

Corporate Governance Statement

EZZ Life Science Holdings Limited
ACN 608 363 604 (Company)

The Board of EZZ Life Science Holdings Limited (EZZ or Company) is committed to conducting the business of the Company in an ethical manner and in accordance with principles of best practice in corporate governance, and is responsible for ensuring the existence of an effective corporate governance environment to safeguard the interests of the Company, its shareholders and other stakeholders.

This statement sets out the Company's current compliance with the ASX Corporate Governance Council's Corporate Governance Principles and Recommendations: 4th edition (Principles or Recommendations), as at the date indicated. The Principles are not prescriptive regarding the conduct of ASX-listed companies but require a company to disclose the reasons why it is not complying fully with the Principles. To the extent that they are relevant and appropriate to EZZ's present circumstances, the Company has adopted the Principles. This statement details where the Recommendations have not been followed, and the reasons therefore.

All references to the **Website** are to the investor section of the company's website, which can be accessed at <https://ezzlife.com.au/investors/>

This statement relates to the financial year ended 30 June 2026 (Reporting Period) and was approved and adopted by the Company's Board on 31 August 2026.

ASX Corporate Governance Principle/Recommendation	Comply	Particulars of Compliance and If Not Why Not
Principle 1 – Lay solid foundations for management and oversight		
Recommendation 1.1: A listed entity should disclose a board charter setting out: (a) the respective roles and responsibilities of its board and management; and (b) those matters expressly reserved to the board and those delegated to management.	Yes	The Board's responsibilities are detailed in the Company's Board Charter. The Board Charter also sets out the responsibilities of the Chair and Chief Executive Officer (CEO) and regulates the relationship between the Board and management. The Board has established committees to oversee certain functions, including the Audit and Risk Committee and the Nomination, Remuneration and Human Resources Committee. A copy of the Board Charter is available on the Company's Website.
Recommendation 1.2: A listed entity should: (a) undertake appropriate checks before appointing a person, or putting forward to security holders a candidate for election, as a director; and (b) provide security holders with all material information in its possession relevant to a decision on whether or not to elect or re-elect a director.	Yes	The Board and the Nomination, Remuneration and Human Resources Committee undertake appropriate checks, including police clearance checks, bankruptcy searches, verification of qualifications, and experience of candidates, before appointing a director or putting forward to Shareholders a candidate for election as a director. These checks were undertaken in respect of each of the Directors appointed during the Reporting Period. All material information in relation to potential Directors will be provided to Shareholders as the need arises, including in the form of disclosures contained in an

ASX Corporate Governance Principle/Recommendation	Comply	Particulars of Compliance and If Not Why Not
		explanatory memorandum to a notice of meeting, seeking the approval of Shareholders for the election or re-election of Directors.
Recommendation 1.3: A listed entity should have a written agreement with each director and senior executive setting out the terms of their appointment.	Yes	Each of the following directors has consented to act as a director and has received a formal letter of appointment which sets out their duties and responsibilities, rights and remuneration entitlements: • Gary Liu (appointed 22 January 2026) • Qi Zhou (Mark) Qin • Christine Chen (appointed 16 January 2026) • Janice Hsu (appointed 16 January 2026) • Ivan Oshry • Hao (Lily) Huang Mr Glenn Walter Cross ceased to be a director on 28 November 2025 and was appointed Chief Strategy Officer. Each of the following senior executives is employed under a Service Agreement which sets out the terms on which the executive is employed, including details of the executive's duties and responsibilities, rights and remuneration entitlements: • Anthony Guarna
Recommendation 1.4: The company secretary of a listed entity should be accountable directly to the board, through the chair, on all matters to do with the proper functioning of the board.	Yes	The Company has engaged Jay Stephenson (Company Secretary) to act as company secretary and provide company secretarial services to the Company. The Board Charter provides that the Company Secretary is accountable directly to the Board, through the Chair, on all matters to do with the proper functioning of the Board.
Recommendation 1.5: A listed entity should: (a) have and disclose a diversity policy; (b) through its board or a committee of the board set measurable objectives for achieving gender diversity in the composition of its board, senior executives and workforce generally; and (c) disclose as at the end of each reporting period the measurable objectives for achieving gender diversity set by the board or a relevant committee of the board in accordance	Yes	The Company has a strong commitment to workplace diversity which is evidenced through its Diversity Policy. The Diversity Policy provides a framework for the Company to achieve a diverse and skilled workforce, leading to continuous improvement in service delivery and achievement of corporate goals. A copy of the Diversity Policy is available on the Company's Website. The Board currently has 3 female directors out of a total of 6 directors and has set the following objectives for achieving gender diversity: (a) the board level is at 50% which the Board considers adequate;

ASX Corporate Governance Principle/Recommendation	Comply	Particulars of Compliance and If Not Why Not
with the entity's diversity policy and its progress towards achieving them, and either: (i) the respective proportions of men and women on the board, in senior executive positions and across the whole organisation (including how the entity has defined 'senior executive' for these purposes); or (ii) if the entity is a 'relevant employer' under the Workplace Gender Equality Act, the entity's most recent 'Gender Equality Indicators', as defined in and published under that Act.		(b) at senior management level – 25% by 30.6.2027; and (c) the organisational level is already greater than 60% which the Board considers adequate, and will monitor initiatives to promote and support diversity on an ongoing basis. As at 30 June 2026 the Company has the following proportion of women appointed to the Board – 50%
Recommendation 1.6: A listed entity should: (a) have and disclose a process for periodically evaluating the performance of the board, its committees and individual directors; and (b) disclose, in relation to each reporting period, whether a performance evaluation was undertaken in the reporting period in accordance with that process.	yes	The Board Charter provides that the Board, with the assistance of the Nomination, Remuneration and Human Resources Committee, will review and evaluate the performance of the Board, each Board Committee and each individual Director, at least annually.
Recommendation 1.7: A listed entity should: (a) have and disclose a process for periodically evaluating the performance of its senior executives at least once every reporting period; and (b) disclose for each reporting period whether a performance evaluation has been undertaken in accordance with that process during or in respect of that period.	Yes	The Company has established a Nomination, Remuneration and Human Resources Committee to review and evaluate the performance of executives on an annual basis. A copy of the Nomination, Remuneration and Human Resources Committee Charter is available on the Company's Website.
Principle 2 – Structure the board to be effective and add value		
Recommendation 2.1: The Board of a listed entity should: (a) have a nomination committee which: (i) has at least three members, a majority of whom are independent directors; and (ii) is chaired by an independent director,	No – part of period	The Board has established a Nomination, Remuneration and Human Resources Committee (NRC) to oversee the process of appointment, performance and remuneration of senior executives and employees of the Company. The Board has established a Nomination, Remuneration and Human Resources Committee (NRC) to oversee the process of appointment, performance and remuneration of senior executives and employees of the Company.

