

First Sentier Active Cash Fund (formerly known as First Sentier Cash Fund)

ARSN 634 630 229

Annual Report

For the year ended 30 June 2026

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These financial statements cover First Sentier Active Cash Fund (formerly known as First Sentier Cash Fund) as an individual entity.

The Responsible Entity of the First Sentier Active Cash Fund (formerly known as First Sentier Cash Fund) is The Trust Company (RE Services) Limited (ABN 45 003 278 831) (AFSL 235 150). The Responsible Entity's registered office is Level 14 Angel Place, 123 Pitt Street, Sydney, NSW 2000.

Directors' report

The Trust Company (RE Services) Limited (ABN 45 003 278 831) (AFSL 235150) is the responsible entity (the "Responsible Entity") of First Sentier Active Cash Fund (formerly known as First Sentier Cash Fund) (the "Fund"). The directors of the Responsible Entity (the "Directors") present their report together with the financial statements of the Fund for the year ended 30 June 2026.

Principal activities

The Fund is a registered managed investment scheme domiciled in Australia.

The Fund seeks investment in a portfolio of domestic short term money market securities which the Fund may access directly or indirectly. The Fund is actively managed and invests in assets that the Investment Manager believes offers the best value-for-risk by taking into account economic analysis and market trends.

The Fund was constituted on 3 July 2019 and commenced operations on 13 December 2019.

The Fund did not have any employees during the year.

On 7 May 2026, the Fund's units were launched at \$100.04 per unit and listed on the Australian Securities Exchange (ASX) with the assigned ASX ticker "FSCF".

There were no significant changes in the nature of the Fund's activities during the year.

Directors

The Directors of The Trust Company (RE Services) Limited during and appointed within the year and up to the date of this report are shown below. The Directors were in office for this entire period except where stated otherwise:

Name

Alexis Dodwell	Director
David Manoukian	Director (Appointed effective 17 November 2025)
Glenn Foster	Director
Vicki Riggio	Director (Resigned effective 16 November 2025)
Phillip Blackmore	Alternate Director for David Manoukian

Review and results of operations

During the year, the Fund invested in accordance with the investment objective and guidelines as set out in the governing documents of the Fund and in accordance with the provisions of the Fund's Constitution.

Results

The performance of the Fund, as represented by the results of its operations, was as follows:

	Year ended	
	30 June 2026	30 June 2025
Operating profit/(loss) (\$'000)	<u>29,099</u>	<u>18,537</u>
Distributions paid and/or payable (\$'000)	<u>28,478</u>	<u>18,267</u>
Distributions (cents per unit)	<u>4.10</u>	<u>4.41</u>

Significant changes in the state of affairs

On 16 November 2025, Vicki Riggio resigned as a Director of the Responsible Entity.

On 17 November 2025, David Manoukian was appointed as a Director of the Responsible Entity.

On 7 May 2026, the fund was listed on the ASX under the ASX code "FSCF".

Directors' report (continued)

Significant changes in the state of affairs (continued)

In the opinion of the Directors, there were no other significant changes in the state of affairs of the Fund that occurred during the year.

Matters subsequent to the end of the financial year

No matter or circumstance has arisen since 30 June 2026 that has significantly affected, or may significantly affect:

- (i) the operations of the Fund in future financial years; or
- (ii) the results of those operations in future financial years; or
- (iii) the state of affairs of the Fund in future financial years.

Likely developments and expected results of operations

The Fund will continue to be managed in accordance with the investment objectives and guidelines as set out in the governing documents of the Fund and in accordance with the provisions of the Fund's Constitution.

The results of the Fund's operations will be affected by a number of factors, including the performance of investment markets in which the Fund invests. Investment performance is not guaranteed and future returns may differ from past returns. As investment conditions change over time, past returns should not be used to predict future returns.

Indemnification and insurance of officers and auditors

No insurance premiums are paid for out of the assets of the Fund in regards to insurance cover provided to either the officers of the Responsible Entity or the auditors of the Fund. So long as the officers of the Responsible Entity act in accordance with the Fund's Constitution and the *Corporations Act 2001*, the officers remain indemnified out of the assets of the Fund against losses incurred while acting on behalf of the Fund.

The auditors of the Fund are in no way indemnified out of the assets of the Fund.

Fees paid to and interests held in the Fund by the Responsible Entity or its associates

Fees paid to the Responsible Entity and its associates out of the Fund's property during the year are disclosed in Note 16 to the financial statements.

No fees were paid out of the Fund's property to the Directors of the Responsible Entity during the year.

The number of units in the Fund held by the Responsible Entity or its associates as at the end of the financial year are disclosed in Note 16 to the financial statements.

Units in the Fund

The movement in units on issue in the Fund during the year is disclosed in Note 8 to the financial statements.

The value of the Fund's assets and liabilities is disclosed in the Statement of financial position and derived using the basis set out in Note 2 to the financial statements.

Environmental regulation

The operations of the Fund are not subject to any particular or significant environmental regulations under Commonwealth, State or Territory law.

Rounding of amounts to the nearest thousand dollars

The Fund is an entity of a kind referred to in *ASIC Corporations (Rounding in Financial Directors' Reports) Instrument 2026/183* issued by the Australian Securities and Investments Commission (ASIC) relating to the "rounding off" of amounts in the Directors' report. Amounts in the Directors' report have been rounded to the nearest thousand dollars in accordance with the *ASIC Corporations Instrument*, unless otherwise indicated.

Directors' report (continued)

Auditor's independence declaration

A copy of the Auditor's independence declaration as required under section 307C of the *Corporations Act 2001* is set out on page 5.

This report is made in accordance with a resolution of the Directors of The Trust Company (RE Services) Limited.



Director
The Trust Company (RE Services) Limited

Sydney
18 September 2026

18 September 2026

The Board of Directors
The Trust Company (RE Services) Limited
Level 18, 123 Pitt Street
Sydney NSW 2000

Dear Directors

Auditor's Independence Declaration to First Sentier Active Cash Fund (the "Fund")

In accordance with section 307C of the *Corporations Act 2001*, I am pleased to provide the following declaration of independence to The Trust Company (RE Services) Limited, as Responsible Entity for the Fund.

As lead audit partner for the audit of the financial report of the Fund for the financial year ended 30 June 2026, I declare that to the best of my knowledge and belief, there have been no contraventions of:

- The auditor independence requirements of the *Corporations Act 2001* in relation to the audit; and
- Any applicable code of professional conduct in relation to the audit.

