



7 September 2026

7m @ 119g/t Au returned from drilling at the Bull Oak deposit in Sandstone

Significant high grades from infill drilling in a comparable geological setting to Two Mile Hill

HIGHLIGHTS

- Brightstar has received assay results from reverse circulation drilling completed at the **Bull Oak deposit**, part of the **2.9Moz @ 1.3g/t Au Sandstone Gold Project**.
- The Bull Oak infill drilling program was designed to increase the Mineral Resource confidence classification to Indicated, for inclusion in the upcoming Pre-Feasibility Study. The drilling produced significant results from the host granodiorite unit:

BORC26036

- 7m @ 119g/t Au from 199m, including 1m @ 751g/t Au from 202m

BORC26010

- 21m @ 3.83g/t Au from 262m, including 1m @ 27.1g/t Au from 263m
- 19m @ 1.76g/t Au from 194m, including 1m @ 18.8g/t Au from 199m

BORC26009

- 5m @ 8.22g/t Au from 237m, including 1m @ 36.7g/t Au from 237m
- 24m @ 1.14g/t Au from 125m

BORC26029

- 7m @ 12.2g/t Au from 87m, including 1m @ 82.7g/t Au from 87m
- The Bull Oak deposit hosts a current **Mineral Resource Estimate of 10.5Mt @ 1.0g/t Au for 322koz Au and remains open at depth**
- Bull Oak is a material deposit in Sandstone and has **grown ~4x in Mineral Resource size since being acquired by Brightstar**. It is being assessed as a **significant open pit mining operation** in the current PFS workstreams
- Bull Oak is a felsic intrusive-hosted within a basalt-BIF package, **similar geology to Two Mile Hill**. Bulk, unconstrained intervals within the host granodiorite intrusion include:
 - 184m @ 1.00g/t Au from 135m (BORC26010)
 - 169m @ 0.73g/t Au from 111m (BORC26009)
- Additional high-grade intercepts within the adjacent BIF and Basalt sequence, including:
 - 9m @ 7.39g/t Au from 26m, including 1m @ 56.3g/t Au from 30m in BORC26014
 - 7m @ 3.78g/t Au from 87m, including 1m @ 22.2g/t Au from 93m in BORC26025

Brightstar Resources Limited (ASX: BTR) (**Brightstar**) is pleased to announce assay results from reverse circulation (**RC**) drilling programs at the Bull Oak deposit, part of the **2.9Moz @ 1.3g/t Au** Sandstone Gold Project.

Drilling at the Bull Oak Deposit was designed to infill the current Mineral Resource and upgrade the classification of a significant portion of the Mineral Resource from the Inferred to Indicated category.

Assays have also been received from the latest phase of drilling at Havilah, which was designed to infill a portion of the current mineral resource and test for down-dip and down-plunge extensions to the high-grade mineralisation.

Sandstone drilling is ongoing with three rigs active (2x RC and 1x diamond core drill rig)

Brightstar's Managing Director, Alex Rovira, commented:

"The latest Bull Oak results contain some spectacular grades, including the highest single assay Brightstar has intersected at Sandstone, 751g/t Au. Bull Oak is known to have similar geology to the larger Two Mile Hill Deposit, 8km to the southeast, so it is no surprise to see zones of very high grade mineralisation within a lower grade mineralised felsic intrusion, in this case a granodiorite.

This drilling will all be incorporated in the next Mineral Resource update for Bull Oak, where we anticipate a material increase in the Indicated component, prior to the release of the landmark Sandstone PFS. Workstreams for this important study are ongoing with a targeted release before the end of 2026.

Three drill rigs still operating at Sandstone, and we look forward to further updates in the coming weeks.

With recent results from Bull Oak and Two Mile Hill, targeting this prospective deposit type is now a key part of the Brightstar exploration strategy. Both deposits are currently being assessed for significant follow-up drilling, and nearby analogues are being reviewed and advanced to drill testing. Similar felsic intrusives are known to exist close to both deposits, and early-stage exploration at these targets will form a key component of upcoming programs."

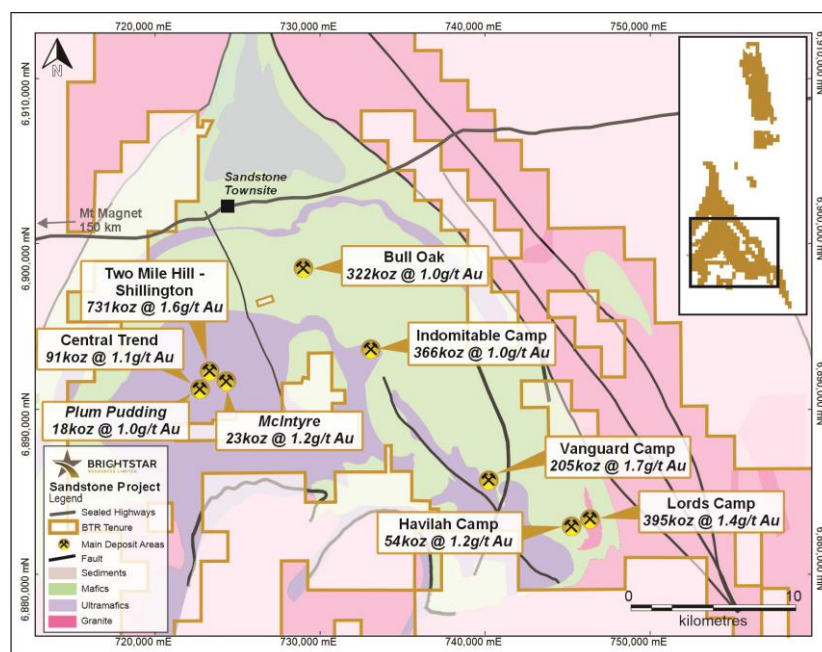


Figure 1: Central Sandstone project area

TECHNICAL DISCUSSION

BULL OAK DEPOSIT

The Bull Oak deposit hosts a current MRE of **10.5Mt @ 1.0g/t Au for 322koz Au**, with mineralisation predominantly hosted by sheeted, shallowly east-dipping vein sets within a granodiorite intrusion. Further mineralisation occurs within basalt and banded iron units (BIFs) truncated by the intrusion. This geological setting is similar to that of Brightstar's nearby Two Mile Hill-Shillington deposit (**MRE of 731koz @ 1.6g/t Au**).

The latest phase of drilling at Bull Oak comprised **39 RC drill holes for ~7,500m and 11 diamond drill holes for ~2,900m**. The drilling was designed to infill the current mineral resource and upgrade the classification of a significant portion of the Mineral Resource from Inferred to Indicated category. The diamond core also provides important structural and geotechnical data, as well as sample mass for metallurgical test work to be included in the Pre-Feasibility Study, currently underway.

Assays have been received from 28 RC drill holes and 3 diamond drill holes.

Assay results for the remaining holes are still pending.

The infill program produced discrete zones of high-grade within wider zones of lower grade, bulk granodiorite mineralisation. This style of mineralisation is identical to that seen at Two Mile Hill, where recent drilling has highlighted significant growth potential.

Assay results for the higher-grade intervals within the granodiorite include:

- **7m @ 119g/t Au** from 199m, including **1m @ 751g/t Au** from 202m in BORC26036
- **21m @ 3.83g/t Au** from 262m, including **1m @ 27.1g/t Au** from 263m in BORC26010
- **5m @ 8.22g/t Au** from 237m, including **1m @ 36.7g/t Au** from 237m in BORC26009
- **19m @ 1.76g/t Au** from 194m, including **1m @ 18.8g/t Au** from 199m in BORC26010
- **7m @ 12.2g/t Au** from 87m, including **1m @ 82.7g/t Au** from 87m in BORC26029
- **5m @ 4.20g/t Au** from 198m, including **1m @ 15.0g/t Au** from 198m in BORC26038
- **24m @ 1.14g/t Au** from 125m in BORC26009

Assay results for bulk, unconstrained intervals from this program include:

- **184m @ 1.00g/t Au** from 135m in BORC26010
- **108m @ 0.83g/t Au** from 130m in BORC26038
- **169m @ 0.73g/t Au** from 111m in BORC26009
- **238m @ 0.55g/t Au** from 68m in BORC26013
- **47m @ 0.92g/t Au** from 153m in BORC26025

Additional mineralisation was also reported within the neighbouring basalt and BIF package. Significant intervals from these zones include:

- **9m @ 7.39g/t Au** from 26m, including **1m @ 56.3g/t Au** from 30m in BORC26014
- **7m @ 3.78g/t Au** from 87m, including **1m @ 22.2g/t Au** from 93m in BORC26025
- **6m @ 3.75g/t Au** from 72m, including **1m @ 12.8g/t Au** from 73m in BORC26014
- **10m @ 2.27g/t Au** from 29m in BORC26012



Figure 2: Gold nuggets produced from RC drillhole BORC26036, 202-203m, which produced an intercept of 1m @ 751g/t Au, within a broader intercept of 7m @ 119g/t Au from 199m

