to receive less than their contracted amounts to conserve funds for the Company. Neither director will be making a claim against the Company for the shortfall in the contracted consultancy fees amount.

REMUNERATION REPORT (AUDITED) (cont'd)

Link between remuneration and performance

The links between the Company's financial and operating performance are outlined above in each element of remuneration.

The share price is not directly linked to the net loss for the year, but moves independently of it as demonstrated below:

	2026	2025	2024	2023	2022
Net (Loss) per year ended	(387,505)	(291,259)	(523,733)	(514,299)	(2,671,850)
(Loss) per share (cents per share)	(0.189)	(0.155)	(0.303)	(0.316)	(1.764)
Share price – 30 June	\$0.040	\$0.049	\$0.060	\$0.044	\$0.048

End of Remuneration Report

UNLISTED SHARE OPTIONS

There were no options held by KMP at any time during the year ended 30 June 2026.

NON-AUDIT SERVICES

There were no fees for non-audit services paid or payable to the external auditors during the year ended 30 June 2026.

AUDITORS' INDEPENDENCE DECLARATION

The auditors' independence declaration for the year ended 30 June 2026 has been received and can be found on page 39 of the Financial Report.

PROCEEDINGS ON BEHALF OF THE COMPANY

No person has applied for leave of Court to bring proceedings on behalf of the Company or intervene in any proceedings to which the Company is a party for the purpose of taking responsibility on behalf of the Company for all or any part of those proceedings.

The Company was not a party to any such proceedings during the year.

INSURANCE AND INDEMNITY OF OFFICERS

The Company has paid premiums to insure all the directors against liabilities for costs and expenses incurred by them in defending any legal proceedings arising out of their conduct while acting in their capacity of director of the Company, other than conduct involving a wilful breach of duty in relation to the Company. Disclosure of the nature and the amount of the premium is prohibited by the confidentiality clause of the insurance contract.

INDEMNIFICATION OF AUDITORS

To the extent permitted by law, the Company has agreed to indemnify its auditors, Horizon Nexus (WA) Audit Pty Ltd (formally Nexia Perth Audit Services Pty Ltd) as part of the terms of its audit engagement agreement against claims by third parties arising from the audit (for an unspecified amount). No payment has been made to indemnify Horizon Nexus (WA) Audit Pty Ltd (formally Nexia Perth Audit Services Pty Ltd) during and/or since the Company's FY26.

ENVIRONMENTAL

The deemed mining licence under the *Environment Protection Act 2019*, for MLC511, MA25952, MA26500 and MA26558 is held under the *Environment Protection Act 2019*. The authorisation 0392-04 and the approved MMP being valid until 30 June 2028.

NATIVE TITLE

For activity zones within exploration and mining licenses; MLC511, MA25952, MA26500, MA26558, EL31579 and EL32111 an authority has been issued by the Aboriginal Areas Protection Authority for exploration and mining, including the construction of infrastructure.

ROUNDING OF AMOUNTS

The Company is of a kind referred to in Corporations Instrument 2016/191, issued by the Australian Securities and Investments Commission, relating to 'rounding-off'. Amounts in this report have been rounded off in accordance with that Corporations Instrument to the nearest dollar.

This report is made in accordance with a resolution of the directors, pursuant to section 298(2)(a) of the Act.

On behalf of the directors



DIRECTOR

Signed at Nedlands this 29th day of September 2026



DIRECTOR

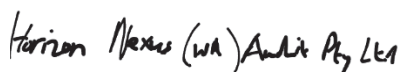
To the Board of Directors of Truscott Mining Corporation Limited

Auditor's Independence Declaration under section 307C of the *Corporations Act 2001*

As lead auditor for the audit of the financial statements of Truscott Mining Corporation Limited for the financial year ended 30 June 2026, I declare that to the best of my knowledge and belief, there have been no contraventions of:

- (a) the auditor independence requirements of the *Corporations Act 2001* in relation to the audit; and
- (b) any applicable code of professional conduct in relation to the audit.

Yours sincerely

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read 'Justin Mulhair'.

Horizon Nexus (WA) Audit Pty Ltd

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read 'Justin Mulhair'.

Justin Mulhair

Director

Perth, Western Australia

Date: 29 September 2026

STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2026

	Note	2026 \$	2025 \$
Revenue			
Other income	2	2,560	37,191
Expenses			
Consultants		(20,039)	(8,750)
Depreciation/write-off		(820)	(288)
Compliance and regulatory expenses		(134,784)	(118,293)
Directors' remuneration		(155,520)	(144,000)
Loss on settling share-based payment		(4,720)	0
Superannuation expense		(2,473)	(1,717)
Employee benefits expense		(28,658)	(14,468)
Administration expenses		(43,051)	(40,934)
Loss before income tax		(387,505)	(291,259)
Income tax expense	4	0	0
Loss for the year		(387,505)	(291,259)
Other comprehensive income			
Other comprehensive income for the year, net of tax		0	0
Total comprehensive loss for the year		(387,505)	(291,259)
Earnings per share			
Basic and diluted earnings per share (cents per share)	14	(0.189)	(0.155)

The above statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION
AS AT 30 JUNE 2026

	Note	2026 \$	2025 \$
Current assets			
Cash and cash equivalents		810,642	272,730
Trade and other receivables	5	236,087	97,836
Other assets	6	10,682	11,815
Total current assets		1,057,411	382,381
Non-current assets			
Trade and other receivables	7	41,100	41,100
Plant and equipment	8	1,362	2,361
Deferred exploration and evaluation expenditure	9	3,242,337	2,849,696
Total non-current assets		3,284,799	2,893,157
Total assets		4,342,210	3,275,538
Current liabilities			
Trade and other payables	10	1,528,798	1,452,870
Loan – director	10	390,500	450,500
Total current liabilities		1,919,298	1,903,370
Total liabilities		1,919,298	1,903,370
Net assets		2,422,912	1,372,168
Equity			
Issued capital	11	11,800,244	10,471,728
Reserves	12	659,438	549,705
Accumulated losses		(10,036,770)	(9,649,265)
Total equity		2,422,912	1,372,168

The above statement of financial position should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2026

	Issued Capital \$	Accumulated Losses \$	Reserves \$	Total Equity \$
As at 1 July 2024	9,677,198	(9,358,006)	704,982	1,024,174
Loss for the year	0	(291,259)	0	(291,259)
Total comprehensive loss for the year	0	(291,259)	0	(291,259)
Transactions with owners of the Company				
Shares issued during the year	0	0	118,854	118,854
Rights issued during the year	274,131	0	(274,131)	0
Rights converted during the year	577,890	0	0	577,890
Expired rights	(57,491)	0	0	(57,491)
As at 30 June 2025	10,471,728	(9,649,265)	549,705	1,372,168
As at 1 July 2025	10,471,728	(9,649,265)	549,705	1,372,168
Loss for the year	0	(387,505)	0	(387,505)
Total comprehensive loss for the year		(387,505)	0	(387,505)
Transactions with owners				
Rights issued during the year	0	0	148,720	148,720
Rights converted during the year	207,760	0	(86,987)	120,773
Shares issued during the year	1,440,000	0	0	1,440,000
Options issued during the year	0	0	48,000	48,000
Delta share based payments	(120,773)	0	0	(120,773)
Transaction costs	(198,471)	0	0	(198,471)
As at 30 June 2026	11,800,244	(10,036,770)	659,438	2,422,912