Yours faithfully



DELOITTE TOUCHE TOHMATSU



Jonathon Corbett
Partner
Chartered Accountants

Statement of comprehensive income

		Year ended	
		30 June 2026	30 June 2025
	Notes	\$'000	\$'000
Investment income			
Interest income from financial assets at amortised cost		11,616	3,345
Interest income from financial assets at fair value through profit or loss		11,079	8,619
Distribution income		308	267
Net gains/(losses) on financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss	5	7,385	6,499
Net foreign currency gains/(losses)		-	565
Other income	14	16	18
Total investment income/(loss)		30,404	19,313
Expenses			
Responsible Entity's fees	16	74	49
Net management fees	16	1,045	559
Administration and custody fees		150	81
Other operating expenses	15	36	87
Total operating expenses		1,305	776
Operating profit/(loss)		29,099	18,537
Profit/(loss) for the year	8	29,099	18,537
Other comprehensive income		-	-
Total comprehensive income/(loss) for the year		29,099	18,537

The above Statement of comprehensive income should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

Statement of financial position

		As at	
		30 June 2026	30 June 2025
	Notes	\$'000	\$'000
Assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	10	527,791	294,742
Receivables	13	2,710	1,400
Application receivables		3,729	933
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	6	<u>440,891</u>	<u>183,348</u>
Total assets		<u>975,121</u>	<u>480,423</u>
Liabilities			
Net management fees payable	16	133	127
Distributions payable		10,352	8,341
Redemption payables		<u>489</u>	<u>264</u>
Total liabilities		<u>10,974</u>	<u>8,732</u>
Net assets attributable to unitholders - equity	8	<u>964,147</u>	<u>471,691</u>

The above Statement of financial position should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

Statement of changes in equity

		Year ended	
		30 June 2026	30 June 2025
	Notes	\$'000	\$'000
Total equity at the beginning of the year	8	471,691	324,632
Comprehensive income for the year			
Profit/(loss) for the year		29,099	18,537
Other comprehensive income		-	-
Total comprehensive income for the year		29,099	18,537
Transactions with unitholders			
Applications	8	783,988	366,931
Redemptions	8	(295,558)	(221,168)
Units issued upon reinvestment of distributions	8	3,405	1,026
Distributions paid and payable	8	(28,478)	(18,267)
Total transactions with unitholders		463,357	128,522
Total equity at the end of the year		964,147	471,691

Changes in net assets attributable to unitholders are disclosed in Note 8.

The above Statement of changes in equity should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

Statement of cash flows

		Year ended	
		30 June 2026	30 June 2025
	Notes	\$'000	\$'000
Cash flows from operating activities			
Proceeds from sale of financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss		729,061	772,063
Payments for purchase of financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss		(978,964)	(744,606)
Interest received		21,400	11,325
Dividends/distribution received		53	267
Other income received		1	20
Responsible Entity's fees paid		(74)	(60)
Management fees paid		(954)	(463)
Administration and custody fees paid		(150)	(105)
Other operating expenses paid		(36)	(118)
Net cash inflow/(outflow) from operating activities	11(a)	<u>(229,663)</u>	<u>38,323</u>
Cash flows from financing activities			
Proceeds from applications by unitholders		781,107	365,969
Payments for redemptions by unitholders		(295,333)	(220,905)
Distributions paid		(23,062)	(13,896)
Net cash inflow/(outflow) from financing activities		<u>462,712</u>	<u>131,168</u>
Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		233,049	169,491
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year		<u>294,742</u>	<u>125,251</u>
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	10	<u>527,791</u>	<u>294,742</u>
Non-cash financing activities	11(b)	<u>3,490</u>	<u>1,055</u>

The above Statement of cash flows should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

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1 General information

These financial statements cover the First Sentier Active Cash Fund (formerly known as First Sentier Cash Fund) (the “Fund”) as an individual entity. The Fund was constituted on 3 July 2019, registered by Australian Securities and Investments Commission (“ASIC”) as a managed investment scheme on 15 July 2019 and commenced operations on 13 December 2019. The Fund will terminate in accordance with the provisions of the Fund’s Constitution.

The Trust Company (RE Services) Limited (ABN 45 003 278 831) is the responsible entity of the Fund (the “Responsible Entity”). The Responsible Entity’s registered office is Level 14 Angel Place, 123 Pitt Street, Sydney, NSW, 2000.

The investment manager of the Fund is First Sentier Investors (Australia) IM Limited (the “Investment Manager”).

The principal activities of the Fund are to invest in accordance with the investment objectives and guidelines as set out in the current Product Disclosure Statement of the Fund and in accordance with the provisions of the Fund’s Constitution.

The financial statements of the Fund are for the year ended 30 June 2026. The financial statements are presented in the Australian currency.

The financial statements were authorised for issue by the directors of the Responsible Entity (the “Directors of the Responsible Entity”) on 18 September 2026. The Directors of the Responsible Entity have the power to amend and reissue the financial statements.

2 Summary of material accounting policies

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all periods presented, unless otherwise stated in the following text.

(a) Basis of preparation

These general purpose financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards and Interpretations issued by the Australian Accounting Standards Board (“AASB”) and the *Corporations Act 2001* in Australia. The Fund is a for-profit fund for the purpose of preparing the financial statements.

The financial statements are prepared on the basis of fair value measurement of assets and liabilities except where otherwise stated.

The Statement of financial position is presented on a liquidity basis. Assets and liabilities are presented in decreasing order of liquidity and are not distinguished between current and non-current. All balances are expected to be recovered or settled within twelve months, except for investments in financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss and net assets attributable to unitholders.

The Fund manages financial assets at fair value through profit or loss based on the economic circumstances at any given point in time, as well as to meet any liquidity requirements. As such, it is expected that a portion of the portfolio will be realised within twelve months, however, an estimate of that amount cannot be determined as at year end.

In the case of net assets attributable to unitholders, the units are redeemed on demand at the unitholder’s option. However, unitholders typically retain units for the medium to long-term. As such, the amount expected to be settled within twelve months cannot be reliably determined.

(i) Compliance with International Financial Reporting Standards

The financial statements of the Fund also comply with International Financial Reporting Standards as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board.

2 Summary of material accounting policies (continued)

(a) Basis of preparation (continued)

(ii) *New and amended standards adopted by the Fund*

The following are the new amendment effective from 1 July 2025 (unless otherwise stated):

- AASB 2023-5 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards – Lack of Exchangeability [AASB 1, AASB 121, AASB 1060]

For annual reporting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2025, Lack of Exchangeability – Amendments to AASB 121 *The Effects of Changes in Foreign Exchange Rates* specifies how an entity should assess whether a currency is exchangeable and how it should determine a spot exchange rate when exchangeability is lacking. The amendments also require disclosure of information that enables users of its financial statements to understand how the currency not being exchangeable into the other currency affects, or is expected to affect, the entity's financial performance, financial position and cash flows.

The amendment did not have any impact on the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements in the prior periods and is not expected to significantly affect the current or future periods.

(iii) *New standards, amendments and interpretations effective after 1 July 2026 and have not been early adopted*

The new and amended standards and interpretations that are issued, but not yet effective, up to the date of issuance of the Fund's financial statements are disclosed below. The Fund intends to adopt these new and amended standards and interpretations, if applicable, when they become effective.

- AASB 18 Presentation and Disclosure in Financial Statements

In June 2024, the AASB issued AASB 18, which replaces AASB 101 Presentation of Financial Statements. AASB 18 introduces new requirements for presentation within the statement of comprehensive income, including specified totals and subtotals. Furthermore, entities are required to classify all income and expenses within the statement of comprehensive income into one of five categories: operating, investing, financing, income taxes and discontinued operations, whereof the first three are new. It also requires disclosure of newly defined management-defined performance measures, subtotals of income and expenses, and includes new requirements for aggregation and disaggregation of financial information based on the identified 'roles' of the primary financial statements and the notes. In addition, narrow-scope amendments have been made to AASB 107 Statement of Cash Flows, which include changing the starting point for determining cash flows from operations under the indirect method, from 'profit or loss' to 'operating profit or loss' and removing the optionality around classification of cash flows from dividends and interest. In addition, there are consequential amendments to several other standards. AASB 18, and the amendments to the other standards, is effective for reporting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2027.