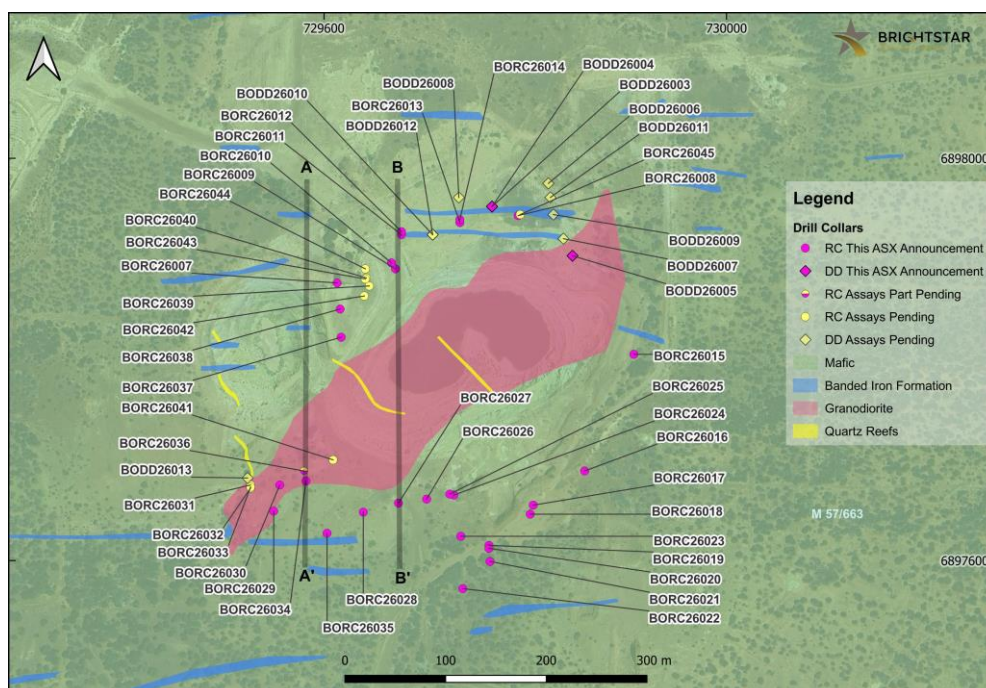


Figure 3 Plan view map of RC and DD drill collars at the Bull Oak deposit

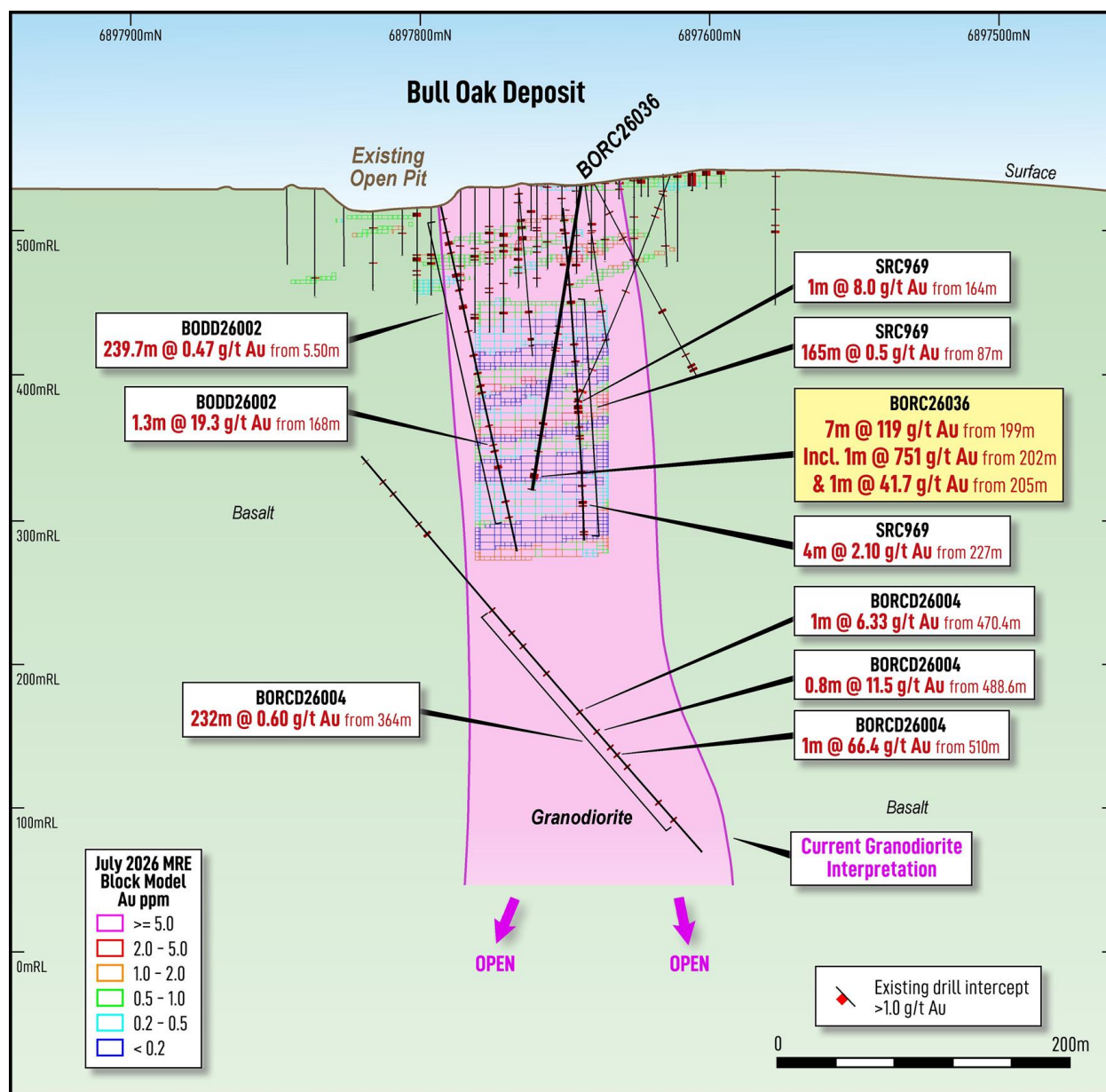


Figure 4: Cross section A-A' at the Bull Oak deposit, displaying recent drilling in relation to the existing data and MRE. Looking east, section width is +/- 10m.

Note the narrower MRE block model compared to the updated granodiorite interpretation, and the areas of low grade in the block model where the recent drilling has intersected high grades.

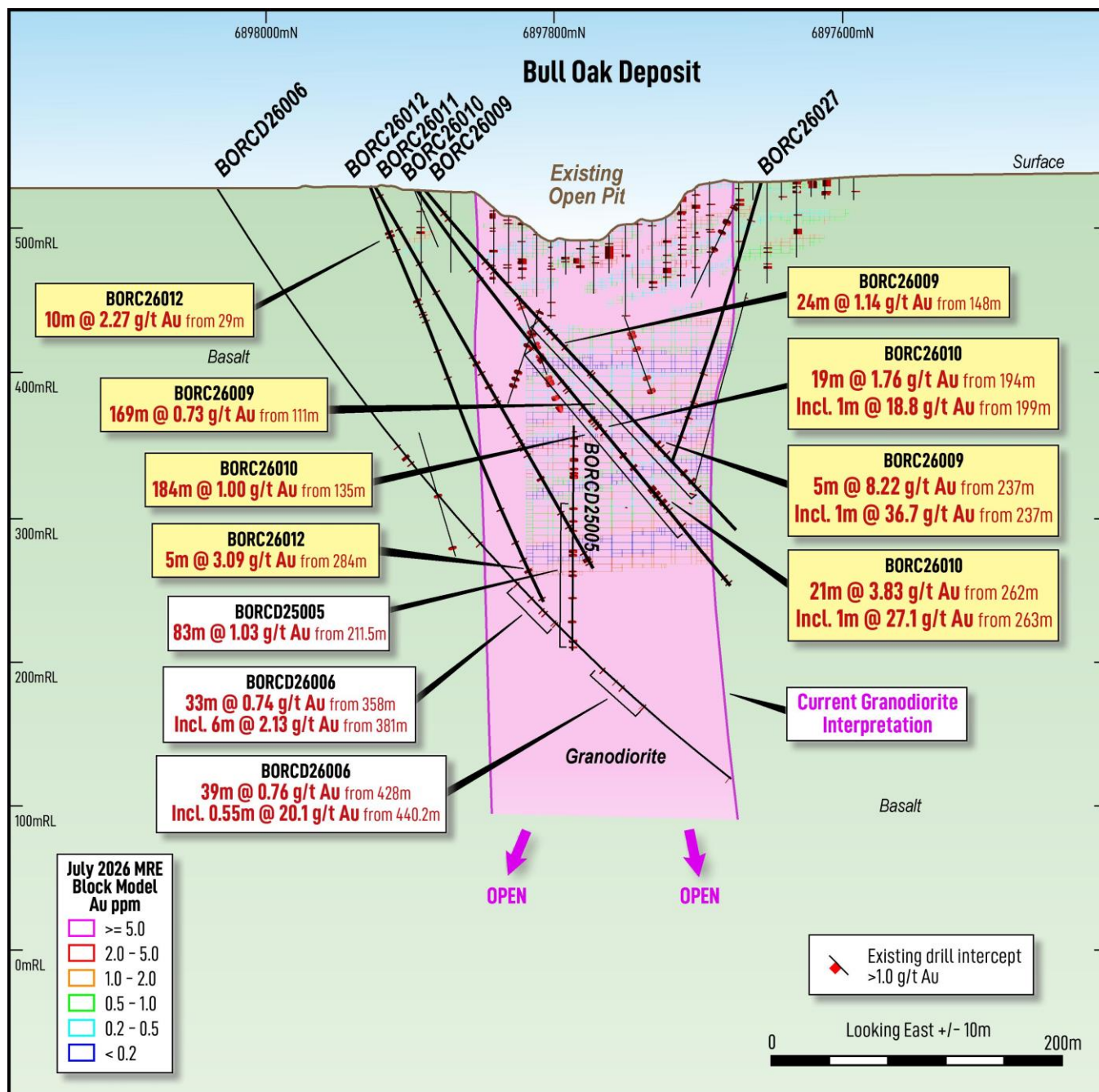


Figure 5: Cross section B-B' at the Bull Oak deposit

HAVILAH DEPOSIT

The Havilah and Maninga Marley deposits that comprise the Havilah Camp host a Mineral Resource of **1.36Mt @ 1.2g/t Au for 54koz Au** and are located 2.5km south-west of Lord Nelson.

A total of **34,000oz at 22g/t Au** was produced at the Havilah camp from 1907-1911, predominantly from steeply dipping quartz veins up to 120m deep. The deposits are hosted by a northwest striking dolerite unit, bounded to the northeast by pillowed and amygdaloidal basalt, and to the southwest by ultramafic rocks. The bulk of the mineralisation is hosted within the dolerite sill, on or close to the contact with an ultramafic unit.

The latest phase of drilling at Havilah comprised a total of **20 RC holes for ~1,500m**. The drilling program was designed to:

- infill a shallow portion of the current Mineral Resource to upgrade the classification in this area from Inferred to Indicated category
- target down-dip and down-plunge extensions to the high-grade mineralisation
- test down-dip extension of mineralisation ~500m northwest of the main Havilah Deposit

The infill drilling produced significant intervals of high-grade mineralisation in line with the current mineral resource model. The extensional and exploration drilling intersected mineralisation as expected with further follow-up drilling planned.

Significant intercepts from the recent drilling include:

- **4m @ 11.1g/t Au** from 6m, including **1m @ 37.1g/t Au** from 8m in HVRC26013
- **12m @ 2.24g/t Au** from 3m in HVRC26009
- **1m @ 11.7g/t Au** from 41m in HVRC26019

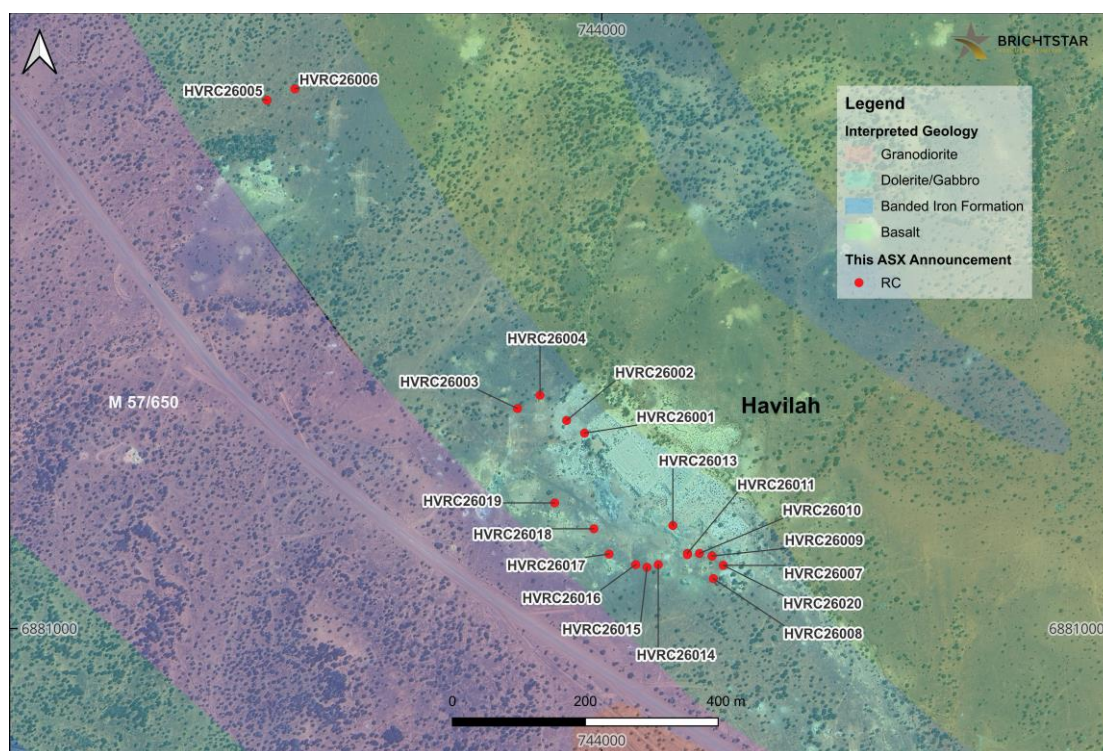


Figure 6: Plan view map of RC drill collars at the Havilah deposit.