This above statement of changes in equity should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2026

	Note	2026 \$	2025 \$
Cash flows used in operating activities			
Interest received		11,721	1,689
Other income		99	1,095
Payments to suppliers and employees		(232,954)	(189,187)
Net cash used in operating activities	13(a)	(221,134)	(186,403)
Cash flows used in investing activities			
Payments for exploration and evaluation expenditure		(549,613)	(198,982)
Research and Development tax incentive received		79,130	77,712
Net cash used in investing activities		(470,483)	(121,270)
Cash flows from financing activities			
Proceeds from issue of shares		1,440,000	577,890
Share issue transaction costs		(150,471)	(57,491)
Loan repaid to director		(60,000)	0
Net cash provided by financing activities		1,229,529	520,399
Net increase in cash held		537,912	212,726
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year		272,730	60,004
Cash and equivalents at the end of financial year	13(b)	810,642	272,730

The above statement of cash flows should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2026

1. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION

The accounting policies that are material to Truscott Mining Corporation Limited (the Company) are set out below. The accounting policies adopted are consistent with those of the previous financial year, unless otherwise stated.

New or amended Accounting Standards and Interpretations adopted

The Company has adopted all of the new or amended Accounting Standards and Interpretations issued by the Australian Accounting Standards Board ('AASB') that are mandatory for the current reporting period.

Any new or amended Accounting Standards or Interpretations that are not yet mandatory have not been early adopted.

(a) Basis of preparation

These general-purpose financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards and Interpretations issued by the Australian Accounting Standards Board ('AASB') and the Act. The Company is a for-profit entity. These financial statements also comply with International Financial Reporting Standards as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ('IASB'). These financial statements have been presented in Australian dollars being the Company's functional and presentation currency and all values are rounded to the nearest dollar.

Historical cost convention

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention.

Critical accounting estimates

The preparation of the financial statements requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgement in the process of applying the Company's accounting policies.

(b) Going concern

For the year ended 30 June 2026, the Company incurred a loss of \$387,505 (2025: loss \$291,259) and had net cash outflows of \$691,617 (2025: net outflows \$307,673) from operating and investing activities as disclosed in the Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income and Statement of Cash flows respectively. As a result of the need for continued cash outflows for future operating and investment activities the Directors have assessed the Company's ability to continue as a going concern and to pay its debts as and when they fall due.

The Company's ability to fund operating activities and exploration commitments and for use as working capital is dependent upon raising additional capital in future years or deriving revenue from existing operations.

The Directors of the Company advise that the following initiatives have been put in place subsequent to year end to restrict cash out flows and to raise additional funding:

- The Directors have agreed to accept Performance Rights (subject to shareholder approval) in lieu of directors' fees for the year ended 30 June 2026 and have represented to the Company that if the shareholder approval is not received, no directors' fees existing at 30 June 2026 will be payable prior to 31 December 2027;
- The Directors will continue to supply their office space at no cost to the Company;
- The Chairman will continue to maintain a personal loan account balance in favour of the company on an interest free basis;
- The Directors are being paid at less than their contract amounts to conserve cash;
- The Directors are in early-stage discussions to raise additional funding via a placement to sophisticated investors.
- The Company expects to receive funds from the ATO of \$225,000, resulting from an R&D tax offset claim for the 2025/26 financial year; and
- For the period from 1 July 2014 to 30 June 2022, Mr PN Smith agreed to defer payment of consulting fees of \$1,021,024, including GST, free of interest, until 31 December 2027, or until the Company has the necessary funding to move onwards with exploration of the Company's projects.

Accordingly, the Directors have prepared the Financial Report on a going concern basis. As such, the financial statements do not include any adjustments as to the recoverability and classification of recorded asset amounts or to the amounts and classification of liabilities that might be necessary should the entity not continue as a going concern. In the event that the Company is not able to achieve above requirements, there is a material uncertainty whether the Company will continue as a going concern and realise its assets and extinguish liabilities in the normal course of business and at the amounts stated in this financial report.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2026

1. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (cont'd)

(c) Income tax

The income tax expense (income) for the year comprises current income tax expense (income) and deferred tax expense (income).

Current income tax expense charged to profit or loss is the tax payable on taxable income. Current tax liabilities (assets) are measured at the amounts expected to be paid to (recovered from) the relevant taxation authority.

Deferred income tax expense reflects movements in deferred tax asset and deferred tax liability balances during the year as well as unused tax losses.

Current and deferred income tax expense (income) is charged or credited outside profit or loss when the tax relates to items that are recognised outside profit or loss.

Except for business combinations, no deferred income tax is recognised from the initial recognition of an asset or liability, where there is no effect on accounting or taxable profit or loss.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are calculated at the tax rates that are expected to apply to the period when the asset is realised or the liability is settled and their measurement also reflects the manner in which management expects to recover or settle the carrying amount of the related asset or liability.

Deferred tax assets relating to temporary differences and unused tax losses are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the benefits of the deferred tax asset can be utilised.

Current tax assets and liabilities are offset where a legally enforceable right of set-off exists and it is intended that net settlement or simultaneous realisation and settlement of the respective asset and liability will occur. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset where: (a) a legally enforceable right of set-off exists; and (b) the deferred tax assets and liabilities relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority on either the same taxable entity or different taxable entities where it is intended that net settlement or simultaneous realisation and settlement of the respective asset and liability will occur in future periods in which significant amounts of deferred tax assets or liabilities are expected to be recovered or settled.

(d) Financial instruments

Recognition and initial measurement

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised when the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions to the instrument. For financial assets, this is equivalent to the date that the Company commits itself to either the purchase or sale of the asset (i.e. trade date accounting is adopted).

Financial instruments are initially measured at fair value plus transaction costs, except where the instrument is classified "at fair value through profit or loss", in which case transaction costs are expensed to profit or loss immediately.

Loans and receivables

Loans and receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market and are subsequently measured at amortised cost.

Gains and losses are recognised in profit or loss through the amortisation process and when the financial asset is derecognised.

Financial liabilities

Non-derivative financial liabilities (excluding financial guarantees) are subsequently measured at amortised cost. Gains and losses are recognised in profit or loss through the amortisation process and when the financial liability is derecognised.

(e) Impairment of assets

At the end of each reporting period, the Company assesses whether there is any indication that an asset may be impaired. The assessment will include the consideration of external and internal sources of information. If such an indication exists, an impairment test is carried out on the asset by comparing the recoverable amount of the asset, being the higher of the asset's fair value less costs to sell and value in use, to the asset's carrying amount. Any excess of the asset's carrying amount over its recoverable amount is recognised immediately in profit or loss, unless the asset is carried at a revalued amount in accordance with another Standard (e.g. in accordance with the revaluation model in AASB 116: *Property, Plant*

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2026

1. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (cont'd)

(e) Impairment of assets (cont'd)

and Equipment). Any impairment loss of a revalued asset is treated as a revaluation decrease in accordance with that other Standard.