- AASB 2024-2 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards – Classification and Measurement of Financial Instruments [AASB 7 & AASB 9]

In July 2024, the AASB issued amendments to AASB 7 Financial Instruments: Disclosures and AASB 9 Financial Instruments. This amendment amends requirements related to settling financial liabilities using an electronic payment system and assessing contractual cash flow characteristics of financial assets with environmental, social and corporate governance and similar features. It also amends disclosure requirements relating to investments in equity instruments designated at fair value through other comprehensive income and adds disclosure requirements for financial instruments with contingent features that do not relate directly to basic lending risks and costs. The amendments will be effective for annual reporting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2026.

The Directors of the Responsible Entity of the Fund are currently working to identify all impacts the amendments will have on the primary financial statements and notes to the financial statements.

2 Summary of material accounting policies (continued)

(b) Financial instruments

(i) Classification

- Financial Assets:

The Fund classifies its investments based on its business model for managing those financial assets and the contractual cash flow characteristics of the financial assets. The Fund's portfolio of financial assets is managed and performance is evaluated on a fair value basis in accordance with the Fund's documented investment strategy. The Fund's policy is for the Responsible Entity to evaluate the information about these financial assets on a fair value basis together with other related financial information.

For equity securities the contractual cash flows of these instruments do not represent solely payments of principal and interest. Consequently, these investments are measured at fair value through profit or loss.

For debt securities, the contractual cash flows are solely payments of principal and interest, however they are neither held for collecting contractual cash flows nor held both for collecting contractual cash flows and for sale. The collection of contractual cash flows is only incidental to achieving the Funds' business model's objective. Consequently, the debt securities are measured at fair value through profit or loss.

A debt instrument is measured at amortised cost if the objective of the business model is to hold the financial asset for the collection of the contractual cash flows and the contractual cash flows under the instrument represent solely payments of principal and interest ("SPPI").

A debt instrument is measured at fair value through other comprehensive income if the objective of the business model is to hold the financial asset both to collect contractual cash flows from SPPI and to sell.

All other debt instruments must be recognised at fair value through profit or loss. An entity may however, at initial recognition, irrevocably designate a financial asset as measured at fair value through profit or loss if doing so eliminates or significantly reduces a measurement or recognition inconsistency.

- Financial Liabilities:

For financial liabilities that are not classified and measured at fair value through profit or loss, these are classified as financial liabilities at amortised cost (Responsible Entity's fees payable, management fees payable, administration and custody fees payable, due to brokers, distributions payable and other payables).

(ii) Recognition/derecognition

The Fund recognises financial assets and financial liabilities on the date it becomes party to the contractual agreement (trade date) and recognises changes in fair value of the financial assets or financial liabilities from this date.

Investments are derecognised when the right to receive cash flows from the investments have expired or the Fund has transferred substantially all risks and rewards of ownership. The Fund derecognises a financial liability when the obligation under the liability is discharged, cancelled or expired.

(iii) Measurement

At initial recognition, the Fund measures financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value. Transaction costs of financial assets and financial liabilities carried at fair value through profit or loss are expensed in the Statement of comprehensive income.

Subsequent to initial recognition, all financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are measured at fair value. Gains and losses arising from changes in the fair value of the financial assets or financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss category are presented in the Statement of comprehensive income within 'net gains/(losses) on financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss' in the period in which they arise.

Further details on how the fair values of financial instruments are determined are disclosed in Note 4.

2 Summary of material accounting policies (continued)

(b) Financial instruments (continued)

(iv) Offsetting financial instruments

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount reported in the Statement of financial position when there is a legally enforceable right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, or realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

(v) Impairment

At each reporting date, the Fund shall measure the loss allowance on financial assets at amortised cost (cash, due from broker and receivables) at an amount equal to the lifetime expected credit loss ("ECL") if the credit risk has increased significantly since initial recognition. If, at the reporting date, the credit risk has not increased significantly since initial recognition, the Fund shall measure the loss allowance at an amount equal to 12-month ECL. Significant financial difficulties of the counterparty, probability that the counterparty will enter bankruptcy or financial reorganisation, and default in payments are all considered indicators that a loss allowance may be required. If the credit risk increases to the point that it is considered to be credit impaired, interest income will be calculated based on the net carrying amount adjusted for the loss allowance. A significant increase in credit risk is defined by management as any contractual payment which is more than 30 days past due. Any contractual payment which is more than 90 days past due is considered credit impaired.

(c) Net assets attributable to unitholders

Units are redeemable at the unitholders' option, however, applications and redemptions may be suspended by the Responsible Entity if it is in the best interests of the unitholders.

The units can be put back to the Fund at any time for cash based on the redemption price.

The units are carried at the redemption amount that is payable at balance sheet date if the unitholder exercises the right to put the units back to the Fund.

Units are classified as equity when they satisfy the following criteria under *AASB 132 Financial Instruments: Presentation*:

- the puttable financial instrument entitles the holder to a pro-rata share of net assets in the event of the Fund's liquidation;
- the puttable financial instrument is in the class of instruments that is subordinate to all other classes of instruments and class features are identical;
- the puttable financial instrument does not include any contractual obligations to deliver cash or another financial asset, or to exchange financial instruments with another entity under potentially unfavourable conditions to the Fund, and it is not a contract settled in the Fund's own equity instruments; and
- the total expected cash flows attributable to the puttable financial instrument over the life are based substantially on the profit or loss.

The Fund's units have been classified as equity as they satisfied all the above criteria. This has been consistently applied during the year.

(d) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash comprises deposits held at custodian bank(s). Cash equivalents are short-term, highly liquid investments with an original maturity of three months or less that are readily convertible into known amounts of cash, are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value and are held for the purpose of meeting short-term cash commitments rather than for investment or other purposes.

Payments and receipts relating to the purchase and sale of financial instruments are classified as cash flows from operating activities, as movements in the fair value of these securities represent the Fund's main income generating activity.

2 Summary of material accounting policies (continued)

(e) Investment income

Interest income from financial assets at amortised cost is recognised on a time-proportionate basis using the effective interest method and includes interest from cash and cash equivalents. Interest from financial assets at fair value through profit or loss is determined based on the contractual coupon interest rate and includes interest from debt securities.

Dividend and distribution income from financial assets at fair value through profit or loss is recognised in the Statement of comprehensive income within dividend income and distribution income when the Fund's right to receive payments is established.

Dividend and distribution income is recognised on the ex-dividend date with any related foreign withholding tax recorded as an expense. The Fund currently incurs withholding tax imposed by certain countries on investment income. Such income is recorded gross of withholding tax in the Statement of comprehensive income. The management reimbursement income is recognised when the management cost cap is exceeded and the difference is reimbursed back to the Fund by the Investment Manager.

Other changes in fair value for such instruments are recorded in accordance with the policies described in Note 2(b) to the financial statements. Other income is recognized on an accruals basis.

(f) Expenses

All expenses are inclusive of GST, including management fees, Responsible Entity's fees, administration fees and custody fees, are recognised in the Statement of comprehensive income on an accruals basis.

(g) Income tax

Under current legislation, the Fund is not subject to income tax provided it attributes the entirety of its taxable income to its unitholders and has elected to be an Attributed Managed Investment Trust.