ASX Corporate Governance Principle/Recommendation	Comply	Particulars of Compliance and If Not Why Not
and disclose: (iii) the charter of the committee; (iv) the members of the committee; and (v) as at the end of each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or (b) if it does not have a nomination committee, disclose that fact and the processes it employs to address board succession issues and to ensure that the board has the appropriate balance of skills, knowledge, experience, independence and diversity to enable it to discharge its duties and responsibilities effectively.		The NRC comprises Ivan Oshry and Hao (Lily) Huang, both of whom are independent Non-executive Directors, and is chaired by Hao (Lily) Huang. Following the cessation of Mr Glenn Cross as a Director on 28 November 2025, the NRC has comprised two members. The Company accordingly did not comply with Recommendation 2.1(a)(i), which requires a nomination committee to have at least three members, from that date for the remainder of the Reporting Period, and continues not to comply as at the date of this statement. Both members of the NRC are independent Non-executive Directors and the committee is chaired by an independent Director. Matters falling within the NRC's mandate are referred to the full Board where required. The Company intends to appoint an additional Director to the NRC in the near future. A copy of the Nomination, Remuneration and Human Resources Committee Charter is available on the Company's Website. The number of meetings of the NRC and the attendance of members at those meetings is disclosed in the Directors' Report of the Annual Report for the Reporting Period
Recommendation 2.2: A listed entity should have and disclose a board skills matrix setting out the mix of skills and diversity that the board currently has or is looking to achieve in its membership.	Yes	Directors are appointed based on the specific skills required to effectively govern the Company. The Board periodically assesses the competencies and experience of each Board member, and the experiences and skills required at the Board level to meet its operational objectives. The Board has developed a formal Board skills matrix. The Board is satisfied that the aggregate skills and experience of its members are appropriate to the effective and efficient governance of the Company at this stage.
Recommendation 2.3: A listed entity should disclose: (a) the names of the directors considered by the board to be independent directors; (b) if a director has an interest, position, association or relationship of the type described in the Principles but the board is of the opinion that it does not compromise the independence of the director, the nature of the interest, position, association or relationship in question and an explanation of why the board is of that opinion; and	Yes	The Company considers a Director to be independent if the Director is independent of management and free of any business or other relationship that could materially interfere, or be perceived as interfering, with the exercise of an unfettered and independent judgment in relation to matters concerning the Company. The Board considers that the following Directors are independent: (a) Gary Liu; (b) Ivan Oshry; (c) Hao (Lily) Huang; and

ASX Corporate Governance Principle/Recommendation	Comply	Particulars of Compliance and If Not Why Not
(c) the length of service of each director.		(d) Janice Hsu. Information relating to the Directors of the Company, including whether they are independent, their skills, experience, expertise and the period they have held office is presented in the Director's Report section of the Annual Report.
Recommendation 2.4: A majority of the board of a listed entity should be independent directors.	Yes	The Board comprises two Executive Directors and four Non-executive Directors. All of the Non-executive Directors are considered independent. In view of the size of the Company and the nature of its activities, the Board considers that the current mix of skills, qualifications and experience on the Board is consistent with the Company's current circumstances and its long-term interests.
Recommendation 2.5: The chair of the board of a listed entity should be an independent director and, in particular, should not be the same person as the CEO of the entity.	No – part of period	The Company's Chair is Mr Gary Liu, who was appointed Non-executive Chair on 22 January 2026. The Chair is not the Managing Director or Chief Executive Officer (CEO) and is considered by the Board to be independent. Following the cessation of Mr Glenn Cross as a Director on 28 November 2025, the CEO, Mr Qi Zhou (Mark) Qin, acted as Interim Chair until 22 January 2026. During that period the roles of Chair and CEO were held by the same person and the Chair was not an independent Director, and accordingly the Company did not comply with Recommendation 2.5 for that part of the Reporting Period. The Board considered the interim arrangement appropriate to maintain continuity of Board leadership while a suitable independent Chair was identified, and the appointment of Mr Liu restored a clear separation between Board leadership and executive management.
Recommendation 2.6: A listed entity should have a program for inducting new directors and provide appropriate professional development opportunities for directors to develop and maintain the skills and knowledge needed to perform their role as directors effectively.	Yes	The Nomination, Remuneration and Human Resources Committee Charter and Board Charter demonstrate the Company's compliance with this Recommendation. The Nomination, Remuneration and Human Resources Committee is responsible for the induction program for new directors and the development of a professional development program for Directors. Each Director appointed during the Reporting Period received an induction on appointment.