Where it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, the Company estimates the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs.

Impairment testing is performed annually for goodwill, intangible assets with indefinite lives and intangible assets not yet available for use.

Exploration and evaluation expenditure

For capitalised exploration and evaluation expenditure the Company assesses whether there is an indication that it may be impaired based on one or more of the following facts or circumstances:

- (a) the period for which the Company has the right to explore in the specific area has expired or will expire in the near future, and is not expected to be renewed;
- (b) substantive expenditure on further exploration for and evaluation of mineral resources in the specific area is neither budgeted nor planned;
- (c) exploration for and evaluation of mineral resources in the specific area have not led to the discovery of commercially viable quantities of mineral resources and the Company has decided to discontinue such activities in the specific area;
- (d) sufficient data exist to indicate that, although a development in the specific area is likely to proceed, the carrying amount of the exploration and evaluation asset is unlikely to be recovered in full from successful development or by sale.

Where the Company assesses that there has been an impairment the amount is immediately recognised in profit or loss in accordance with AASB 6 *Exploration for and Evaluation of Mineral Resources* ('AASB 6').

(f) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, deposits available on demand with banks, other short-term highly liquid investments with original maturities of 3 months or less, and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are reported within short-term borrowings in current liabilities in the statement of financial position.

(g) Deferred exploration and evaluation expenditure carried forward

Exploration and evaluation expenditures incurred, net of research and development tax offset amounts, are capitalised in respect of each identifiable area of interest. These costs are only capitalised to the extent that they are expected to be recovered through the successful development of the area or where activities in the area have not yet reached a stage that permits reasonable assessment of the existence of economically recoverable reserves.

Accumulated costs in relation to an abandoned area are written off in full against profit or loss in the year in which the decision to abandon the area is made.

When production commences, the accumulated costs for the relevant area of interest will be amortised over the life of the area according to the rate of depletion of the economically recoverable reserves.

A regular review is undertaken of each area of interest to determine the appropriateness of continuing to capitalise costs in relation to that area of interest.

Costs of site restoration are provided over the life of the project from when exploration commences and are included in the costs of that stage. Site restoration costs include the dismantling and removal of mining plant, equipment and building structures, waste removal, and rehabilitation of the site in accordance with local laws and regulations and clauses of the permits. Such costs have been determined using estimates of future costs, current legal requirements and technology on an undiscounted basis.

Any changes in the estimates for the costs are accounted on a prospective basis. In determining the cost of site restoration, there is uncertainty regarding the nature and extent of the restoration due to community expectations and future legislation. Accordingly, the costs have been determined on the basis that the restoration will be completed within one year of abandoning the site. For policy on impairment testing see 1(e).

(h) Trade and other payables

These amounts represent liabilities for goods and services provided to the Company prior to the end of financial year which are unpaid. The amounts are unsecured and are usually paid within 30 days of recognition.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2026

1. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (cont'd)

(i) Equity settled compensation

The Company does not have a formal employee share plan. Share-based payments to employees are measured at the fair value of the instruments issued and expensed over the vesting periods. Where share-based payments are for past services by employees they fully vest and are measured at the fair value of the instruments issued on the grant date and are brought to account with the corresponding amount recorded to a reserve. Share-based payments to non-employees are measured at the fair value of goods or services received or the fair value of the equity instruments issued, if it is determined the fair value of the goods or services cannot be reliably measured and are recorded at the date the goods or services are received. The corresponding amount is recorded to a reserve. The fair value of rights is independently determined. Where share-based payments are for future services the number of shares expected to vest is reviewed and adjusted at the end of each reporting period such that the amount recognised for services received as consideration for the equity instruments granted is based on the number of equity instruments that eventually vest.

The cost of equity settled transactions to non – employees are measured at fair value on grant date. Fair value is determined using the Black Scholes option pricing model that takes into account the exercise price, the term of the option, the impact of dilution, the share price on grant date and expected price volatility of the underlying share, the expected dividend yield and the risk-free interest rate for the term of the option.

(j) Issued capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity.

Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of new shares are shown in equity as a deduction, from the proceeds. Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of new shares, for the acquisition of mining properties, are not included in the cost of the acquisition as part of the purchase consideration.

(k) Goods and services tax (GST)

Revenues, expenses and assets are recognised net of the amount of GST, except where the amount of GST incurred is not recoverable from the Australian Taxation Office (“ATO”).

Receivables and payables are stated inclusive of the amount of GST receivable or payable. The net amount of GST recoverable from, or payable to, the ATO is included with other receivables or payables in the statement of financial position.

Cash flows are presented on a gross basis. The GST components of cash flows arising from investing or financing activities which are recoverable from, or payable to, the ATO are presented as operating cash flows included in receipts from customers or payments to suppliers.

(l) Research & Development Tax Incentive

The R&D tax incentive is offset against the R&D expenditure incurred in gaining the tax offset as permitted by AASB 120 *Accounting for Government Grants and Disclosure of Government Assistance*. The amount receivable for the tax offset is recorded in the year in which the R&D expenditure was incurred and when the requirements under AASB 120 have been met.

(m) Interest income

Interest revenue is recognised as interest accrues using the effective interest method. This is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a financial asset and allocating the interest income over the relevant period using the effective interest rate, which is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts through the expected life of the financial asset to the net carrying amount of the financial asset.

(n) Segment reporting

The Company has identified its operating segments based on the internal reports that are reviewed and used by the board of directors in assessing performance and determining the allocation of resources. Reportable segments disclosed are based on aggregating operating segments, where the segments have similar characteristics. The Company's sole activity is mineral exploration wholly within Australia, therefore it has aggregated all operating segments into the one reportable segment being mineral exploration.

(o) Critical Accounting Estimates and Judgments

The directors evaluate estimates and judgments incorporated into the financial statements based on historical knowledge and best available current information. Estimates assume a reasonable expectation of future events and are based on current trends and economic data, obtained both externally and within the Company.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2026

1. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (cont'd)

(0) Critical Accounting Estimates and Judgments (cont'd)

Critical accounting estimates and assumptions

The Company makes estimates and assumptions concerning the future. The resulting accounting estimates will, by definition, seldom equal the related actual results. The estimates and assumptions that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year are discussed below.

Estimated impairment of deferred exploration expenditure

The Board assesses annually whether deferred exploration expenditure has suffered any impairment, in accordance with the accounting policy. There is judgement required in determining if deferred exploration expenditure is impaired.

Estimated value of Research and Development tax incentive

The Board makes an estimate of the amount of expenditure that qualifies for the R&D tax incentive based reasonable assumptions and prior claims and applies the current rate to that expenditure. The Board has also made a judgement that there is reasonable assurance that the requirements for recognition under AASB 120 have been met.

