

Appendix 4G

Key to Disclosures

Corporate Governance Council Principles and Recommendations

Name of entity

CUE ENERGY RESOURCES LIMITED

ABN/ARBN

45 066 383 971

Financial year ended:

30 June 2026

Our corporate governance statement¹ for the period above can be found at:²

☐ These pages of our annual report:

☒ This URL on our website:

<http://www.cuenrg.com.au/irm/content/corporate-directory.aspx?RID=295>

The Corporate Governance Statement is accurate and up to date as at 27 August 2026 and has been approved by the board.

The annexure includes a key to where our corporate governance disclosures can be located.³

Date: 27 August 2026

Name of authorised officer authorising lodgement:

Anita Addorisio – Company Secretary

¹ “Corporate governance statement” is defined in Listing Rule 19.12 to mean the statement referred to in Listing Rule 4.10.3 which discloses the extent to which an entity has followed the recommendations set by the ASX Corporate Governance Council during a particular reporting period.

Listing Rule 4.10.3 requires an entity that is included in the official list as an ASX Listing to include in its annual report either a corporate governance statement that meets the requirements of that rule or the URL of the page on its website where such a statement is located. The corporate governance statement must disclose the extent to which the entity has followed the recommendations set by the ASX Corporate Governance Council during the reporting period. If the entity has not followed a recommendation for any part of the reporting period, its corporate governance statement must separately identify that recommendation and the period during which it was not followed and state its reasons for not following the recommendation and what (if any) alternative governance practices it adopted in lieu of the recommendation during that period.

Under Listing Rule 4.7.4, if an entity chooses to include its corporate governance statement on its website rather than in its annual report, it must lodge a copy of the corporate governance statement with ASX at the same time as it lodges its annual report with ASX. The corporate governance statement must be current as at the effective date specified in that statement for the purposes of Listing Rule 4.10.3.

Under Listing Rule 4.7.3, an entity must also lodge with ASX a completed Appendix 4G at the same time as it lodges its annual report with ASX. The Appendix 4G serves a dual purpose. It acts as a key designed to assist readers to locate the governance disclosures made by a listed entity under Listing Rule 4.10.3 and under the ASX Corporate Governance Council's recommendations. It also acts as a verification tool for listed entities to confirm that they have met the disclosure requirements of Listing Rule 4.10.3.

The Appendix 4G is not a substitute for, and is not to be confused with, the entity's corporate governance statement. They serve different purposes and an entity must produce each of them separately.

² Tick whichever option is correct and then complete the page number(s) of the annual report, or the URL of the web page, where your corporate governance statement can be found. You can, if you wish, delete the option which is not applicable.

³ Throughout this form, where you are given two or more options to select, you can, if you wish, delete any option which is not applicable and just retain the option that is applicable. If you select an option that includes “OR” at the end of the selection and you delete the other options, you can also, if you wish, delete the “OR” at the end of the selection.

See notes 4 and 5 below for further instructions on how to complete this form.

ANNEXURE – KEY TO CORPORATE GOVERNANCE DISCLOSURES

Corporate Governance Council recommendation		Where a box below is ticked, ⁴ we have followed the recommendation <u>in full</u> for the <u>whole</u> of the period above. We have disclosed this in our Corporate Governance Statement:	Where a box below is ticked, we have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. Our reasons for not doing so are: ⁵
PRINCIPLE 1 – LAY SOLID FOUNDATIONS FOR MANAGEMENT AND OVERSIGHT			
1.1	A listed entity should have and disclose a board charter setting out: (a) the respective roles and responsibilities of its board and management; and (b) those matters expressly reserved to the board and those delegated to management.	☒ and we have disclosed a copy of our board charter at: https://www.cuenrg.com.au/site/pdf/3e4860e2-d7d0-4f66-9e81-654ed599e347/Board-Charter-20032023.pdf?IncludeUnapproved=83317770	☐ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement OR ☐ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable
1.2	A listed entity should: (a) undertake appropriate checks before appointing a director or senior executive or putting someone forward for election as a director; and (b) provide security holders with all material information in its possession relevant to a decision on whether or not to elect or re-elect a director.	☒	☐ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement OR ☐ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable
1.3	A listed entity should have a written agreement with each director and senior executive setting out the terms of their appointment.	☒	☐ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement OR ☐ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable
1.4	The company secretary of a listed entity should be accountable directly to the board, through the chair, on all matters to do with the proper functioning of the board.	☒	☐ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement OR ☐ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable

⁴ Tick the box in this column only if you have followed the relevant recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. Where the recommendation has a disclosure obligation attached, you must insert the location where that disclosure has been made, where indicated by the line with “*insert location*” underneath. If the disclosure in question has been made in your corporate governance statement, you need only insert “our corporate governance statement”. If the disclosure has been made in your annual report, you should insert the page number(s) of your annual report (eg “pages 10-12 of our annual report”). If the disclosure has been made on your website, you should insert the URL of the web page where the disclosure has been made or can be accessed (eg “www.entityname.com.au/corporate-governance/charters/”).

⁵ If you have followed all of the Council’s recommendations in full for the whole of the period above, you can, if you wish, delete this column from the form and re-format it.

Corporate Governance Council recommendation	Where a box below is ticked, ⁴ we have followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed this in our Corporate Governance Statement:	Where a box below is ticked, we have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. Our reasons for not doing so are: ⁵
1.5 A listed entity should: (a) have and disclose a diversity policy; (b) through its board or a committee of the board set measurable objectives for achieving gender diversity in the composition of its board, senior executives and workforce generally; and (c) disclose in relation to each reporting period: (1) the measurable objectives set for that period to achieve gender diversity; (2) the entity's progress towards achieving those objectives; and (3) either: (A) the respective proportions of men and women on the board, in senior executive positions and across the whole workforce (including how the entity has defined "senior executive" for these purposes); or (B) if the entity is a "relevant employer" under the Workplace Gender Equality Act, the entity's most recent "Gender Equality Indicators", as defined in and published under that Act. If the entity was in the S&P / ASX 300 Index at the commencement of the reporting period, the measurable objective for achieving gender diversity in the composition of its board should be to have not less than 30% of its directors of each gender within a specified period.	☒ and we have disclosed a copy of our diversity policy at: https://www.cuenrg.com.au/site/pdf/9988d12f-b8e4-4d64-a99d-f9b3d3ade512/Diversity-Policy.pdf and we have disclosed the information referred to in paragraph (c) at: Page 3 of the Company's Corporate Governance Statement and if we were included in the S&P / ASX 300 Index at the commencement of the reporting period our measurable objective for achieving gender diversity in the composition of its board of not less than 30% of its directors of each gender within a specified period.	☐ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement OR ☐ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable
1.6 A listed entity should: (a) have and disclose a process for periodically evaluating the performance of the board, its committees and individual directors; and (b) disclose for each reporting period whether a performance evaluation has been undertaken in accordance with that process during or in respect of that period.	☒ and we have disclosed the evaluation process referred to in paragraph (a) at: Page 3 of the Company's Corporate Governance Statement and whether a performance evaluation was undertaken for the reporting period in accordance with that process at: Page 3 of the Company's Corporate Governance Statement	☐ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement OR ☐ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable

Corporate Governance Council recommendation		Where a box below is ticked, ⁴ we have followed the recommendation <u>in full</u> for the <u>whole</u> of the period above. We have disclosed this in our Corporate Governance Statement:	Where a box below is ticked, we have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. Our reasons for not doing so are: ⁵
1.7	A listed entity should: (a) have and disclose a process for evaluating the performance of its senior executives at least once every reporting period; and (b) disclose for each reporting period whether a performance evaluation has been undertaken in accordance with that process during or in respect of that period.	☒ and we have disclosed the evaluation process referred to in paragraph (a) at: Page 3 of the Company's Corporate Governance Statement and whether a performance evaluation was undertaken for the reporting period in accordance with that process at: Page 3 of the Company's Corporate Governance Statement	☐ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement OR ☐ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable

Key to Disclosures Corporate Governance Council Principles and Recommendations

Corporate Governance Council recommendation		Where a box below is ticked, ⁴ we have followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed this in our Corporate Governance Statement:	Where a box below is ticked, we have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. Our reasons for not doing so are: ⁵
PRINCIPLE 2 - STRUCTURE THE BOARD TO BE EFFECTIVE AND ADD VALUE			
2.1	The board of a listed entity should: (a) have a nomination committee which: (1) has at least three members, a majority of whom are independent directors; and (2) is chaired by an independent director, and disclose: (3) the charter of the committee; (4) the members of the committee; and (5) as at the end of each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or (b) if it does not have a nomination committee, disclose that fact and the processes it employs to address board succession issues and to ensure that the board has the appropriate balance of skills, knowledge, experience, independence and diversity to enable it to discharge its duties and responsibilities effectively.	☐ <i>[If the entity complies with paragraph (a):]</i> and we have disclosed a copy of the charter of the committee at: <i>[insert location]</i> and the information referred to in paragraphs (4) and (5) at: <i>[insert location]</i> <i>[If the entity complies with paragraph (b):]</i> and we have disclosed the fact that we do not have a nomination committee and the processes we employ to address board succession issues and to ensure that the board has the appropriate balance of skills, knowledge, experience, independence and diversity to enable it to discharge its duties and responsibilities effectively at: <i>[insert location]</i>	☒ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement OR ☐ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable
2.2	A listed entity should have and disclose a board skills matrix setting out the mix of skills that the board currently has or is looking to achieve in its membership.	☒ and we have disclosed our board skills matrix at: Pages 4 and 5 of the Company's Corporate Governance Statement	☐ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement OR ☐ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable

Key to Disclosures Corporate Governance Council Principles and Recommendations

Corporate Governance Council recommendation		Where a box below is ticked, ⁴ we have followed the recommendation <u>in full</u> for the <u>whole</u> of the period above. We have disclosed this in our Corporate Governance Statement:	Where a box below is ticked, we have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. Our reasons for not doing so are: ⁵
2.3	A listed entity should disclose: (a) the names of the directors considered by the board to be independent directors; (b) if a director has an interest, position, affiliation or relationship of the type described in Box 2.3 but the board is of the opinion that it does not compromise the independence of the director, the nature of the interest, position or relationship in question and an explanation of why the board is of that opinion; and (c) the length of service of each director.	☒ and we have disclosed the names of the directors considered by the board to be independent directors at: Page 5 of the Company's Corporate Governance Statement and, where applicable, the information referred to in paragraph (b) at: Page 5 of the Company's Corporate Governance Statement and the length of service of each director at: Page 5 of the Company's Corporate Governance Statement	☐ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement
2.4	A majority of the board of a listed entity should be independent directors.	☐	☒ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement OR ☐ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable
2.5	The chair of the board of a listed entity should be an independent director and, in particular, should not be the same person as the CEO of the entity.	☐	☒ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement OR ☐ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable
2.6	A listed entity should have a program for inducting new directors and for periodically reviewing whether there is a need for existing directors to undertake professional development to maintain the skills and knowledge needed to perform their role as directors effectively.	☒	☐ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement OR ☐ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable

Key to Disclosures Corporate Governance Council Principles and Recommendations

Corporate Governance Council recommendation		Where a box below is ticked, ⁴ we have followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed this in our Corporate Governance Statement:	Where a box below is ticked, we have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. Our reasons for not doing so are: ⁵
PRINCIPLE 3 – INSTIL A CULTURE OF ACTING LAWFULLY, ETHICALLY AND RESPONSIBLY			
3.1	A listed entity should articulate and disclose its values.	☒ and we have disclosed our values at: Page 7 of the Company's Corporate Governance Statement <i>[insert location]</i>	☐ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement
3.2	A listed entity should: (a) have and disclose a code of conduct for its directors, senior executives and employees; and (b) ensure that the board or a committee of the board is informed of any material breaches of that code.	☒ and we have disclosed our code of conduct at: https://www.cuenrg.com.au/site/pdf/a03e2ac9-09c5-4311-a4ea-4a0ceffae358/Code-of-Conduct.pdf	☐ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement
3.3	A listed entity should: (a) have and disclose a whistleblower policy; and (b) ensure that the board or a committee of the board is informed of any material incidents reported under that policy.	☒ and we have disclosed our whistleblower policy at: https://www.cuenrg.com.au/site/pdf/9d2990ff-97a4-4505-8a0d-036fb6a21fe2/Whistleblower-Policy.pdf	☐ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement
3.4	A listed entity should: (a) have and disclose an anti-bribery and corruption policy; and (b) ensure that the board or committee of the board is informed of any material breaches of that policy.	☒ and we have disclosed our anti-bribery and corruption policy at: https://www.cuenrg.com.au/site/pdf/d55a3242-2715-47ca-81b1-537c24fc4abe/Anti-Bribery.pdf	☐ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement

Key to Disclosures Corporate Governance Council Principles and Recommendations

Corporate Governance Council recommendation		Where a box below is ticked, ⁴ we have followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed this in our Corporate Governance Statement:	Where a box below is ticked, we have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. Our reasons for not doing so are: ⁵
PRINCIPLE 4 – SAFEGUARD THE INTEGRITY OF CORPORATE REPORTS			
4.1	The board of a listed entity should: (a) have an audit committee which: (1) has at least three members, all of whom are non-executive directors and a majority of whom are independent directors; and (2) is chaired by an independent director, who is not the chair of the board, and disclose: (3) the charter of the committee; (4) the relevant qualifications and experience of the members of the committee; and (5) in relation to each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or (b) if it does not have an audit committee, disclose that fact and the processes it employs that independently verify and safeguard the integrity of its corporate reporting, including the processes for the appointment and removal of the external auditor and the rotation of the audit engagement partner.	☐ <i>[If the entity complies with paragraph (a):]</i> and we have disclosed a copy of the charter of the committee at: <i>[insert location]</i> and the information referred to in paragraphs (4) and (5) at: <i>[insert location]</i> <i>[If the entity complies with paragraph (b):]</i> and we have disclosed the fact that we do not have an audit committee and the processes we employ that independently verify and safeguard the integrity of our corporate reporting, including the processes for the appointment and removal of the external auditor and the rotation of the audit engagement partner at: <i>[insert location]</i>	☒ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement
4.2	The board of a listed entity should, before it approves the entity's financial statements for a financial period, receive from its CEO and CFO a declaration that, in their opinion, the financial records of the entity have been properly maintained and that the financial statements comply with the appropriate accounting standards and give a true and fair view of the financial position and performance of the entity and that the opinion has been formed on the basis of a sound system of risk management and internal control which is operating effectively.	☒	☐ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement
4.3	A listed entity should disclose its process to verify the integrity of any periodic corporate report it releases to the market that is not audited or reviewed by an external auditor.	☒	☐ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement

Corporate Governance Council recommendation		Where a box below is ticked, ⁴ we have followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed this in our Corporate Governance Statement:	Where a box below is ticked, we have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. Our reasons for not doing so are: ⁵
PRINCIPLE 5 – MAKE TIMELY AND BALANCED DISCLOSURE			
5.1	A listed entity should have and disclose a written policy for complying with its continuous disclosure obligations under listing rule 3.1.	☒ and we have disclosed our continuous disclosure compliance policy at: https://www.cuenrg.com.au/site/pdf/40c20a96-2645-4f28-a992-329d7e44ba69/Continuous-Disclosure-Policy.pdf	☐ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement
5.2	A listed entity should ensure that its board receives copies of all material market announcements promptly after they have been made.	☒	☐ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement
5.3	A listed entity that gives a new and substantive investor or analyst presentation should release a copy of the presentation materials on the ASX Market Announcements Platform ahead of the presentation.	☒	☐ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement
PRINCIPLE 6 – RESPECT THE RIGHTS OF SECURITY HOLDERS			
6.1	A listed entity should provide information about itself and its governance to investors via its website.	☒ and we have disclosed information about us and our governance on our website at: https://www.cuenrg.com.au/site/About-Us/corporate-directory	☐ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement
6.2	A listed entity should have an investor relations program that facilitates effective two-way communication with investors.	☒	☐ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement
6.3	A listed entity should disclose how it facilitates and encourages participation at meetings of security holders.	☒ and we have disclosed how we facilitate and encourage participation at meetings of security holders at: Page 10 of the Company's Corporate Governance Statement	☐ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement
6.4	A listed entity should ensure that all substantive resolutions at a meeting of security holders are decided by a poll rather than by a show of hands.	☒	☐ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement

Key to Disclosures Corporate Governance Council Principles and Recommendations

Corporate Governance Council recommendation		Where a box below is ticked, ⁴ we have followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed this in our Corporate Governance Statement:	Where a box below is ticked, we have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. Our reasons for not doing so are: ⁵
6.5	A listed entity should give security holders the option to receive communications from, and send communications to, the entity and its security registry electronically.	☒	☐ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement
PRINCIPLE 7 – RECOGNISE AND MANAGE RISK			
7.1	The board of a listed entity should: (a) have a committee or committees to oversee risk, each of which: (1) has at least three members, a majority of whom are independent directors; and (2) is chaired by an independent director, and disclose: (3) the charter of the committee; (4) the members of the committee; and (5) as at the end of each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or (b) if it does not have a risk committee or committees that satisfy (a) above, disclose that fact and the processes it employs for overseeing the entity's risk management framework.	☐ <i>[If the entity complies with paragraph (a):]</i> and we have disclosed a copy of the charter of the committee at: <i>[insert location]</i> and the information referred to in paragraphs (4) and (5) at: <i>[insert location]</i> <i>[If the entity complies with paragraph (b):]</i> and we have disclosed the fact that we do not have a risk committee or committees that satisfy (a) and the processes we employ for overseeing our risk management framework at: <i>[insert location]</i>	☒ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement
7.2	The board or a committee of the board should: (a) review the entity's risk management framework at least annually to satisfy itself that it continues to be sound and that the entity is operating with due regard to the risk appetite set by the board; and (b) disclose, in relation to each reporting period, whether such a review has taken place.	☒ and we have disclosed whether a review of the entity's risk management framework was undertaken during the reporting period at: Page 11 of the Company's Corporate Governance Statement	☐ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement

Key to Disclosures Corporate Governance Council Principles and Recommendations

Corporate Governance Council recommendation		Where a box below is ticked, ⁴ we have followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed this in our Corporate Governance Statement:	Where a box below is ticked, we have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. Our reasons for not doing so are: ⁵
7.3	A listed entity should disclose: (a) if it has an internal audit function, how the function is structured and what role it performs; or (b) if it does not have an internal audit function, that fact and the processes it employs for evaluating and continually improving the effectiveness of its governance, risk management and internal control processes.	☐ <i>[If the entity complies with paragraph (a):]</i> and we have disclosed how our internal audit function is structured and what role it performs at: <i>[insert location]</i> ☒ <i>[If the entity complies with paragraph (b):]</i> and we have disclosed the fact that we do not have an internal audit function and the processes we employ for evaluating and continually improving the effectiveness of our risk management and internal control processes at: Page 11 of the Company's Corporate Governance Statement	☐ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement
7.4	A listed entity should disclose whether it has any material exposure to environmental or social risks and, if it does, how it manages or intends to manage those risks.	☒ and we have disclosed whether we have any material exposure to environmental and social risks at: Page 11 of the Company's Corporate Governance Statement and, if we do, how we manage or intend to manage those risks at: Page 11 of the Company's Corporate Governance Statement	☐ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement

Key to Disclosures Corporate Governance Council Principles and Recommendations

Corporate Governance Council recommendation		Where a box below is ticked, ⁴ we have followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed this in our Corporate Governance Statement:	Where a box below is ticked, we have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. Our reasons for not doing so are: ⁵
PRINCIPLE 8 – REMUNERATE FAIRLY AND RESPONSIBLY			
8.1	The board of a listed entity should: (a) have a remuneration committee which: (1) has at least three members, a majority of whom are independent directors; and (2) is chaired by an independent director, and disclose: (3) the charter of the committee; (4) the members of the committee; and (5) as at the end of each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or (b) if it does not have a remuneration committee, disclose that fact and the processes it employs for setting the level and composition of remuneration for directors and senior executives and ensuring that such remuneration is appropriate and not excessive.	☐ <i>[If the entity complies with paragraph (a):]</i> and we have disclosed a copy of the charter of the committee at: <i>[insert location]</i> and the information referred to in paragraphs (4) and (5) at: <i>[insert location]</i> <i>[If the entity complies with paragraph (b):]</i> and we have disclosed the fact that we do not have a remuneration committee and the processes we employ for setting the level and composition of remuneration for directors and senior executives and ensuring that such remuneration is appropriate and not excessive: <i>[insert location]</i>	☒ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement OR ☐ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable
8.2	A listed entity should separately disclose its policies and practices regarding the remuneration of non-executive directors and the remuneration of executive directors and other senior executives.	☒ and we have disclosed separately our remuneration policies and practices regarding the remuneration of non-executive directors and the remuneration of executive directors and other senior executives at: https://www.cuenrg.com.au/site/investor-information/annual-shareholders-reports	☐ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement OR ☐ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable
8.3	A listed entity which has an equity-based remuneration scheme should: (a) have a policy on whether participants are permitted to enter into transactions (whether through the use of derivatives or otherwise) which limit the economic risk of participating in the scheme; and (b) disclose that policy or a summary of it.	☒ and we have disclosed our policy on this issue or a summary of it at: https://www.cuenrg.com.au/site/pdf/a6371389-8683-468e-ad14-bbcfa8bd3193/Securities-Trading-Policy-2024-v2.pdf	☐ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement OR ☐ we do not have an equity-based remuneration scheme and this recommendation is therefore not applicable OR ☐ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable

Key to Disclosures Corporate Governance Council Principles and Recommendations

Corporate Governance Council recommendation		Where a box below is ticked, ⁴ we have followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed this in our Corporate Governance Statement:	Where a box below is ticked, we have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. Our reasons for not doing so are: ⁵
ADDITIONAL RECOMMENDATIONS THAT APPLY ONLY IN CERTAIN CASES			
9.1	A listed entity with a director who does not speak the language in which board or security holder meetings are held or key corporate documents are written should disclose the processes it has in place to ensure the director understands and can contribute to the discussions at those meetings and understands and can discharge their obligations in relation to those documents.	☐ and we have disclosed information about the processes in place at: <i>[insert location]</i>	☐ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement OR ☒ we do not have a director in this position and this recommendation is therefore not applicable OR ☐ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable
9.2	A listed entity established outside Australia should ensure that meetings of security holders are held at a reasonable place and time.	☐	☐ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement OR ☒ we are established in Australia and this recommendation is therefore not applicable OR ☐ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable
9.3	A listed entity established outside Australia, and an externally managed listed entity that has an AGM, should ensure that its external auditor attends its AGM and is available to answer questions from security holders relevant to the audit.	☐	☐ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement OR ☒ we are established in Australia and not an externally managed listed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable ☐ we are an externally managed entity that does not hold an AGM and this recommendation is therefore not applicable
ADDITIONAL DISCLOSURES APPLICABLE TO EXTERNALLY MANAGED LISTED ENTITIES			
-	<i>Alternative to Recommendation 1.1 for externally managed listed entities:</i> The responsible entity of an externally managed listed entity should disclose: (a) the arrangements between the responsible entity and the listed entity for managing the affairs of the listed entity; and (b) the role and responsibility of the board of the responsible entity for overseeing those arrangements.	☐ and we have disclosed the information referred to in paragraphs (a) and (b) at: <i>[insert location]</i>	☐ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement

Corporate Governance Council recommendation		Where a box below is ticked, ⁴ we have followed the recommendation <u>in full</u> for the <u>whole</u> of the period above. We have disclosed this in our Corporate Governance Statement:	Where a box below is ticked, we have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. Our reasons for not doing so are: ⁵
-	<i>Alternative to Recommendations 8.1, 8.2 and 8.3 for externally managed listed entities:</i> An externally managed listed entity should clearly disclose the terms governing the remuneration of the manager.	☐ and we have disclosed the terms governing our remuneration as manager of the entity at: <i>[insert location]</i>	☐ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement



2026 Corporate Governance Statement

The Board and Management of Cue Energy Resources Limited ACN 066 383 971 ("CUE" or the "Company") recognise their duties and obligations to shareholders and other stakeholders to implement and maintain a proper system of corporate governance. CUE believes that good corporate governance helps ensure the future sustainability of the Company, adds value to stakeholders and enhances investor confidence.

The ASX Listing Rules require listed companies to prepare a statement disclosing the extent to which they have complied with the recommendations of the ASX Corporate Governance Council ("ASX Recommendations") in the reporting period. The Recommendations are guidelines designed to improve the efficiency, quality and integrity of the Company. They are not prescriptive, so that if a company considers a recommendation to be inappropriate having regard to its own circumstances, it has the flexibility not to follow it. Where a company has not followed all the Recommendations, it must identify which Recommendations have not been followed and give reasons for not following them.

This Corporate Governance Statement ("Statement") sets out a description of the Company's main corporate practices and provides details of the Company's compliance with the Recommendations, or where appropriate, indicates a departure from the Recommendations with an explanation.

This Statement is current as at 27 August 2026 and has been approved by the Board of Directors of CUE. The statement, with the supplementary policies and charters, are available on the Company's website (<http://www.cuenrg.com.au>).

PRINCIPLE 1: LAY SOLID FOUNDATIONS FOR MANAGEMENT AND OVERSIGHT

RECOMMENDATION 1.1 - ROLE OF THE BOARD AND MANAGEMENT

The role of the Board is to act in the best interests of the Company as a whole and it is accountable to shareholders to guide the overall strategy, culture, governance and performance of the Company, working with and through the Chief Executive and management team. The Board aims to protect and enhance the interests of its shareholders, while considering the interests of other stakeholders, including employees, customers, suppliers, and the wider community.

The Board has a formal Board Charter which is available on the Company's website at <http://www.cuenrg.com.au> that clearly sets out those matters expressly reserved for the Board's determination and those matters delegated to management.

The Board delegates responsibility for the day-to-day management of the Company and its business to the Chief Executive Officer (CEO). The CEO is supported by the senior executive team and delegates authority to appropriate senior executives for specific activities. The Board maintains ultimate responsibility for strategy, control, and risk profile of the Group.