(h) Distributions

Distributions are payable as set out in the Fund's offering document. Such distributions are determined by the Responsible Entity of the Fund. Distributable income includes capital gains arising from the disposal of financial instruments. Unrealised gains and losses on financial instruments that are recognised as income are transferred to net assets attributable to unitholders and are not assessable and distributable until realised. Capital losses are not distributed to unitholders but are retained to be offset against any realised capital gains.

Financial instruments at fair value may include unrealised capital gains. Should such a gain be realised, that portion of the gain that is subject to capital gains tax will be distributed so that the Fund is not subject to capital gains tax.

Realised capital losses are not distributed to unitholders but are retained in the Fund to be offset against any realised capital gains. If realised capital gains exceed realised capital losses, the excess is distributed to unitholders.

The benefits of imputation credits and foreign tax paid are passed on to unitholders.

(i) Increase/decrease in net assets attributable to unitholders

Income not distributed is included in net assets attributable to unitholders. As the Fund's units are classified as equity, movements in net assets attributable to unitholders are recognised in the Statement of changes in equity.

(j) Foreign currency translation

(i) Functional and presentation currency

Items included in the Fund's financial statements are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which it operates (the "functional currency"). This is the Australian dollar, which reflects the currency of the economy in which the Fund competes for funds and is regulated. The Australian dollar is also the Fund's presentation currency.

2 Summary of material accounting policies (continued)

(j) Foreign currency translation (continued)

(ii) Transactions and balances

Assets and liabilities in foreign currencies are translated into the functional currency at the prevailing exchange rate at the valuation date. Transactions denominated in foreign currencies are translated into the functional currency at the prevailing exchange rate on the date of the transaction. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions and from the translations at year end exchange rates of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are recognised in the Statement of comprehensive income. The Fund's income earned and expense incurred on foreign denominated balances are translated into the functional currency at the prevailing exchange rate on the date of such activity.

Non-monetary items that are measured at fair value in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates at the date when fair value was determined. Translation differences on assets and liabilities carried at fair value are reported in the Statement of comprehensive income on a net basis within net gains/(losses) on financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss.

(k) Receivables

Receivables include amounts for interest and trust distributions. Interest is accrued at each dealing date in accordance with the policy set out in Note 2(e) above. Trust distributions are accrued when the right to receive payment is established. Amounts are generally received within 30 days of being recorded as receivables.

Receivables also include such items as Reduced Input Tax Credits ("RITC") and application monies receivable from unitholders.

Receivables are recognised at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any allowance for ECL. The Fund has applied a simplified approach to measuring ECL, which uses a lifetime expected loss allowance. To measure the ECL, receivables have been grouped based on days overdue.

The amount of the impairment loss, if any, is recognised in the Statement of comprehensive income within other expenses. When a trade receivable for which an impairment allowance had been recognised becomes uncollectible in a subsequent period, it is written off against the allowance account. Subsequent recoveries of amounts previously written off are credited against other expenses in the Statement of comprehensive income.

(l) Payables

Payables include liabilities and accrued expenses owing by the Fund which are unpaid as at the end of the reporting year. Payables may include amounts for redemptions of units in the Fund where settlement has not yet occurred. These amounts are unsecured and are usually paid within 30 days of recognition.

The distribution amount payable to unitholders as at the end of each reporting year is recognised separately in the Statement of financial position when unitholders are presently entitled to the distributable income under the Fund's Constitution.

(m) Applications and redemptions

Applications received for units in the Fund are recorded net of any entry fees payable prior to the issue of units in the Fund. Redemptions from the Fund are recorded gross of any exit fees payable after the cancellation of the units redeemed.

(n) Goods and Services Tax (GST)

The GST incurred on the costs of various services provided to the Fund by third parties such as audit fees, custodian services and management fees have been passed onto the Fund. The Fund qualifies for Reduced Input Tax Credits ("RITC") at a rate of 55% or 75%, hence management fees, administration and custody fees and other expenses have been recognised in the Statement of comprehensive income net of the amount of GST recoverable from the Australian Taxation Office ("ATO"). Accounts payable are inclusive of GST. The net amount of GST recoverable from the ATO is included in receivables in the Statement of financial position. Cash flows relating to GST are included in the Statement of cash flows on a gross basis.

2 Summary of material accounting policies (continued)

(o) Use of estimates

Accounting estimates are monetary amounts in financial statements that are subject to measurement uncertainty. The Fund makes estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year. Estimates are continually evaluated and based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

For the majority of the Fund's financial instruments, quoted market prices are readily available. However, certain financial instruments, for example over-the-counter derivatives, are fair valued using valuation techniques determined by the Investment Manager, in accordance with the valuation procedures approved by the Responsible Entity. Where valuation techniques (for example, pricing models) are used to determine fair values, they are validated and periodically reviewed by experienced personnel of the Investment Manager, independent of the area that created them.

Models use observable data, to the extent practicable. However, areas such as credit risk (both own and counterparty), volatilities and correlations require Investment Manager to make estimates. Changes in assumptions about these factors could affect the reported fair value of financial instruments.

For certain other balances reported on Statement of financial position, including amounts due from/to brokers, accounts payable and accrued expenses, the carrying amounts approximate fair value due to the immediate or short-term nature of these financial instruments.

(p) Rounding of amounts

The Fund is an entity of a kind referred to in *ASIC Corporations (Rounding in Financial/Directors' Reports) Instrument 2026/183* issued by the Australian Securities and Investments Commission (ASIC) relating to the "rounding off" of amounts in the financial statements. Amounts in the financial statements have been rounded to the nearest thousand dollars in accordance with that *ASIC Corporations Instrument*, unless otherwise indicated.

(q) Comparative information

Comparative information has been revised where appropriate to enhance comparability. Where necessary, comparative figures have been adjusted to conform with changes in presentation in the current year.

3 Financial risk management

(a) Overview

The Fund's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks. The management of these risks is undertaken by the Fund's Investment Manager who has been appointed by the Responsible Entity under an Investment Management Agreement to manage the Fund's assets in accordance with the Investment Objective and Strategy.

The Responsible Entity has in place a framework which includes:

- The Investment Manager providing the Responsible Entity with regular reports on their compliance with the Investment Management Agreement;
- Completion of regular reviews on the Service Provider which may include a review of the investment managers risk management framework to manage the financial risks of the Fund; and
- Regular reporting on the liquidity of the Fund in accordance with the Fund's Liquidity Risk Management Statement.

The Fund's Investment Manager has in place a framework to identify and manage the financial risks in accordance with the investment objective and strategy. This includes an investment due diligence process and on-going monitoring of the investments in the Fund. Specific controls the Investment Manager applies to manage the financial risks are detailed under each risk specified below.

3 Financial risk management (continued)

(b) Market risk

Market risk is the risk that changes in market risk factors, such as equity prices, foreign exchange rates, interest rates and other market prices will affect the Fund's income or the carrying value of financial instruments. The objective of market risk management is to manage and control market risk exposures within acceptable parameters, while optimising the return on risk.

(i) Price risk

Market price risk is the risk that the value of a financial instrument will fluctuate as a result of changes in market prices, whether those changes are caused by factors specific to the individual instrument or factors affecting all instruments in the market.