Equity settled compensation

Where equity instruments have not yet been issued, share based payments have been provided for at the agreed value of the services/fees that have been supplied. Subsequently, when the equity instruments are issued, the fair value is the market value of the equity instruments at the grant date. Where this market value differs from the amount provided for, it gives rise to either a gain or a loss on the settlement of the payment. There is judgement in relation to inputs used in fair value of equity settled compensation.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2026

2. OTHER INCOME

	2026 \$	2025 \$
Interest received	2,461	10,949
Gain on extinguishment of accrued fees	0	25,146
Other income	99	1,096
Total revenue	2,560	37,191

3. AUDITORS REMUNERATION

	2026 \$	2025 \$
Auditor's remuneration for audit or review of the financial reports of the Company		
Remuneration of auditor – Horizon Nexus (WA) Audit Pty Ltd ('NP') (formally Nexia Perth Audit Services Pty Ltd)	36,878	32,728
Total remuneration	36,878	32,728

4. INCOME TAX EXPENSE

	2026 \$	2025 \$
(a) Income tax (benefit)/expense		
Current income tax	0	0
Deferred tax – Current year	0	0
	0	0
(b) Numerical reconciliation of income tax expense to prima facie tax payable	2026 \$	2025 \$
Loss from continuing operations before income tax expense	(387,505)	(291,259)
Tax at the Australian tax rate of 30.0% (2025 30.0%)	(116,252)	(87,377)
Blackhole expenditure	(17,664)	(6,755)
Other expenses	(107,374)	(168,357)
Temporary differences	55,158	42,457
Tax losses not recognised	186,132	220,032
Income tax attributable to the Company	0	0

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2026

4. INCOME TAX EXPENSE (cont'd)

(c) Deferred tax liabilities/assets	Opening balance	Movement	Closing balance
Deferred tax liabilities			
Deferred exploration expenditure	791,317	40,160	831,477
Other	3,462	3,293	6,755
Deferred tax assets			
Accrued expenses	(91,933)	50,404	(41,529)
Capital raising costs	(7,159)	(10,492)	(17,651)
Tax losses carried forward	(2,615,904)	(161,206)	(2,777,110)
Deferred tax asset not recognised	1,920,217	77,841	1,998,058
Net deferred tax liabilities at 30 June 2025	0	0	0
Deferred tax liabilities			
Deferred exploration expenditure	831,477	117,792	949,269
Other	6,755	10,909	17,664
Deferred tax assets			
Accrued expenses	(41,529)	(48,340)	(89,869)
Capital raising costs	(17,651)	(41,877)	(59,528)
Tax losses carried forward	(2,777,110)	(167,051)	(2,944,161)
Deferred tax asset not recognised	1,998,058	128,567	2,126,625
Net deferred tax liabilities at 30 June 2026	0	0	0

Tax losses do not expire under current legislation. Deferred tax assets for excess tax losses have not been recognised during the year because it is not deemed probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the Company can utilise the benefit.

5. TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES – CURRENT

	2026 \$	2025 \$
GST credit due	8,341	8,576
Diesel fuel rebate	2,746	0
Income receivable	0	9,260
R & D tax concession amount	225,000	80,000
	236,087	97,836

6. OTHER CURRENT ASSETS

	2026 \$	2025 \$
Prepayments	10,682	11,815
	10,682	11,815

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2026

7. TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES – NON-CURRENT

	2026 \$	2025 \$
Refundable security deposits	41,100	41,100
	41,100	41,100

8. PROPERTY PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

	2026 \$	2025 \$
Leasehold improvements – at cost	3,746	3,746
Less accumulated depreciation	(3,574)	(3,545)
	172	201
Office furniture and equipment – at cost	6,339	6,339
Less accumulated depreciation	(5,990)	(5,800)
	349	539
Motor vehicle – at cost	0	26,561
Less accumulated depreciation	0	(25,905)
	0	656
Field equipment – at cost	35,018	35,018
Less accumulated depreciation	(34,176)	(34,053)
	842	965

Movements in carrying amounts

Movement in the carrying amounts for each class of property, plant and equipment:

	Leasehold Improvements	Office furniture & equipment	Field equipment	Motor Vehicle	Totals
Balance at 1 July 2024	237	827	1,108	808	2,980
Depreciation expense	(36)	(288)	(143)	(152)	(619)
Balance at 1 July 2025	201	539	965	656	2,361
Depreciation expense	(30)	(190)	(123)	(26)	(369)
Write-off	0	0	0	(630)	(630)
Balance at 30 June 2026	171	349	842	0	1,362

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2026

9. DEFERRED EXPLORATION AND EVALUATION EXPENDITURE

	2026	2025
	\$	\$
Tenement acquisition costs – at cost	78,107	78,107
Deferred exploration expenditure – at cost less R & D tax offset received	3,388,360	2,864,301
R & D tax offset 2025-26	(224,130)	(92,712)
	3,242,337	2,849,696
Carrying amount at beginning of year	2,849,696	2,757,131
Deferred exploration and evaluation expenditure incurred	616,771	185,277
R & D tax offset	(224,130)	(92,712)
Carrying amount at end of year (at cost)	3,242,337	2,849,696

The ultimate recoupment of the above deferred exploration expenditure is dependent upon the successful development and commercial exploitation or, alternatively, sale of the respective areas of interest. All of the above expenditure relates to exploration phase.

For understandability the amount of the accumulated R & D that has been offset is disclosed in aggregate.

No provision has been recognised for a rehabilitation obligation as a reliable estimate cannot be determined.

10. TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES AND LOAN FROM DIRECTOR

	2026	2025
	\$	\$
Sundry payables and accrued expenses	106,112	42,604
<u>Amounts due to related parties:</u>		
Consulting fees – current	3,960	3,300
Consulting fees – deferred ¹	1,188,488	1,201,688
Director salary & superannuation	13,440	0
Directors' fees ²	216,798	205,278
	1,528,798	1,452,870
Loan – director ³	390,500	450,500

1. Notwithstanding the above consulting fees are included as current, subsequent to 30 June 2026, the directors have agreed to defer receipt of \$1,188,488 (2025 \$1,201,688), interest free, for at least 12 months, or not until the Company has the necessary funding to move onwards with exploration of the Company's projects.
2. In order to conserve cash for research, exploration and working capital purposes the directors have agreed to receive the proposed Class U performance rights with a milestone attached, subject to shareholder approval, for their director fees that are payable for the year ended 30 June 2026. These performance rights will only be issued if approved by the shareholders and will only subsequently convert to fully paid ordinary shares if the milestone is reached. Under the proposed milestone for the rights, each right will convert into one Fully Paid Ordinary Share, if the Fully Paid Ordinary shares have an average last sale price, whether traded that day or not, on closing on ASX of at least 8.0 cents on 20 consecutive days. Even if the milestone is reached the rights will not vest before 1 July 2027. At the 2025 AGM shareholder approval was given for performance rights to be issued in lieu of the executive directors' fees payable for

10. TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES AND LOAN FROM DIRECTOR (cont'd)

the year ended 30 June 2025. Please refer to the remuneration report within the Directors' report for full details. Where there is no shareholder approval for the above, all directors have agreed to not request payment until after 31 December 2027 or until the Company has the capacity to pay.