Table 1: Significant Intercepts (>1.0g/t Au) for the **Bull Oak** RC and DD drilling,
+10 gram-metre intercepts highlighted.

Hole ID		From (m)	To (m)	Drilled Interval (m)	Au (g/t)	Interval	Gram-metres
BORC26007		26	27	1	1.02	1m @ 1.02g/t from 26m	1.02
BORC26007		47	48	1	1.98	1m @ 1.98g/t from 47m	1.98
BORC26007		58	59	1	2.68	1m @ 2.68g/t from 58m	2.68
BORC26007		83	87	4	1.13	4m @ 1.13g/t from 83m	4.52
BORC26007		102	103	1	1.11	1m @ 1.11g/t from 102m	1.11
BORC26007		111	112	1	2.83	1m @ 2.83g/t from 111m	2.83
BORC26007		192	194	2	2.32	2m @ 2.32g/t from 192m	4.64
BORC26007		199	200	1	1.53	1m @ 1.53g/t from 199m	1.53
BORC26007		228	229	1	1.76	1m @ 1.76g/t from 228m	1.76
BORC26007		233	235	2	1.47	2m @ 1.47g/t from 233m	2.94
BORC26007		256	260	4	1.18	4m @ 1.18g/t from 256m	4.73
BORC26007		284	285	1	1.10	1m @ 1.10g/t from 284m	1.10
BORC26007		299	300	1	1.24	1m @ 1.24g/t from 299m	1.24
BORC26008		41	45	4	3.07	4m @ 3.07g/t from 41m	12.3
BORC26008		103	104	1	1.01	1m @ 1.01g/t from 103m	1.01
BORC26008		118	121	3	1.47	3m @ 1.47g/t from 118m	4.41
BORC26008		154	155	1	1.36	1m @ 1.36g/t from 154m	1.36
BORC26008		171	172	1	4.07	1m @ 4.07g/t from 171m	4.07
BORC26008		179	180	1	1.00	1m @ 1.00g/t from 179m	1.00
BORC26008		212	218	6	1.27	6m @ 1.27g/t from 212m	7.62
BORC26009		20	21	1	11.8	1m @ 11.8g/t from 20m	11.8
BORC26009		25	26	1	1.34	1m @ 1.34g/t from 25m	1.34
BORC26009		64	65	1	1.30	1m @ 1.30g/t from 64m	1.30
BORC26009		69	70	1	1.35	1m @ 1.35g/t from 69m	1.35
BORC26009		73	74	1	1.44	1m @ 1.44g/t from 73m	1.44
BORC26009		98	99	1	3.33	1m @ 3.33g/t from 98m	3.33
BORC26009		119	120	1	1.41	1m @ 1.41g/t from 119m	1.41
BORC26009		125	149	24	1.14	24m @ 1.14g/t from 125m	27.4
BORC26009	<i>including</i>	127	128	1	13.3	1m @ 13.3g/t from 127m	13.3
BORC26009		170	173	3	1.67	3m @ 1.67g/t from 170m	5.01
BORC26009		189	190	1	2.25	1m @ 2.25g/t from 189m	2.25
BORC26009		237	242	5	8.22	5m @ 8.22g/t from 237m	41.1

Hole ID		From (m)	To (m)	Drilled Interval (m)	Au (g/t)	Interval	Gram-metres
BORC26009	<i>including</i>	237	238	1	36.7	1m @ 36.7g/t from 237m	36.7
BORC26009		247	248	1	1.02	1m @ 1.02g/t from 247m	1.02
BORC26009		264	266	2	1.96	2m @ 1.96g/t from 264m	3.92
BORC26009		272	280	8	1.37	8m @ 1.37g/t from 272m	11.0
BORC26010		67	68	1	1.74	1m @ 1.74g/t from 67m	1.74
BORC26010		76	78	2	1.32	2m @ 1.32g/t from 76m	2.64
BORC26010		135	141	6	1.96	6m @ 1.96g/t from 135m	11.8
BORC26010		144	148	4	1.96	4m @ 1.96g/t from 144m	7.84
BORC26010		166	167	1	1.86	1m @ 1.86g/t from 166m	1.86
BORC26010		172	175	3	1.23	3m @ 1.23g/t from 172m	3.69
BORC26010		189	190	1	1.40	1m @ 1.40g/t from 189m	1.40
BORC26010		194	213	19	1.76	19m @ 1.76g/t from 194m	33.4
BORC26010	<i>including</i>	199	200	1	18.8	1m @ 18.8g/t from 199m	18.8
BORC26010		232	235	3	3.78	3m @ 3.78g/t from 232m	11.3
BORC26010		243	245	2	1.91	2m @ 1.91g/t from 243m	3.82
BORC26010		262	283	21	3.83	21m @ 3.83g/t from 262m	80.4
BORC26010	<i>including</i>	262	266	4	12.5	4m @ 12.5g/t from 262m	50.0
BORC26010	<i>including</i>	263	264	1	27.1	1m @ 27.1g/t from 263m	27.1
BORC26010		296	297	1	2.03	1m @ 2.03g/t from 296m	2.03
BORC26010		342	343	1	1.04	1m @ 1.04g/t from 342m	1.04
BORC26010		347	348	1	1.23	1m @ 1.23g/t from 347m	1.23
BORC26011		7	8	1	1.01	1m @ 1.01g/t from 7m	1.01
BORC26011		33	34	1	1.13	1m @ 1.13g/t from 33m	1.13
BORC26011		61	62	1	1.05	1m @ 1.05g/t from 61m	1.05
BORC26011		84	85	1	2.78	1m @ 2.78g/t from 84m	2.78
BORC26011		135	136	1	3.30	1m @ 3.30g/t from 135m	3.30
BORC26011		140	142	2	4.87	2m @ 4.87g/t from 140m	9.74
BORC26011		148	149	1	3.98	1m @ 3.98g/t from 148m	3.98
BORC26011		158	160	2	1.04	2m @ 1.04g/t from 158m	2.07
BORC26011		168	172	4	1.28	4m @ 1.28g/t from 168m	5.12
BORC26011		189	191	2	1.02	2m @ 1.02g/t from 189m	2.04
BORC26011		197	198	1	1.37	1m @ 1.37g/t from 197m	1.37
BORC26011		202	210	8	1.00	8m @ 1.00g/t from 202m	8.00
BORC26011		213	214	1	1.19	1m @ 1.19g/t from 213m	1.19

Hole ID		From (m)	To (m)	Drilled Interval (m)	Au (g/t)	Interval	Gram-metres
BORC26011		231	235	4	1.03	4m @ 1.03g/t from 231m	4.12
BORC26011		259	260	1	1.05	1m @ 1.05g/t from 259m	1.05
BORC26011		270	271	1	1.60	1m @ 1.60g/t from 270m	1.60
BORC26011		291	300	9	1.05	9m @ 1.05g/t from 291m	9.45
BORC26012		29	39	10	2.27	10m @ 2.27g/t from 29m	22.7
BORC26012	<i>including</i>	37	38	1	11.2	1m @ 11.2g/t from 37m	11.2
BORC26012		47	48	1	3.03	1m @ 3.03g/t from 47m	3.03
BORC26012		84	97	13	1.10	13m @ 1.10g/t from 84m	14.3
BORC26012		100	101	1	1.18	1m @ 1.18g/t from 100m	1.18
BORC26012		122	123	1	3.45	1m @ 3.45g/t from 122m	3.45
BORC26012		142	144	2	1.26	2m @ 1.26g/t from 142m	2.52
BORC26012		240	241	1	1.15	1m @ 1.15g/t from 240m	1.15
BORC26012		265	266	1	1.01	1m @ 1.01g/t from 265m	1.01
BORC26012		278	279	1	2.32	1m @ 2.32g/t from 278m	2.32
BORC26012		284	289	5	3.09	5m @ 3.09g/t from 284m	15.4
BORC26012		307	309	2	1.08	2m @ 1.08g/t from 307m	2.16
BORC26013		29	36	7	2.10	7m @ 2.10g/t from 29m	14.7
BORC26013		68	74	6	2.03	6m @ 2.03g/t from 68m	12.2
BORC26013		109	110	1	1.97	1m @ 1.97g/t from 109m	1.97
BORC26013		128	129	1	2.32	1m @ 2.32g/t from 128m	2.32
BORC26013		153	164	11	1.38	11m @ 1.38g/t from 153m	15.2
BORC26013		183	184	1	2.03	1m @ 2.03g/t from 183m	2.03
BORC26013		191	195	4	2.32	4m @ 2.32g/t from 191m	9.28
BORC26013		202	203	1	1.81	1m @ 1.81g/t from 202m	1.81
BORC26013		209	210	1	4.18	1m @ 4.18g/t from 209m	4.18
BORC26013		216	217	1	1.22	1m @ 1.22g/t from 216m	1.22
BORC26013		223	224	1	1.04	1m @ 1.04g/t from 223m	1.04
BORC26013		230	233	3	1.05	3m @ 1.05g/t from 230m	3.15
BORC26013		239	240	1	7.05	1m @ 7.05g/t from 239m	7.05
BORC26013		248	250	2	1.02	2m @ 1.02g/t from 248m	2.04
BORC26013		256	270	14	1.00	14m @ 1.00g/t from 256m	14.0
BORC26013		278	279	1	1.22	1m @ 1.22g/t from 278m	1.22
BORC26013		282	283	1	6.49	1m @ 6.49g/t from 282m	6.49
BORC26013		293	294	1	4.15	1m @ 4.15g/t from 293m	4.15