ASX Corporate Governance Principle/Recommendation	Comply	Particulars of Compliance and If Not Why Not
Principle 3 – Instil a culture of acting lawfully, ethically and responsibly		
Recommendation 3.1: A listed entity should articulate and disclose its values.	Yes	The Board has approved and adopted a statement of values and tasked the CEO with the responsibility of instilling those values across the organisation, including providing appropriate training on the values to employees. The Company's values are disclosed in the code of conduct which can be found on the Website.
Recommendation 3.2: A listed entity should: (a) have and disclose a code of conduct for its directors, senior executives and employees; and (b) ensure that the board or a committee of the board is informed of any material breaches of that code.	Yes	The Board has established and adopted a Code of Conduct. The Code of Conduct is reviewed regularly by the Board. The Code of Conduct sets out the Company's commitment to a high level of integrity and ethical standards in all business practices. The Company takes appropriate steps to ensure that the Board is informed of any material breaches of the Code of Conduct. A copy of the Code of Conduct is available on the Company's Website.
Recommendation 3.3: A listed entity should: (a) have and disclose a whistleblower policy; and (b) ensure that the board or a committee of the board is informed of any material incidents reported under that policy.	Yes	The Board has established and adopted a Whistleblower Policy. The Whistleblower Policy is reviewed regularly by the Board. The Company takes appropriate steps to ensure that the Board is informed of any material incidents reported under the Whistleblower Policy. A copy of the Company's Whistleblower Policy is available on the Company's Website.
Recommendation 3.4: A listed entity should: (a) have and disclose an anti-bribery and corruption policy; and (b) ensure that the board or a committee of the board is informed of any material breaches of that policy.	Yes	The Board has established and adopted an Anti-Bribery and Corruption Policy. The Anti-Bribery and Corruption Policy is reviewed regularly by the Board. The Company takes appropriate steps to ensure that the Board is informed of any material breaches of the Anti-Bribery and Corruption Policy. A copy of the Company's Anti-Bribery and Corruption Policy is available on the Company's Website.
Principle 4 – Safeguard the integrity of corporate reports		
Recommendation 4.1: The board of a listed entity should: (a) have an audit committee that:	No – part of period	The Board has established an Audit and Risk Committee (ARC). The ARC comprises Ivan Oshry and Hao (Lily) Huang, both of whom are independent Non-executive Directors. Information regarding their qualifications and experience is presented in the Directors' Report section of the Annual Report.

ASX Corporate Governance Principle/Recommendation	Comply	Particulars of Compliance and If Not Why Not
(i) has at least three members, all of whom are non-executive directors and a majority of whom are independent directors; and (ii) is chaired by an independent director, who is not the chair of the board, and disclose: (iii) the charter of the committee; (iv) the relevant qualifications and experience of the members of the committee; and (v) in relation to each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or (b) if it does not have an audit committee, disclose that fact and the processes it employs that independently verify and safeguard the integrity of its corporate reporting, including the processes for the appointment and removal of the external auditor and the rotation of the audit engagement partner.		The ARC is chaired by Ivan Oshry, who is an independent Non-executive Director and is not the chair of the Board. Following the cessation of Mr Glenn Cross as a Director on 28 November 2025, the ARC has comprised two members. The Company accordingly did not comply with Recommendation 4.1(a)(i), which requires an audit committee to have at least three members, from that date for the remainder of the Reporting Period, and continues not to comply as at the date of this statement. All members of the ARC are non-executive and independent, and the ARC is chaired by an independent Director who is not the chair of the Board. Matters falling within the ARC's mandate are referred to the full Board where required. The Company intends to appoint an additional Director to the ARC in the near future. The Audit and Risk Committee's functions and powers are formalised in a charter, a copy of which is available on the Company's Website. The number of meetings of the ARC and the attendance of members at those meetings is disclosed in the Directors' Report of the Annual Report for the Reporting Period.
Recommendation 4.2: The board of a listed entity should, before it approves the entity's financial statements for a financial period, receive from its CEO and CFO a declaration that, in their opinion, the financial records of the entity have been properly maintained and that the financial statements comply with the appropriate accounting standards and give a true and fair view of the financial position and performance of the entity and that the opinion has been formed on the basis of a sound system of risk management and internal control which is operating effectively.	Yes	The CEO and CFO are required to provide a declaration to the Board in accordance with section 295A of the Corporations Act for each financial report and assure the Board that such declaration is founded on a sound system of risk management and internal control.
Recommendation 4.3: A listed entity should disclose its process to verify the integrity of any periodic corporate report it releases to the market that is not audited or reviewed by an external auditor.	Yes	The Company's Board reviews and approves any periodic corporate reports not audited or reviewed by an external auditor and acts on the advice of the Chair of the ARC in conducting its review.

ASX Corporate Governance Principle/Recommendation	Comply	Particulars of Compliance and If Not Why Not
Principle 5 – Make timely and balanced disclosure		
Recommendation 5.1: A listed entity should have and disclose a written policy for complying with its continuous disclosure obligations under listing rule 3.1.	Yes	The Company has adopted a Continuous Disclosure and Shareholder Communications Policy. This policy sets out, amongst other matters, the manner in which the Board will ensure compliance with the disclosure requirements of the ASX Listing Rules. A copy of the Continuous Disclosure and Shareholder Communications Policy is available on the Company's Website.
Recommendation 5.2: A listed entity should ensure that its board receives copies of all material market announcements promptly after they have been made.	Yes	Material market announcements are approved by the Board at regular board meetings scheduled to coincide with ASX filing timetable requirements. Other material market announcements are circulated to the Board via e-mail.
Recommendation 5.3: A listed entity that gives a new and substantive investor or analyst presentation should release a copy of the presentation materials on the ASX Market Announcements Platform ahead of the presentation.	Yes	Results presentations and transcripts of the Chair's address at annual general meetings are released on the ASX Market Announcements Platform before the start of the meetings. Other presentations to new or substantive shareholders or investor analysts are released on the ASX Market Announcements Platform prior to the relevant presentation.
Principle 6 – Respect the rights of security holders		
Recommendation 6.1: A listed entity should provide information about itself and its governance to investors via its website.	Yes	A page on the Company's Website is dedicated to corporate governance. The Company's website also includes in the corporate governance section links to: (a) the names, photographs and brief biographical information of each of its directors and senior executives; (b) its Constitution, Board Charter, Audit and Risk Committee Charter and Nomination, Remuneration and Human Resources Committee Charter; and (c) copies of the Code of Conduct, Diversity Policy, Securities Trading Policy and Continuous Disclosure and Shareholder Communications Policy. The Company's website also includes in the Investor Information Section links to: (a) copies of its annual reports and financial statements; (b) copies of its announcements to the ASX; and (c) copies of notices of meetings of Shareholders and any accompanying documents when these documents are available.