3. The director loan is interest free and subsequent to 30 June 2026 has deferred for at least 12 months and then afterwards not until the Company has the necessary funding to move onwards with exploration of the Company's projects.

11. ISSUED CAPITAL

(a) Ordinary Shares

- (i) Issued and paid-up capital 213,688,560 (2025:191,448,560) fully paid ordinary shares.

- (ii) Movements in shares on issue

	2026		2025	
	No. of Shares	\$	No. of Shares	\$
Opening balance	191,448,560	10,471,728	173,367,060	9,677,198
Shares issued on 04/07/2024	0	0	1,148,933	68,936
Shares issued on 08/09/2024	0	0	8,482,567	508,954
Shares issued on 15/11/2024	0	0	8,450,000	274,131
Shares issued on 22/07/2025	4,240,000	207,760	0	0
Shares issued on 24/12/2025	18,000,000	1,440,000	0	0
Less costs of issues	0	(319,244)	0	(57,491)
Closing balance	213,688,560	11,800,244	191,448,560	10,471,728

- (iii) Holders of ordinary shares have the right to receive dividends as declared and in the event of winding up the Company, to participate in the proceeds from the sale of all surplus assets in proportion to the number of shares held and the amount paid up. At shareholders' meetings each ordinary share is entitled to one vote when a poll is called, otherwise each shareholder has one vote on a show of hands.

Share issues:

During the year ended 30 June 2025 the following shares were issued:

On 04/07/2024 1,148,933 fully paid ordinary shares were issued to applicants to the NRRI at 6.0 cents.

On 08/09/2024 8,482,567 fully paid ordinary shares were issued to the underwriter of the NRRI at 6.0 cents.

On 15/11/2024 6,150,000 fully paid ordinary shares were issued on conversion of Class O Performance Rights at a deemed value of 6.0 cents.

On 15/11/2024 2,300,000 fully paid ordinary shares were issued on conversion of Class P Performance Rights at a deemed value of 6.0 cents.

During the year ended 30 June 2026 the following shares were issued:

On 22/07/2025 2,240,000 fully paid ordinary shares were issued on conversion of Class M Performance Rights at a deemed value of 4.9 cents.

On 22/07/2025 2,000,000 fully paid ordinary shares were issued on conversion of Class N Performance Rights at a deemed value of 4.9 cents.

On 24/12/2025 18,000,000 fully paid ordinary shares were placed with professional and sophisticated investors at 8.0 cents.

11. ISSUED CAPITAL (cont'd)

(b) Options over Ordinary Shares

Options:

9,000,001 options with an exercise price of 15 cents and expiring on 23/12/2027 were issued on 24/12/2025 as free attached options to allottees of the 24/12/2025 share placement.

2,000,000 options were issued with an exercise price of 15 cents and expiring on 23/12/2027 to Martin Place Securities for assisting with the placement of the 18,000,000 shares on 24/12/2025'.

No options were issued during the year ended 30 June 2025.

12. RESERVES

	2026	2025
	\$	\$
Opening balance	549,705	704,982
Expired rights	0	0
Conversion of Class O Performance Rights	0	(201,704)
Conversion of Class P Performance Rights	0	(72,427)
Conversion of Class M Performance Rights	(46,375)	0
Conversion of Class N Performance Rights	(40,612)	0
Grant of Class S Performance Rights	0	118,854
Grant of Class T Performance Rights	148,720	0
Options issued	48,000	0
Closing balance	659,438	549,705

The reserve records items recognised as costs when:

- options are issued to directors as part of their remuneration;
- options are issued to brokers who assist with capital raisings;
- options are issued to employees as part of their remuneration;
- options are issued to consultants as consideration for services rendered; and
- rights are issued to directors as part of their remuneration.

The fair value of the options issued to Martin Place Securities were valued using the Black-Scholes option pricing model using an exercise price of 15 cents, 2-year option period, the share price on grant date of 8.9 cents, a risk-free rate of 4%, price volatility of 73%, and no dividends payable.

See page 34 for a full listing of rights movements during the year ended 30 June 2026.

Performance Rights:

Class M Rights – 2,240,000 granted on 5 November 2021, have vested and have an expiry of 4 November 2025. These rights are subject to the Company's closing share price being at least 7 cents per share for 20 consecutive days on which the shares trade in the 4 years from date of issue. The milestone was achieved, and the rights converted on 22 July 2025.

Class N Rights – 2,000,000 granted on 5 November 2021, have vested and have an expiry of 4 November 2025. These rights are subject to the Company's closing share price being at least 8 cents per share for 20 consecutive days on which the shares trade in the 4 years from date of issue. The milestone has been achieved and the rights converted on 22 July 2025.

Class Q Rights – 4,000,000 granted on 29 November 2023, vested on 1 July 2024 and have an expiry of 13 October 2026. These rights are subject to the Company's last average sale price, whether traded or not, being at least 7 cents per share for 20 consecutive days in the 4 years from date of issue. The milestone has been achieved and are awaiting conversion by the Board.

12 RESERVES (cont'd)

Class R Rights – 2,500,000 granted on 29 November 2023, vested on 1 July 2024 and have an expiry of 11 February 2027. These rights are subject to the Company's last average sale price, whether traded or not, being at least 8 cents per share for 20 consecutive days in the 4 years from date of issue. The milestone has been achieved and are awaiting conversion by the Board.

Class S Rights – 1,600,000 granted on 29 November 2024, vested on 1 July 2025 and have an expiry of 30 December 2027. These rights are subject to the Company's last average sale price, whether traded or not, being at least 7 cents per share for 20 consecutive days in the 4 years from date of issue. The milestone has been achieved and are awaiting conversion by the Board.

Class T Rights – 1,824,000 granted on 28 November 2025, vested on 1 July 2026 and have an expiry of 23 December 2028. These rights are subject to the Company's last average sale price, whether traded or not, being at least 7.5 cents per share for 20 consecutive days in the 4 years from date of issue. The milestone has been achieved and are awaiting conversion by the Board.

The T Rights were independently valued using the Monte Carlo simulation methodology. Inputs used were: Spot price on 28 November 2025 - \$0.084; Exercise price – nil; Risk-Free rate – 3.80%; Volatility – 75.00%; Dividends – nil. These rights were issued to extinguish the liability for director's remuneration previously earned in the year ended 30 June 2025 amounting to \$144,000.