Hole ID		From (m)	To (m)	Drilled Interval (m)	Au (g/t)	Interval	Gram-metres
BORC26013		299	300	1	4.20	1m @ 4.20g/t from 299m	4.20
BORC26014		26	35	9	7.39	9m @ 7.39g/t from 26m	66.5
BORC26014	<i>including</i>	30	31	1	56.3	1m @ 56.3g/t from 30m	56.3
BORC26014		72	78	6	3.75	6m @ 3.75g/t from 72m	22.5
BORC26014	<i>including</i>	73	74	1	12.8	1m @ 12.8g/t from 73m	12.8
BORC26014		120	121	1	1.75	1m @ 1.75g/t from 120m	1.75
BORC26014		124	125	1	1.10	1m @ 1.10g/t from 124m	1.10
BORC26014		133	134	1	1.46	1m @ 1.46g/t from 134m	1.46
BORC26014		145	146	1	1.02	1m @ 1.02g/t from 146m	1.02
BORC26014		160	162	2	1.27	2m @ 1.27g/t from 162m	2.54
BORC26014		179	186	7	1.09	7m @ 1.09g/t from 186m	7.63
BORC26014		228	232	4	1.04	4m @ 1.04g/t from 232m	4.16
BORC26014		234	235	1	1.32	1m @ 1.32g/t from 235m	1.32
BORC26014		250	253	3	1.86	3m @ 1.86g/t from 253m	5.58
BORC26014		270	272	2	4.33	2m @ 4.33g/t from 272m	8.66
BORC26014		278	279	1	1.06	1m @ 1.06g/t from 279m	1.06
BORC26014		298	307	9	1.01	9m @ 1.01g/t from 307m	9.09
BORC26014		322	323	1	1.35	1m @ 1.35g/t from 323m	1.35
BORC26014		327	334	7	1.82	7m @ 1.82g/t from 327m	12.7
BORC26015		60	64	4	1.41	4m @ 1.41g/t from 60m	5.64
BORC26015		81	82	1	1.02	1m @ 1.02g/t from 81m	1.02
BORC26015		88	95	7	1.06	7m @ 1.06g/t from 88m	7.42
BORC26016		48	50	2	1.07	2m @ 1.07g/t from 48m	2.14
BORC26016		71	72	1	1.62	1m @ 1.62g/t from 71m	1.62
BORC26017		24	25	1	1.10	1m @ 1.10g/t from 24m	1.10
BORC26017		63	70	7	1.09	7m @ 1.09g/t from 63m	7.63
BORC26018		10	11	1	3.20	1m @ 3.20g/t from 10m	3.20
BORC26018		87	88	1	2.54	1m @ 2.54g/t from 87m	2.54
BORC26019		36	39	3	1.41	3m @ 1.41g/t from 36m	4.23
BORC26019		48	49	1	1.12	1m @ 1.12g/t from 48m	1.12
BORC26020		48	50	2	1.17	2m @ 1.17g/t from 48m	2.34
BORC26022		49	50	1	6.14	1m @ 6.14g/t from 49m	6.14
BORC26023		9	10	1	1.08	1m @ 1.08g/t from 9m	1.08
BORC26024		3	7	4	1.43	4m @ 1.43g/t from 3m	5.72

Hole ID		From (m)	To (m)	Drilled Interval (m)	Au (g/t)	Interval	Gram-metres
BORC26024		36	38	2	1.27	2m @ 1.27g/t from 36m	2.54
BORC26024		59	79	20	1.31	20m @ 1.31g/t from 59m	26.2
BORC26024		92	93	1	1.24	1m @ 1.24g/t from 92m	1.24
BORC26025		87	94	7	3.78	7m @ 3.78g/t from 87m	26.5
BORC26025	<i>including</i>	93	94	1	22.2	1m @ 22.2g/t from 93m	22.2
BORC26025		126	127	1	1.22	1m @ 1.22g/t from 126m	1.22
BORC26025		140	141	1	1.45	1m @ 1.45g/t from 140m	1.45
BORC26025		153	163	10	1.45	10m @ 1.45g/t from 153m	14.5
BORC26025		177	178	1	5.57	1m @ 5.57g/t from 177m	5.57
BORC26025		184	187	3	3.23	3m @ 3.23g/t from 184m	9.69
BORC26025		190	200	10	1.01	10m @ 1.01g/t from 190m	10.1
BORC26026		53	57	4	1.80	4m @ 1.80g/t from 53m	7.20
BORC26026		110	111	1	1.00	1m @ 1.00g/t from 110m	1.00
BORC26027		27	28	1	3.24	1m @ 3.24g/t from 27m	3.24
BORC26027		62	63	1	1.18	1m @ 1.18g/t from 62m	1.18
BORC26027		138	139	1	9.93	1m @ 9.93g/t from 138m	9.93
BORC26027		159	160	1	1.53	1m @ 1.53g/t from 159m	1.53
BORC26027		170	171	1	1.27	1m @ 1.27g/t from 170m	1.27
BORC26027		184	185	1	1.04	1m @ 1.04g/t from 184m	1.04
BORC26028		23	29	6	1.21	6m @ 1.21g/t from 23m	7.26
BORC26028		39	42	3	5.94	3m @ 5.94g/t from 39m	17.8
BORC26028	<i>including</i>	40	41	1	10.2	1m @ 10.2g/t from 40m	10.2
BORC26028		46	47	1	2.44	1m @ 2.44g/t from 46m	2.44
BORC26028		53	64	11	1.8	11m @ 1.80g/t from 53m	19.8
BORC26028		77	79	2	1.26	2m @ 1.26g/t from 77m	2.52
BORC26028		132	133	1	1.62	1m @ 1.62g/t from 132m	1.62
BORC26028		155	160	5	2.96	5m @ 2.96g/t from 155m	14.8
BORC26029		30	31	1	1.82	1m @ 1.82g/t from 30m	1.82
BORC26029		87	94	7	12.2	7m @ 12.2g/t from 87m	85.4
BORC26029	<i>including</i>	87	88	1	82.7	1m @ 82.7g/t from 87m	82.7
BORC26030		40	42	2	1.75	2m @ 1.75g/t from 40m	3.50
BORC26030		57	58	1	1.39	1m @ 1.39g/t from 57m	1.39
BORC26030		92	95	3	1.09	3m @ 1.09g/t from 92m	3.27
BORC26030		110	112	2	1.47	2m @ 1.47g/t from 110m	2.94

Hole ID		From (m)	To (m)	Drilled Interval (m)	Au (g/t)	Interval	Gram-metres
BORC26030		118	120	2	1.28	2m @ 1.28g/t from 118m	2.56
BORC26030		128	130	2	1.37	2m @ 1.37g/t from 128m	2.74
BORC26030		136	137	1	1.19	1m @ 1.19g/t from 136m	1.19
BORC26030		147	150	3	1.56	3m @ 1.56g/t from 147m	4.68
BORC26034		20	22	2	1.07	2m @ 1.07g/t from 20m	2.14
BORC26034		38	42	4	1.04	4m @ 1.04g/t from 38m	4.16
BORC26034		98	100	2	10.4	2m @ 10.4g/t from 98m	20.8
BORC26034		133	134	1	1.10	1m @ 1.10g/t from 133m	1.10
BORC26034		141	146	5	2.80	5m @ 2.80g/t from 141m	14.0
BORC26035		13	15	2	3.34	2m @ 3.34g/t from 13m	6.68
BORC26035		23	24	1	1.43	1m @ 1.43g/t from 23m	1.43
BORC26035		29	30	1	3.90	1m @ 3.90g/t from 29m	3.90
BORC26035		85	86	1	1.60	1m @ 1.60g/t from 85m	1.60
BORC26035		144	145	1	5.53	1m @ 5.53g/t from 144m	5.53
BORC26035		160	162	2	1.18	2m @ 1.18g/t from 160m	2.36
BORC26035		167	169	2	1.93	2m @ 1.93g/t from 167m	3.86
BORC26036		98	99	1	1.24	1m @ 1.24g/t from 98m	1.24
BORC26036		102	105	3	1	3m @ 1.00g/t from 102m	3.00
BORC26036		113	116	3	1.03	3m @ 1.03g/t from 113m	3.09
BORC26036		166	177	11	1	11m @ 1.00g/t from 166m	11.0
BORC26036		186	187	1	3.09	1m @ 3.09g/t from 186m	3.09
BORC26036		199	206	7	119	7m @ 119g/t from 199m	833
BORC26036	<i>including</i>	202	203	1	751	1m @ 751g/t Au from 202m	751
BORC26036		213	214	1	1.67	1m @ 1.67g/t from 213m	1.67
BORC26037		78	84	6	1.46	6m @ 1.46g/t from 78m	8.76
BORC26037		94	95	1	1.59	1m @ 1.59g/t from 94m	1.59
BORC26037		101	102	1	1.21	1m @ 1.21g/t from 101m	1.21
BORC26037		115	116	1	1.50	1m @ 1.50g/t from 115m	1.50
BORC26037		126	127	1	1.03	1m @ 1.03g/t from 126m	1.03
BORC26037		137	143	6	1.13	6m @ 1.13g/t from 137m	6.78
BORC26037		158	160	2	2.41	2m @ 2.41g/t from 158m	4.82
BORC26037		172	174	2	12.7	2m @ 12.7g/t from 172m	25.4
BORC26037	<i>including</i>	172	173	1	24.3	1m @ 24.3g/t Au from 172m	24.3
BORC26037		197	198	1	1.47	1m @ 1.47g/t from 197m	1.47

Hole ID		From (m)	To (m)	Drilled Interval (m)	Au (g/t)	Interval	Gram-metres
BORC26037		214	216	2	5.61	2m @ 5.61g/t from 214m	11.2
BORC26037	<i>including</i>	214	215	1	10.3	1m @ 10.3g/t Au from 214m	10.3
BORC26037		219	220	1	2.08	1m @ 2.08g/t from 219m	2.08
BORC26037		239	240	1	1.38	1m @ 1.38g/t from 239m	1.38
BORC26037		244	245	1	2.82	1m @ 2.82g/t from 244m	2.82
BORC26037		256	261	5	1.17	5m @ 1.17g/t from 256m	5.85
BORC26038		28	29	1	1.04	1m @ 1.04g/t from 28m	1.04
BORC26038		46	47	1	1.64	1m @ 1.64g/t from 46m	1.64
BORC26038		77	78	1	1.13	1m @ 1.13g/t from 77m	1.13
BORC26038		89	90	1	2.17	1m @ 2.17g/t from 89m	2.17
BORC26038		130	137	7	2.10	7m @ 2.10g/t from 130m	14.7
BORC26038	<i>including</i>	130	131	1	10.8	1m @ 10.8g/t Au from 130m	10.8
BORC26038		184	185	1	1.03	1m @ 1.03g/t from 184m	1.03
BORC26038		198	203	5	4.20	5m @ 4.20g/t from 198m	21.0
BORC26038	<i>including</i>	198	199	1	15.0	1m @ 15.0g/t from 198m	15.0
BORC26038		222	228	6	2.49	6m @ 2.49g/t from 222m	14.9
BORC26038		237	238	1	21.5	1m @ 21.5g/t from 237m	21.5
BODD26003		56.5	57.5	1	1.01	1m @ 1.01g/t from 56.5m	1.01
BODD26003		84.3	85.9	1.6	6.54	1.6m @ 6.54g/t from 84.3m	10.5
BODD26003		96.0	98.5	2.5	3.43	2.5m @ 3.43g/t from 96m	8.58
BODD26003	<i>including</i>	96.0	96.3	0.3	20.9	0.3m @ 20.9g/t from 96m	6.27
BODD26003		120.4	122.0	1.6	1.38	1.6m @ 1.38g/t from 120.4m	2.21
BODD26003		135	136	1	1.02	1m @ 1.02g/t from 135m	1.02
BODD26003		150	151	1.	1.02	1m @ 1.02g/t from 150m	1.02
BODD26003		156	157	1	2.16	1m @ 2.16g/t from 156m	2.16
BODD26003		162.5	162.8	0.3	39.5	0.3m @ 39.5g/t from 162.5m	11.9
BODD26003		209	211	2	2.90	2m @ 2.90g/t from 209m	5.80
BODD26003		236	237	1	1.21	1m @ 1.21g/t from 236m	1.21
BODD26003		252	255	3	3.13	3m @ 3.13g/t from 252m	9.38
BODD26003		264	265	1	1.74	1m @ 1.74g/t from 264m	1.74
BODD26003		271	272	1	1.03	1m @ 1.03g/t from 271m	1.03
BODD26003		283.0	284.6	1.6	1.15	1.6m @ 1.15g/t from 283m	1.78
BODD26004		59.5	61.6	2.1	2.53	2.1m @ 2.53g/t from 59.5m	5.31
BODD26004		217.0	217.7	0.7	1.66	0.7m @ 1.66g/t from 217m	1.16