ASX Corporate Governance Principle/Recommendation	Comply	Particulars of Compliance and If Not Why Not
Recommendation 6.2: A listed entity should design and implement an investor relations program to facilitate effective two-way communication with investors.	Yes	The Company has adopted the Continuous Disclosure and Shareholder Communications Policy which sets out, amongst other things, the manner in which the Company will promote effective communication with Shareholders and encourage their participation at general meetings and respond to Shareholder enquiries. A copy of the Continuous Disclosure and Shareholder Communications Policy is available on the Company's Website.
Recommendation 6.3: A listed entity should disclose how it facilitates and encourages participation at meetings of security holders.	Yes	The Company has adopted a Continuous Disclosure and Shareholder Communications Policy which sets out, amongst other things, the manner in which the Company will promote effective communication with shareholders and encourage their participation at general meetings. The Company also encourages shareholders to attend the Company's annual general meeting and to ask questions of the Board and the auditor and/or to submit questions in writing in advance. At each annual general meeting, the Board ensures that: • a representative of the Company's auditors is in attendance to respond directly to questions on audit-related matters; • information about current developments is provided at the meeting, to make it easy for shareholders to participate and ask questions; and • the chairman of the Board presents an Address to the Annual General Meeting relating to current developments. A copy of the Continuous Disclosure and Shareholder Communications Policy is available on the Company's Website.
Recommendation 6.4: A listed entity should ensure that all substantive resolutions at a meeting of security holders are decided by a poll rather than by a show of hands.	Yes	All substantive resolutions at a meeting of shareholders are conducted by poll.
Recommendation 6.5: A listed entity should give security holders the option to receive communications from, and send communications to, the entity and its security registry electronically.	Yes	The Company gives its Shareholders the opportunity to give and receive communications to and from both the Company and security registry electronically. Electronic communications to the Company may be sent via email to: info@ezzlife.com.au. The Company's Share Register is managed and maintained by Boardroom Limited. Shareholders can access their shareholding details or make enquiries about their current shareholding electronically by quoting their Shareholder Reference Number or Holder Identification Number, via https://boardroomlimited.com.au/.

ASX Corporate Governance Principle/Recommendation	Comply	Particulars of Compliance and If Not Why Not
Principle 7 – Recognise and manage risk		
Recommendation 7.1: The board of a listed entity should: (a) have a committee or committees to oversee risk, each of which: (i) has at least three members, a majority of whom are independent directors; and (ii) is chaired by an independent director, and disclose: (iii) the charter of the committee; (iv) the members of the committee; and (v) as at the end of each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or (b) if it does not have a risk committee or committees that satisfy paragraph (a) above, disclose that fact and the processes it employs for overseeing the entity's risk management framework.	No – part of period	The Board has established an Audit and Risk Committee (ARC), which is the committee responsible for overseeing risk. The ARC comprises Ivan Oshry and Hao (Lily) Huang, both of whom are independent Non-executive Directors, and is chaired by Ivan Oshry, an independent Non-executive Director. As noted in relation to Recommendation 4.1, the ARC has comprised two members since the cessation of Mr Glenn Cross as a Director on 28 November 2025. The Company accordingly did not comply with Recommendation 7.1(a)(i) from that date for the remainder of the Reporting Period, and continues not to comply as at the date of this statement. Risk oversight matters are referred to the full Board where required, and the Company intends to appoint an additional Director to the ARC in the near future. The Audit and Risk Committee's functions and powers are formalised in a charter, a copy of which is available on the Company's Website. The number of meetings of the ARC and the attendance of members at those meetings is disclosed in the Directors' Report of the Annual Report for the Reporting Period.
Recommendation 7.2: The board or a committee of the board should: (a) review the entity's risk management framework at least annually to satisfy itself that it continues to be sound, and that the entity is operating with due regard to the risk appetite set by the board; and (b) disclose, in relation to each reporting period, whether such a review has taken place.	Yes	The Audit and Risk Committee is responsible for the review of the Company's risk management program, and for satisfying itself that it continues to be sound and that the Company is operating with due regard to the risk appetite set by the Board. The Company maintains a risk register which is reviewed by the Board at each Board meeting. Through this process the Board reviewed the Company's risk management framework during the 2026 financial year and satisfied itself that it continues to be sound and that the Company is operating with due regard to the risk appetite set by the Board.
Recommendation 7.3: A listed entity should disclose: (a) if it has an internal audit function, how the function is structured and what role it performs; or	Yes	The Company does not at this time have an internal audit function. The ARC has responsibility for overseeing the effectiveness of EZZ's systems of risk management and internal control and EZZ's systems and procedures for compliance with applicable legal regulatory requirements.

ASX Corporate Governance Principle/Recommendation	Comply	Particulars of Compliance and If Not Why Not
(b) if it does not have an internal audit function, that fact and the processes it employs for evaluating and continually improving the effectiveness of its risk management and internal control processes.		The ARC Charter also requires the Committee to meet with Management and the Company's external auditors to discuss issues and concerns warranting the Committee's attention, including their reviews of the effectiveness of internal controls.
Recommendation 7.4: A listed entity should disclose whether it has any material exposure to economic, environmental or social risks and, if it does, how it manages or intends to manage those risks.	Yes	The Company's goal is to create the foundations for a long-term, sustainable business that is respected, supported and welcomed wherever it operates. Health, safety, the environment and community are important to EZZ. This commentary details the Company's exposure to material economic, environmental and social sustainability risks and how it manages these risks. Economic sustainability risks Economic sustainability is the ability of an entity to continue operating at an effective economic level over the long term. A range of factors can influence the level of the Company's economic sustainability, including the following: • Financing risks • Credit and fraud risk • Regulatory and legal risks • Financial and reporting risks • Operational risks. Environmental sustainability risks Environmental sustainability is the ability of an entity to continue operating in a manner that does not compromise the health of the ecosystems in which it operates over the long term. Social sustainability risks Social sustainability is the ability of an entity to continue operating in a manner that meets accepted social norms and needs over the long term. The Company has considered the Company's exposure to economic, environmental and social sustainability risks and, whilst it has not identified any material risks, it will continue to monitor and review these risk categories.

