

ASX RELEASE

25 August 2026

Acusensus Corporate Governance Statement and Appendix 4G for FY26

In accordance with ASX Listing Rules, attached are the Corporate Governance Statement and Appendix 4G for the year ended 30 June 2026 for Acusensus Limited (ASX:ACE).

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This announcement is authorised by the Board of Acusensus Limited.

About Acusensus

Acusensus is a technology company that was founded in 2018 with a mission to design and develop artificial intelligence enabled road safety solutions. Collaborating with governments and commercial stakeholders to tackle distracted driving globally is Acusensus' first priority. Acusensus has pioneered intelligent solutions that provide anywhere, anytime digital evidence that can be used in conjunction with law enforcement to drive behavioural change and improve road safety. Acusensus technology is used to detect and provide prosecutable evidence of distracted driving (mobile phone use), seatbelt compliance, speeding, railway crossing compliance and the monitoring of vehicles of interest.

Leveraging AI and sensing expertise, Acusensus also provides technology that protects workers in live traffic environments. The Forsite by Acusensus road worker safety system integrates roadside sensors, connected wearables and real time analytics to give crews early warning of approaching vehicle risks, delivering the vital seconds needed to avoid harm while generating data that helps make worksites safer over time.

Acusensus listed on the Australian Securities Exchange in January 2023. Acusensus is headquartered in Melbourne, Australia, with offices also in Sydney, Brisbane, Perth, Auckland (New Zealand), Christchurch (New Zealand), London (United Kingdom), Las Vegas Nevada (United States) and Hartford Connecticut (United States).

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE STATEMENT 2026

This Corporate Governance Statement sets out the Company's current compliance with the fourth edition of the Australian Securities Exchange (**ASX**) Corporate Governance Council's Corporate Governance Principles and Recommendations (**ASX Principles and Recommendations**). The ASX Principles and Recommendations are not mandatory.

The Board of the Company currently has in place the corporate governance policies and charters that are referred to in this Corporate Governance Statement on a dedicated Corporate Governance information section on the Company's website at <https://investors.acusensus.com/corp-gov/>.

This Corporate Governance Statement, together with ASX Appendix 4G, which summarises Acusensus' compliance with the ASX Principles and Recommendations, has been lodged with the ASX and is available at <https://investors.acusensus.com/corp-gov/>.

The information provided in this Corporate Governance Statement is current as at 25 August 2026 and has been approved by the Board.

ASX Principles and Recommendations		Explanation
1	Lay solid foundations for management and oversight	
1.1	Companies should have and disclose a Board charter setting out: (a) the respective roles and responsibilities of its board and management; and (b) those matters expressly reserved to the board and those delegated to management.	The respective roles and responsibilities of the Board and management are defined under the Board Charter, which is available on the Company's website at https://investors.acusensus.com/corp-gov/. There is a clear delineation between the Board's responsibility for the Company's strategy and activities, and the day-to-day management of operations conferred upon the Managing Director and certain other officers of the Company.
1.2	Companies should: (a) undertake appropriate checks before appointing a director or senior executive, or putting forward to security holders a candidate for election, as a director; and (b) provide security holders with all material information in its possession relevant to a decision on whether or not to elect or re-elect a director.	The process for selection, appointment and re-appointment of directors is detailed in the Remuneration & Nominations Committee Charter, which is available on the Company's website at https://investors.acusensus.com/corp-gov/. It is the role of the Remuneration & Nominations Committee to identify suitable candidates to complement the existing Board, to undertake appropriate checks on the candidate and, subject to the results of such checks, to make recommendations to the Board on their appointment. The Company provides all material information to enable shareholders to make an informed decision on whether or not to elect or re-elect a director in advance of any shareholder approvals required, including biographical details, relevant qualifications, a statement as to whether the Board supports the nomination of the director, the degree of independence of the director and details of any existing directorships held.
1.3	Companies should have a written agreement with each director and senior executive setting out the terms of their appointment.	The Company requires each director and senior executive to execute a written agreement setting out the terms of their appointment. Each director is given terms of appointment, which outline the director's duties, obligations, remuneration, expected time commitments and notification of the Company's policies. Similarly, senior executives including the Managing Director, Chief Financial Officer and Company Secretary, have a formal job description and employment agreement describing their term of office, duties, rights and responsibilities and entitlements on termination.

ASX Principles and Recommendations		Explanation
		The Company will disclose the material terms of any employment, services or consultancy agreement it enters into with its Managing Director.
1.4	The company secretary should be accountable directly to the board, through the chair, on all matters to do with the proper functioning of the board.	The Company Secretary from 1 July 2025 to 12 June 2026 was Olivia Byron. The Company Secretary from 12 June 2026 to 14 August 2026 was Daniel Petravicus. The current Company Secretary, Annie Mould, was appointed on 14 August 2026. The Company Secretary reports directly to the Chair of the Board, Ravin Mirchandani. The role of the Company Secretary is outlined in the Board Charter, which is available on the Company's website at https://investors.acusensus.com/corp-gov/ .
1.5	Companies should: (a) have and disclose a diversity policy; (b) through the Board or a committee of the Board set measurable objectives for achieving gender diversity in the composition of its board, senior executives and workforce generally; (c) disclose in relation to each reporting period: (i) the measurable objectives for achieving gender diversity; (ii) the entity's progress towards achieving those objectives; and either: (A) the respective proportions of men and women on the board, in senior executive positions and across the whole organisation (including how the entity has defined "senior executive" for these purposes); or (B) if the entity is a "relevant employer" under the Workplace Gender Equality Act, the entity's most recent "Gender Equality Indicators", as defined in and published under that Act.	The Company has implemented a Diversity & Inclusion Policy, which seeks to align the Company's recruitment, remuneration and management systems with its commitment to develop a workplace culture that strives to achieve and maintain inclusivity and diversity in its workforce and on its Board. Furthermore, the Company is committed to a culture that embraces and fosters diversity and inclusion, which encompasses differences in backgrounds and ethnicity, qualifications and experiences, sexual orientation and identification, as well as differences in approaches and viewpoints. Please refer to the Company's Diversity & Inclusion Policy, which is available on the Company's website at https://investors.acusensus.com/corp-gov/. As at the date of this Corporate Governance Statement, the Company's commitment to fostering a diverse and inclusive workforce remains important to the Company's culture. In line with this commitment, the Board is focused on identifying and nurturing talent across the organisation, including in the areas of gender diversity. Specific measurable objectives to achieve gender diversity have not been developed at this time. The Company is committed to achieving a culture of inclusion and embracing the different experiences, viewpoints and backgrounds of its people and to increasing the proportion of women in senior positions. As a 'relevant employer' and as required by the <i>Workplace Gender Equality Act 2012</i> (Cth), the Company lodged its first Workplace Gender Equality Report as at March 2026 with the Workplace Gender Equality Agency (WGEA). Published data including our Gender Pay Gap can be accessed through the WGEA website, available to view at www.wgea.gov.au. Details of the respective proportions of men and women on the Board, in senior executive and management positions and across the whole organisation are also disclosed in the Company's 2026 Annual Report, as well as the proportion of employees who identify as having a disability.
1.6	Companies should: (a) have and disclose a process for periodically evaluating the performance of the board, its committees and individual directors; and (b) disclose, in relation to each reporting period, whether a performance evaluation was undertaken in the reporting period in accordance with that process.	The Board endeavours to objectively evaluate its own performance and the performance of individual directors on an annual basis, or earlier when Board vacancies or other relevant events occur that bear on Board composition. The Remuneration & Nominations Committee Charter sets out the responsibility for recognising and analysing any gaps in the skills and experience of the current Board. The Board undertook a formal evaluation process during the reporting period in accordance with its process for such an evaluation. In addition, the Board continuously monitored its performance and processes at its monthly Board meeting by enabling the directors to address any concerns regarding the content, progress and conduct of each meeting.