Hole ID		From (m)	To (m)	Drilled Interval (m)	Au (g/t)	Interval	Gram-metres
BODD26004		225.5	226.0	0.5	4.27	0.5m @ 4.27g/t from 225.5m	2.14
BODD26004		243.8	245.0	1.2	2.17	1.2m @ 2.17g/t from 243.8m	2.60
BODD26005		28.5	29.0	0.5	2.29	0.5m @ 2.29g/t from 28.5m	1.15
BODD26005		39.0	39.5	0.5	3.43	0.5m @ 3.43g/t from 39m	1.72
BODD26005		43.5	44	0.5	6.29	0.5m @ 6.29g/t from 43.5m	3.15
BODD26005		49.5	50	0.5	2.37	0.5m @ 2.37g/t from 49.5m	1.19
BODD26005		61.1	61.6	0.5	3.94	0.5m @ 3.94g/t from 61.1m	1.97
BODD26005		69	69.5	0.5	2.96	0.5m @ 2.96g/t from 69m	1.48
BODD26005		72.5	74.0	1.5	1.47	1.5m @ 1.47g/t from 72.5m	2.20

Table 2: Significant Intercepts (>0.5g/t Au) for the **Bull Oak** RC drilling (unconstrained by maximum internal dilution)

Hole ID		From (m)	To (m)	Drilled Interval (m)	Au (g/t)	Interval	Gram-metres
BORC26009		111	280	169	0.73	169m @ 0.73g/t from 111m	123
BORC26010		135	319	184	1.00	184m @ 1.00g/t from 135m	184
BORC26012		255	312	57	0.54	57m @ 0.54g/t from 255m	30.8
BORC26013		68	306	238	0.55	238m @ 0.55g/t from 68m	131
BORC26025		153	200	47	0.92	47m @ 0.92g/t from 153m	43.2
BORC26030		92	150	58	0.56	58m @ 0.56g/t from 92m	32.5
BORC26037		78	261	183	0.59	183m @ 0.59g/t from 78m	108
BORC26038		130	238	108	0.83	108m @ 0.83g/t from 130m	89.6

Table 3: Significant Intercepts (>1.0g/t Au) for the **Havilah** RC drilling, **+10 gram-metre intercepts highlighted.**

Hole ID		From (m)	To (m)	Drilled Interval (m)	Au (g/t)	Interval	Gram-metres
HVRC26001		125	129	4	1.02	4m @ 1.02g/t from 125m	4.08
HVRC26003		137	138	1	2.62	1m @ 2.62g/t from 137m	2.62
HVRC26004		179	180	1	1.48	1m @ 1.48g/t from 179m	1.48
HVRC26005		81	82	1	1.73	1m @ 1.73g/t from 81m	1.73
HVRC26007		6	7	1	2.76	1m @ 2.76g/t from 6m	2.76
HVRC26009		3	15	12	2.24	12m @ 2.24g/t from 3m	26.9
HVRC26010		7	9	2	1.34	2m @ 1.34g/t from 7m	2.68

Hole ID		From (m)	To (m)	Drilled Interval (m)	Au (g/t)	Interval	Gram-metres
HVRC26013		6	10	4	11.1	4m @ 11.1g/t from 6m	44.4
HVRC26013	<i>including</i>	8	9	1	37.1	1m @ 37.1g/t from 8m	37.1
HVRC26015		19	20	1	1.14	1m @ 1.14g/t from 19m	1.14
HVRC26018		26	27	1	1.25	1m @ 1.25g/t from 26m	1.25
HVRC26019		23	24	1	1.84	1m @ 1.84g/t from 23m	1.84
HVRC26019		41	42	1	11.7	1m @ 11.7g/t from 41m	11.7
HVRC26020		20	21	1	1.18	1m @ 1.18g/t from 20m	1.18

Table 4: Bull Oak Reverse Circulation and diamond drillhole collar information. Holes located on tenements M57/663. Grid coordinates shown in MGA94 Zone 50.

Hole ID	Hole Type	Easting	Northing	RL	Dip	Azimuth	Hole Depth (m)	Status
BORC26007	RC	729613	6897876	529	-60	180	304	This ASX announcement
BORC26008	RC	729793	6897943	535	-55	180	220	This ASX announcement
BORC26009	RC	729671	6897890	528	-50	180	320	This ASX announcement
BORC26010	RC	729667	6897896	528	-55	180	351	This ASX announcement
BORC26011	RC	729677	6897924	530	-57	180	306	This ASX announcement
BORC26012	RC	729677	6897927	530	-65	180	312	This ASX announcement
BORC26013	RC	729735	6897936	533	-50	180	306	This ASX announcement
BORC26014	RC	729735	6897939	533	-60	180	354	This ASX announcement
BORC26015	RC	729908	6897805	534	-50	260	110	This ASX announcement
BORC26016	RC	729859	6897689	535	-69	355	120	This ASX announcement
BORC26017	RC	729808	6897655	534	-52	346	112	This ASX announcement
BORC26018	RC	729805	6897646	535	-60	348	100	This ASX announcement
BORC26019	RC	729764	6897615	535	-50	0	80	This ASX announcement
BORC26020	RC	729764	6897612	535	-55	0	60	This ASX announcement
BORC26021	RC	729765	6897599	535	-65	180	76	This ASX announcement
BORC26022	RC	729738	6897572	536	-60	180	60	This ASX announcement
BORC26023	RC	729736	6897624	534	-60	180	60	This ASX announcement
BORC26024	RC	729729	6897665	532	-51	63	94	This ASX announcement
BORC26025	RC	729725	6897666	532	-52	4	200	This ASX announcement
BORC26026	RC	729702	6897661	533	-58	0	190	This ASX announcement
BORC26027	RC	729674	6897657	534	-75	0	202	This ASX announcement
BORC26028	RC	729639	6897648	536	-70	0	160	This ASX announcement

Hole ID	Hole Type	Easting	Northing	RL	Dip	Azimuth	Hole Depth (m)	Status
BORC26029	RC	729550	6897649	537	-70	175	112	This ASX announcement
BORC26030	RC	729556	6897675	534	-78	180	154	This ASX announcement
BORC26031	RC	729527	6897675	535	-85	180	42	Assays pending
BORC26032	RC	729527	6897672	535	-85	175	4	Assays pending
BORC26033	RC	729527	6897673	535	-85	176.2	34	Assays pending
BORC26034	RC	729582	6897679	533	-63	180	150	This ASX announcement
BORC26035	RC	729603	6897627	539	-60	0	174	This ASX announcement
BORC26036	RC	729580	6897689	533	-83	0	214	This ASX announcement (0 to 22m assays pending)
BORC26037	RC	729617	6897822	530	-50	180	270	This ASX announcement
BORC26038	RC	729616	6897850	530	-60	180	260	This ASX announcement
BORC26039	RC	729645	6897873	530	-55	178	340	Assays pending
BORC26040	RC	729642	6897881	530	-64	178	320	Assays pending
BORC26041	RC	729609	6897700	533	-60	0	140	Assays pending
BORC26042	RC	729640	6897863	530	-50	178	300	Assays pending
BORC26043	RC	729641	6897880	530	-60	178	300	Assays pending
BORC26044	RC	729641	6897890	530	-68	178	322	Assays pending
BORC26045	RC	729795	6897944	536	-50	180	274	Assays pending
BODD26003	DD	729767	6897952	535	-50	180	300.3	This ASX announcement
BODD26004	DD	729767	6897952	534	-70	180	251.6	This ASX announcement
BODD26005	DD	729847	6897903	534	-50	170	104.6	This ASX announcement
BODD26006	DD	729823	6897975	534	-65	180	270.4	Assays pending
BODD26007	DD	729838	6897920	534	-54	186	265.8	Assays pending
BODD26008	DD	729734	6897961	534	-68	180	343.2	Assays pending
BODD26009	DD	729828	6897944	535	-56	184	249.7	Assays pending
BODD26010	DD	729708	6897924	531	-50	180	316.2	Assays pending
BODD26011	DD	729825	6897961	535	-60	180	252.5	Assays pending
BODD26012	DD	729708	6897924	531	-65	180	270.8	Assays pending
BODD26013	DD	729524	6897682	534	-85	181	256.6	Assays pending

Table 5: Havilah Reverse Circulation and diamond drillhole collar information. Holes located on tenements M57/650. Grid coordinates shown in MGA94 Zone 50.

Hole ID	Hole Type	Easting	Northing	RL	Dip	Azimuth	Hole Depth (m)	Status
HVRC26001	RC	743974	6881294	468	-50	180	168	This ASX announcement
HVRC26002	RC	743947	6881313	469	-60	180	186	This ASX announcement
HVRC26003	RC	743873	6881331	470	-60	180	204	This ASX announcement
HVRC26004	RC	743907	6881351	470	-60	180	162	This ASX announcement
HVRC26005	RC	743496	6881795	469	-60	180	174	This ASX announcement
HVRC26006	RC	743538	6881812	469	-60	181	168	This ASX announcement
HVRC26007	RC	744183	6881095	464	-60	180	26	This ASX announcement
HVRC26008	RC	744168	6881075	464	-60	180	29	This ASX announcement
HVRC26009	RC	744166	6881109	464	-60	180	32	This ASX announcement
HVRC26010	RC	744147	6881113	464	-60	180	31	This ASX announcement
HVRC26011	RC	744129	6881113	464	-60	180	34	This ASX announcement
HVRC26012	RC	744129	6881111	465	-60	180	6	This ASX announcement
HVRC26013	RC	744107	6881155	465	-60	180	30	This ASX announcement
HVRC26014	RC	744085	6881096	465	-60	180	40	This ASX announcement
HVRC26015	RC	744068	6881092	465	-60	180	35	This ASX announcement
HVRC26016	RC	744051	6881096	466	-60	180	42	This ASX announcement
HVRC26017	RC	744011	6881112	466	-60	180	37	This ASX announcement
HVRC26018	RC	743988	6881150	467	-60	180	46	This ASX announcement
HVRC26019	RC	743929	6881189	469	-60	180	50	This ASX announcement
HVRC26020	RC	744183	6881095	464	-60	180	57	This ASX announcement

This ASX announcement has been approved by the Managing Director on behalf of the Board of Brightstar.