All securities investments present a risk of loss of capital. The Fund's market price risk is managed through (i) deliberate securities selection, and (ii) diversification of the investment portfolio.

As at year end, the overall market exposure were as follows:

	Fair value \$'000	% of net assets attributable to unitholders
As at 30 June 2026		
Financial assets		
Unit trusts	5,943	0.62
Debt securities	<u>434,948</u>	<u>45.11</u>
Total	<u>440,891</u>	

	Fair value \$'000	% of net assets attributable to unitholders
As at 30 June 2025		
Financial assets		
Unit trusts	5,695	1.21
Debt securities	<u>177,653</u>	<u>37.66</u>
Total	<u>183,348</u>	

(ii) Foreign exchange risk

Primarily the Fund's investments are equities and unit trusts denominated in Australian dollars. The Fund does not have any significant exposure to foreign exchange risk as at 30 June 2026 and 30 June 2025.

3 Financial risk management (continued)

(b) Market risk (continued)

(iii) Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the value of a financial instrument will fluctuate due to changes in market interest rates.

The Fund's interest-bearing financial assets and liabilities expose it to risks associated with the effects of fluctuations in the prevailing levels of market interest rates on its financial position and cash flows.

The table below summarises the Fund's exposure to interest rate risk.

	Floating interest rate \$'000	Fixed interest rate \$'000	Non-interest bearing \$'000	Total \$'000
As at 30 June 2026				
Financial assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	527,791	-	-	527,791
Receivables	-	-	2,710	2,710
Application receivables	-	-	3,729	3,729
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	<u>223,054</u>	<u>211,894</u>	<u>5,943</u>	<u>440,891</u>
Total assets	<u>750,845</u>	<u>211,894</u>	<u>12,382</u>	<u>975,121</u>
Financial liabilities				
Net management fees payable	-	-	(133)	(133)
Distributions payable	-	-	(10,352)	(10,352)
Redemption payables	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(489)</u>	<u>(489)</u>
Total liabilities	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(10,974)</u>	<u>(10,974)</u>
Net assets attributable to unitholders	<u>750,845</u>	<u>211,894</u>	<u>1,408</u>	<u>964,147</u>

3 Financial risk management (continued)

(b) Market risk (continued)

(iii) Interest rate risk (continued)

	Floating interest rate \$'000	Fixed interest rate \$'000	Non-interest bearing \$'000	Total \$'000
As at 30 June 2025				
Financial assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	294,742	-	-	294,742
Receivables	-	-	2,333	2,333
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	104,585	73,068	5,695	183,348
Total assets	<u>399,327</u>	<u>73,068</u>	<u>8,028</u>	<u>480,423</u>
Financial liabilities				
Net management fees payable	-	-	(127)	(127)
Distributions payable	-	-	(8,341)	(8,341)
Redemption payables	-	-	(264)	(264)
Total liabilities	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(8,732)</u>	<u>(8,732)</u>
Net assets attributable to unitholders	<u>399,327</u>	<u>73,068</u>	<u>(704)</u>	<u>471,691</u>

(c) Summarised sensitivity analysis

The following table summarises the sensitivity of the Fund's operating profit and net assets attributable to unitholders to the various market risks. The reasonably possible movements in the risk variables have been determined based on management's best estimate, having regard to a number of factors, including historical correlation of the Fund's investments with the relevant benchmark and market volatility. However, actual movements in the risk variables may be greater or less than anticipated due to a number of factors, including unusually large market shocks resulting from changes in the performance of the economies, markets and securities in which the Fund invests. As a result, historical variations in risk variables are not a definitive indicator of future variations in the risk variables.

	Interest rate risk Impact on operating profit/Net assets attributable to unitholders		Price risk Impact on operating profit/Net assets attributable to unitholders	
	-100bps \$'000	+100bps \$'000	-5.00% \$'000	+5.00% \$'000
As at 30 June 2026	(9,627)	9,627	(297)	297
As at 30 June 2025	(4,724)	4,724	(285)	285

The Fund did not have any exposure to foreign exchange risk as at 30 June 2026 and 30 June 2025.

(d) Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or counterparty will be unable or unwilling to pay amounts in full when due. The assets of the Fund principally consist of financial instruments which comprise investments in unit trusts which have no direct credit ratings.

3 Financial risk management (continued)

(d) Credit risk (continued)

The Fund is also exposed to counterparty credit risk on cash and cash equivalents and other receivables.

The maximum exposure to credit risk at the end of the reporting year is the carrying amount of the financial assets.

(i) Bank deposits, assets held with the custodian

The Fund's financial assets which are potentially subject to concentrations of credit risk consist principally of bank deposits, assets held with the custodian.

The table below summarises these assets as at 30 June 2026 and 30 June 2025:

As at 30 June 2026	\$'000	Credit rating	Source of credit rating
Bank and custodian			
Commonwealth Bank of Australia	322,448	AA-	S&P
Australia and New Zealand Banking Group Limited	117,080	AA-	S&P
National Australia Bank Limited	88,000	AA-	S&P
The Northern Trust Company (<i>Custodian</i>)	263	A+	S&P

As at 30 June 2025	\$'000	Credit rating	Source of credit rating
Bank and custodian			
Commonwealth Bank of Australia	162,528	AA-	S&P
Australia and New Zealand Banking Group Limited	68,390	AA-	S&P
National Australia Bank Limited	63,000	AA-	S&P
The Northern Trust Company (<i>Custodian</i>)	824	A+	S&P

(ii) Debt securities

The Fund invests in debt securities which have an investment grade categorisation as rated by Standard & Poor's rating agency. For unrated assets a rating is assigned by the Investment Manager using an approach that is consistent with the approach used by rating agencies. An analysis of debt securities by rating is set out in the table below:

	As at	
	30 June 2026	30 June 2025
	\$'000	\$'000
Credit rating of debt securities		
AAA	223,054	177,653
AA+ to AA-	137,803	-

3 Financial risk management (continued)

(d) Credit risk (continued)

(ii) Debt securities (continued)

	As at	
	30 June 2026 \$'000	30 June 2025 \$'000
A+ to A-	56,216	-
BBB+ to BBB-	17,875	-
Total	434,948	177,653

(e) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Fund may not be able to generate sufficient cash resources to settle its obligations in full as they fall due and can only do so on terms that are materially disadvantageous.

The Fund is exposed to daily cash redemptions of units in the Fund. The Fund invests the majority of its assets in investments that are traded in an active market and can be readily disposed of.

In order to manage the Fund's overall liquidity, the Responsible Entity has the discretion to reject an application for units and to defer or adjust redemption of units if the exercise of such discretion is in the best interests of unitholders. The Fund did not reject or withhold any redemptions during 2026 and 2025.

(i) Maturities of non-derivative financial liabilities

The table below analyses the Fund's non-derivative financial liabilities into relevant maturity groupings based on the remaining period to contractual maturity, as of the reporting period end. The amounts in the table are the contractual undiscounted cash flows. Balances that are due within 12 months equal their carrying balances as the impact of discounting is not significant.