ASX Principles and Recommendations		Explanation
		Please refer to the Company's Remuneration & Nominations Committee Charter, which is available on the Company's website at https://investors.acusensus.com/corp-gov/ .
1.7	Companies should: (a) have and disclose a process for evaluating the performance of its senior executives at least once every reporting period; and (b) disclose, in relation to each reporting period, whether a performance evaluation was undertaken in the reporting period in accordance with that process.	Under the Board Charter, the Board is responsible for reviewing and evaluating the performance of the members of the executive leadership team. With the advice and assistance of the Remuneration & Nominations Committee, the Board undertook an evaluation of the members of its executive leadership team in accordance with its Charter, with performance assessed against qualitative and quantitative performance criteria.
2 Structure the board to be effective and add value		
2.1	The board should: (a) have a nomination committee which: (i) has at least three members, a majority of whom are independent directors; and (ii) is chaired by an independent director, and disclose: (iii) the charter of the committee; (iv) the members of the committee; and (v) as at the end of each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or (b) if it does not have a nomination committee, disclose that fact and the processes it employs to address board succession issues and to ensure that the board has the appropriate balance of skills, knowledge, experience, independence and diversity to enable it to discharge its duties and responsibilities effectively.	The Company has a Remuneration & Nominations Committee, which oversees the selection and appointment practices of the Company. The Remuneration & Nominations Committee is governed by a Remuneration & Nominations Committee Charter, which is available on the Company's website at https://investors.acusensus.com/corp-gov/. During the reporting period, the Remuneration & Nominations Committee consisted of three members; Mr Giuffrida, Ms Klose, and Mr Mirchandani, all of whom are non-executive directors with Ms Klose and Mr Giuffrida being independent. The Remuneration & Nominations Committee is chaired by Mr Giuffrida as at the date of this report, who is an independent non-executive director for ASX purposes. Details of the relevant qualifications and experience of the members of the Committee are provided in the Company's Annual Report. The Remuneration & Nominations Committee will meet not less than twice per year under its Charter and the number of times the Committee met and the individual attendances of the Committee members at those meetings during the reporting period are disclosed in the Annual Report.
2.2	Companies should have and disclose a board skills matrix setting out the mix of skills and diversity that the board currently has or is looking to achieve in its membership.	The Remuneration & Nominations Committee is responsible for regularly reviewing the size, composition and skills of the Board to ensure that the Board is able to discharge its duties and responsibilities effectively and to identify any gaps in the skills or experience of the Board. The Company has prepared a Board skills matrix based on the relevant skills and experience of its directors, which is disclosed in the Annual Report.

ASX Principles and Recommendations		Explanation
2.3	Companies should disclose: (a) the names of the directors considered by the board to be independent directors; (b) if a director has an interest, position, association or relationship of the type described in Box 2.3 but the board is of the opinion that it does not compromise the independence of the director, the nature of the interest, position, association or relationship in question and an explanation of why the board is of that opinion; and (c) the length of service of each director.	The Company assesses the independence of its directors against the requirements for independence set out in the Board Charter, which reflect the independence criteria set out in the ASX Principles and Recommendations. Director independence is initially assessed upon each director's appointment and reviewed each year, or as required when a new personal interest or conflict of interest is disclosed. Directors are required to disclose all actual or potential conflicts of interest on an ongoing basis. Sue Klose and Michael Giuffrida are considered independent directors for ASX purposes. Alexander Jannink is not considered to be independent due to his executive role as Managing Director of the Company pursuant to the terms of his Executive Employment Agreement. The Company's Chair, Ravin Mirchandani, is not considered independent due to his role as Chairman and Director of Ador Powertron Limited, a substantial shareholder of the Company, which holds approximately 9.05% of the issued share capital of the Company. The length of service of each director on the Board is as follows: • Ravin Mirchandani (Chair and Non-Executive Director): 16 May 2018 – present; • Alexander Jannink (Executive Director and Managing Director): 26 March 2018 – present; • Sue Klose (Non-Executive Director): 5 January 2023 – present; and • Michael Giuffrida (Non-Executive Director): 9 October 2023 – present.
2.4	A majority of the board should be independent directors.	During the reporting period, the Company had four directors. Ms Klose and Mr Giuffrida are considered independent directors for ASX purposes, as described in Recommendation 2.3 above. The Board is mindful of the recommendation that a majority of the Board should be independent directors. The Board will continue to take this into consideration when considering the appointment of additional directors, but has determined that the Board's current size is appropriate given the Company's size and business circumstances. Thus, the Company is satisfied that the Board is comprised of an equal number of independent and non-independent directors and this is acceptable with respect to the business' circumstances at present. This decision will be reconsidered as appropriate.
2.5	The Chair of the board should be an independent director and, in particular, should not be the same person as the CEO.	The Chair of the Board is Ravin Mirchandani, who is not considered to be an independent director for ASX purposes, as described in Recommendation 2.3 above. The role of Managing Director and Chief Executive Officer is held by Alexander Jannink. The Board is mindful of the recommendation that the Chair of the Board should be an independent director. The Board will continue to take this into consideration when considering the future nomination of the Chair of the Board.
2.6	Companies should have a program for inducting new directors and for periodically reviewing whether there is a need for existing directors to undertake professional development to maintain the	The Remuneration & Nominations Committee is responsible for establishing and facilitating induction for new directors and providing new directors with all such information and advice which may be considered necessary or desirable for the director to commence their appointment to the Board.