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ABOUT BRIGHTSTAR RESOURCES

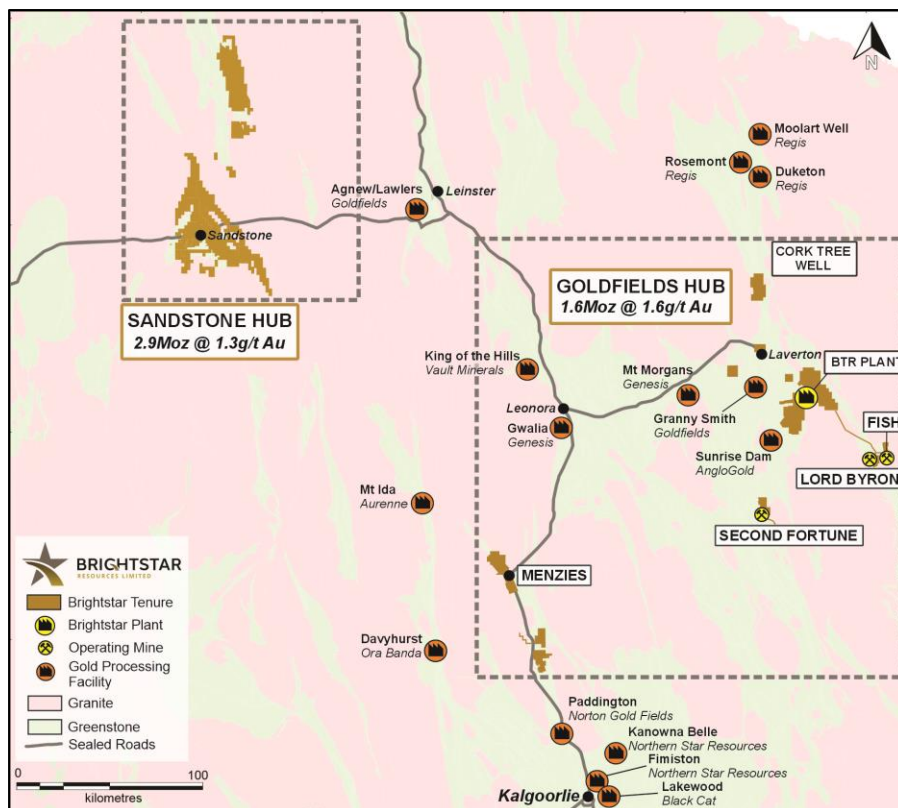
Brightstar Resources Limited is an emerging gold producer listed on the Australian Securities Exchange (ASX: BTR) and based in Perth, WA.

The Company hosts a portfolio of high-quality assets hosted in the Tier-1 jurisdiction of Western Australia, with over 4.5Moz of Mineral Resources across the Goldfields and Sandstone regions, ideally located near key infrastructure such as sealed highways and on granted mining leases for ready development.

Brightstar is currently advancing the Goldfields Hub into near-term gold production, with a January 2026 updated Feasibility Study outlining the production of +75,000oz per annum for six years which delivered impressive financial metrics such as ~A\$1 billion in LOM cashflows, a A\$606 million NPV8 and 74% internal rate of return.

Construction of the 1.5Mtpa processing plant is underway and Brightstar is targeting commencement of gold production in JunQ'CY27.

Brightstar aspires to be a leading mid-tier gold miner via the staged development of its Goldfields Project and Sandstone Project, with current operations and proposed expansions providing a significant platform for growth.



Consolidated JORC Resources of Laverton, Menzies & Sandstone Hubs.

Location	Cut-off	Measured			Indicated			Inferred			Total		
	g/t	kt	g/t	koz	kt	g/t	koz	kt	g/t	koz	kt	g/t	koz
	Au		Au			Au			Au			Au	
Alpha	0.5	-	-	-	371	1.9	22	1,028	2.8	92	1,399	2.5	115
Beta	0.5	345	1.7	19	576	1.6	29	961	1.7	54	1,882	1.7	102
Cork Tree Well	0.5	-	-	-	3,264	1.6	166	3,198	1.2	126	6,462	1.4	292
Lord Byron	0.5	311	1.7	17	2,104	1.5	105	2,974	1.5	145	5,389	1.5	267
Fish	1.6	25	5.4	4	199	4.5	29	153	3.2	16	376	4	49
Gilt Key	0.5	-	-	-	15	2.2	1	153	1.3	6	168	1.3	8
Second Fortune (UG)	2.5	24	15.3	12	34	13.7	15	34	11.7	13	92	13.4	40
Total - Laverton		705	2.3	52	6563	1.7	367	8,501	1.7	452	15,768	1.7	873
Lady Shenton System	0.5/1.2	-	-	-	3,725	1.4	168	4,349	1.3	184	8,074	1.4	352
Yunndaga	0.5/1.2	-	-	-	2,172	2.2	152	923	1.8	54	3,095	2.1	206
Aspacia	0.5	-	-	-	137	1.7	7	1,238	1.6	62	1,375	1.6	70
Lady Harriet System	0.5	-	-	-	520	1.3	22	590	1.1	21	1,110	1.2	43
Link Zone	0.5	-	-	-	160	1.3	7	740	1	23	890	1	29
Selkirk	0.5	-	-	-	30	6.3	6	140	1.2	5	170	2.1	12
Lady Irene	0.5	-	-	-	-	-	-	100	1.7	6	100	1.7	6
Total - Menzies		-	-	-	6,744	1.7	362	8,080	1.4	355	14,814	1.5	718
Montague-Evermore	0.4	-	-	-	1,683	2.1	114	3,122	1.3	127	4,805	1.6	241
Whistler	0.4	-	-	-	1,258	2.0	79	565	1.4	25	1,823	1.8	105
Achilles / Airport	0.4	-	-	-	2,130	1.3	90	4,255	1.0	134	6,385	1.1	224
Duplex	0.4	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,003	0.9	30	1,003	0.9	30
Julias ¹ (Attributable)	0.4	-	-	-	1,258	1.2	49	556	0.8	15	1,814	1.1	64
Lord Nelson	0.4	-	-	-	4,441	1.5	215	1,758	1.1	64	6,199	1.4	279
Lord Henry	0.4	-	-	-	1,523	1.6	76	883	1.4	40	2,406	1.5	116
Vanguard Camp	0.4	-	-	-	1,616	2.2	115	2,194	1.3	90	3,809	1.7	205
Havilah Camp	0.4	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,359	1.2	54	1,359	1.2	54
Indomitable Camp	0.4	-	-	-	2,099	1.2	81	8,772	1.0	284	10,871	1.0	366
Bull Oak	0.4/0.8	-	-	-	1,481	0.9	44	9,056	1.0	278	10,537	1.0	322
Two Mile Hill / Shillington	0.4/0.73	-	-	-	4,673	1.3	190	9,901	1.7	541	14,574	1.6	731
McIntyre	0.4	-	-	-	513	1.2	20	77	0.9	2	589	1.2	23
Plum Pudding	0.4	-	-	-	498	1.0	17	52	0.9	1	550	1.0	18
Central Trend (Eureka, Wirraminna, Old Town, Twin Shafts,	0.5	-	-	-	1,480	1.1	53	1,131	1.1	39	2,612	1.1	91
Total - Sandstone		-	-	-	24,652	1.4	1,144	44,684	1.2	1,725	69,337	1.3	2,868
Total - BTR (Attributable)		705	2.3	52	37,959	1.5	1,873	61,265	1.3	2,532	99,919	1.4	4,459

NOTE:

- Note some rounding discrepancies may occur. Tonnes are reported as thousand tonnes (Kt) and rounded to the nearest 1000; Au ounces are reported as thousands rounded to the nearest 1,000.
- Pericles, Lady Shenton & Stirling deposits consolidated into 'Lady Shenton System' at Menzies.
- Warrior, Lady Harriet & Bellenger deposits consolidated into 'Lady Harriet System' at Menzies.
- Julius is located on M57/427, which is owned 75% by Brightstar and 25% by Estuary Resources Pty Ltd. Attributable gold ounces to Brightstar include 75% of total
- Mineral Resources are reported inclusive of Ore Reserves.
- The Mineral Resource estimates include Inferred Mineral Resources that are normally considered too speculative geologically to have economic considerations applied to them that would enable them to be categorized as Ore Reserves. There is also no certainty that Inferred Mineral Resources will be converted to Measured and Indicated categories through further drilling, or into Ore Reserves once economic considerations are applied.
- Mineral Resources are depleted for historical mining.

Forward-Looking Statements

This document may include forward-looking statements. Forward-looking statements include, but are not limited to, statements concerning Brightstar Resources Limited's planned exploration program and other statements that are not historical facts. When used in this document, the words such as "could," "plan," "expect," "intend," "may," "potential," "should," and similar expressions are forward-looking statements. Although Brightstar believes that its expectations reflected in these forward-looking statements are reasonable, such statements involve risks and uncertainties and no assurance can be given that further exploration will result in the estimation of a Mineral Resource.

Competent Person Statement – Exploration

The information presented here relating to exploration of the Menzies, Laverton and Sandstone Gold Project areas is based on information compiled by Mr Michael Kammermann, MAIG. Mr Kammermann is a Member of the Australasian Institute of Geoscientists (AIG) and has sufficient experience relevant to the style of mineralisation and type of deposit under consideration and to the activity he is undertaking to qualify as a "Competent Person" as that term is defined in the 2012 Edition of the "Australasian Code of Reporting of Exploration Results, Mineral Resources and Ore Reserves (JORC Code 2012)". Mr Kammermann is a fulltime employee of the Company in the position of Exploration Manager and has provided written consent approving the inclusion of the Exploration Results in the form and context in which they appear.

Competent Person Statement – Mineral Resource Estimates

The information in the report to which this statement is attached that relates to Mineral Resources for the Sandstone deposits, excluding the Central Trend deposits, is based on information compiled or reviewed by Mr Graham de la Mare, a Competent Person who is a Fellow of the Australian Institute of Geoscientists. Graham de la Mare is a full-time employee of Brightstar Resources and has sufficient experience that is relevant to the style of mineralisation and type of deposit under consideration and to the activity being undertaken to qualify as a Competent Person as defined in the 2012 Edition of the 'Australasian Code for Reporting of Exploration Results, Mineral Resources and Ore Reserves'. Graham de la Mare consents to the inclusion in this announcement of statements based on this information in the form and context in which it appears.

This Announcement contains references to Brightstar's JORC Mineral Resource estimates, extracted from the ASX announcements titled "Aurumin to acquire 784,000oz Au Sandstone Gold Project" dated 15 December 2021, "Cork Tree Well Resource Upgrade Delivers 1Moz Group MRE" dated 23 June 2023, "Maiden Link Zone Mineral Resource" dated 15 November 2023, "Aspacia deposit records maiden Mineral Resource at the Menzies Gold Project" dated 17 April 2024, "Brightstar Makes Recommended Bid for Linden Gold", dated 25 March 2024, "Brightstar to drive consolidation of Sandstone Gold District" dated 1 August 2024, "Scheme Booklet Registered by ASIC" dated 14 October 2024, "Robust Mineral Resource Upgrades at Laverton and Menzies Underpins Future Mining Operations" dated 19 May 2025, "Menzies and Laverton Gold Projects Feasibility Study" dated 30 June 2025, "Brightstar pursues logical consolidation at Sandstone Hub" dated 21 July 2025, "Significant Growth in Menzies Mineral Resource" dated 11 December 2025, "Lord Byron MRE Update" dated 12 January 2026 and "Sandstone Mineral Resource Grows to 2.9Moz" dated 15 July 2026.

Brightstar confirms that it is not aware of any new information or data that materially affects the information included in the original market announcements and that all material assumptions and technical parameters underpinning the Mineral Resource estimates in the relevant market announcements continue to apply and have not materially changed. The

Company confirms that the form and context in which the Competent Person's findings are presented have not been materially modified from the original market announcements.