As at 30 June 2026	Less than 1 month \$'000	1-6 months \$'000	6-12 months \$'000	Over 12 months \$'000	No stated maturity \$'000
Net management fees payable	133	-	-	-	-
Distributions payable	10,352	-	-	-	-
Redemption payables	489	-	-	-	-
Total financial liabilities	10,974	-	-	-	-

3 Financial risk management (continued)

(e) Liquidity risk (continued)

(i) Maturities of non-derivative financial liabilities (continued)

	Less than 1 month \$'000	1-6 months \$'000	6-12 months \$'000	Over 12 months \$'000	No stated maturity \$'000
As at 30 June 2025					
Net management fees payable	127	-	-	-	-
Distributions payable	8,341	-	-	-	-
Redemption payables	264	-	-	-	-
Total financial liabilities	8,732	-	-	-	-

4 Fair value measurement

The Fund measures and recognises the following assets and liabilities at fair value on a recurring basis.

- Financial assets/liabilities at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL) (see Note 6)

The Fund has no assets or liabilities measured at fair value on a non-recurring basis in the current reporting year. AASB 13 *Fair Value Measurement* requires disclosure of fair value measurements by level of the following fair value hierarchy:

- quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (level 1);
- inputs other than quoted prices included within level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly (level 2); and
- inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs) (level 3).

(i) Valuation techniques used to derive level 2 and level 3 fair value

The fair value of financial assets and liabilities that are not exchange-traded in an active market is determined using valuation techniques. These include the use of recent arm's length market transactions, reference to the current fair value of a substantially similar other instrument, discounted cash flow techniques, option pricing models or any other valuation technique that provides a reliable estimate of prices obtained in actual market transactions. If all significant inputs required to fair value an instrument are observable, the instrument is included in level 2. If one or more of the significant inputs is not based on observable market data, the instrument is included in level 3. This may be the case for certain unlisted shares, certain corporate debt securities and managed funds with suspended applications and withdrawals.

Where discounted cash flow techniques are used, estimated future cash flows are based on the Investment Manager's best estimates and the discount rate used is a market rate at the end of the reporting year applicable for an instrument with similar terms and conditions.

For other pricing models, inputs are based on market data at the end of the reporting year. Fair values for unquoted equity investments are estimated, if possible, using applicable price/earnings ratios for similar listed companies adjusted to reflect the specific circumstances of the issuer.

Investments in other managed funds are recorded at the redemption value per unit as reported by the investment managers of such funds. The Fund may make adjustments to the redemption value based on considerations such as liquidity of the fund or its underlying investments, or any restrictions on redemptions and the basis of accounting.

Some of the inputs to these models may not be market observable and are therefore estimated based on assumptions.

The output of a model is always an estimate or approximation of a value that cannot be determined with certainty, and valuation techniques employed may not fully reflect all factors relevant to the positions the Fund holds. Valuations are therefore adjusted, where appropriate, to allow for additional factors including liquidity risk and counterparty risk.

4 Fair value measurement (continued)

(i) Valuation techniques used to derive level 2 and level 3 fair value (continued)

The carrying value less impairment provision of other receivables and payables are assumed to approximate their fair values. The fair value of financial liabilities for disclosure purposes is estimated by discounting the future contractual cash flows at the current market interest rate that is available to the Fund for similar financial instruments.

The determination of what constitutes 'observable' requires significant judgment by the Investment Manager. The Investment Manager considers observable data to be that market data that is readily available, regularly distributed or updated, reliable and verifiable, not proprietary and provided by independent sources that are actively involved in the relevant market.

Recognised fair value measurement

The following table presents the Fund's financial assets and liabilities measured and recognised at fair value as at 30 June 2026 and 30 June 2025.

As at 30 June 2026	Level 1 \$'000	Level 2 \$'000	Level 3 \$'000	Total \$'000
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss				
Debt securities	-	434,948	-	434,948
Unit trusts	-	5,943	-	5,943
Total financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	-	440,891	-	440,891

As at 30 June 2025	Level 1 \$'000	Level 2 \$'000	Level 3 \$'000	Total \$'000
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss				
Debt securities	-	177,653	-	177,653
Unit trusts	-	5,695	-	5,695
Total financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	-	183,348	-	183,348

(i) Transfers between levels

The Fund's policy is to recognise transfers into and transfers out of fair value hierarchy levels as at the end of the reporting year.

There were no transfers between levels for the year ended 30 June 2026 and year ended 30 June 2025.

(ii) Fair value measurements using significant unobservable inputs (level 3)

The Fund did not hold any financial instruments with fair value measurements using significant unobservable inputs during the year ended 30 June 2026 or year ended 30 June 2025.

(iii) Valuation processes

Portfolio reviews are undertaken regularly by the Investment Manager to identify securities that potentially may not be actively traded or have stale security pricing. This process identifies securities which possibly could be regarded as being level 3 securities.

4 Fair value measurement (continued)

Recognised fair value measurement (continued)

(iii) Valuation processes (continued)

Further analysis, should it be required, is undertaken to determine the accounting significance of the identification. For certain security types, in selecting the most appropriate valuation model, the Investment Manager performs back testing and considers actual market transactions. Changes in allocation to or from level 3 are analysed at the end of each reporting year.

(iv) Fair values of other financial instruments

The Fund did not hold any financial instruments which were not measured at fair value in the Statement of financial position. Due to their short-term nature, the carrying amounts of receivables and payables are assumed to approximate fair value.

5 Net gains/(losses) on financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss

	Year ended	
	30 June 2026 \$'000	30 June 2025 \$'000
Financial assets		
Net realised gains/(losses) on financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	6,274	6,491
Net unrealised gains/(losses) on financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	<u>1,111</u>	<u>8</u>
Total net gains/(losses) on financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss	<u>7,385</u>	<u>6,499</u>

6 Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

	As at	
	30 June 2026 \$'000	30 June 2025 \$'000
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss		
Debt securities	434,948	177,653
Unit trusts	<u>5,943</u>	<u>5,695</u>
Total financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	<u>440,891</u>	<u>183,348</u>

An overview of the risk exposures relating to financial assets at fair value through profit or loss is included in Note 3.

7 Structured entities

A structured entity is an entity that has been designed so that voting or similar rights are not the dominant factor in deciding who controls the entity, and the relevant activities are directed by means of contractual arrangements. An interest in a structured entity is any form of contractual or non-contractual involvement which creates variability in returns arising from the performance of the entity for the Funds. The Funds consider investments in unit trusts and managed funds to be structured entities. The Funds invest in these unit trusts and managed funds for the purpose of capital appreciation and/or earning of investment income.

The exposure to investments in unit trusts and managed funds are disclosed in the following table:

	Fair value of investment		Interest held	
	2026 \$'000	2025 \$'000	2026 %	2025 %
First Sentier Mortgage Backed Securities Fund	5,943	5,695	6.72	19.46

The Fund has exposures to structured entity through its trading activities. The Fund typically has no other involvement with the structured entity other than the securities it holds as part of its trading activities and its maximum exposure to loss are restricted to the carrying value of the assets. Exposure to trading assets are managed in accordance with financial risk management practices as set out in Note 3(b), which includes an indication of changes in risk measures compared to prior year.

8 Net assets attributable to unitholders

Under AASB 132 *Financial instruments: Presentation*, puttable financial instruments meet the definition of a financial liability to be classified as equity where certain strict criteria are met. The Fund has elected into the AMIT tax regime and consequently the Fund's Constitution has been amended. The Fund does not have a contractual obligation to pay distributions to unitholders. Therefore, the net assets attributable to unitholders of the Fund meet the criteria set out under AASB 132 and are classified as equity.