RECOMMENDATION 1.2 - APPOINTMENT OF DIRECTORS

The Board has procedures for the selection and appointment of new directors and the re-election of incumbent directors.

Selected candidates for Board positions undergo appropriate background checks before being appointed to the Board. Any Director appointed during the year to fill a casual vacancy or as an addition to the existing Directors must stand for election at the next Annual General Meeting ("**AGM**").

A regular assessment is made of the current qualifications, skills, and experience of the directors, as well as the skills, experience and expertise needed to deal with current and emerging issues of the business and to effectively review and challenge the performance of management and exercise independent judgement.

We provide our shareholders with all material information in our possession that is relevant to their decision on whether or not to elect or re-elect a Director through a number of channels, including via the notice of meeting and other information contained in the 2026 Annual Report.

RECOMMENDATION 1.3 - APPOINTMENT TERMS

Non-Executive Directors have a written agreement with the Company setting out the terms of their appointment as directors.

Details of executive contracts in place are detailed in the Company's Annual Remuneration Report in the 2026 Annual Report.

RECOMMENDATION 1.4 - COMPANY SECRETARY

The Company Secretary is accountable directly to the Board, though the Chair, on all matters to do with the proper functioning of the Board. The Company Secretary's role includes advising the board and its committees on governance matters; monitoring that board and committee policy and procedures are followed; coordinating the timely completion and despatch of board and committee papers; ensuring that the business at board and committee meetings is accurately captured in the minutes; and helping to organise and facilitate the induction and professional development of directors.

All Directors have unfettered access to the Company Secretary and the appointment and removal of the Company Secretary must be made or approved by the Board.

Details regarding our Company Secretary, including experience and qualifications, is set out in the Directors' Report in our 2026 Annual Report.

RECOMMENDATION 1.5 – DIVERSITY POLICY

CUE recognises the benefits of diversity of gender, age, experience, relationships and background and is proud to have a strong representation of both genders in its workforce. The Company's Diversity Policy is available on the CUE website (<http://www.cuenrg.com.au>).

The proportion of women on the Board, in senior executive positions and women across the entire organisation as at 30 June 2026 was as follows:

- Women on the Board – 0%
- Women in senior management positions – 66.67%
- Women across the entire organisation – 30.77%

The measurable objectives set by the Board for achieving gender diversity include:

- adopting a Company wide Diversity policy;
- disclosing the policy in the corporate governance section on the Company's website; and
- tracking and reporting on the percentages of women employed by the Company as a whole, in senior management positions and on the Board.

RECOMMENDATION 1.6 - BOARD PERFORMANCE ASSESSMENT

The Board is committed to formally evaluating its performance, the performance of its committees and individual Directors, as well as the governance processes supporting the Board. The Board does this through a biennial assessment process which the Board feels is appropriate given the structure and size of the Company, unless determined otherwise.

The Board and Committees' performance assessment is conducted through the completion of a questionnaire / survey by each director, and which is facilitated by the Company Secretary. The Company Secretary subsequently prepares and provides a report to the Nomination and Remuneration Committee which outlines the feedback received on the Board's and Committees' performance. The Nomination and Remuneration Committee then discusses areas and actions for improvement and reports them to the Board.

An internal Board assessment took place in August 2025. An analysis of the data collected indicated that the Board is functioning effectively against all criteria. The Board and Committees are committed to their roles and each Board member is dedicated to proactively support the Company and its stakeholders.

Following the Board's re-composition in July 2026, a formal Board performance review will be conducted during 2027 in accordance with the Company's governance framework and commitment to continuous improvement.

RECOMMENDATION 1.7 - SENIOR EXECUTIVE PERFORMANCE ASSESSMENT

The Performance of the CEO was evaluated in August 2026 in accordance with the Company's Performance Evaluation Process.

PRINCIPLE 2: STRUCTURE THE BOARD TO ADD VALUE

RECOMMENDATION 2.1 – NOMINATION COMMITTEE

The Board has established a Remuneration and Nomination Committee. The Committee comprises three members, only one of which is an independent Director, being Ric Malcolm. Bruce Clement and Richard Beament are considered non-independent on the basis as outlined in Recommendation 2.3. The Committee is chaired by Ric Malcolm who is not the Chair of the Board.

The Remuneration and Nomination Committee's (RNC) composition has been outlined in the table below:

Role	From 1 July 2025	From 3 July 2026
RNC Chair	Ric Malcolm	Ric Malcolm
RNC Members	Alastair McGregor Andrew Jefferies Roderick Ritchie	Bruce Clement Richard Beament

All directors have relevant experience as shown in their biographies in the Directors Report and details of meetings held by the Committee during the year and member attendances are set out in the 2026 Directors' Report.

The Remuneration and Nomination Committee Charter which was last reviewed during this reporting period is available on the CUE website (<http://www.cuenrg.com.au>).

The primary function of the Remuneration and Nomination Committee Charter is to assist the Board to carry out the following:

- review director competence standards;
- review Board succession plans;
- evaluate the Board's performance;
- make recommendations for the appointment and removal of directors to the Board; and
- make recommendations to the Board on recruitment, retention and termination policies for senior management.

RECOMMENDATION 2.2 – BOARD SKILLS MATRIX

The Company's objective is to have an appropriate mix of expertise and experience on the Board so that it can effectively discharge its corporate governance and oversight responsibilities. It is the Board's view that the current Directors possess an appropriate mix of relevant skills, experience, expertise and diversity to enable the Board to discharge its responsibilities and deliver the Company's strategic objectives. This mix is subject to review on a biennial basis as part of the Board's performance review process.

The skills and experience represented in the Board and relevant to the Company's business are set out in the matrix below based on the Company's August 2025 performance and skills review, it is satisfied that it continues to meets expectations in all these categories:

Skills and experience	
Strategy	Project Evaluation
Policy Development	Stakeholder Engagement
ASX Governance	Environment and Sustainability
Financial Performance and Capital markets experience	HSE
Risk and Compliance Oversight	Leadership

Executive Management	Ethics and Integrity
Business and Commercial Experience Operations	Contribution
Legal and regulatory approval	Critical Thinker
Safety and Social Responsibility	Influencer and Negotiator
Information Technology Strategy and Data Governance	Crisis Management
People & Performance	Previous Board Experience
Oil and Gas Industry Experience	Corporate History

To the extent that any skills are not directly represented on the Board, they are augmented through management and external advisors. Full details of each Directors' relevant skills and experience are set out in the Company's 2026 Annual Report.