Compliance Statement

With reference to previously reported Exploration Results and Mineral Resources, other than those identified in this announcement, the Company confirms that it is not aware of any new information or data that materially affects the information included in the original market announcement and, in the case of estimates of Mineral Resources that all material assumptions and technical parameters underpinning the estimates in the relevant market announcement continue to apply and have not materially changed. The company confirms that the form and context in which the Competent Person's findings are presented have not been materially modified from the original market announcement.

APPENDIX 1: JORC CODE, 2012 EDITION – TABLE 1

SECTION 1 SAMPLING TECHNIQUES AND DATA

(Criteria in this section apply to all succeeding sections)

Criteria	JORC Code Explanation	Commentary
Sampling techniques	<i>Nature and quality of sampling (eg cut channels, random chips, or specific specialised industry standard measurement tools appropriate to the minerals under investigation, such as down hole gamma sondes, or handheld XRF instruments, etc). These examples should not be taken as limiting the broad meaning of sampling.</i> <i>Include reference to measures taken to ensure sample representivity and the appropriate calibration of any measurement tools or systems used.</i> <i>Aspects of the determination of mineralisation that are Material to the Public Report.</i> <i>In cases where ‘industry standard’ work has been done this would be relatively simple (eg ‘reverse circulation drilling was used to obtain 1 m samples from which 3 kg was pulverised to produce a 30 g charge for fire assay’). In other cases more explanation may be required, such as where there is coarse gold that has inherent sampling problems. Unusual commodities or mineralisation types (eg submarine nodules) may warrant disclosure of detailed information.</i>	Drilling carried out by Brightstar Resources Limited (BTR) - Samples were collected by reverse circulation (RC) and diamond (DD) drilling. - RC samples were passed directly from the in-line cyclone through a rig mounted cone splitter. Samples were collected in 1m intervals into bulk plastic bags and 1m calico splits, which were retained for later use. - From the bulk 1m sample, a 4m composite sample was collected using a split PVC scoop and then submitted to Intertek Laboratory (BTR) for analysis by Photon method. - RC 1m splits were submitted if the composite sample assay values are equal to or greater than 0.2g/t Au. - Diamond core sampling on HQ/NQ diamond drill core at mostly 1m intervals. Closer spaced sampling around specific mineralized zones or structures. Samples were submitted to Intertek Laboratory for analysis by fire assay. Drilling carried out by Alto Metals Ltd (AME) (SRC prefixes) - RC samples were passed directly from the in-line cyclone through a rig mounted cone splitter. Samples were collected in 1m intervals into bulk plastic bags and 1m calico splits (which were retained for later use). - From the bulk sample, a 4-metre composite sample was collected using a split PVC scoop and then submitted to the laboratory for

Criteria	JORC Code Explanation	Commentary
		analysis. RC 1m splits were submitted to the laboratory if the composite sample assay values are equal to or greater than 0.2g/t Au.
Drilling techniques	<i>Drill type (eg core, reverse circulation, open-hole hammer, rotary air blast, auger, Bangka, sonic, etc) and details (eg core diameter, triple or standard tube, depth of diamond tails, face-sampling bit or other type, whether core is oriented and if so, by what method, etc).</i>	- BTR RC drill holes were drilled utilising a 5.5 inch face sampling hammer and surveyed using true-North-seeking gyroscopic survey tools. Drilling was conducted by Topdrill, PXD and Hagstrom using RC drill rig and support equipment suitable for the ground conditions and depth of drilling. - AME RC drilling was with a KWL 350 drill rig with an onboard 1100/350 compressor using a sampling hammer of nominal 140mm hole. - BTR Diamond drilling is drilled by Topdrill and Wallis Drilling diamond drilling rigs and support equipment suitable for the ground conditions and depth of drilling. HQ and NQ diameter drill core was obtained. In areas of unconsolidated ground, triple tube configuration was used to maximise core recovery. All drill core was oriented (where possible), using the Axis Champ Ori system.
Drill sample recovery	<i>Method of recording and assessing core and chip sample recoveries and results assessed.</i> <i>Measures taken to maximise sample recovery and ensure representative nature of the samples.</i> <i>Whether a relationship exists between sample recovery and grade and whether sample bias may have occurred due to preferential loss/gain of fine/coarse material.</i>	- RC sample recovery for BTR and AME samples was qualitatively assessed and recorded by comparing drill chip volumes (sample bags) for individual metres. Sample depths were cross-checked every rod (6m). The cyclone was regularly cleaned to ensure no material build up and sample material was checked for any potential downhole contamination. Wet samples were recorded, although the majority of samples were dry. In the CP's opinion, the drilling sample recoveries/quality are acceptable and are appropriately representative for the style of mineralisation - Sample recoveries are recorded on sample registers with sample recovery and moisture content estimated. Good sample recovery was standard in reported programs.

Criteria	JORC Code Explanation	Commentary
		- All samples are weighed at the laboratory and reported as a part of standard preparation protocols. No water compromised samples are reported in this program. - Drilling is carried out orthogonal to the mineralisation to get representative samples of the mineralisation. - RC samples are collected through a cyclone and cone splitter. The sample required for the assay is collected directly into a calico sample bag at a designed 2kg sample mass which is optimal by Photon method. - BTR diamond core recoveries are recorded on sample registers and recorded as part of the logging procedure with core loss quantified. Good to moderate sample recovery was observed in reported programs with moderate core loss observed in structurally deformed areas (shear zones). - Short core runs were selected to maximise sample recovery, with core loss noted on core blocks within the core trays and subsequently checked by Brightstar personnel at the core farm. - No grade versus sample recovery biases, or biases relating the loss or gain or fines have been identified in the drilling.
Logging	<i>Whether core and chip samples have been geologically and geotechnically logged to a level of detail to support appropriate Mineral Resource estimation, mining studies and metallurgical studies.</i> <i>Whether logging is qualitative or quantitative in nature. Core (or costean, channel, etc) photography.</i> <i>The total length and percentage of the relevant intersections logged.</i>	- BTR RC holes were logged on one metre intervals at the rig by the geologist from drill chips. Logging was recorded directly into Plexer logging software. - Diamond core is logged to specific geological intervals. - Detailed geological logging includes the lithology, alteration, veining and mineralisation of the drill chips or core. Structural measurements are also taken from oriented drill core. - Photographs are taken of all core as part of the sampling process. - Geotechnical consultants logged selected core for geotechnical purposes. - Logging is both quantitative and qualitative in nature, depending

Criteria	JORC Code Explanation	Commentary
		on the feature. • 100% of BTR drilling is geologically logged. • AME drill chips were sieved from each 1m sample and geologically logged. Washed drill chips from each 1m sample were stored in chip trays. Geological logging of drill hole intervals was carried out with sufficient detail to meet the requirements of resource estimation.
Sub-sampling techniques and sample preparation	• <i>If core, whether cut or sawn and whether quarter, half or all core taken.</i> • <i>If non-core, whether riffled, tube sampled, rotary split, etc and whether sampled wet or dry.</i> • <i>For all sample types, the nature, quality and appropriateness of the sample preparation technique.</i> • <i>Quality control procedures adopted for all sub-sampling stages to maximise representivity of samples.</i> • <i>Measures taken to ensure that the sampling is representative of the in situ material collected, including for instance results for field duplicate/second-half sampling.</i> • <i>Whether sample sizes are appropriate to the grain size of the material being sampled.</i>	BTR RC drilling • RC drilling single 1 metre splits were automatically taken at the time of drilling by a cone splitter attached to the cyclone. • For interpreted non-mineralised areas, 4 metre composite samples were collected from the drill rig by spearing each 1m collection bag. The 4 metre composites were submitted for assay. • Composite samples returning grade >0.1g/t Au were resampled as 1m cone-split samples with samples having been collected for upcoming laboratory analyses. • For interpreted mineralised areas, the 1 metre splits were bagged on the static cyclone splitter on the RC rig. • QAQC samples (blanks and standards) were submitted for all samples at a rate between 1:10 and 1:20 • Duplicate samples were taken over selected interpreted mineralised intervals to determine if sampling is representative. • Samples submitted for analysis via Photon assay technique were dried, crushed to nominal 85% passing 2mm, linear split and a nominal 500g sub sample taken. • The 500g sample is assayed for gold by Photon Assay along with quality control samples including certified reference materials, blanks and sample duplicates.

Criteria	JORC Code Explanation	Commentary
		• Samples volumes were typically 1.0-3.0 kg and are considered to be of suitable size for the style of mineralisation. BTR diamond drilling • QAQC samples (blanks and standards) were submitted for all samples at a rate between 1:10 and 1:25 • Duplicate samples were not taken in this core logging program, however sampling is deemed representative in the opinion of the competent person. • Single cut (half core) diamond core was selected for sampling with the remaining core left for future reference and or metallurgical testwork purposes. • Sample preparation comprised industry standard oven drying, crushing, and pulverisation to less than 75 microns. Homogenised pulp material was used for assaying. • Internal certified laboratory QAQC is undertaken including check samples, blanks and internal standards. • Samples volumes were typically 0.5kg-4.0 kg depending on the length of core sampled and are considered to be of suitable size for the style of mineralisation. AME drilling • RC samples were split from dry, 1m bulk sample via cone splitter Intertek Genalysis (Perth) and MinAnalytical Laboratory Services Australia Pty Ltd located in Canning Vale, Western Australia, were responsible for sample preparation and assaying for drill hole samples and associated check assays. Both are certified to NATA in accordance with ISO 17025:2005 ISO requirements for all related inspection, verification, testing and certification activities.

Criteria	JORC Code Explanation	Commentary
		3kg 4m composite RC samples were dried and then ground in an LM5 ring mill for 85% passing 75 Microns. - Subsequently, intervals of 4m composite samples reporting greater than 0.2g/t Au were selected for re-assay, and 1m re-split samples were submitted for 50gm fire assay or the Photon Assay method. - RC 1m samples were analysed using 50 gm fire assay with AAS finish, or the Photon Assay method
Quality of assay data and laboratory tests	<i>The nature, quality and appropriateness of the assaying and laboratory procedures used and whether the technique is considered partial or total.</i> <i>For geophysical tools, spectrometers, handheld XRF instruments, etc, the parameters used in determining the analysis including instrument make and model, reading times, calibrations factors applied and their derivation, etc.</i> <i>Nature of quality control procedures adopted (eg standards, blanks, duplicates, external laboratory checks) and whether acceptable levels of accuracy (ie lack of bias) and precision have been established.</i>	BTR drilling 1m and 4m RC composite, and diamond drilling samples were assayed via the Photon Assay method at Intertek laboratory, Perth. - Laboratory QC involves the use of internal lab standards, certified reference material, blanks, splits and replicates. QC results (blanks, coarse reject duplicates, bulk pulverised, standards) are monitored and were within acceptable limits. ~5% standards were inserted to check on precision of laboratory results. AME Drilling - For AME 4m composite sampling; field duplicates and field blank samples were inserted at a ratio of 1:20. - For 1m re-split samples; field standards, field duplicates and field blanks were inserted at a ratio of 1:20. - AME produced their own Standards using the bulk residues remaining from laboratory prepared samples. Grades of 0.3g/t, 0.6g/t and 0.9g/t were submitted as matrix matched non-distinguishable Standards. These Standards as well as other certified reference Standards were used. - Laboratory Certified Reference Materials and/or in-house