13. CASHFLOW INFORMATION

- (a) Reconciliation of the loss from continuing operations after income tax to the net cash flows used in operating activities:

	2026 \$	2025 \$
Loss after income tax	(387,505)	(291,259)
Directors' fees satisfied by the issue of rights	144,000	144,000
Rights issue as per AGM to executive directors	0	0
Gain on settling share-based payments	0	(25,146)
Loss on scrapping motor vehicle	630	0
Loss on settling share-based payment	4,720	0
Depreciation	190	288
Changes in assets and liabilities:		
Decrease/(increase) in receivables	9,495	(8,779)
Increase)/(Decrease) in payables and accruals	6,501	(5,414)
Decrease)/(Increase) in prepayments	835	(93)
Net cash flows used in operating activities	(221,134)	(186,403)

- (b) Reconciliation of cash and cash equivalents:

	2026 \$	2025 \$
Cash and cash equivalents	810,642	272,730
Closing Balance per Statement of Cash Flows	810,642	272,730

- (c) Non-cash Financing and Investing Activities:

The Company will issue, subject to shareholder approval, 2,187,000 Class U Performance Rights with a 4-year expiry in lieu of directors' fees of \$155,520 for the year ended 30 June 2026. These rights are subject to the Company's average last sale price, whether traded that day or not, on closing on ASX being at least 8.0 cents per share for 20 consecutive trading

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2026

13. CASHFLOW INFORMATION (cont'd)

days (Milestone). If this Milestone is not achieved prior to the expiry date, the rights will lapse. If the shareholders do not agree to the issue of the rights the directors are entitled to receive their director's fees paid in cash. To assist the Company, if the issue is not approved, the Directors have agreed to not request payment of the directors' fees for at least 12 months and then afterwards and not until the Company has the necessary funding to move onwards with exploration of the Company's projects. The full amount of \$155,520 for the directors' fees was expensed in the Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income for the year ended 30 June 2026.

The above amounts of \$155,520 of directors' fees for the year ended 30 June 2026 (2025: \$144,000) are included in Note 10 – Trade and other payables and loan from director.

The Company received shareholder approval at the 2025 AGM to issue 1,824,000 Class T Performance Rights in lieu of directors' fees that were payable for the year ended 30 June 2025. The full amount of \$144,000 for the Directors fees was expensed in the Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income for the year ended 30 June 2025.

14. LOSS PER SHARE

The following reflects the loss and share data used in the calculations of basic earnings per share:

	2026 \$	2025 \$
Loss used in calculating basic earnings per share	(387,505)	(291,259)
	No.	No.
Weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the year used in calculating basic EPS	204,704,231	187,311,258
Basic profit/(loss) per share is calculated as net profit or loss divided by the weighted average number of ordinary shares.		
Diluted profit/(loss) per share is calculated as net profit or loss adjusted for:		
Costs of servicing equity;		
Other non-discretionary changes in revenues or expenses during the year that would result from the dilution of potential ordinary shares, divided by the weighted average number of ordinary shares and dilutive potential ordinary shares.		

15. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Transactions with related parties.

Peter N Smith is a director of Resource Investments & Consulting Pty Ltd (RIC) which provided mining engineering and geological services totalling \$0 (2025 \$145,200). Total deferred fees for prior years are \$1,021,024, including GST.

Michael J Povey is the principal of an accounting practice which provided accounting and Company secretarial services totalling \$40,200 (2025 \$38,200). Total deferred fees for prior years are \$167,464, including GST.

There were no transactions with Rebecca T Girdwood's company during the period ended 30 June 2026.

The above amounts agreed to be deferred are included in Note 10 – Current Trade and Other payables and Loan from Director and have also been disclosed in the Remuneration Report. These amounts are not additional to the amounts in the remuneration report.

16. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

(a) Financial risk management policies

The Company's financial instruments consist mainly of deposits with banks, accounts receivable and accounts payable.

The board's overall risk management strategy seeks to assist the Company in meeting its financial targets, whilst minimising potential adverse effects on financial performance. The Company has developed a framework for a risk management policy and internal compliance and control system that covers the organisational, financial and operational aspects of the Company's affairs. The Board is responsible for ensuring the maintenance of, and compliance with appropriate systems.

Credit risk

The maximum exposure to credit risk, excluding the value of any collateral or other security, at reporting date of recognised financial assets is the carrying amount of those assets as disclosed in the Statement of Financial Position and notes to the financial statements. The Company does not have any material credit risk exposure as bank accounts are with a major Australian Bank and as borrowings are currently interest free from a director related company. See note 10 above.

Liquidity risk

Prudent liquidity risk management implies maintaining sufficient cash and marketable securities. The Company manages liquidity risk by monitoring forecast cash flows.

The table below reflects an undiscounted contractual maturity analysis for financial liabilities.

Cash flows realised from financial assets reflect management's expectation as to the timing of realisation. Actual timing may therefore differ from that disclosed. The timing of cash flows presented in the table to settle financial liabilities reflects the earliest contractual settlement dates.

	Within 1 year		1 to 5 years		Over 5 years		Total	
	2026 \$	2025 \$	2026 \$	2025 \$	2026 \$	2025 \$	2026 \$	2025 \$
Financial liabilities due for payment								
Trade & other payables	1,528,798	1,452,870	0	0	0	0	1,528,798	1,452,870
Borrowings	390,500	450,500	0	0	0	0	390,500	450,500
Total contractual outflows	1,919,298	1,903,370	0	0	0	0	1,919,298	1,903,370

Interest rate risk

Cash funds held in deposit accounts are monitored on a regular basis to ensure interest earned on deposits is maintained at market rates. Cash held in non-interest-bearing accounts are reviewed daily and cash surplus to the day's requirements are moved to interest bearing accounts. See note 10 above.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2026

16. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (cont'd)

	Notes	Floating Interest Rate		Fixed Interest Rate		Non-Interest Bearing		Total	
		2026	2025	2026	2025	2026	2025	2026	2025
		\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Financial Assets:									
Cash at bank & on hand	13(b)	805,887	270,167	0	0	4,755	2,563	810,642	272,730
Trade & other receivables-current	5	0	0	0	0	236,087	97,836	236,087	97,836
Trade & other receivables- non-current	7	0	0	0	0	41,100	41,100	41,100	41,100
Total financial assets		805,887	270,167	0	0	281,942	141,499	1,087,829	411,666
Weighted average interest rate		0.650%	0.700%	-	-	-	-	-	-
Financial Liabilities:									
Payables -									
Current	10	0	0	0	0	1,528,798	1,452,870	1,528,798	1,452,870
Borrowings -									
Current	10	0	0	0	0	390,500	450,500	390,500	450,500
Total financial liabilities		0	0	0	0	1,919,298	1,903,370	1,919,298	1,903,370

	Notes	Floating Interest Rate		Fixed Interest Rate		Non-Interest Bearing		Total	
		2026 \$	2025 \$	2026 \$	2025 \$	2026 \$	2025 \$	2026 \$	2025 \$
Weighted average interest rate		0.00%	0.00%	-	-	-	-	-	-
Net financial assets (liabilities)		805,887	270,167	0	0	(1,637,356)	(1,761,871)	(831,469)	(1,491,704)

(b) Financial instruments

For other assets and other liabilities the net fair value approximates their carrying value, as disclosed in the Statement of Financial Position.

17. CAPITAL AND LEASING COMMITMENTS

Capital expenditure commitments

Estimated commitments for which no provisions were included in the financial statements are as follows:

Lease commitments – the Company does not have any lease commitments.