RECOMMENDATION 2.3 – INDEPENDENT DIRECTORS

An independent director is a non-executive director who is not a member of management and free from any business or other relationship that could materially interfere with, or could reasonably be perceived to materially interfere with, the independent exercise of judgement.

The Board regularly assesses the independence of each Non-Executive Director in light of the information which each Director is required to disclose in relation to any material contract or other relationship with the Company in accordance with the director's terms of appointment, the Corporations Act 2001, and the Board Charter.

When appointing an independent director or reviewing the independence of its Directors, the Board will have regard to the definition of independent director and the factors set out in the Recommendations, in particular the factors relevant to assessing the independence of a director set out in Recommendation 2.3.

As at the date of this Statement, the Board has three independent directors, Peter Hood AO (Lead Non-Executive Director) Ric Malcolm (Non-Executive Director) and Greg Bishop (Non-Executive Director).

Bruce Clement is considered by the Board to not be independent on the basis that he is the Chairman of a substantial shareholder of the Company.

Richard Beament is considered by the Board to not be independent on the basis that he is the Managing Director and CEO of a substantial shareholder of the Company.

Gavin Douglas and Kyle Keen are considered by the Board to not be independent on the basis that they are part of the management team of a substantial shareholder of the Company.

The Board considers the Non-executive Directors to be independent having regard to the indicia in Box 2.3 in the ASX Recommendations. The Board has considered the holdings of shares in the Company by these Non-Executive directors and is of the opinion that their respective interests in shares would not materially interfere with, or could be reasonably perceived to interfere with, the independent exercise of their judgement in their position as a Director. The Board also considers that they are otherwise free from any business or other relationship that could materially interfere with, or reasonably be perceived to interfere with, the independent exercise of their judgement, and that each of these Directors is able to fulfil the role of independent Director for the purposes of the ASX Recommendations.

The Board's composition and assessment of each Director is set out below.

Name	Position	Appointment date	Resignation date	Status
Bruce Clement	Non-Executive Chair	02/07/2026		Non-Independent
Ric Malcolm	Non-Executive Director	23/02/2018		Independent
Peter Hood AO	Non-Executive Director	23/02/2018		Independent
Greg Bishop	Non-Executive Director	22/10/2025		Independent
Richard Beament	Non-Executive Director	02/07/2026		Non-Independent
Gavin Douglas	Non-Executive Director	02/07/2026		Non-Independent
Kyle Keen	Non-Executive Director	02/07/2026		Non-Independent
Alastair McGregor	Non-Executive Chair	23/02/2018	02/07/26	Non-Independent
Samuel Kellner	Non-Executive Director	23/02/2018	02/07/26	Non-Independent
Maro Argentieri	Non-Executive Director	14/01/2020	02/07/26	Non-Independent
Andrew Jefferies	Non-Executive Director	23/02/2018	02/07/26	Non-Independent
Roderick Ritchie	Non-Executive Director	23/02/2018	02/07/26	Non-Independent

RECOMMENDATION 2.4 – MAJORITY INDEPENDENCE

As at the date of this Statement, three of our seven Directors are deemed independent. While the Company will aim to have an appropriate contingent of independent non-executive Directors from time to time, it is not currently and may not in the future be practicable to have majority of the Directors made up of independent directors. In considering the appropriate make up of the Directors from time to time, account will be given to, among other things, whether or not the Company has at the time a shareholder that holds a majority of the shares in the Company.

Although the composition of our Board does not comply with Recommendation 2.4, the current Board composition reflects an appropriate balance of skills, expertise and experience to fulfil its obligations to act in the best interests of the Company and all stakeholders.

The Board also considers that there are appropriate safeguards in place including policies and protocols to ensure independent thought and decision making.

RECOMMENDATION 2.5 – INDEPENDENT CHAIR

At the date of this Statement, the Chair, Bruce Clement is considered not to be an independent Non-Executive Director. The Board is of the view Bruce Clement will exercise independent judgement and act in the best interest of the Company and its shareholders at all times

The roles of Chair and CEO are exercised by different individuals, being Bruce Clement and Matthew Boyall respectively.

RECOMMENDATION 2.6 – INDUCTION, EDUCATION AND TRAINING

New directors are provided with copies of all relevant documents and policies governing the Company's business, operations and management, at the time of joining the Board. The Company is able to provide appropriate professional development opportunities for directors to assist in their roles. Directors are also encouraged to personally undertake appropriate training and refresher courses conducted by the Australian Institute of Company Directors.

PRINCIPLE 3: ACT ETHICALLY AND RESPONSIBLY

RECOMMENDATION 3.1 – STATEMENT OF VALUES

The Company's values are the guiding principles and norms that define what type of organisation it aspires to be and what it requires from its directors, employees, and related parties and are noted as follows:

CORE VALUES

- **Safety:** We will demonstrate a commitment to safety by promoting safe practices and behaviours;
- **Integrity:** We are open, honest and transparent and act with integrity and fairness in all our dealings;
- **Respect:** We respect and recognise team members, stakeholders and partners and their role in our business. We will treat one another with dignity and understanding;
- **Passion:** We are proud to be part of a team that is passionate about doing our best and making a positive contribution each day.

The Chief Executive Officer and his executive team are responsible for instilling these values across the organisation and our values statements for each value are outlined on the Company's website.

RECOMMENDATION 3.2 – CODE OF CONDUCT

As part of the Board's commitment to corporate governance, the Company has adopted a Code of Conduct to guide Directors and Officers in carrying out their duties and responsibilities. The Code of Conduct outlines the obligations incumbent upon each director and officer, including compliance with all corporate governance practices and documents approved by the Board from time to time.

The Code of Conduct is available on the Company's website (<http://www.cuenrg.com.au>).

The key aspects of this code are to:

- act fairly with honesty and integrity in the best interests of the Company and in the reasonable expectations of shareholders;
- act in accordance with all applicable laws, regulations, and the Company policies and procedures; and
- have responsibility and accountability for individuals for reporting and investigating reports of unethical practices; and
- use the Company's resources and property properly.

The Code of Conduct sets out the Company's policies on various matters including ethical conduct, integrity, conflicts of interest, confidentiality and protection and proper use of assets.

RECOMMENDATION 3.3 – WHISTLEBLOWER POLICY

The Whistleblower Policy (available on the Company's website <http://www.cuenrg.com.au>) demonstrates that the Company is committed to the highest standards of conduct and ethical behaviour in all of its business activities. The Company supports a culture of honest and ethical behaviour in ensuring good corporate compliance and governance. The policy sets out, amongst other things, instances of suspected misconduct which can be reported to the internal and external parties and summarises the protections offered to whistleblowers.

Any material breach of the Company's policies, including any breach of the Whistleblower Policy, is raised and reviewed at Board Meetings.