ASX Corporate Governance Principle/Recommendation	Comply	Particulars of Compliance and If Not Why Not
Principle 8 – Remunerate fairly and responsibly		
Recommendation 8.1: The board of a listed entity should: (a) have a remuneration committee which: (i) has at least three members, a majority of whom are independent directors; and (ii) is chaired by an independent director, and disclose: (iii) the charter of the committee; (iv) the members of the committee; and (v) as at the end of each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or (b) if it does not have a remuneration committee, disclose that fact and the processes it employs for setting the level and composition of remuneration for directors and senior executives and ensuring that such remuneration is appropriate and not excessive.	No – part of period	The Board has established a Nomination, Remuneration and Human Resources Committee (NRC) to oversee the process of appointment, performance and remuneration of senior executives and employees of the Company. The NRC comprises Ivan Oshry and Hao (Lily) Huang, both of whom are independent Non-executive Directors, and is chaired by Hao (Lily) Huang. As noted in relation to Recommendation 2.1, the NRC has comprised two members since the cessation of Mr Glenn Cross as a Director on 28 November 2025. The Company accordingly did not comply with Recommendation 8.1(a)(i) from that date for the remainder of the Reporting Period, and continues not to comply as at the date of this statement. The level and composition of remuneration for Directors and senior executives is determined by the full Board on the recommendation of the NRC, and the Company intends to appoint an additional Director to the NRC in the near future. A copy of the Nomination, Remuneration and Human Resources Committee Charter is available on the Company's Website. The number of meetings of the NRC and the attendance of members at those meetings is disclosed in the Directors' Report of the Annual Report for the Reporting Period.
Recommendation 8.2: A listed entity should separately disclose its policies and practices regarding the remuneration of non-executive directors and the remuneration of executive directors and other senior executives.	Yes	The Company has disclosed its policies and practices regarding the remuneration of Directors and senior executives in its annual Remuneration Report presented in the Annual Report. The Company has distinguished the structure of Non-executive Directors' remuneration from that of Executive Directors and senior executives in compliance with Recommendation 8.2.
Recommendation 8.3: A listed entity that has an equity-based remuneration scheme should: (a) have a policy on whether participants are permitted to enter into transactions (whether through the use of derivatives or otherwise) which limit the economic risk of participating in the scheme; and (b) disclose that policy or a summary of it.	Yes	The Company has adopted a Securities Trading Policy which prohibits relevant employees from entering into transactions that operate to limit the economic risk of holdings of unvested securities of the Company or vested securities of the Company which are subject to holding locks. A copy of the Company's Securities Trading Policy is available on the Website.

ASX Corporate Governance Principle/Recommendation	Comply	Particulars of Compliance and If Not Why Not
Additional recommendations that apply only in certain cases		
Recommendation 9.1: A listed entity with a director who does not speak the language in which board or security holder meetings are held or key corporate documents are written should disclose the processes it has in place to ensure the director understands and can contribute to the discussions at those meetings and understands and can discharge their obligations in relation to those documents.	Yes	At each Board meeting at least three of the attendees present are fluent in Mandarin and translate the discussions to Mr Qin [and Ms Chen] to ensure that [he/they] can understand and contribute to the discussions at meetings and discharge [his/their] obligations adequately.

Appendix 4G

Key to Disclosures

Corporate Governance Council Principles and Recommendations

Name of entity

EZZ LIFE SCIENCE HOLDINGS LIMITED

ABN/ARBN

88 608 363 604

Financial year ended:

30 June 2026

Our corporate governance statement¹ for the period above can be found at:²

☐	These pages of our annual report:	
☒	This URL on our website:	https://ezzlife.com.au/investors/

The Corporate Governance Statement is accurate and up to date as at 31 August 2026 and has been approved by the board.

The annexure includes a key to where our corporate governance disclosures can be located.³

Date:	31 August 2026
Name of authorised officer authorising lodgement:	Jay Stephenson, Company Secretary

¹"Corporate governance statement" is defined in Listing Rule 19.12 to mean the statement referred to in Listing Rule 4.10.3 which discloses the extent to which an entity has followed the recommendations set by the ASX Corporate Governance Council during a particular reporting period.

Listing Rule 4.10.3 requires an entity that is included in the official list as an ASX Listing to include in its annual report either a corporate governance statement that meets the requirements of that rule or the URL of the page on its website where such a statement is located. The corporate governance statement must disclose the extent to which the entity has followed the recommendations set by the ASX Corporate Governance Council during the reporting period. If the entity has not followed a recommendation for any part of the reporting period, its corporate governance statement must separately identify that recommendation and the period during which it was not followed and state its reasons for not following the recommendation and what (if any) alternative governance practices it adopted in lieu of the recommendation during that period.

Under Listing Rule 4.7.4, if an entity chooses to include its corporate governance statement on its website rather than in its annual report, it must lodge a copy of the corporate governance statement with ASX at the same time as it lodges its annual report with ASX. The corporate governance statement must be current as at the effective date specified in that statement for the purposes of Listing Rule 4.10.3.

Under Listing Rule 4.7.3, an entity must also lodge with ASX a completed Appendix 4G at the same time as it lodges its annual report with ASX. The Appendix 4G serves a dual purpose. It acts as a key designed to assist readers to locate the governance disclosures made by a listed entity under Listing Rule 4.10.3 and under the ASX Corporate Governance Council's recommendations. It also acts as a verification tool for listed entities to confirm that they have met the disclosure requirements of Listing Rule 4.10.3.

The Appendix 4G is not a substitute for, and is not to be confused with, the entity's corporate governance statement. They serve different purposes and an entity must produce each of them separately.

²Tick whichever option is correct and then complete the page number(s) of the annual report, or the URL of the web page, where your corporate governance statement can be found. You can, if you wish, delete the option which is not applicable.

³Throughout this form, where you are given two or more options to select, you can, if you wish, delete any option which is not applicable and just retain the option that is applicable. If you select an option that includes "OR" at the end of the selection and you delete the other options, you can also, if you wish, delete the "OR" at the end of the selection.

See notes 4 and 5 below for further instructions on how to complete this form.