Movements in number of units and net assets attributable to unitholders during the year were as follows:

	Year ended			
	30 June 2026 No.'000	30 June 2025 No.'000	30 June 2026 \$'000	30 June 2025 \$'000
Net assets attributable to unitholders				
Opening balance	467,419	323,149	471,691	324,632
Applications	765,134	360,687	783,988	366,931
Redemptions	(290,661)	(217,436)	(295,558)	(221,168)
Units issued upon reinvestment of distributions	3,357	1,019	3,405	1,026
Distributions paid and/or payable	-	-	(28,478)	(18,267)
Profit/(loss) for the year	-	-	29,099	18,537
Closing balance	945,249	467,419	964,147	471,691
Total net assets attributable to unitholders			964,147	471,691

8 Net assets attributable to unitholders (continued)

As stipulated within the Fund's Constitution, each unit represents a right to an individual share in the Fund and does not extend to a right to the underlying assets of the Fund. There are no separate classes of units and each unit has the same rights attaching to it as all other units of the Fund.

Capital risk management

The Fund classifies its net assets attributable to unitholders as equity. The amount of net assets attributable to unitholders can change significantly on a daily basis as the Fund is subject to daily applications and redemptions at the discretion of unitholders.

Daily applications and redemptions are reviewed relative to the liquidity of the Fund's underlying assets by the Investment Manager. Under the terms of the Fund's Constitution, the Responsible Entity has the discretion to reject an application for units and to defer or adjust a redemption of units if the exercise of such discretion is in the best interests of the unitholders.

9 Distributions to unitholders

Distributions are determined by reference to the net taxable income of the Fund. The distributions for the year were paid/payable as follows:

	Year ended			
	30 June 2026 \$'000	30 June 2026 CPU*	30 June 2025 \$'000	30 June 2025 CPU*
31 July	1,522	0.30	760	0.25
31 August	1,521	0.29	908	0.29
30 September	1,384	0.25	794	0.25
31 October	1,753	0.29	849	0.26
30 November	1,548	0.25	885	0.25
31 December	1,394	0.21	855	0.21
31 January	1,533	0.23	961	0.23
28 February	1,256	0.18	826	0.19
31 March	2,068	0.30	888	0.20
30 April	1,785	0.20	1,183	0.27
31 May	2,362	0.50	1,017	0.23
30 June (payable)	<u>10,352</u>	<u>1.10</u>	<u>8,341</u>	<u>1.78</u>
Total distributions to unitholders	<u>28,478</u>	<u>4.10</u>	<u>18,267</u>	<u>4.41</u>

* Distribution is expressed as cents per unit amount in Australian Dollar.

10 Cash and cash equivalents

	As at	
	30 June 2026 \$'000	30 June 2025 \$'000
Cash at bank	<u>527,791</u>	<u>294,742</u>
Total cash and cash equivalents	<u>527,791</u>	<u>294,742</u>

11 Reconciliation of profit/(loss) to net cash inflow/(outflow) from operating activities

	Year ended	
	30 June 2026 \$'000	30 June 2025 \$'000
(a) Reconciliation of profit/(loss) to net cash inflow/(outflow) from operating activities		
Profit/(loss) for the year	29,099	18,537
Proceeds from sale of financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss	729,061	772,063
Payments for purchase of financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss	(978,964)	(744,606)
Management fee rebate reinvested	85	29
Net (gains)/losses on financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss	(7,385)	(6,499)
Net change in receivables	(1,565)	(636)
Net change in payables	6	-
Net foreign exchange (gains)/losses	-	(565)
Net cash inflow/(outflow) from operating activities	<u>(229,663)</u>	<u>38,323</u>
(b) Non-cash financing activities		
Distribution payments satisfied by the issue of units under the distribution reinvestment plan	3,405	1,026
Management fee rebate reinvested	85	29
Total non-cash financing activities	<u>3,490</u>	<u>1,055</u>

As described in Note 2(i), income not distributed is included in net assets attributable to unitholders. The change in this amount during the year (as reported in (a) above) represents a non-cash financing cost as it is not settled in cash until such time as it becomes distributable.

12 Professional fees

During the year, the following fees were paid or payable for professional services.

	Year ended	
	30 June 2026	30 June 2025
	\$	\$
Auditors Remuneration amounts due to Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu		
Audit of financial statements	<u>25,000</u>	<u>24,250</u>
	<u>25,000</u>	<u>24,250</u>
Other services:		
Audit of the Compliance Plan (PricewaterhouseCoopers)	2,261	2,403
Tax compliance (KPMG)	<u>5,700</u>	<u>12,800</u>
	<u>7,961</u>	<u>15,203</u>
Total remuneration	<u>32,961</u>	<u>39,453</u>

13 Receivables

	As at	
	30 June 2026	30 June 2025
	\$'000	\$'000
Interest receivable	2,679	1,384
Other receivables	<u>31</u>	<u>16</u>
Total receivables	<u>2,710</u>	<u>1,400</u>

14 Other investment income

	Year ended	
	30 June 2026	30 June 2025
	\$'000	\$'000
Net management fee rebate income	15	18
Other income	<u>1</u>	<u>-</u>
Total other income	<u>16</u>	<u>18</u>

Operating expenses incurred by the Fund above the investment management fee rate of 0.20% (2025: 0.20%) per annum of the net asset value of the Fund are ultimately reimbursed by the Investment Manager and recorded as Management fee reimbursement in these financial statements.

Management fee rebate income is accrued on a daily basis at the agreed percentage, based on the units held by the Fund on its underlying investments in unit trusts.

15 Other operating expenses

	Year ended	
	30 June 2026 \$'000	30 June 2025 \$'000
Other expenses	36	87
Total other operating expenses	36	87

16 Related party transactions

For the purpose of these financial statements, parties are considered to be related to the Fund if they have the ability, directly or indirectly, to control or exercise significant influence over the Fund in making financial and operating disclosures. Related parties may be individuals or other entities.

Responsible Entity

The Responsible Entity of the Fund is The Trust Company (RE Services) Limited (ABN 45 003 278 831) (AFSL 235150).

Key management personnel

(a) Directors

Key management personnel includes persons who were Directors of The Trust Company (RE Services) Limited at any time during the financial year as follows:

Name

Alexis Dodwell	Director
David Manoukian	Director (Appointed effective 17 November 2025)
Glenn Foster	Director
Vicki Riggio	Director (Resigned effective 16 November 2025)
Phillip Blackmore	Alternate Director for David Manoukian

(b) Other key management personnel

There were no other key management personnel with responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities of the Fund, directly or indirectly, during the year.

Key management personnel unitholdings

During or since the end of the year, none of the Directors or Director related entities held units in the Fund, either directly, indirectly or beneficially.

Neither the Responsible Entity nor its affiliates held units in the Fund at the end of the year.

Key management personnel compensation

Key management personnel do not receive any remuneration directly from the Fund. They receive remuneration from a related party of the Responsible Entity in their capacity as Directors or employees of the Responsible Entity or its related parties.

Consequently, the Fund does not pay any compensation to its key management personnel. Payments made from the Fund to the Responsible Entity do not include any amounts attributable to the compensation of key management personnel.