ASX Principles and Recommendations		Explanation
	skills and knowledge needed to perform their role as directors effectively.	The Remuneration & Nominations Committee is also responsible for providing directors with access to continuing education for directors for the purpose of updating and maintaining their skills and knowledge to perform their roles as directors effectively. The Remuneration & Nominations Committee Charter is available on the Company's website at https://investors.acusensus.com/corp-gov/.
3	Instil a culture of acting lawfully, ethically and responsibly	
3.1	A company should articulate and disclose its values.	The Company has included its values in the Company's Code of Conduct, which lists the Company's values and also includes a link to the Company's values on its website. The Code of Conduct is available on the Company's website at https://investors.acusensus.com/corp-gov/.
3.2	Companies should: (a) have and disclose a code of conduct for its directors, senior executives and employees; and (b) ensure that the board or a committee of the board is informed of any material breaches of that code.	The Company has adopted a Code of Conduct that articulates acceptable practices for directors, officers, employees, authorised representatives, contractors and consultants of the Company and its subsidiaries to guide their behaviour and to demonstrate the commitment of the Company to ethical practices. The Code of Conduct has been prepared having regard to the ASX Principles and Recommendations and is available on the Company's website at https://investors.acusensus.com/corp-gov/. In accordance with the terms of the Code of Conduct, any material breaches of this policy are to be reported by the Reporting Person (i.e. the Managing Director) to the Board.
3.3	A listed entity should: (a) have and disclose a whistleblower policy; and (b) ensure that the board or a committee of the board is informed of any material incidents reported under that policy.	The Company has adopted a Whistleblower Policy, which has been prepared having regard to the ASX Principles and Recommendations. The Company has appointed Whistleblower Protection Officers to investigate any reports made under the Whistleblower Policy, with any material incidents to be reported to the Board by the Audit & Risk Management Committee. The Whistleblower Policy is available on the Company's website at https://investors.acusensus.com/corp-gov/.
3.4	A listed entity should: (a) have and disclose an anti-bribery and corruption policy; and (b) ensure that the board or a committee of the board is informed of any material breaches of that policy.	The Company has adopted an Anti-Bribery and Corruption Policy, which has been prepared having regard to the ASX Principles and Recommendations. The Company encourages all Acusensus employees to raise concerns with their manager or with the Reporting Person, being the Chief Financial Officer. Any material breaches will be reported by the Reporting Person to the Audit & Risk Management Committee. The Anti-Bribery and Corruption Policy is available on the Company's website at https://investors.acusensus.com/corp-gov/.
4	Safeguard integrity in corporate reporting	

ASX Principles and Recommendations	Explanation
4.1 The board should: (a) have an audit committee which: (i) has at least three members, all of whom are non-executive directors and a majority of whom are independent directors; and (ii) is chaired by an independent director, who is not the chair of the board, - and disclose: (iii) the charter of the committee; (iv) the relevant qualifications and experience of the members of the committee; and (v) in relation to each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or (b) if it does not have an audit committee, disclose that fact and the processes it employs that independently verify and safeguard the integrity of its corporate reporting, including the processes for the appointment and removal of the external auditor and the rotation of the audit engagement partner.	The Company has established an Audit & Risk Management Committee to oversee the management of financial and internal risks of the Company. The Audit & Risk Management Committee is governed by an Audit & Risk Management Committee Charter, which is available on the Company's website at https://investors.acusensus.com/corp-gov/. During the reporting period, the Audit & Risk Management Committee consisted of three members; Ms Klose, Mr Mirchandani and Mr Giuffrida, all of whom are non-executive directors with Ms Klose and Mr Giuffrida being independent. The Audit & Risk Management Committee is chaired by Ms Klose, who is an independent non-executive director for ASX purposes. Details of the relevant qualifications and experience of the members of the Committee are provided in the Company's Annual Report. The Audit & Risk Management Committee will meet not less than four times per year under its Charter and the number of times the Committee met and the individual attendance of the Committee members at those meetings in the reporting period are disclosed in the Annual Report.
4.2 The board should, before it approves the entity's financial statements for a financial period, receive from its CEO and CFO a declaration that, in their opinion, the financial records of the entity have been properly maintained and that the financial statements comply with the appropriate accounting standards and give a true and fair view of the financial position and performance of the entity and that the opinion has been formed on the basis of a sound system of risk management and internal control which is operating effectively.	Prior to the Board approving the Company's financial statements, it received from the Managing Director and Chief Financial Officer a declaration that, in their opinion, the financial records of the entity have been properly maintained, that the financial statements comply with the appropriate accounting standards and give a true and fair view of the financial position and performance of the entity, that the consolidated entity disclosure statement gives a true and fair view and is in accordance with the <i>Corporations Act 2001</i> (Cth) and that this opinion has been formed on the basis of a sound system of risk management and internal control which is operating effectively.
4.3 A listed entity should disclose its process to verify the integrity of any periodic corporate report it releases to the market that is not audited or reviewed by an external auditor.	The Company's full year and half year reports are audited and reviewed, as the case may be, by an external auditor. For periodic corporate reports that are released to the market and that are not audited or reviewed by an external auditor, these are subject to a process to ensure the integrity of the information contained within these documents. A thorough review and verification process takes place, involving subject matter experts from across the business to ensure that information is validated by the best placed people. Information is

ASX Principles and Recommendations		Explanation
		cross-checked against information already disclosed to the market and is verified back to its original source. The Board reviews and provides approval of these documents prior to their release.
5	Make timely and balance disclosure	
5.1	A listed entity should have and disclose a written policy for complying with its continuous disclosure obligations under listing rule 3.1.	The Company is committed to taking a proactive approach to continuous disclosure and creating a culture within the Company that promotes and facilitates compliance with the Company's continuous disclosure obligations. The Company has adopted a written policy to ensure compliance with its disclosure obligations contained in the ASX Listing Rules. The Company's Continuous Disclosure Policy is available on its website at https://investors.acusensus.com/corp-gov/.
5.2	A listed entity should ensure that its board receives copies of all material market announcements promptly after they have been made.	The Company requires the Company Secretary to ensure that the Board receives copies of all material market announcements promptly after they have been made, in accordance with the Company's Continuous Disclosure Policy, which is available on its website at https://investors.acusensus.com/corp-gov/ .
5.3	A listed entity that gives a new and substantive investor or analyst presentation should release a copy of the presentation materials on the ASX Market Announcements Platform ahead of the presentation.	The Company requires the Reporting Person, the Company Secretary, to ensure that any relevant investor or analyst presentation materials are released to the ASX Market Announcements Platform ahead of the presentation, as detailed in the Company's Continuous Disclosure Policy, which is available on its website at https://investors.acusensus.com/corp-gov/ .
6	Respect the rights of security holders	
6.1	Companies should provide information about itself and its governance to investors via its website.	The Company provides investors with comprehensive and timely access to information about itself and its governance on its website at https://www.acusensus.com, including copies of the Company's Constitution, Committee Charters and key corporate governance policies, announcements lodged with the ASX, press releases, presentations made to analysts or the media, the Company's annual reports and notices of shareholder meetings. Further details are set out in the Company's Shareholder Communication Policy, which is available on the Company's website at https://investors.acusensus.com/corp-gov/.
6.2	Companies should have an investor relations program that facilitates effective two-way communication with investors.	The Company has adopted a Shareholder Communications Policy for shareholders wishing to communicate with the Board, which is available on the Company's website at https://investors.acusensus.com/corp-gov/. The Company seeks to utilise numerous modes of communication, including by posting information via the ASX or Company's website and other electronic communications to ensure that its communication with shareholders is frequent, clear and accessible.

ASX Principles and Recommendations		Explanation
6.3	Companies should disclose how it facilitates and encourages participation at meetings of security holders.	All shareholders are invited to attend the Company's general meetings either in person or by representative. Shareholders have an opportunity to submit questions to the Board or the Company's external auditor. Further details are set out in the Company's Shareholder Communication Policy, which is available on the Company's website at https://investors.acusensus.com/corp-gov/.
6.4	A listed entity should ensure that all substantive resolutions at a meeting of security holders are decided by a poll rather than by a show of hands.	The Company's Shareholder Communications Policy provides that all substantive resolutions at a meeting of shareholders are decided by a poll, rather than a show of hands. The Shareholders Communication policy is available on the Company's website at https://investors.acusensus.com/corp-gov/ .
6.5	Companies should give security holders the option to receive communications from, and send communications to, the entity and its security registry electronically.	The Company encourages shareholders to submit questions or requests for information directly to the Company via the Company's website at https://www.acusensus.com/contact-us/ . The Company also encourages shareholders to submit any questions related to their shareholdings in the Company, including details for electronic communication, by emailing the Company's share registry or contacting the share registry via its website.
7 Recognise and manage risk		
7.1	Companies should: (a) have a committee or committees to oversee risk, each of which: (i) has at least three members, a majority of whom are independent directors; and (ii) is chaired by an independent director, and disclose: (iii) the charter of the committee; (iv) the members of the committee; and (v) as at the end of each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or (b) if it does not have a risk committee or committees that satisfy (a) above, disclose that fact and the processes it employs for overseeing the entity's risk management framework.	The Board is responsible for oversight of the overall system of internal control and provides final consideration and direction on any risk management issues. The Board has delegated responsibility for the day-to-day oversight and management of the Company's risk profile to the Audit & Risk Management Committee. The Audit & Risk Management Committee is responsible for ensuring that the Company maintains effective risk management and internal control systems and processes and provides regular reports to the Board on these matters. The Audit & Risk Management Committee is governed by an Audit & Risk Management Committee Charter, which is available on the Company's website at https://investors.acusensus.com/corp-gov/. Responsibility is conferred on the Company's management to develop and maintain a risk management program and internal control systems that identify material risks in light of the needs of the Company. In conjunction with the Company's other corporate governance policies, the Company has adopted a Risk Management Policy, which is designed to assist the Company to identify, assess, monitor and manage its risk, including any material changes to its risk profile. The Company's Risk Management Policy is available on the Company's website at https://investors.acusensus.com/corp-gov/. During the reporting period, the Audit & Risk Management Committee consisted of three members; Ms Klose, Mr Mirchandani and Mr Giuffrida, all of whom are non-executive directors with Ms Klose and Mr Giuffrida being independent. The Audit & Risk Management Committee is chaired by Ms Klose, who is an independent non-executive director for ASX purposes. Details of the relevant qualifications and experience of the members of the Committee are provided in the Company's Annual Report. The Audit & Risk Management Committee will meet not less than four times per year under its Charter and the number of times the Committee met and the individual attendance of the Committee members at those meetings in the reporting period are disclosed in the Annual Report.

ASX Principles and Recommendations		Explanation
7.2	The board or a committee of the board should: (a) review the entity's risk management framework at least annually to satisfy itself that it continues to be sound and that the entity is operating with due regard to the risk appetite set by the board; and (b) disclose, in relation to each reporting period, whether such a review has taken place.	The Audit & Risk Management Committee is tasked with annually reviewing and evaluating the effectiveness of the Company's risk management framework to ensure that its internal control systems and processes are monitored and updated on an ongoing basis. This review took place during the reporting period. The division of responsibility between the Board, Audit & Risk Management Committee and management aims to ensure that specific responsibilities for risk management are clearly communicated and understood. The Company's Risk Management Policy provides for regular reporting to the Board, which supplements the Company's quality system, internal control systems and processes and standard operating procedures, which are all designed to address various forms of risks. The Company's Risk Management Policy is available on its website at https://investors.acusensus.com/corp-gov/.
7.3	Companies should disclose: (a) if it has an internal audit function, how the function is structured and what role it performs; or (b) if it does not have an internal audit function, that fact and the processes it employs for evaluating and continually improving the effectiveness of its risk management and internal control processes	Due to the Company's current size and business circumstances, it does not currently have an internal audit function. The Company will reconsider this decision as appropriate and appoint an internal auditor if and when the Company considers this necessary. Under the Audit & Risk Management Committee Charter, the Audit & Risk Management Committee is responsible for providing an independent and objective assessment to the Board regarding the adequacy, effectiveness and efficiency of the Company's risk management and internal control processes.
7.4	Companies should disclose whether it has any material exposure to environmental and social risks and, if it does, how it manages or intends to manage those risks.	The Company does not consider that it has any material exposure to environmental or social risks at this time. If the Company determines that it has any material exposure to such risks in the future, further details will be provided in future annual reports.
8	Remunerate fairly and responsibly	
8.1	Companies should: (a) have a remuneration committee which: (i) has at least three members, a majority of whom are independent directors; and (ii) is chaired by an independent director, and disclose: (iii) the charter of the committee; (iv) the members of the committee; and (v) as at the end of each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period	The Company has a Remuneration & Nominations Committee, which oversees the remuneration policies and practices of the Company. The Remuneration & Nominations Committee is governed by a Remuneration & Nominations Committee Charter, which is available on the Company's website at https://investors.acusensus.com/corp-gov/. During the reporting period, the Remuneration & Nominations Committee consisted of three members; Mr Giuffrida, Mr Mirchandani and Ms Klose, all of whom are non-executive directors with Mr Giuffrida and Ms Klose being independent. The Remuneration & Nominations Committee is chaired by Mr Giuffrida as at the date of this report, who is an independent non-executive director for ASX purposes. Details of the relevant qualifications and experience of the members of the Committee are provided in the Company's Annual Report.

ASX Principles and Recommendations		Explanation
	and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or (b) if it does not have a remuneration committee, disclose that fact and the processes it employs for setting the level and composition of remuneration for directors and senior executives and ensuring that such remuneration is appropriate and not excessive.	The Remuneration & Nominations Committee will meet not less than twice per year under its Charter and the number of times the Committee met and the individual attendances of the Committee members at those meetings in the reporting period are disclosed in the Annual Report.
8.2	Companies should separately disclose its policies and practices regarding the remuneration of non-executive directors and the remuneration of executive directors and other senior executives.	The Remuneration & Nominations Committee is responsible for setting and reviewing the policies and practices of the Company regarding the remuneration of non-executive directors and the remuneration of executive directors and other senior executives, separately. Policies and practices regarding remuneration of non-executive directors, executive directors and senior executives are disclosed in the Annual Report.
8.3	A company which has an equity-based remuneration scheme should: (a) have a policy on whether participants are permitted to enter into transactions (whether through the use of derivatives or otherwise) which limit the economic risk of participating in the scheme; and (b) disclose that policy or a summary of it.	The Company has adopted a Securities Trading Policy which provides that participants must not, without prior written approval by the relevant person specified in the Securities Trading Policy, engage in hedging arrangements, deal in derivatives or enter into other arrangements which vary economic risk related to the Company's securities. The Company's Securities Trading Policy is available on its website at https://investors.acusensus.com/corp-gov/.
9	Additional recommendations that apply only in certain cases	
9.1	A listed entity with a director who does not speak the language in which board or security holder meetings are held or key corporate documents are written should disclose the processes it has in place to ensure the director understands and can contribute to the discussions at those meetings and understands and can discharge their obligations in relation to those documents.	Not applicable.
9.2	A listed entity established outside Australia should ensure that meetings of security holders are held at a reasonable place and time.	Not applicable.
9.3	A listed entity established outside Australia, and an externally managed listed entity that has an AGM, should ensure that its external auditor attends its AGM and is available to answer questions from security holders relevant to the audit.	Not applicable.

Appendix 4G

Key to Disclosures

Corporate Governance Council Principles and Recommendations

Name of entity

Acusensus Limited

ABN/ARBN

17 625 231 941

Financial year ended:

30 June 2026

Our corporate governance statement¹ for the period above can be found at:²

☐ These pages of our annual report:

☒ This URL on our website:

<https://investors.acusensus.com/corp-gov/>

The Corporate Governance Statement is accurate and up to date as at 25 August 2026 and has been approved by the board.

The annexure includes a key to where our corporate governance disclosures can be located.³

Date: 25 August 2026

Name of authorised officer
authorising lodgement:

Annie Mould, Company Secretary

¹ "Corporate governance statement" is defined in Listing Rule 19.12 to mean the statement referred to in Listing Rule 4.10.3 which discloses the extent to which an entity has followed the recommendations set by the ASX Corporate Governance Council during a particular reporting period.

Listing Rule 4.10.3 requires an entity that is included in the official list as an ASX Listing to include in its annual report either a corporate governance statement that meets the requirements of that rule or the URL of the page on its website where such a statement is located. The corporate governance statement must disclose the extent to which the entity has followed the recommendations set by the ASX Corporate Governance Council during the reporting period. If the entity has not followed a recommendation for any part of the reporting period, its corporate governance statement must separately identify that recommendation and the period during which it was not followed and state its reasons for not following the recommendation and what (if any) alternative governance practices it adopted in lieu of the recommendation during that period.

Under Listing Rule 4.7.4, if an entity chooses to include its corporate governance statement on its website rather than in its annual report, it must lodge a copy of the corporate governance statement with ASX at the same time as it lodges its annual report with ASX. The corporate governance statement must be current as at the effective date specified in that statement for the purposes of Listing Rule 4.10.3.

Under Listing Rule 4.7.3, an entity must also lodge with ASX a completed Appendix 4G at the same time as it lodges its annual report with ASX. The Appendix 4G serves a dual purpose. It acts as a key designed to assist readers to locate the governance disclosures made by a listed entity under Listing Rule 4.10.3 and under the ASX Corporate Governance Council's recommendations. It also acts as a verification tool for listed entities to confirm that they have met the disclosure requirements of Listing Rule 4.10.3.

The Appendix 4G is not a substitute for, and is not to be confused with, the entity's corporate governance statement. They serve different purposes and an entity must produce each of them separately.

² Tick whichever option is correct and then complete the page number(s) of the annual report, or the URL of the web page, where your corporate governance statement can be found. You can, if you wish, delete the option which is not applicable.

³ Throughout this form, where you are given two or more options to select, you can, if you wish, delete any option which is not applicable and just retain the option that is applicable. If you select an option that includes "OR" at the end of the selection and you delete the other options, you can also, if you wish, delete the "OR" at the end of the selection.

See notes 4 and 5 below for further instructions on how to complete this form.

ANNEXURE – KEY TO CORPORATE GOVERNANCE DISCLOSURES

Corporate Governance Council recommendation		Where a box below is ticked, ⁴ we have followed the recommendation <u>in full</u> for the <u>whole</u> of the period above. We have disclosed this in our Corporate Governance Statement:	Where a box below is ticked, we have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. Our reasons for not doing so are: ⁵
PRINCIPLE 1 – LAY SOLID FOUNDATIONS FOR MANAGEMENT AND OVERSIGHT			
1.1	A listed entity should have and disclose a board charter setting out: (a) the respective roles and responsibilities of its board and management; and (b) those matters expressly reserved to the board and those delegated to management.	☒ and we have disclosed a copy of our Board Charter at: https://investors.acusensus.com/corp-gov/	☐ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement OR ☐ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable
1.2	A listed entity should: (a) undertake appropriate checks before appointing a director or senior executive or putting someone forward for election as a director; and (b) provide security holders with all material information in its possession relevant to a decision on whether or not to elect or re-elect a director.	☒	☐ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement OR ☐ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable
1.3	A listed entity should have a written agreement with each director and senior executive setting out the terms of their appointment.	☒	☐ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement OR ☐ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable
1.4	The company secretary of a listed entity should be accountable directly to the board, through the chair, on all matters to do with the proper functioning of the board.	☒	☐ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement OR ☐ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable

⁴ Tick the box in this column only if you have followed the relevant recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. Where the recommendation has a disclosure obligation attached, you must insert the location where that disclosure has been made, where indicated by the line with “*insert location*” underneath. If the disclosure in question has been made in your corporate governance statement, you need only insert “our corporate governance statement”. If the disclosure has been made in your annual report, you should insert the page number(s) of your annual report (eg “pages 10-12 of our annual report”). If the disclosure has been made on your website, you should insert the URL of the web page where the disclosure has been made or can be accessed (eg “www.entityname.com.au/corporate governance/charters/”).

⁵ If you have followed all of the Council's recommendations in full for the whole of the period above, you can, if you wish, delete this column from the form and re-format it.

Key to Disclosures Corporate Governance Council Principles and Recommendations

Corporate Governance Council recommendation	Where a box below is ticked, ⁴ we have followed the recommendation <u>in full</u> for the <u>whole</u> of the period above. We have disclosed this in our Corporate Governance Statement:	Where a box below is ticked, we have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. Our reasons for not doing so are: ⁵
1.5 A listed entity should: (a) have and disclose a diversity policy; (b) through its board or a committee of the board set measurable objectives for achieving gender diversity in the composition of its board, senior executives and workforce generally; and (c) disclose in relation to each reporting period: (1) the measurable objectives set for that period to achieve gender diversity; (2) the entity's progress towards achieving those objectives; and (3) either: (A) the respective proportions of men and women on the board, in senior executive positions and across the whole workforce (including how the entity has defined "senior executive" for these purposes); or (B) if the entity is a "relevant employer" under the Workplace Gender Equality Act, the entity's most recent "Gender Equality Indicators", as defined in and published under that Act. If the entity was in the S&P / ASX 300 Index at the commencement of the reporting period, the measurable objective for achieving gender diversity in the composition of its board should be to have not less than 30% of its directors of each gender within a specified period.	☐	☒ we have disclosed a copy of our Diversity and Inclusion Policy at: https://investors.acusensus.com/corp-gov/ and we have disclosed our reasons in response to paragraph (b) in our Corporate Governance Statement. OR ☐ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable
1.6 A listed entity should: (a) have and disclose a process for periodically evaluating the performance of the board, its committees and individual directors; and (b) disclose for each reporting period whether a performance evaluation has been undertaken in accordance with that process during or in respect of that period.	☒ and we have disclosed the evaluation process referred to in paragraph (a) in the Corporate Governance Statement and whether a performance evaluation was undertaken for the reporting period in accordance with that process in the Corporate Governance Statement.	☐ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement OR ☐ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable

Key to Disclosures Corporate Governance Council Principles and Recommendations

Corporate Governance Council recommendation		Where a box below is ticked, ⁴ we have followed the recommendation <u>in full</u> for the <u>whole</u> of the period above. We have disclosed this in our Corporate Governance Statement:	Where a box below is ticked, we have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. Our reasons for not doing so are: ⁵
1.7	A listed entity should: (a) have and disclose a process for evaluating the performance of its senior executives at least once every reporting period; and (b) disclose for each reporting period whether a performance evaluation has been undertaken in accordance with that process during or in respect of that period.	☒ and we have disclosed the evaluation process referred to in paragraph (a) in the Corporate Governance Statement and whether a performance evaluation was undertaken for the reporting period in accordance with that process in the Corporate Governance Statement.	☐ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement OR ☐ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable
PRINCIPLE 2 - STRUCTURE THE BOARD TO BE EFFECTIVE AND ADD VALUE			
2.1	The board of a listed entity should: (a) have a nomination committee which: (1) has at least three members, a majority of whom are independent directors; and (2) is chaired by an independent director, and disclose: (3) the charter of the committee; (4) the members of the committee; and (5) as at the end of each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or (b) if it does not have a nomination committee, disclose that fact and the processes it employs to address board succession issues and to ensure that the board has the appropriate balance of skills, knowledge, experience, independence and diversity to enable it to discharge its duties and responsibilities effectively.	☒ and we have disclosed a copy the Charter of the Committee at: https://investors.acusensus.com/corp-gov/ and the information referred to in paragraphs (4) and (5) in our Corporate Governance Statement.	☐ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement OR ☐ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable
2.2	A listed entity should have and disclose a board skills matrix setting out the mix of skills that the board currently has or is looking to achieve in its membership.	☒ and we have disclosed our board skills matrix in the Annual Report.	☐ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement OR ☐ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable

Key to Disclosures Corporate Governance Council Principles and Recommendations

Corporate Governance Council recommendation		Where a box below is ticked, ⁴ we have followed the recommendation <u>in full</u> for the <u>whole</u> of the period above. We have disclosed this in our Corporate Governance Statement:	Where a box below is ticked, we have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. Our reasons for not doing so are: ⁵
2.3	A listed entity should disclose: (a) the names of the directors considered by the board to be independent directors; (b) if a director has an interest, position, affiliation or relationship of the type described in Box 2.3 but the board is of the opinion that it does not compromise the independence of the director, the nature of the interest, position or relationship in question and an explanation of why the board is of that opinion; and (c) the length of service of each director.	☒ and we have disclosed the names of the directors considered by the board to be independent directors in the Corporate Governance Statement and, where applicable, the information referred to in paragraph (b) in the Corporate Governance Statement and the length of service of each director in the Corporate Governance Statement.	☐ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement
2.4	A majority of the board of a listed entity should be independent directors.	☐	☒ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement OR ☐ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable
2.5	The chair of the board of a listed entity should be an independent director and, in particular, should not be the same person as the CEO of the entity.	☐	☒ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement OR ☐ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable
2.6	A listed entity should have a program for inducting new directors and for periodically reviewing whether there is a need for existing directors to undertake professional development to maintain the skills and knowledge needed to perform their role as directors effectively.	☒	☐ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement OR ☐ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable
PRINCIPLE 3 – INSTIL A CULTURE OF ACTING LAWFULLY, ETHICALLY AND RESPONSIBLY			
3.1	A listed entity should articulate and disclose its values.	☒ and we have disclosed our values in our Code of Conduct at: https://investors.acusensus.com/corp-gov/	☐ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement
3.2	A listed entity should: (a) have and disclose a code of conduct for its directors, senior executives and employees; and (b) ensure that the board or a committee of the board is informed of any material breaches of that code.	☒ and we have disclosed our Code of Conduct at: https://investors.acusensus.com/corp-gov/	☐ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement

Key to Disclosures Corporate Governance Council Principles and Recommendations

Corporate Governance Council recommendation		Where a box below is ticked, ⁴ we have followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed this in our Corporate Governance Statement:	Where a box below is ticked, we have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. Our reasons for not doing so are: ⁵
3.3	A listed entity should: (a) have and disclose a whistleblower policy; and (b) ensure that the board or a committee of the board is informed of any material incidents reported under that policy.	☒ and we have disclosed our Whistleblower Policy at: https://investors.acusensus.com/corp-gov/	☐ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement
3.4	A listed entity should: (a) have and disclose an anti-bribery and corruption policy; and (b) ensure that the board or committee of the board is informed of any material breaches of that policy.	☒ and we have disclosed our Anti-Bribery and Corruption Policy at: https://investors.acusensus.com/corp-gov/	☐ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement
PRINCIPLE 4 – SAFEGUARD THE INTEGRITY OF CORPORATE REPORTS			
4.1	The board of a listed entity should: (a) have an audit committee which: (1) has at least three members, all of whom are non-executive directors and a majority of whom are independent directors; and (2) is chaired by an independent director, who is not the chair of the board, and disclose: (3) the charter of the committee; (4) the relevant qualifications and experience of the members of the committee; and (5) in relation to each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or (b) if it does not have an audit committee, disclose that fact and the processes it employs that independently verify and safeguard the integrity of its corporate reporting, including the processes for the appointment and removal of the external auditor and the rotation of the audit engagement partner.	☒ and we have disclosed a copy the Charter of the Committee at: https://investors.acusensus.com/corp-gov/ and the information referred to in paragraphs (4) and (5) in our Corporate Governance Statement.	☐ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement

Key to Disclosures Corporate Governance Council Principles and Recommendations

Corporate Governance Council recommendation		Where a box below is ticked, ⁴ we have followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed this in our Corporate Governance Statement:	Where a box below is ticked, we have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. Our reasons for not doing so are: ⁵
4.2	The board of a listed entity should, before it approves the entity's financial statements for a financial period, receive from its CEO and CFO a declaration that, in their opinion, the financial records of the entity have been properly maintained and that the financial statements comply with the appropriate accounting standards and give a true and fair view of the financial position and performance of the entity and that the opinion has been formed on the basis of a sound system of risk management and internal control which is operating effectively.	☒	☐ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement
4.3	A listed entity should disclose its process to verify the integrity of any periodic corporate report it releases to the market that is not audited or reviewed by an external auditor.	☒	☐ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement
PRINCIPLE 5 – MAKE TIMELY AND BALANCED DISCLOSURE			
5.1	A listed entity should have and disclose a written policy for complying with its continuous disclosure obligations under listing rule 3.1.	☒ and we have disclosed our Continuous Disclosure Policy at: https://investors.acusensus.com/corp-gov/	☐ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement
5.2	A listed entity should ensure that its board receives copies of all material market announcements promptly after they have been made.	☒	☐ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement
5.3	A listed entity that gives a new and substantive investor or analyst presentation should release a copy of the presentation materials on the ASX Market Announcements Platform ahead of the presentation.	☒	☐ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement
PRINCIPLE 6 – RESPECT THE RIGHTS OF SECURITY HOLDERS			
6.1	A listed entity should provide information about itself and its governance to investors via its website.	☒ and we have disclosed information about us and our governance on our website at: https://investors.acusensus.com/corp-gov/	☐ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement
6.2	A listed entity should have an investor relations program that facilitates effective two-way communication with investors.	☒	☐ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement

Key to Disclosures Corporate Governance Council Principles and Recommendations

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6.3	A listed entity should disclose how it facilitates and encourages participation at meetings of security holders.	☒ and we have disclosed how we facilitate and encourage participation at meetings of security holders in our Shareholder Communication Policy at: https://investors.acusensus.com/corp-gov/	☐ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement
6.4	A listed entity should ensure that all substantive resolutions at a meeting of security holders are decided by a poll rather than by a show of hands.	☒	☐ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement
6.5	A listed entity should give security holders the option to receive communications from, and send communications to, the entity and its security registry electronically.	☒	☐ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement
PRINCIPLE 7 – RECOGNISE AND MANAGE RISK			
7.1	The board of a listed entity should: (a) have a committee or committees to oversee risk, each of which: (1) has at least three members, a majority of whom are independent directors; and (2) is chaired by an independent director, and disclose: (3) the charter of the committee; (4) the members of the committee; and (5) as at the end of each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or (b) if it does not have a risk committee or committees that satisfy (a) above, disclose that fact and the processes it employs for overseeing the entity's risk management framework.	☒ and we have disclosed a copy of the Charter of the Committee at: https://investors.acusensus.com/corp-gov/ and the information referred to in paragraphs (4) and (5) in our Corporate Governance Statement.	☐ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement

Key to Disclosures Corporate Governance Council Principles and Recommendations

Corporate Governance Council recommendation		Where a box below is ticked, ⁴ we have followed the recommendation <u>in full</u> for the <u>whole</u> of the period above. We have disclosed this in our Corporate Governance Statement:	Where a box below is ticked, we have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. Our reasons for not doing so are: ⁵
7.2	The board or a committee of the board should: (a) review the entity's risk management framework at least annually to satisfy itself that it continues to be sound and that the entity is operating with due regard to the risk appetite set by the board; and (b) disclose, in relation to each reporting period, whether such a review has taken place.	☒ and we have disclosed whether a review of the entity's risk management framework was undertaken during the reporting period in the Corporate Governance Statement.	☐ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement
7.3	A listed entity should disclose: (a) if it has an internal audit function, how the function is structured and what role it performs; or (b) if it does not have an internal audit function, that fact and the processes it employs for evaluating and continually improving the effectiveness of its governance, risk management and internal control processes.	☒ and we have disclosed the fact that we do not have an internal audit function and the processes we employ for evaluating and continually improving the effectiveness of our risk management and internal control processes in the Corporate Governance Statement.	☐ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement
7.4	A listed entity should disclose whether it has any material exposure to environmental or social risks and, if it does, how it manages or intends to manage those risks.	☒ and we have disclosed whether we have any material exposure to environmental and social risks in the Corporate Governance Statement.	☐ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement

Key to Disclosures Corporate Governance Council Principles and Recommendations

Corporate Governance Council recommendation		Where a box below is ticked, ⁴ we have followed the recommendation <u>in full</u> for the <u>whole</u> of the period above. We have disclosed this in our Corporate Governance Statement:	Where a box below is ticked, we have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. Our reasons for not doing so are: ⁵
PRINCIPLE 8 – REMUNERATE FAIRLY AND RESPONSIBLY			
8.1	The board of a listed entity should: (a) have a remuneration committee which: (1) has at least three members, a majority of whom are independent directors; and (2) is chaired by an independent director, and disclose: (3) the charter of the committee; (4) the members of the committee; and (5) as at the end of each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or (b) if it does not have a remuneration committee, disclose that fact and the processes it employs for setting the level and composition of remuneration for directors and senior executives and ensuring that such remuneration is appropriate and not excessive.	☒ and we have disclosed a copy the Charter of the Committee at: https://investors.acusensus.com/corp-gov/ and the information referred to in paragraphs (4) and (5) in our Corporate Governance Statement.	☐ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement OR ☐ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable
8.2	A listed entity should separately disclose its policies and practices regarding the remuneration of non-executive directors and the remuneration of executive directors and other senior executives.	☒ and we have disclosed separately our remuneration policies and practices regarding the remuneration of non-executive directors and the remuneration of executive directors and other senior executives in the Annual Report.	☐ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement OR ☐ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable
8.3	A listed entity which has an equity-based remuneration scheme should: (a) have a policy on whether participants are permitted to enter into transactions (whether through the use of derivatives or otherwise) which limit the economic risk of participating in the scheme; and (b) disclose that policy or a summary of it.	☒ and we have disclosed a copy of the Securities Trading Policy at: https://investors.acusensus.com/corp-gov/	☐ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement OR ☐ we do not have an equity-based remuneration scheme and this recommendation is therefore not applicable OR ☐ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable

Key to Disclosures Corporate Governance Council Principles and Recommendations

Corporate Governance Council recommendation		Where a box below is ticked, ⁴ we have followed the recommendation <u>in full</u> for the <u>whole</u> of the period above. We have disclosed this in our Corporate Governance Statement:	Where a box below is ticked, we have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. Our reasons for not doing so are: ⁵
ADDITIONAL RECOMMENDATIONS THAT APPLY ONLY IN CERTAIN CASES			
9.1	A listed entity with a director who does not speak the language in which board or security holder meetings are held or key corporate documents are written should disclose the processes it has in place to ensure the director understands and can contribute to the discussions at those meetings and understands and can discharge their obligations in relation to those documents.	☐ Not applicable	☐ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement OR ☒ we do not have a director in this position and this recommendation is therefore not applicable OR ☐ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable
9.2	A listed entity established outside Australia should ensure that meetings of security holders are held at a reasonable place and time.	☐ Not applicable	☐ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement OR ☒ we are established in Australia and this recommendation is therefore not applicable OR ☐ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable
9.3	A listed entity established outside Australia, and an externally managed listed entity that has an AGM, should ensure that its external auditor attends its AGM and is available to answer questions from security holders relevant to the audit.	☐ Not applicable	☐ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement OR ☒ we are established in Australia and not an externally managed listed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable ☐ we are an externally managed entity that does not hold an AGM and this recommendation is therefore not applicable