Exploration Expenditure Commitments - The Company has certain obligations to perform minimum annual exploration work totalling \$188,000 (2025: \$183,000) on its Tennant Creek tenements.

18. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

The directors are not aware of any contingent liabilities as at the date of this report (2025: nil).

19. SHARE BASED PAYMENTS

The following share-based payment arrangements were made during the reporting years:

Director shares

Year ended 30 June 2025

At the 2024 AGM 1,600,000 Class S Performance Rights were issued to the directors as follows:

	Number	Director fees \$	Valuation on issue \$
Directors in lieu of directors' fees:			
Class S Performance Rights	1,600,000	144,000	118,854
Totals	1,600,000	144,000	118,854

The rights were independently valued using the Monte Carlo simulation methodology. The directors had agreed to receive the Class S Rights in lieu of the unpaid directors' fees. Details of the input data for the valuations are:

Class S Performance Rights: Volatility – 84.08%, interest rate 3.835%, grant date 29/11/24, expiry date 28/11/28, spot price on granting \$0.075, nil dividends to be paid.

There were no options issued to directors during the years ended 30 June 2025 and 2024.

Year ended 30 June 2026

At the 2025 AGM 1,824,000 Class T Performance Rights were issued to the directors as follows:

	Number	Director fees \$	Valuation on issue \$
Directors in lieu of directors' fees:			
Class T Performance Rights	1,824,000	144,000	148,720
Totals	1,824,000	144,000	148,720

The rights were independently valued using the Monte Carlo simulation methodology. The directors had agreed to receive the Class T Rights in lieu of the unpaid directors' fees. Details of the input data for the valuations are:

Class T Performance Rights: Volatility – 75.00%, interest rate 3.800%, grant date 28/11/25, expiry date 27/11/29, spot price on granting \$0.084, nil dividends to be paid.

There were no options issued to directors during the years ended 30 June 2026 and 2025.

20. EVENTS OCCURRING AFTER REPORTING DATE

1,800,000 Class Q Performance Rights and 2,500,000 Class R Performance Rights were converted into fully paid ordinary shares on 2 July 2026 and a further 1,600,000 Class Q Performance Rights were converted into fully paid ordinary shares on 7 August 2026. It was announced on 3 September that Ms Stephanie Hillbeck has been appointed as Chief Financial Officer and Company Secretary with effect from 5 October. Other than the above matters the Directors are not aware of any other matter or circumstance since the end of the financial year that has significantly affected or may significantly affect the operations of the Company, the results of those operations or the state of affairs of the Company in subsequent financial years.

CONSOLIDATED ENTITY DISCLOSURE STATEMENT
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2026

Truscott Mining Corporation Limited is a Body Corporate that is incorporated and has a tax residency in Australia and is a single Company with no subsidiaries.

DIRECTORS DECLARATION

The directors of the Company declare that:

1. the financial statements and notes, as set out on pages 40 to 58, are in accordance with the *Corporations Act 2001* and the *Corporations Regulations 2001*: and
 - (a) comply with Australian Accounting Standards, which, as stated in accounting policy Note 1 to the financial statements, constitutes compliance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS); and
 - (b) give a true and fair view of the financial position as at 30 June 2026 and of the performance for the year ended on that date of the Company;
2. the Directors have been given the declarations required by s 295A of the *Corporations Act 2001* from the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer; and
3. In the directors' opinion there are reasonable grounds to believe that the Company will be able to pay its debts as and when they become due and payable.
4. The information disclosed in the consolidated entity disclosure statement are true and correct.

This declaration is made in accordance with a resolution of the Board of Directors.



DIRECTOR

Perth, WA



DIRECTOR

Dated this 29th day of September 2026

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the members of Truscott Mining Corporation Limited

Report on the Audit of the Financial Report

Opinion

We have audited the financial report of Truscott Mining Corporation Limited (the Company), which comprises the statement of financial position as at 30 June 2026, the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, statement of changes in equity and statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including material accounting policy information, the consolidated entity disclosure statement and the directors' declaration.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial report of the Company, is in accordance with the *Corporations Act 2001*, including:

- (a) giving a true and fair view of the Company's financial position as at 30 June 2026 and of its financial performance for the year then ended; and
- (b) complying with Australian Accounting Standards and the *Corporations Regulations 2001*.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Report* section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the auditor independence requirements of the *Corporations Act 2001* and the ethical requirements of the APES 110 *Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (including Independence Standards)* issued by the Accounting Professional & Ethical Standards Board Limited (the Code) that are relevant to audits of the financial report of public interest entities in Australia. We have also fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Material Uncertainty Related to Going Concern

We draw attention to Note 1(b) in the financial report, which indicates that the Company incurred a loss of \$387,505 (2025: \$291,259) and had a net cash outflow from operating and investing activities of \$691,617 (2025: \$307,673). These condition, along with other matters as set forth in Note 1(b), indicate that a material uncertainty exists that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter.

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgement, were of most significance in our audit of the financial report of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the financial report as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

Share-based payments	
Area of focus	How our audit addressed the area of focus
Share-based payments Refer also to Note 12 The Company issued unlisted performance rights to directors, employees and share options joint lead managers during the year ended 30 June 2026. There is a risk that these share-based payments may not be valued, accounted for and disclosed in accordance with AASB 2 <i>Share-based payment</i> (“AASB 2”) and Section 300A of the <i>Corporations Act 2001</i>. Share-based payments is considered a key audit matter because they are a material transaction with key management personnel and the valuation involves significant judgement and accounting estimates in terms of AASB 2 and IFRIC 19 <i>Extinguishing Financial Liabilities with Equity Instruments</i>.	Our audit procedures included, amongst others: • Checking the key terms of equity settled share-based payments in respect of the award of performance rights and options over common shares for rendering services by key management personnel to the underlying shareholder approval and award documents; • Checking the appropriateness of the accounting treatment; • Testing the accuracy of the share-based payments amortisation over the vesting periods and recording of expense in the Statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income and increase to the share-based payments reserve; • Assessing the experience and competence of the expert used in valuing the relevant share-based payments; • Checking the completeness of share-based payments; and • Assessing the appropriateness of the disclosure in the financial report.
Deferred Exploration and Evaluation Expenditure Refer also to Note 9 As at 30 June 2026 the carrying value of deferred exploration expenditure and evaluation was \$3,242,337 (2025: \$2,849,696). The Company’s	Our audit procedures included, amongst others: • Checking that the rights of tenure to the areas of interest remained current at the reporting date;

accounting policy in respect of deferred exploration and evaluation expenditure is outlined in Note 1(g).

This is a key audit matter due to the fact that significant judgement is applied in determining whether:

- The deferred exploration and evaluation expenditure meets the recognition criteria of AASB 6 *Exploration for and Evaluation Mineral Resources* (“AASB 6”); and
 - Facts and circumstances exist that suggest the carrying value of the exploration and evaluation asserts is in accordance with AASB 6.
- Assessing whether expenditure incurred in the year can be capitalized;
 - Obtaining an understanding of the status of ongoing exploration programs for the areas of interest;
 - Obtaining evidence of the future intention for the areas of interest, including reviewing future budgeted expenditure and;
 - Considering management’s assessment of potential indicators of impairment; and
 - Assessing the appropriateness of the disclosure in the financial report.