16 Related party transactions (continued)

Key management personnel loan disclosures

The Fund has not made, guaranteed or secured, directly or indirectly, any loans to the key management personnel or their personally related entities at any time during the reporting year.

Other transactions within the Fund

Apart from those details disclosed in this note, no key management personnel have entered into a material contract with the Fund since the end of the previous financial year and there were no material contracts involving Director's interests existing at year end.

Responsible Entity's/Investment Manager's fees and other transactions

Under the terms of the Fund's Constitution, the Responsible Entity is entitled to receive a fee per annum calculated as a percentage of the gross asset value of the Fund. The Investment Manager of the Fund is First Sentier Investors (Australia) IM Limited. The Investment Manager is entitled to receive a management fee and a performance fee at the rates stipulated in the Fund's Product Disclosure Statement.

All related party transactions are conducted on normal commercial terms and conditions. The transactions during the year and amounts receivable/payable at year end between the Fund and the Responsible Entity and the Investment Manager were as follows:

	Year ended	
	30 June 2026 \$	30 June 2025 \$
Net management fees for the year paid and payable by the Fund to the Investment Manager	1,044,875	559,326
Management fee reimbursement for the year received and receivable by the Fund from the Investment Manager	15,391	-
Responsible Entity's fees paid and payable for the year	74,358	49,369
Aggregate amounts payable to the Investment Manager at the end of the year	133,335	127,462

Management fees are management fees after offset against management fee reimbursement from the Investment Manager.

Related party unitholdings

Parties related to the Fund (including The Trust Company (RE Services) Limited, its related parties and other funds managed by The Trust Company (RE Services) Limited), held no units in the Fund.

16 Related party transactions (continued)

Investments

The Fund held investments in the following managed investment schemes which were managed by the Responsible Entity. Distributions received are immediately reinvested into additional units.

	Fair value of measurement		Interest held		Distributions received/receivable		Units acquired during the year		Units disposed during the year	
	2026	2025	2026	2025	2026	2025	2026	2025	2026	2025
	\$	\$	%	%	\$	\$	No.	No.	No.	No.
First Sentier Mortgage Backed Securities Fund	5,942,649	5,694,936	6.72	19.46	231,070	179,699	266,399	161,745	-	-

17 Significant events during the year

On 16 November 2025, Vicki Riggio resigned as a Director of the Responsible Entity.

On 17 November 2025, David Manoukian was appointed as a Director of the Responsible Entity.

On 7 May 2026, the fund was listed on the ASX under the ASX code "FSCF".

There were no other significant events during the year.

18 Events occurring after the reporting period

The Directors are not aware of any event or circumstance since the end of the financial year not otherwise addressed within this report that has affected or may significantly affect the operations of the Fund, the results of those operations or the state of affairs of the Fund in subsequent years. The Fund continues to operate as a going concern.

19 Operating segments

Operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with internal reporting to the Directors of the Responsible Entity. The Fund's investments are managed on a single portfolio basis in one operating segment, being investments in money market securities, and performance is reviewed against the performance of the Fund's target.

20 Contingent assets and liabilities and commitments

There were no outstanding contingent assets, liabilities or commitments as at 30 June 2026 and 30 June 2025.

Directors' declaration

In the opinion of the Directors of the Responsible Entity:

- (a) the financial statements and notes set out on pages 6 to 32 are in accordance with the *Corporations Act 2001*, including:
 - (i) complying with Australian Accounting Standards, the *Corporations Regulations 2001* and other mandatory professional reporting requirements; and
 - (ii) giving a true and fair view of the Fund's financial position as at 30 June 2026 and of its performance for the financial year ended on that date,
- (b) there are reasonable grounds to believe that the Fund will be able to pay its debts as and when they become due and payable; and
- (c) Note 2(a)(i) confirms that the financial statements comply with International Financial Reporting Standards as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board.

This declaration is made in accordance with a resolution of the Directors of The Trust Company (RE Services) Limited.



Director
The Trust Company (RE Services) Limited

Sydney
18 September 2026

Independent Auditor's Report to the Unitholders of First Sentier Active Cash Fund

Opinion

We have audited the financial report of First Sentier Active Cash Fund (the "Fund") which comprises the statement of financial position as at 30 June 2026, the statement of comprehensive income, the statement of changes in equity and the statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including material accounting policy information and other explanatory information, and the directors' declaration by the directors of The Trust Company (RE Services) Limited (the "Responsible Entity") .

In our opinion, the accompanying financial report of the Fund is in accordance with the *Corporations Act 2001*, including:

- Giving a true and fair view of the Fund's financial position as at 30 June 2026 and of its financial performance for the year then ended; and
- Complying with Australian Accounting Standards and the *Corporations Regulations 2001*.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Report section of our report. We are independent of the Fund in accordance with the auditor independence requirements of the *Corporations Act 2001* and the ethical requirements of the APES 110 *Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (including Independence Standards)* issued by the Accounting Professional & Ethical Standards Board Limited (the Code) that are relevant to audits of the financial report of public interest entities in Australia. We have also fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code.

We confirm that the independence declaration required by the *Corporations Act 2001*, which has been given to the directors of the Entity, would be in the same terms if given to the directors as at the time of this auditor's report.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Key audit matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgement, were of most significance in our audit of the financial report for the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the financial report as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

Key audit matter	How the scope of our audit responded to the key audit matter
Valuation of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss As disclosed in Note 4, 5 and 6, financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are \$440.9 million as at 30 June 2026, representing 45.7% of the Net Asset Value. Financial assets represent the most significant balances in the statement of financial position and are the primary drivers of the net asset value and investment performance.	Our procedures included, but were not limited to: • Obtaining an understanding of key controls in place at the service provider in relation to valuation of financial assets; • Obtaining confirmation from the independent custodian of all securities held at 30 June 2026 and agreeing to the Fund's records; • Assessing the price used by the Fund to value its securities in the portfolio by agreeing to independent external sources as at 30 June 2026; • Obtaining the audited financial statement of First Sentier Mortgage-Backed Securities Fund at 30 June 2026 to calculate the Fund's value and percentage held in the investment and agreeing to the Fund's records; • Assessing the adequacy of the disclosures included in Note 4, 5 and 6 of the financial statements.

Other information

The Directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Directors' report for the year ended 30 June 2026, but does not include the financial report and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial report does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial report, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial report or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of the directors for the financial report

The directors are responsible:

- For the preparation of the financial report in accordance with the *Corporations Act 2001*, including giving a true and fair view of the financial position and performance of the Fund in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards; and
- For such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of the financial report in accordance with the *Corporations Act 2001*, including giving a true and fair view of the financial position and performance of the Fund, and is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial report, the directors are responsible for assessing the ability of the Fund to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the Fund or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial report

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial report as a whole is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with the Australian Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of this financial report.

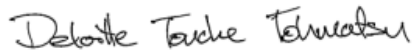
As part of an audit in accordance with the Australian Auditing Standards, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial report, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Fund's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the directors.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Fund's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial report or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Fund to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial report, including the disclosures, and whether the financial report represents the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with the directors regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide the directors with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, actions taken to eliminate threats or safeguards applied.

From the matters communicated with the directors, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the financial report of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.



DELOITTE TOUCHE TOHMATSU



Jonathon Corbett

Partner

Chartered Accountants

18 September 2026