Criteria	JORC Code Explanation	Commentary
		controls, blanks, splits and replicates are analysed with each batch of samples by the laboratory. These quality control results are reported along with the sample values in the final report. Selected samples are also re-analysed to confirm anomalous results. Laboratory and field QA/QC results are reviewed by AME personnel.
Verification of sampling and assaying	<i>The verification of significant intersections by either independent or alternative company personnel.</i> <i>The use of twinned holes.</i> <i>Documentation of primary data, data entry procedures, data verification, data storage (physical and electronic) protocols.</i> <i>Discuss any adjustment to assay data.</i>	BTR Drilling - Significant intersections have been reviewed by several company personnel. - Data storage was captured electronically onsite using Plexer logging software, before syncing to the cloud-based Plexer database. - No data was adjusted. No transformations or alterations are made to assay data stored in the database. The lab's primary Au field is the one used for plotting purposes. No averaging of results for individual samples is employed. No top cuts are applied to the assays when calculating intercepts.
Location of data points	<i>Accuracy and quality of surveys used to locate drill holes (collar and down-hole surveys), trenches, mine workings and other locations used in Mineral Resource estimation.</i> <i>Specification of the grid system used.</i> <i>Quality and adequacy of topographic control.</i>	BTR and AME Drilling - All drill collar locations were initially surveyed using a hand-held GPS, accurate to within 3-5m. - Post drilling, a qualified surveyor picked up the hole collars with a RTK DGPS accurate to cm scale. - The grid system used is MGA94 Zone 50. All reported coordinates are referenced to this grid. - DH Surveys were measured using a north seeking gyro tool every 30m with a continuous survey at end of hole.
Data spacing and distribution	<i>Data spacing for reporting of Exploration Results.</i>	Holes are variably spaced with the intent of infilling hole spacings

Criteria	JORC Code Explanation	Commentary
	- Whether the data spacing and distribution is sufficient to establish the degree of geological and grade continuity appropriate for the Mineral Resource and Ore Reserve estimation procedure(s) and classifications applied. - Whether sample compositing has been applied.	- to a nominal 20m x 20m pattern across the deposits. - No sample compositing of field samples has been applied. - Spacing and distribution is sufficient to establish the degree of geological grade and continuity for a mineral resource estimation.
Orientation of data in relation to geological structure	- Whether the orientation of sampling achieves unbiased sampling of possible structures and the extent to which this is known, considering the deposit type. - If the relationship between the drilling orientation and the orientation of key mineralised structures is considered to have introduced a sampling bias, this should be assessed and reported if material.	- The relationship between the drilling orientation and the orientation of mineralised structures is not considered to have introduced a sampling bias. Most holes have been drilled perpendicular to the main orientation of mineralisation. - No drilling orientation related sampling bias has been identified at the project.
Sample security	The measures taken to ensure sample security.	BTR and AME samples were collected on site under supervision of the geologist. Visitors needed permission to visit site. Once collected samples were bagged, they were transported to Perth by company personnel or trusted contractors for assaying with Intertek. Despatch and consignment notes were delivered and checked for discrepancies.
Audits or reviews	The results of any audits or reviews of sampling techniques and data.	Sampling techniques and data have been reviewed internally by company personnel.

SECTION 2 REPORTING OF EXPLORATION RESULTS

Criteria	JORC Code Explanation	Commentary
Mineral tenement and land tenure status	<i>Type, reference name/number, location and ownership including agreements or material issues with third parties such as joint ventures, partnerships, overriding royalties, native title interests, historical sites, wilderness or national park and environmental settings.</i> <i>The security of the tenure held at the time of reporting along with any known impediments to obtaining a licence to operate in the area.</i>	- The deposits are located within granted mining tenements; - Bull Oak (M57/663) - Havilah (M57/650) - All are granted tenements are owned by 100% subsidiary companies of Brightstar Resources Limited and are held in good standing with no known impediments.
Exploration done by other parties	<i>Acknowledgment and appraisal of exploration by other parties.</i>	- Modern exploration for gold in the Sandstone Greenstone Belt began with Western Mining Corporation (WMC) in the late 1970s through to the 1990s. WMC carried out 17 significant regional exploration programs and formed several joint ventures in the main Sandstone mines area and at Oroya, Hacks, and Bull Oak. After spending approximately \$6M, WMC put its Sandstone assets out to tender, with Herald ultimately the successful bidder. - Herald carried out extensive exploration throughout the project area and carried out open pit mining at Bull Oak and Oroya. The Sandstone tenements were then sold to Troy Resources NL (Troy). - Troy undertook systematic exploration of the project area between 1998 and 2010, resulting in the discovery and subsequent mining of the Two Mile Hill, Bulchina, Lord Henry and Lord Nelson deposits. Troy ceased mining in August 2010 and the operations were placed on care and maintenance.

Criteria	JORC Code Explanation	Commentary
Geology	<i>Deposit type, geological setting and style of mineralisation.</i>	- The Sandstone Project covers much of the Sandstone Greenstone Belt, a triangular belt interpreted to be a north-plunging antiform situated at the northern end of the Southern Cross Domain. The belt primarily comprises mafic volcanic and intrusive units, with subordinate ultramafic, BIF and siliciclastic sediments. - Much of the residual greenstone belt regolith is overlain by depositional material including colluvium, sheet wash alluvium and aeolian deposits. The alluvium thins in the northern and eastern parts of the project area where underlying meta-sediments and granitoids are exposed at the surface. A lateritic horizon is observed across much of the belt. <u>Bull Oak</u> - The Bull Oak granite is a porphyritic intrusion with a strike length of approximately 500m and a width of up to 150m. The intrusion has a depth of at least 250m and has relatively steep dipping boundaries. The intrusion trends north-east cutting across mafic rocks between the BIF units. The granite does not outcrop and is intensely kaolinised to clay plus quartz to a depth of approximately 60m below surface. The fresh granite is a medium grained, pale grey, biotite granodiorite with traces of pyrite. Mineralisation at the Bull Oak deposit is associated with north-west trending quartz reefs, which dip approximately 30 degrees to the north-east. <u>Havilah</u> - The Havilah Mine area is underlain by a NW striking dolerite unit termed the Havilah Dolerite, bounded to the northeast by

Criteria	JORC Code Explanation	Commentary
		pillowed and amygdaloidal basalt, and to the southwest by ultramafic rocks. Within the mineralised part of the Havilah Dolerite, drilling has intersected dolerites and basalts of similar mineralogy suggesting the Havilah Dolerite is a differentiated mafic unit. Mineralisation is confined to the Havilah Dolerite close to the dolerite/basalt contact and is associated with quartz veins and stockworks within a north-dipping, NW striking mineralised shoot with a plunge of approximately 20 degrees to the north-west. Quartz-carbonate veins up to 0.5m wide have been intersected in drill core with recognisable selvages to the mineralisation up to 10m in width. Sulphides occur both in the veins and the adjacent wall rocks and consist of dominant pyrite and arsenopyrite with minor pyrrhotite and trace chalcopyrite.
Drill hole Information	<i>A summary of all information material to the understanding of the exploration results including a tabulation of the following information for all Material drill holes:</i> <i>easting and northing of the drill hole collar</i> <i>elevation or RL (Reduced Level – elevation above sea level in metres) of the drill hole collar</i> <i>dip and azimuth of the hole</i> <i>down hole length and interception depth</i> <i>hole length.</i> <i>If the exclusion of this information is justified on the basis that the information is not Material and this exclusion does not detract from the</i>	- The relevant data for drillholes reported in this announcement is provided in the body of the announcement. - Data for historical collars referenced in this announcement is provided in tables within the announcement.

Criteria	JORC Code Explanation	Commentary
	<i>understanding of the report, the Competent Person should clearly explain why this is the case.</i>	
Data aggregation methods	<i>In reporting Exploration Results, weighting averaging techniques, maximum and/or minimum grade truncations (eg cutting of high grades) and cut-off grades are usually Material and should be stated.</i> <i>Where aggregate intercepts incorporate short lengths of high-grade results and longer lengths of low grade results, the procedure used for such aggregation should be stated and some typical examples of such aggregations should be shown in detail.</i> <i>The assumptions used for any reporting of metal equivalent values should be clearly stated.</i>	- Assay results reported here have been length weighted. - Significant intercepts are reported above 1.0g/t Au with a maximum consecutive interval of internal dilution (<1.0g/t Au) of 2m, unless otherwise stated. - No metal equivalent calculations were applied.
Relationship between mineralisation widths and intercept lengths	<i>These relationships are particularly important in the reporting of Exploration Results.</i> <i>If the geometry of the mineralisation with respect to the drill hole angle is known, its nature should be reported.</i> <i>If it is not known and only the down hole lengths are reported, there should be a clear statement to this effect (eg 'down hole length, true width not known').</i>	True widths are not confirmed at this time although all drilling is planned perpendicular to interpreted strike of the target lodes at the time of drilling.
Diagrams	<i>Appropriate maps and sections (with scales) and tabulations of intercepts should be included for any significant discovery being reported These should include, but not be limited to a plan view of drill hole collar locations and appropriate sectional views.</i>	Refer to figures in this report.
Balanced reporting	<i>Where comprehensive reporting of all Exploration Results is not practicable, representative reporting of both low and high grades and/or widths should be practiced to avoid misleading reporting of Exploration Results.</i>	Results from all drill holes in the program have been reported at a consistent cut-off grade (>1.0g/t), and their context discussed.

Criteria	JORC Code Explanation	Commentary
Other substantive exploration data	<i>Other exploration data, if meaningful and material, should be reported including (but not limited to): geological observations; geophysical survey results; geochemical survey results; bulk samples – size and method of treatment; metallurgical test results; bulk density, groundwater, geotechnical and rock characteristics; potential deleterious or contaminating substances.</i>	- No other exploration data is reported here. <u>Havilah Historical Underground Workings</u> - GME produced Plans and Sections in local grid format showing the historical underground workings for the Havilah Mine. - The surface locations of shafts and pits were surveyed by Homestake contract surveyors. Homestake obtained the mine development and stope outlines from Plans and Sections produced by the Havilah Gold Mining Company in April 1912. The historic information was sourced from the WA Mines Department and the Alexander Library in Perth. - Alto Metals Limited georeferenced the GME Plans and Sections and produced a 3D GIS model of the underground workings. The surface locations of the historic workings were checked using Alto's aerial drone imagery. The model was then checked against the lithological logs of available drill holes and amended to take into account additional stopes etc not shown on the GME Plans and Sections.
Further work	<i>The nature and scale of planned further work (eg tests for lateral extensions or depth extensions or large-scale step-out drilling).</i> <i>Diagrams clearly highlighting the areas of possible extensions, including the main geological interpretations and future drilling areas, provided this information is not commercially sensitive.</i>	Additional drilling is being planned and if successful, further mineral resource estimates will be estimated.

APPENDIX 2: Historical Hole Details: Bull Oak

Hole ID	Hole Type	Easting	Northing	RL	Azimuth	Dip	Hole Depth (m)		From (m)	To (m)	Drilled Interval (m)	Au (g/t)
SRC969	RC	729611	6897703	535	225	-80	254		87	252	165	0.50
								<i>Including</i>	164	165	1	8.00