Other Information

The directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Company’s annual report for the year ended 30 June 2026 but does not include the financial report and our auditor’s report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial report does not cover the other information and accordingly we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial report, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial report or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of the Directors for the Financial Report

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation of:

- a) the financial report (other than the consolidated entity disclosure statement) that gives a true and fair view in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards and *the Corporations Act 2001*; and
- b) the consolidated entity disclosure statement that is true and correct in accordance with the *Corporations Act 2001*, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of:
 - i. the financial report (other than the consolidated entity disclosure statement) that gives a true and fair view and is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error; and
 - ii. the consolidated entity disclosure statement that is true and correct and is free of misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial report, the directors are responsible for assessing the ability of the Company to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Report

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial report as a whole is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with the Australian Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of this financial report.

As part of an audit in accordance with the Australian Auditing Standards, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial report, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the directors.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial report or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial report, including the disclosures, and whether the financial report represents the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation. We communicate with the directors regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide the directors with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may

reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, actions taken to eliminate threats or safeguards applied.

From the matters communicated with the directors, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the financial report of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters.

We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Report on the Remuneration Report

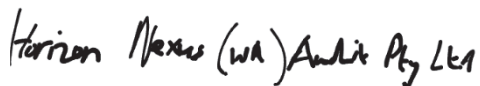
Opinion on the Remuneration Report

We have audited the Remuneration Report included in pages 31 to 37 of the directors' report for the year ended 30 June 2026.

In our opinion, the Remuneration Report of Truscott Mining Corporation Limited, for the year ended 30 June 2026, complies with section 300A of the *Corporations Act 2001*.

Responsibilities

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation and presentation of the Remuneration Report in accordance with section 300A of the *Corporations Act 2001*. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Remuneration Report, based on our audit conducted in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards.

A handwritten signature in black ink that reads 'Horizon Nexus (WA) Audit Pty Ltd'.

Horizon Nexus (WA) Audit Pty Ltd

A handwritten signature in black ink, likely belonging to Justin Mulhair.

Justin Mulhair
Director
Perth, Western Australia
Date: 29 September 2026

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

Information as at 28 September 2026

(a) Distribution of Shareholders

Category (size of holding)	No of Share Holders	% of Total Issued Capital
1 – 1,000	28	0.00
1,001 – 5,000	20	0.03
5,001 – 10,000	78	0.33
10,001 – 100,000	157	2.50
100,001 – and over	103	97.14
Total	386	100.00%

(b) Top 20 Shareholders — as at 28 September 2026

Rank	Name	Ordinary Shares Held	% Issued Capital
1	Resource Holdings (WA) Pty Ltd	39,095,113	17.80
2	Resource Investments & Consulting Pty Ltd	33,276,410	15.15
3	MJ & EV Povey <SF A/c>	11,099,950	5.05
4	Mr SR Harbour	10,654,118	4.85
5	Martin Place Securities Nominees Pty Ltd	7,807,930	3.56
6	Mr K Yu	7,000,000	3.19
7	Mr GC & Mrs DS Campbell <SF A/c>	6,819,536	3.11
8	Success Investments Pty Ltd	6,250,000	2.85
9	Mr BA Smith	6,135,548	2.79
10	Mr NF Stuart	6,024,642	2.74
11	Mr DM Barrett	5,617,574	2.56
12	Girdy Pty Ltd <SF A/C>	5,555,463	2.53
13	Hillway Pty Ltd <PNS SF A/c>	5,286,261	2.70
14	MJ Povey & EV Povey	4,653,200	2.12
15	Mrs DS Campbell	3,320,000	1.51
16	Nelson Enterprises Pty Ltd <CS A/C>	3,214,286	1.46
17	Setbaa Pty Ltd <T McMahon SF A/C>	2,856,587	1.30
18	Hillway Pty Ltd <EES SF A/c>	2,855,337	1.30
19	Ms CF Raston	2,800,000	1.53
20	Dr G Smith	2,728,080	1.24
Total		173,050,035	79.34
Balance of register		46,538,525	20.66
Grand total		219,588,560	100.00

(c) Substantial Shareholders

As at 28 September 2026 the following shareholder(s) held 5% or more of the issued capital of the Company as per substantial shareholder notices lodged with ASX.

#	Holder	Number of Shares	% of Issued Capital
1	Ewan E Smith	41,950,450	19.10
2	Peter Neil Smith	38,561,671	17.56
3	Michael J Povey	16,753,150	7.63
	Totals	97,265,271	44.29

(d) Shareholders Holding less than a Marketable Parcel

Shareholder information as registered at close of business on 28 September 2026. The number of shareholders holding less than the marketable parcel of \$500 is 129 shareholders holding 821,745 ordinary shares representing 0.37% of total issued capital. The number of shareholders holding less than an economical parcel of \$2,000 is 238 shareholders holding 3,260,596 ordinary shares representing 1.48% of total issued capital.

(e) Voting Rights

The voting rights attached to each class of equity security are as follows:

Ordinary Shares

On a show of hands every member present in person or by proxy or attorney or being a corporation by its authorised representative who is present in person or by proxy, shall have one vote for every fully paid ordinary share of which he is a holder.

Quotation has been granted for all the ordinary shares of the Company on all Member Exchanges of the Australian Securities Exchange Limited

(f) Company Details
Registered office:

13 Hillway, Nedlands WA 6009

Telephone numbers:

Telephone 0419 956 232

All correspondence to be addressed to the PO Box:

PO Box 2805, West Perth WA 6872

Email

admin@truscottmining.com.au

Website

WWW.Truscottmining.com.au

Principal place of business:

Lot 511 Udall Road, Tennant Creek NT 0860

Company secretary:

Michael J Povey

Share registry:

Automic Group Pty Ltd
Level 4, 191 St Georges Terrace, Perth WA 6000
Postal address
GPO Box 5193, Sydney NSW 2001

Home exchange:

Australian Securities Exchange Ltd
Exchange Plaza
2 The Esplanade, Perth WA 6000
ASX Code: TRM

(g) Tenement Schedule

Tenements held as at XX September 2026 are:

Project	Type & Number	Date Renewed	Held by	Area
Westminster	MLC511	01/01/2026	TRM 100%	9 Hectares
Westminster	MA25952	26/10/2025	TRM 100%	1 Block
Westminster	MA26500	09/07/2026	TRM 100%	5 Blocks
Westminster	MA26558	09/07/2026	TRM 100%	2 Blocks
Barkly	EL31579	11/01/2026	TRM 100%	52 Blocks
North Tennant	EL32111	27/11/2026	TRM 100%	77.71 Sq Km

Notes:

- TRM = Truscott Mining Corporation Ltd
- MLC = Mineral Lease (Central)
- MA = Authority to explore
- EL = Exploration Licence