RECOMMENDATION 3.4 – ANTI-BRIBERY & CORRUPTION POLICY

The Anti-Bribery and Corruption Policy demonstrates that the Company is committed to maintain high standards of integrity and accountability in conducting its business. The policy provides a framework of guidelines and principles to encourage ethical behaviour in the conduct of business.

Any material breach of the Company's policies, including any breach of the Anti-Bribery and Corruption Policy, is raised, and reviewed at Board Meetings.

The Anti-Bribery and Corruption Policy is available on the Company's website <http://www.cuenrg.com.au>.

PRINCIPLE 4: SAFEGUARD INTEGRITY IN CORPORATE REPORTING

RECOMMENDATION 4.1 – AUDIT AND RISK COMMITTEE CHARTER

The Company has established an Audit and Risk Committee. The Committee comprises five members, two of which are independent Directors, being Greg Bishop and Peter Hood. Bruce Clement, Richard Beament and Kyle Keen are considered non-independent on the basis as outlined in Recommendation 2.3. The committee is chaired by Greg Bishop, an independent director who is not the Chair of the Board in accordance with the ASX Recommendations.

The Audit and Risk Committee's (ARC) composition has been outlined in the table below:

Role	From 1 July 2025	From 3 July 2026
ARC Chair	Marco Argentieri	Greg Bishop
ARC Members	Peter Hood Andrew Jefferies Greg Bishop (4 December 2025)	Peter Hood Bruce Clement Richard Beament Kyle Keen

All directors have relevant experience as shown in their biographies in the Directors Report.

The Audit and Risk Committee Charter (available on the CUE website <http://www.cuenrg.com.au>) sets out the role of the Committee, which includes assisting the Board to:

- review and monitor the integrity of the Company's financial reports and statements;
- monitor the performance and independence of the external auditor; and
- reviewing the consolidated accounts of the company.

It also has risk management and internal control functions as set out under Recommendation 6.1.

The number of meetings held and the individual attendances of Committee members at those meetings are disclosed in the 2026 Directors' Report.

RECOMMENDATION 4.2 - ASSURANCES

Prior to approval of the Company's annual financial statements, the Board obtains a declaration from the CEO that, in his opinion, the financial records of the Company have been properly maintained and that the financial statements comply with appropriate accounting standards and give a true and fair view of the financial position and performance of the Company, and that the opinion has been formed on the basis of a sound system of risk management and internal control which is operating effectively.

RECOMMENDATION 4.3 – VERIFICATION OF INTEGRITY OF PERIODIC CORPORATE REPORTS

The Company's external auditor attends every AGM as required by the Corporations Act, and members are allowed a reasonable opportunity at the meeting to ask the auditor questions relevant to the audit, their report and independence, and the accounting policies adopted by the Company. The external auditor's independence declaration is contained in the Directors' Report in our 2026 Annual Report.

Any periodic corporate report the Company releases to the market that is not audited or reviewed by an external auditor is reviewed and approved by the Board so that it is satisfied the report in question is materially correct, balanced and provides investors with appropriate information to make an informed investment decision.

PRINCIPLE 5: MAKE TIMELY AND BALANCED DISCLOSURE

RECOMMENDATION 5.1 – CONTINUOUS DISCLOSURE POLICY

The Company is committed to providing information to shareholders and to the market in a manner that is consistent with the meaning and intention of the ASX Listing Rules and the Corporations Act. To comply with these obligations, the Company has in place a Continuous Disclosure Policy and it is available on the Company's website (<http://www.cuenrg.com.au>).

The Policy sets out the key obligations of directors and employees in relation to continuous disclosure as well as the Company's obligations under the ASX Listing Rules and the Corporations Act. The Policy also provides procedures for internal notification and external disclosure, as well as procedures for promoting understanding of compliance with the disclosure requirements.

The Board has overarching responsibility for compliance with CUE's continuous disclosure obligations and Board approval is required for certain key matters and matters may be referred to the Board for approval by the CEO or the Company Secretary. The Board is committed to the promotion of investor confidence by ensuring that trading in the Company's securities takes place in an efficient, competitive and informed market. In accordance with continuous disclosure obligations under the ASX Listing Rules, the Company has procedures in place to ensure that all price sensitive information is identified, reviewed by management and disclosed to the ASX in a timely manner. The Company website includes a link to all information disclosed to the ASX.

RECOMMENDATION 5.2 – PROVIDE BOARD WITH COPIES OF ALL MATERIAL MARKET ANNOUNCEMENTS

The Company ensures that its Board receives copies of all material market announcements prior to release to the market followed by immediate notification including announcement following each release to the market.

RECOMMENDATION 5.3 – INVESTOR PRESENTATION

In accordance with the recommendation, Cue ensures that all substantive presentations are released to the market to enable security holders the opportunity to participate in the presentation.

PRINCIPLE 6: RESPECT THE RIGHTS OF SECURITY HOLDERS

RECOMMENDATION 6.1 – INFORMATION AND GOVERNANCE

CUE's website at <http://www.cuenrg.com.au> contains key information about the company and its corporate governance practices and policies, as well as biographies of the Board members and the Company Secretary.

CUE also maintains a separate investor page on its website to provide shareholders with links to annual and interim reports, ASX announcements, presentations and other key information.

RECOMMENDATION 6.2 – INVESTOR RELATIONS PROGRAM

The Company endeavours to communicate with shareholders and other stakeholders in an open, regular and timely manner so that the market has sufficient information to make informed investment decisions.

The Company is committed to:

- ensuring that shareholders and the financial markets are provided with full and timely information about the Company's activities in a balanced and understandable way through the annual and half year reports, ASX releases, general meetings and the Company's website;
- actively responding to shareholder's enquiries;
- complying with continuous disclosure obligations as per the applicable ASX Listing Rules; and
- encouraging shareholder participation at general meetings.

RECOMMENDATION 6.3 – SHAREHOLDER MEETING PARTICIPATION

Shareholders are forwarded the Company's Annual Report, if requested (it is otherwise made available on the CUE website <http://www.cuenrg.com.au>), and documents relating to each General Meeting, being the Notice of Meeting, any Explanatory Memorandum and a Proxy Form, and shareholders are invited to attend these meetings. Shareholders may elect to receive communications electronically.

The Board regards the AGM as an important opportunity to communicate with shareholders and it provides a key forum for shareholders to ask questions about the Company, its strategy and performance. At shareholder meetings, the Company will provide an opportunity for shareholders and other stakeholders to hear from and put questions to the Board, management and the external auditor of the Company.

RECOMMENDATION 6.4 – ALL SUBSTANTIVE RESOLUTIONS AT A SECURITY HOLDER MEETING ARE DECIDED BY POLL

In order to ascertain the true will of Cue's security holders attending and voting at its security holder meetings, whether they attend in person, electronically or by proxy or other representative, in most situations where this can be achieved the company will conduct the voting procedure by a poll.

RECOMMENDATION 6.5 – ELECTRONIC COMMUNICATION WITH SHAREHOLDERS

Shareholders are actively encouraged to take advantage of the benefits of electing to receive communication from the Company and its share registry electronically.

PRINCIPLE 7: RECOGNISE AND MANAGE RISK

RECOMMENDATION 7.1 – RISK COMMITTEE

The Group's risk management framework is supported by the Board of directors, management team and the Audit and Risk Committee. Further the Board established an Operational Risk and Sustainability Committee (ORS). The Board is responsible for approving and review the Company's risk management strategy and policy. Management are responsible for monitoring that appropriate processes and controls are in place to effectively and efficiently manage risk.

Management, through the CEO is primarily responsible for identifying, monitoring and responding to risk events and communicating them to the Board. Regular updates are provided to the Board by management on the management of material business risks.

CUE's Audit and Risk Committee also has delegated responsibilities in relation to risk management as set out in the Audit and Risk Committee Charter. Its role includes assisting the Board to:

- review and make recommendations regarding the adequacy and integrity of the Company's risk management framework and system of internal controls; and
- reviewing compliance with relevant laws and regulations.

CUE's ORS Committee also has delegated responsibilities in relation to risk management as set out in the ORS Charter. Its role includes assisting the Board to:

- meet its specific governance duties with respect to the health, safety, security, sustainability and operational risk aspects of the operations of CUE, by providing oversight of these matters, having regard to law and industry best practice.

RECOMMENDATION 7.2 – RISK MANAGEMENT FRAMEWORK

CUE's risk management framework is supported by the Board of directors, management, Audit and Risk Committee and the ORS Committee. The Board is responsible for approving and reviewing the Company's risk management strategy and policy. Management are responsible for monitoring that appropriate processes and controls are in place to effectively and efficiently manage risk.

Management, through the CEO is primarily responsible for identifying, monitoring and responding to risk events and communicating them to the Board. Regular updates are provided to the Board by management on the management of material business risks.

The systems of internal financial control have been determined by the Board as adequate to provide appropriate but not absolute, protection against fraud, material misstatement or loss.

RECOMMENDATION 7.3 – INTERNAL AUDIT

The Audit and Risk Committee Charter provides for the Committee to monitor the need for an internal audit function.

The Company did not have an internal audit function for the past financial year and due to the size of the Company the Board does not consider it necessary to have an internal audit function.

The Company will employ the following process for evaluating and continually improving the effectiveness of its risk management and internal control processes:

- the Audit and Risk Committee will monitor the need for an internal audit function having regard to the size, location and complexity of the Company's operations; and

- the Audit and Risk Committee will periodically undertake an internal review of financial systems and processes where systems are considered to require improvement these systems are developed.

RECOMMENDATION 7.4 – ECONOMIC, ENVIRONMENTAL AND SOCIAL SUSTAINABILITY RISK

The Board has established an Operational Risk and Sustainability Committee (ORS) which is responsible for assisting the Board with meeting its objectives with respect to Health, Safety, Security, Sustainability and Operational Risks. The Committee consists of three members, only one of which is an independent Director, being Ric Malcolm. Gavin Douglas and Richard Beament were appointed to the ORS on 3 July 2026 and are considered non-independent on the basis as outlined in Recommendation 2.3. The Committee is chaired by Gavin Douglas who is not the Chair of the Board.

A risk register for the Company is maintained to document the risks identified. Risk is reviewed as part of the ORS Committee and Board meetings. A risk assessment procedure is used to assess all risks when the Company is contemplating a new business venture. Should the risk profile of the Company change, the risk register will be updated to reflect this accordingly and any further controls required will be implemented.

A summary of Cue Energy's material business risks and how they are managed, together with Cue's Sustainability Report, including Taskforce on Climate-Related Financial Disclosures (TCFD) Reporting are disclosed in the Company's 2026 Annual Report.

PRINCIPLE 8: REMUNERATE FAIRLY AND RESPONSIBLY

RECOMMENDATION 8.1 – REMUNERATION AND NOMINATION COMMITTEE

CUE's Remuneration and Nomination Committee also has delegated responsibilities in relation to remuneration matters as set out in the Remuneration and Nomination Committee Charter. The Committee comprises three members, only one of which is an independent Director, being Ric Malcolm. Richard Beament and Bruce Clement are considered non-independent on the basis as outlined in Recommendation 2.3. The Committee is chaired by Ric Malcolm who is not the Chair of the Board.

The Remuneration and Nomination Committee's (RNC) composition has been outlined in the table below:

Role	From 1 July 2025	From 3 July 2026
RNC Chair	Ric Malcolm	Ric Malcolm
RNC Members	Alastair McGregor Andrew Jefferies Roderick Ritchie	Bruce Clement Richard Beament

Its role includes assisting the Board to:

- assessing the size and composition of the board, having regard the objective that the board comprise directors with a broad range of skills, expertise and experience from a broad range of backgrounds, including gender;
- assisting the board in reviewing the performance of the board, its committees and individual non-executive directors;
- reviewing and recommending to the board candidates for election and re-election as directors in accordance with the board's criteria; and
- annually reviewing and making recommendations to the board about the board diversity policy.

Details of meetings held by the Committee during the year and member attendances are set out in the 2026 Directors' Report.

RECOMMENDATION 8.2 – REMUNERATION POLICIES AND PRACTICES

The Remuneration and Nomination Committee is responsible for determining and reviewing remuneration policies for the directors and executives. If necessary, it obtains independent advice on the appropriateness of remuneration packages given trends in comparable companies and in accordance with the objectives of the Company.

Details of CUE's remuneration practices for its Non-Executive Directors and Senior Executives are disclosed in the Remuneration Report in the Company's Annual Report. The Remuneration Report highlights the balance between fixed pay, short-term incentive and long-term incentives, and includes details of the remuneration paid and the relationship to the Company's performance.

RECOMMENDATION 8.3 – EQUITY BASED REMUNERATION SCHEME

The Company offers an Employee Share Option Plan (ESOP) to support the alignment of the interests of employees with those of shareholders. Details of the ESOP are included in the Remuneration Report section of the 2026 Annual Report.

The Company also has a Securities Trading Policy, as displayed on the Company's website, provides that participants must not, without prior approval of the Company Secretary, entering into transactions (whether through the use of derivatives or otherwise) which limit the economic risk of participating in the scheme.