ANNEXURE – KEY TO CORPORATE GOVERNANCE DISCLOSURES

Corporate Governance Council recommendation		Where a box below is ticked, ⁴ we have followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed this in our Corporate Governance Statement:	Where a box below is ticked, we have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. Our reasons for not doing so are: ⁵
PRINCIPLE 1 – LAY SOLID FOUNDATIONS FOR MANAGEMENT AND OVERSIGHT			
1.1	A listed entity should have and disclose a board charter setting out: (a) the respective roles and responsibilities of its board and management; and (b) those matters expressly reserved to the board and those delegated to management.	☒ and we have disclosed a copy of our board charter at: https://ezzlifecom.au/investors/	☐ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement OR ☐ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable
1.2	A listed entity should: (a) undertake appropriate checks before appointing a director or senior executive or putting someone forward for election as a director; and (b) provide security holders with all material information in its possession relevant to a decision on whether or not to elect or re-elect a director.	☒	☐ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement OR ☐ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable
1.3	A listed entity should have a written agreement with each director and senior executive setting out the terms of their appointment.	☒	☐ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement OR ☐ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable
1.4	The company secretary of a listed entity should be accountable directly to the board, through the chair, on all matters to do with the proper functioning of the board.	☒	☐ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement OR ☐ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable
1.5	A listed entity should: (a) have and disclose a diversity policy; (b) through its board or a committee of the board set measurable objectives for achieving gender diversity in the composition of its board, senior executives and workforce generally; and (c) disclose in relation to each reporting period: (1) the measurable objectives set for that period to achieve gender diversity;	☒ and we have disclosed a copy of our diversity policy at: https://ezzlifecom.au/investors/ and we have disclosed the information referred to in paragraph (c) at: our corporate governance statement and if we were included in the S&P / ASX 300 Index at the commencement of the reporting period our measurable objective for achieving gender diversity in the composition of its board of not less than 30% of its directors of each gender within a specified period.	☐ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement OR ☐ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable

⁴Tick the box in this column only if you have followed the relevant recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. Where the recommendation has a disclosure obligation attached, you must insert the location where that disclosure has been made, where indicated by the line with "insert location" underneath. If the disclosure in question has been made in your corporate governance statement, you need only insert "our corporate governance statement". If the disclosure has been made in your annual report, you should insert the page number(s) of your annual report (eg "pages 10-12 of our annual report"). If the disclosure has been made on your website, you should insert the URL of the web page where the disclosure has been made or can be accessed (eg "www.entityname.com.au/corporate governance/charters/").

⁵If you have followed all of the Council's recommendations in full for the whole of the period above, you can, if you wish, delete this column from the form and re-format it.

Key to Disclosures Corporate Governance Council Principles and Recommendations

Corporate Governance Council recommendation		Where a box below is ticked, ⁴ we have followed the recommendation <u>in full</u> for the <u>whole</u> of the period above. We have disclosed this in our Corporate Governance Statement:	Where a box below is ticked, we have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. Our reasons for not doing so are: ⁵
	(2) the entity's progress towards achieving those objectives; and (3) either: (A) the respective proportions of men and women on the board, in senior executive positions and across the whole workforce (including how the entity has defined "senior executive" for these purposes); or (B) if the entity is a "relevant employer" under the Workplace Gender Equality Act, the entity's most recent "Gender Equality Indicators", as defined in and published under that Act. If the entity was in the S&P / ASX 300 Index at the commencement of the reporting period, the measurable objective for achieving gender diversity in the composition of its board should be to have not less than 30% of its directors of each gender within a specified period.		
1.6	A listed entity should: (a) have and disclose a process for periodically evaluating the performance of the board, its committees and individual directors; and (b) disclose for each reporting period whether a performance evaluation has been undertaken in accordance with that process during or in respect of that period.	☒ and we have disclosed the evaluation process referred to in paragraph (a) at: our corporate governance statement and whether a performance evaluation was undertaken for the reporting period in accordance with that process at: our corporate governance statement	☐ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement OR ☐ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable
1.7	A listed entity should: (a) have and disclose a process for evaluating the performance of its senior executives at least once every reporting period; and (b) disclose for each reporting period whether a performance evaluation has been undertaken in accordance with that process during or in respect of that period.	☒ and we have disclosed the evaluation process referred to in paragraph (a) at: our corporate governance statement and whether a performance evaluation was undertaken for the reporting period in accordance with that process at: our corporate governance statement	☐ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement OR ☐ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable
PRINCIPLE 2 – STRUCTURE THE BOARD TO BE EFFECTIVE AND ADD VALUE			
2.1	The board of a listed entity should: (a) have a nomination committee which: (1) has at least three members, a majority of whom are independent directors; and (2) is chaired by an independent director,	☐ and we have disclosed a copy of the charter of the committee at: https://ezzlifecom.au/investors/ and the information referred to in paragraphs (4) and (5) at: our corporate governance statement	☒ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement OR ☐ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable

Key to Disclosures Corporate Governance Council Principles and Recommendations

Corporate Governance Council recommendation		Where a box below is ticked, ⁴ we have followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed this in our Corporate Governance Statement:	Where a box below is ticked, we have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. Our reasons for not doing so are: ⁵
	and disclose: (3) the charter of the committee; (4) the members of the committee; and (5) as at the end of each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or (b) if it does not have a nomination committee, disclose that fact and the processes it employs to address board succession issues and to ensure that the board has the appropriate balance of skills, knowledge, experience, independence and diversity to enable it to discharge its duties and responsibilities effectively.	<i>[If the entity complies with paragraph (b):]</i> and we have disclosed the fact that we do not have a nomination committee and the processes we employ to address board succession issues and to ensure that the board has the appropriate balance of skills, knowledge, experience, independence and diversity to enable it to discharge its duties and responsibilities effectively at: <i>[insert location]</i>	
2.2	A listed entity should have and disclose a board skills matrix setting out the mix of skills that the board currently has or is looking to achieve in its membership.	☒ and we have disclosed our board skills matrix at: our corporate governance statement	☐ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement OR ☐ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable
2.3	A listed entity should disclose: (a) the names of the directors considered by the board to be independent directors; (b) if a director has an interest, position, affiliation or relationship of the type described in Box 2.3 but the board is of the opinion that it does not compromise the independence of the director, the nature of the interest, position or relationship in question and an explanation of why the board is of that opinion; and (c) the length of service of each director.	☒ and we have disclosed the names of the directors considered by the board to be independent directors at: our corporate governance statement and, where applicable, the information referred to in paragraph (b) at: our corporate governance statement and the length of service of each director at: our corporate governance statement	☐ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement
2.4	A majority of the board of a listed entity should be independent directors.	☒	☐ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement OR ☐ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable
2.5	The chair of the board of a listed entity should be an independent director and, in particular, should not be the same person as the CEO of the entity.	☐	☒ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement OR ☐ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable
2.6	A listed entity should have a program for inducting new directors and for periodically reviewing whether there is a need for existing directors to undertake professional development to maintain the skills and knowledge needed to perform their role as directors effectively.	☒	☐ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement OR ☐ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable

Key to Disclosures Corporate Governance Council Principles and Recommendations

Corporate Governance Council recommendation		Where a box below is ticked, ⁴ we have followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed this in our Corporate Governance Statement:	Where a box below is ticked, we have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. Our reasons for not doing so are: ⁵
PRINCIPLE 3 – INSTIL A CULTURE OF ACTING LAWFULLY, ETHICALLY AND RESPONSIBLY			
3.1	A listed entity should articulate and disclose its values.	☒ and we have disclosed our values at: https://ezzlifecom.au/investors/	☐ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement
3.2	A listed entity should: (a) have and disclose a code of conduct for its directors, senior executives and employees; and (b) ensure that the board or a committee of the board is informed of any material breaches of that code.	☒ and we have disclosed our code of conduct at: https://ezzlifecom.au/investors/	☐ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement
3.3	A listed entity should: (a) have and disclose a whistleblower policy; and (b) ensure that the board or a committee of the board is informed of any material incidents reported under that policy.	☒ and we have disclosed our whistleblower policy at: https://ezzlifecom.au/investors/	☐ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement
3.4	A listed entity should: (a) have and disclose an anti-bribery and corruption policy; and (b) ensure that the board or committee of the board is informed of any material breaches of that policy.	☒ and we have disclosed our anti-bribery and corruption policy at: https://ezzlifecom.au/investors/	☐ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement
PRINCIPLE 4 – SAFEGUARD THE INTEGRITY OF CORPORATE REPORTS			
4.1	The board of a listed entity should: (a) have an audit committee which: (1) has at least three members, all of whom are non-executive directors and a majority of whom are independent directors; and (2) is chaired by an independent director, who is not the chair of the board, and disclose: (3) the charter of the committee; (4) the relevant qualifications and experience of the members of the committee; and (5) in relation to each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or (b) if it does not have an audit committee, disclose that fact and the processes it employs that independently	☐ <i>[If the entity complies with paragraph (a):]</i> and we have disclosed a copy of the charter of the committee at: https://ezzlifecom.au/investors/ and the information referred to in paragraphs (4) and (5) at: our corporate governance statement <i>[If the entity complies with paragraph (b):]</i> and we have disclosed the fact that we do not have an audit committee and the processes we employ that independently verify and safeguard the integrity of our corporate reporting, including the processes for the appointment and removal of the external auditor and the rotation of the audit engagement partner at: <i>[insert location]</i>	☒ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement

Key to Disclosures Corporate Governance Council Principles and Recommendations

Corporate Governance Council recommendation		Where a box below is ticked, ⁴ we have followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed this in our Corporate Governance Statement:	Where a box below is ticked, we have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. Our reasons for not doing so are: ⁵
	verify and safeguard the integrity of its corporate reporting, including the processes for the appointment and removal of the external auditor and the rotation of the audit engagement partner.		
4.2	The board of a listed entity should, before it approves the entity's financial statements for a financial period, receive from its CEO and CFO a declaration that, in their opinion, the financial records of the entity have been properly maintained and that the financial statements comply with the appropriate accounting standards and give a true and fair view of the financial position and performance of the entity and that the opinion has been formed on the basis of a sound system of risk management and internal control which is operating effectively.	☒	☐ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement
4.3	A listed entity should disclose its process to verify the integrity of any periodic corporate report it releases to the market that is not audited or reviewed by an external auditor.	☒	☐ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement
PRINCIPLE 5 – MAKE TIMELY AND BALANCED DISCLOSURE			
5.1	A listed entity should have and disclose a written policy for complying with its continuous disclosure obligations under listing rule 3.1.	☒ and we have disclosed our continuous disclosure compliance policy at: https://ezzlifecorp.com.au/investors/	☐ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement
5.2	A listed entity should ensure that its board receives copies of all material market announcements promptly after they have been made.	☒	☐ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement
5.3	A listed entity that gives a new and substantive investor or analyst presentation should release a copy of the presentation materials on the ASX Market Announcements Platform ahead of the presentation.	☒	☐ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement
PRINCIPLE 6 – RESPECT THE RIGHTS OF SECURITY HOLDERS			
6.1	A listed entity should provide information about itself and its governance to investors via its website.	☒ and we have disclosed information about us and our governance on our website at: https://ezzlifecorp.com.au/investors/	☐ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement
6.2	A listed entity should have an investor relations program that facilitates effective two-way communication with investors.	☒	☐ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement

Key to Disclosures Corporate Governance Council Principles and Recommendations

Corporate Governance Council recommendation		Where a box below is ticked, ⁴ we have followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed this in our Corporate Governance Statement:	Where a box below is ticked, we have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. Our reasons for not doing so are: ⁵
6.3	A listed entity should disclose how it facilitates and encourages participation at meetings of security holders.	☒ and we have disclosed how we facilitate and encourage participation at meetings of security holders at: our corporate governance statement	☐ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement
6.4	A listed entity should ensure that all substantive resolutions at a meeting of security holders are decided by a poll rather than by a show of hands.	☒	☐ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement
6.5	A listed entity should give security holders the option to receive communications from, and send communications to, the entity and its security registry electronically.	☒	☐ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement
PRINCIPLE 7 – RECOGNISE AND MANAGE RISK			
7.1	The board of a listed entity should: (a) have a committee or committees to oversee risk, each of which: (1) has at least three members, a majority of whom are independent directors; and (2) is chaired by an independent director, and disclose: (3) the charter of the committee; (4) the members of the committee; and (5) as at the end of each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or (b) if it does not have a risk committee or committees that satisfy (a) above, disclose that fact and the processes it employs for overseeing the entity's risk management framework.	☐ <i>[If the entity complies with paragraph (a):]</i> and we have disclosed a copy of the charter of the committee at: https://ezzlifecom.au/investors/ and the information referred to in paragraphs (4) and (5) at: our corporate governance statement <i>[If the entity complies with paragraph (b):]</i> and we have disclosed the fact that we do not have a risk committee or committees that satisfy (a) and the processes we employ for overseeing our risk management framework at: <i>[insert location]</i>	☒ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement
7.2	The board or a committee of the board should: (a) review the entity's risk management framework at least annually to satisfy itself that it continues to be sound and that the entity is operating with due regard to the risk appetite set by the board; and (b) disclose, in relation to each reporting period, whether such a review has taken place.	☒ and we have disclosed whether a review of the entity's risk management framework was undertaken during the reporting period at: our corporate governance statement	☐ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement
7.3	A listed entity should disclose: (a) if it has an internal audit function, how the function is structured and what role it performs; or	☒ <i>[If the entity complies with paragraph (a):]</i>	☐ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement

Key to Disclosures Corporate Governance Council Principles and Recommendations

Corporate Governance Council recommendation		Where a box below is ticked, ⁴ we have followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed this in our Corporate Governance Statement:	Where a box below is ticked, we have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. Our reasons for not doing so are: ⁵
	(b) if it does not have an internal audit function, that fact and the processes it employs for evaluating and continually improving the effectiveness of its governance, risk management and internal control processes.	and we have disclosed how our internal audit function is structured and what role it performs at: <i>[insert location]</i> <i>[If the entity complies with paragraph (b):]</i> and we have disclosed the fact that we do not have an internal audit function and the processes we employ for evaluating and continually improving the effectiveness of our risk management and internal control processes at: our corporate governance statement	
7.4	A listed entity should disclose whether it has any material exposure to environmental or social risks and, if it does, how it manages or intends to manage those risks.	☒ and we have disclosed whether we have any material exposure to environmental and social risks at: our corporate governance statement and, if we do, how we manage or intend to manage those risks at: <i>[insert location]</i>	☐ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement
PRINCIPLE 8 – REMUNERATE FAIRLY AND RESPONSIBLY			
8.1	The board of a listed entity should: (a) have a remuneration committee which: (1) has at least three members, a majority of whom are independent directors; and (2) is chaired by an independent director, and disclose: (3) the charter of the committee; (4) the members of the committee; and (5) as at the end of each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or (b) if it does not have a remuneration committee, disclose that fact and the processes it employs for setting the level and composition of remuneration for directors and senior executives and ensuring that such remuneration is appropriate and not excessive.	☐ <i>[If the entity complies with paragraph (a):]</i> and we have disclosed a copy of the charter of the committee at: https://ezzlifecom.au/investors/ and the information referred to in paragraphs (4) and (5) at: our corporate governance statement <i>[If the entity complies with paragraph (b):]</i> and we have disclosed the fact that we do not have a remuneration committee and the processes we employ for setting the level and composition of remuneration for directors and senior executives and ensuring that such remuneration is appropriate and not excessive: <i>[insert location]</i>	☒ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement OR ☐ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable
8.2	A listed entity should separately disclose its policies and practices regarding the remuneration of non-executive	☒	☐ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement OR

Key to Disclosures Corporate Governance Council Principles and Recommendations

Corporate Governance Council recommendation		Where a box below is ticked, ⁴ we have followed the recommendation <u>in full</u> for the <u>whole</u> of the period above. We have disclosed this in our Corporate Governance Statement:	Where a box below is ticked, we have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. Our reasons for not doing so are: ⁵
	directors and the remuneration of executive directors and other senior executives.	and we have disclosed separately our remuneration policies and practices regarding the remuneration of non-executive directors and the remuneration of executive directors and other senior executives at: our 2026 Annual Report	☐ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable
8.3	A listed entity which has an equity-based remuneration scheme should: (a) have a policy on whether participants are permitted to enter into transactions (whether through the use of derivatives or otherwise) which limit the economic risk of participating in the scheme; and (b) disclose that policy or a summary of it.	☒ and we have disclosed our policy on this issue or a summary of it at: https://ezzlife.com.au/investors/	☐ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement OR ☐ we do not have an equity-based remuneration scheme and this recommendation is therefore not applicable OR ☐ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable
ADDITIONAL RECOMMENDATIONS THAT APPLY ONLY IN CERTAIN CASES			
9.1	A listed entity with a director who does not speak the language in which board or security holder meetings are held or key corporate documents are written should disclose the processes it has in place to ensure the director understands and can contribute to the discussions at those meetings and understands and can discharge their obligations in relation to those documents.	☒ and we have disclosed information about the processes in place at: our corporate governance statement	☐ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement OR ☐ we do not have a director in this position and this recommendation is therefore not applicable OR ☐ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable
9.2	A listed entity established outside Australia should ensure that meetings of security holders are held at a reasonable place and time.	☐	☐ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement OR ☒ we are established in Australia and this recommendation is therefore not applicable OR ☐ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable
9.3	A listed entity established outside Australia, and an externally managed listed entity that has an AGM, should ensure that its external auditor attends its AGM and is available to answer questions from security holders relevant to the audit.	☐	☐ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement OR ☒ we are established in Australia and not an externally managed listed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable ☐ we are an externally managed entity that does not hold an AGM and this recommendation is therefore not applicable
ADDITIONAL DISCLOSURES APPLICABLE TO EXTERNALLY MANAGED LISTED ENTITIES			
-	Alternative to Recommendation 1.1 for externally managed listed entities: The responsible entity of an externally managed listed entity should disclose:	☐ and we have disclosed the information referred to in paragraphs (a) and (b) at: [insert location]	☐ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement

Key to Disclosures Corporate Governance Council Principles and Recommendations

Corporate Governance Council recommendation		Where a box below is ticked, ⁴ we have followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed this in our Corporate Governance Statement:	Where a box below is ticked, we have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. Our reasons for not doing so are: ⁵
	(a) the arrangements between the responsible entity and the listed entity for managing the affairs of the listed entity; and (b) the role and responsibility of the board of the responsible entity for overseeing those arrangements.		
-	Alternative to Recommendations 8.1, 8.2 and 8.3 for externally managed listed entities: An externally managed listed entity should clearly disclose the terms governing the remuneration of the manager.	☐ and we have disclosed the terms governing our remuneration as manager of the entity at: <i>[insert location]</i>	☐ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement