

Appendix 4G

Key to Disclosures

Corporate Governance Council Principles and Recommendations

Name of entity

The Environmental Group Limited

ABN/ARBN

89 000 013 427

Financial year ended:

30 June 2026

Our corporate governance statement¹ for the period above can be found at:²

- ☐ These pages of our annual report:
- ☒ This URL on our website: <https://environmental.com.au/corporate-governance/>

The Corporate Governance Statement is accurate and up to date as at 18 August 2026 and has been approved by the Board.

The annexure includes a key to where our corporate governance disclosures can be located.³

Date: 19 August 2026

Name of authorised officer
authorising lodgement: Kate Goland

¹ "Corporate governance statement" is defined in Listing Rule 19.12 to mean the statement referred to in Listing Rule 4.10.3 which discloses the extent to which an entity has followed the recommendations set by the ASX Corporate Governance Council during a particular reporting period.

Listing Rule 4.10.3 requires an entity that is included in the official list as an ASX Listing to include in its annual report either a corporate governance statement that meets the requirements of that rule or the URL of the page on its website where such a statement is located. The corporate governance statement must disclose the extent to which the entity has followed the recommendations set by the ASX Corporate Governance Council during the reporting period. If the entity has not followed a recommendation for any part of the reporting period, its corporate governance statement must separately identify that recommendation and the period during which it was not followed and state its reasons for not following the recommendation and what (if any) alternative governance practices it adopted in lieu of the recommendation during that period.

Under Listing Rule 4.7.4, if an entity chooses to include its corporate governance statement on its website rather than in its annual report, it must lodge a copy of the corporate governance statement with ASX at the same time as it lodges its annual report with ASX. The corporate governance statement must be current as at the effective date specified in that statement for the purposes of Listing Rule 4.10.3.

Under Listing Rule 4.7.3, an entity must also lodge with ASX a completed Appendix 4G at the same time as it lodges its annual report with ASX. The Appendix 4G serves a dual purpose. It acts as a key designed to assist readers to locate the governance disclosures made by a listed entity under Listing Rule 4.10.3 and under the ASX Corporate Governance Council's recommendations. It also acts as a verification tool for listed entities to confirm that they have met the disclosure requirements of Listing Rule 4.10.3.

The Appendix 4G is not a substitute for, and is not to be confused with, the entity's corporate governance statement. They serve different purposes and an entity must produce each of them separately.

² Tick whichever option is correct and then complete the page number(s) of the annual report, or the URL of the web page, where your corporate governance statement can be found. You can, if you wish, delete the option which is not applicable.

³ Throughout this form, where you are given two or more options to select, you can, if you wish, delete any option which is not applicable and just retain the option that is applicable. If you select an option that includes "OR" at the end of the selection and you delete the other options, you can also, if you wish, delete the "OR" at the end of the selection.

See notes 4 and 5 below for further instructions on how to complete this form.

ANNEXURE – KEY TO CORPORATE GOVERNANCE DISCLOSURES

Corporate Governance Council recommendation		Where a box below is ticked, ⁴ we have followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed this in our Corporate Governance Statement:	Where a box below is ticked, we have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. Our reasons for not doing so are: ⁵
PRINCIPLE 1 – LAY SOLID FOUNDATIONS FOR MANAGEMENT AND OVERSIGHT			
1.1	A listed entity should have and disclose a board charter setting out: (a) the respective roles and responsibilities of its board and management; and (b) those matters expressly reserved to the board and those delegated to management.	☒ and we have disclosed a copy of our board charter at: https://environmental.com.au/corporate-governance/	☐ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement OR ☐ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable
1.2	A listed entity should: (a) undertake appropriate checks before appointing a director or senior executive or putting someone forward for election as a director; and (b) provide security holders with all material information in its possession relevant to a decision on whether or not to elect or re-elect a director.	☒	☐ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement OR ☐ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable
1.3	A listed entity should have a written agreement with each director and senior executive setting out the terms of their appointment.	☒	☐ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement OR ☐ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable
1.4	The company secretary of a listed entity should be accountable directly to the board, through the chair, on all matters to do with the proper functioning of the board.	☒	☐ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement OR ☐ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable

⁴ Tick the box in this column only if you have followed the relevant recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. Where the recommendation has a disclosure obligation attached, you must insert the location where that disclosure has been made, where indicated by the line with “insert location” underneath. If the disclosure in question has been made in your corporate governance statement, you need only insert “our corporate governance statement”. If the disclosure has been made in your annual report, you should insert the page number(s) of your annual report (eg “pages 10-12 of our annual report”). If the disclosure has been made on your website, you should insert the URL of the web page where the disclosure has been made or can be accessed (eg “www.entityname.com.au/corporate-governance/charters”).

⁵ If you have followed all of the Council's recommendations in full for the whole of the period above, you can, if you wish, delete this column from the form and re-format it.

Appendix 4G
Key to Disclosures Corporate Governance Council Principles and Recommendations

Corporate Governance Council recommendation		Where a box below is ticked, ⁴ we have followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed this in our Corporate Governance Statement:	Where a box below is ticked, we have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. Our reasons for not doing so are: ⁵
1.5	A listed entity should: (a) have and disclose a diversity policy; (b) through its board or a committee of the board set measurable objectives for achieving gender diversity in the composition of its board, senior executives and workforce generally; and (c) disclose in relation to each reporting period: (1) the measurable objectives set for that period to achieve gender diversity; (2) the entity's progress towards achieving those objectives; and (3) either: (A) the respective proportions of men and women on the board, in senior executive positions and across the whole workforce (including how the entity has defined "senior executive" for these purposes); or (B) if the entity is a "relevant employer" under the Workplace Gender Equality Act, the entity's most recent "Gender Equality Indicators", as defined in and published under that Act. If the entity was in the S&P / ASX 300 Index at the commencement of the reporting period, the measurable objective for achieving gender diversity in the composition of its board should be to have not less than 30% of its directors of each gender within a specified period.	☐ and we have disclosed a copy of our diversity policy at: [insert location] and we have disclosed the information referred to in paragraph (c) at: in our Corporate Governance Statement at: https://environmental.com.au/corporate-governance/ and if we were included in the S&P / ASX 300 Index at the commencement of the reporting period our measurable objective for achieving gender diversity in the composition of its board of not less than 30% of its directors of each gender within a specified period.	☒ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement OR ☐ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable
1.6	A listed entity should: (a) have and disclose a process for periodically evaluating the performance of the board, its committees and individual directors; and (b) disclose for each reporting period whether a performance evaluation has been undertaken in accordance with that process during or in respect of that period.	☒ and we have disclosed the evaluation process referred to in paragraph (a) in our Corporate Governance Statement and Board Charter, both found on the Company's website at: https://environmental.com.au/corporate-governance/ and whether a performance evaluation was undertaken for the reporting period in accordance with that process at: in our Corporate Governance Statement at https://environmental.com.au/corporate-governance/	☐ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement OR ☐ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable

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Corporate Governance Council recommendation		Where a box below is ticked, ⁴ we have followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed this in our Corporate Governance Statement:	Where a box below is ticked, we have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. Our reasons for not doing so are: ⁵
1.7	A listed entity should: (a) have and disclose a process for evaluating the performance of its senior executives at least once every reporting period; and (b) disclose for each reporting period whether a performance evaluation has been undertaken in accordance with that process during or in respect of that period.	☒ and we have disclosed the evaluation process referred to in paragraph (a) in our Corporate Governance Statement at: https://environmental.com.au/corporate-governance/ and whether a performance evaluation was undertaken for the reporting period in accordance with that process at: in our Corporate Governance Statement at: https://environmental.com.au/corporate-governance/	☐ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement OR ☐ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable

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PRINCIPLE 2 - STRUCTURE THE BOARD TO BE EFFECTIVE AND ADD VALUE		
2.1 The board of a listed entity should: (a) have a nomination committee which: (1) has at least three members, a majority of whom are independent directors; and (2) is chaired by an independent director, and disclose: (3) the charter of the committee; (4) the members of the committee; and (5) as at the end of each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or (b) if it does not have a nomination committee, disclose that fact and the processes it employs to address board succession issues and to ensure that the board has the appropriate balance of skills, knowledge, experience, independence and diversity to enable it to discharge its duties and responsibilities effectively.	☐ <i>[If the entity complies with paragraph (a):]</i> and we have disclosed a copy of the charter of the committee at: <i>[insert location]</i> and the information referred to in paragraphs (4) and (5) at: <i>[insert location]</i> <i>[If the entity complies with paragraph (b):]</i> and we have disclosed the fact that we do not have a nomination committee and the processes we employ to address board succession issues and to ensure that the board has the appropriate balance of skills, knowledge, experience, independence and diversity to enable it to discharge its duties and responsibilities effectively at: in our Corporate Governance Statement at: https://environmental.com.au/corporate-governance/	☒ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement OR ☐ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable
2.2 A listed entity should have and disclose a board skills matrix setting out the mix of skills that the board currently has or is looking to achieve in its membership.	☒ and we have disclosed our board skills matrix at: https://environmental.com.au/corporate-governance/	☐ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement OR ☐ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable
2.3 A listed entity should disclose: (a) the names of the directors considered by the board to be independent directors; (b) if a director has an interest, position, affiliation or relationship of the type described in Box 2.3 but the board is of the opinion that it does not compromise the independence of the director, the nature of the interest, position or relationship in question and an explanation of why the board is of that opinion; and (c) the length of service of each director.	☒ and we have disclosed the names of the directors considered by the board to be independent directors in our Corporate Governance Statement at: https://environmental.com.au/corporate-governance/ and, where applicable, the information referred to in paragraph (b) at: in our Corporate Governance Statement at: https://environmental.com.au/corporate-governance/ and the length of service of each director in our Annual Report at: https://environmental.com.au/investors/	☐ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement

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2.4	A majority of the board of a listed entity should be independent directors.	☒	☐ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement OR ☐ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable
2.5	The chair of the board of a listed entity should be an independent director and, in particular, should not be the same person as the CEO of the entity.	☐	☒ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement OR ☐ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable
2.6	A listed entity should have a program for inducting new directors and for periodically reviewing whether there is a need for existing directors to undertake professional development to maintain the skills and knowledge needed to perform their role as directors effectively.	☒	☐ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement OR ☐ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable
PRINCIPLE 3 – INSTIL A CULTURE OF ACTING LAWFULLY, ETHICALLY AND RESPONSIBLY			
3.1	A listed entity should articulate and disclose its values.	☒ and we have disclosed our values at: in our Annual Report at: https://environmental.com.au/investors/	☐ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement
3.2	A listed entity should: (a) have and disclose a code of conduct for its directors, senior executives and employees; and (b) ensure that the board or a committee of the board is informed of any material breaches of that code.	☒ and we have disclosed our code of conduct at: https://environmental.com.au/corporate-governance/	☐ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement
3.3	A listed entity should: (a) have and disclose a whistleblower policy; and (b) ensure that the board or a committee of the board is informed of any material incidents reported under that policy.	☒ and we have disclosed our whistleblower policy at: https://environmental.com.au/corporate-governance/	☐ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement
3.4	A listed entity should: (a) have and disclose an anti-bribery and corruption policy; and (b) ensure that the board or committee of the board is informed of any material breaches of that policy.	☒ and we have disclosed our anti-bribery and corruption policy at: https://environmental.com.au/corporate-governance/	☐ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement

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PRINCIPLE 4 – SAFEGUARD THE INTEGRITY OF CORPORATE REPORTS			
4.1	The board of a listed entity should: (a) have an audit committee which: (1) has at least three members, all of whom are non-executive directors and a majority of whom are independent directors; and (2) is chaired by an independent director, who is not the chair of the board, and disclose: (3) the charter of the committee; (4) the relevant qualifications and experience of the members of the committee; and (5) in relation to each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or (b) if it does not have an audit committee, disclose that fact and the processes it employs that independently verify and safeguard the integrity of its corporate reporting, including the processes for the appointment and removal of the external auditor and the rotation of the audit engagement partner.	☒ <i>[If the entity complies with paragraph (a):]</i> and we have disclosed a copy of the charter of the committee at: https://environmental.com.au/corporate-governance/ and the information referred to in paragraphs (4) and (5) at: in our Annual Report at: https://environmental.com.au/investors/ <i>[If the entity complies with paragraph (b):]</i> and we have disclosed the fact that we do not have an audit committee and the processes we employ that independently verify and safeguard the integrity of our corporate reporting, including the processes for the appointment and removal of the external auditor and the rotation of the audit engagement partner at: <i>[insert location]</i>	☐ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement
4.2	The board of a listed entity should, before it approves the entity's financial statements for a financial period, receive from its CEO and CFO a declaration that, in their opinion, the financial records of the entity have been properly maintained and that the financial statements comply with the appropriate accounting standards and give a true and fair view of the financial position and performance of the entity and that the opinion has been formed on the basis of a sound system of risk management and internal control which is operating effectively.	☒	☐ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement
4.3	A listed entity should disclose its process to verify the integrity of any periodic corporate report it releases to the market that is not audited or reviewed by an external auditor.	☒	☐ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement

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PRINCIPLE 5 – MAKE TIMELY AND BALANCED DISCLOSURE			
5.1	A listed entity should have and disclose a written policy for complying with its continuous disclosure obligations under listing rule 3.1.	☒ and we have disclosed our continuous disclosure compliance policy at: https://environmental.com.au/corporate-governance/	☐ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement
5.2	A listed entity should ensure that its board receives copies of all material market announcements promptly after they have been made.	☒	☐ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement
5.3	A listed entity that gives a new and substantive investor or analyst presentation should release a copy of the presentation materials on the ASX Market Announcements Platform ahead of the presentation.	☒	☐ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement
PRINCIPLE 6 – RESPECT THE RIGHTS OF SECURITY HOLDERS			
6.1	A listed entity should provide information about itself and its governance to investors via its website.	☒ and we have disclosed information about us and our governance on our website at: https://environmental.com.au/	☐ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement
6.2	A listed entity should have an investor relations program that facilitates effective two-way communication with investors.	☒	☐ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement
6.3	A listed entity should disclose how it facilitates and encourages participation at meetings of security holders.	☒ and we have disclosed how we facilitate and encourage participation at meetings of security holders at in our Corporate Governance Statement at: https://environmental.com.au/corporate-governance/	☐ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement
6.4	A listed entity should ensure that all substantive resolutions at a meeting of security holders are decided by a poll rather than by a show of hands.	☒	☐ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement
6.5	A listed entity should give security holders the option to receive communications from, and send communications to, the entity and its security registry electronically.	☒	☐ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement

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PRINCIPLE 7 – RECOGNISE AND MANAGE RISK			
7.1	The board of a listed entity should: (a) have a committee or committees to oversee risk, each of which: (1) has at least three members, a majority of whom are independent directors; and (2) is chaired by an independent director, and disclose: (3) the charter of the committee; (4) the members of the committee; and (5) as at the end of each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or (b) if it does not have a risk committee or committees that satisfy (a) above, disclose that fact and the processes it employs for overseeing the entity's risk management framework.	☒ <i>[If the entity complies with paragraph (a):]</i> and we have disclosed a copy of the charter of the committee at: https://environmental.com.au/corporate-governance/ and the information referred to in paragraphs (4) and (5) at: in our Annual Report at: https://environmental.com.au/investors/ <i>[If the entity complies with paragraph (b):]</i> and we have disclosed the fact that we do not have a risk committee or committees that satisfy (a) and the processes we employ for overseeing our risk management framework at: <i>[insert location]</i>	☐ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement
7.2	The board or a committee of the board should: (a) review the entity's risk management framework at least annually to satisfy itself that it continues to be sound and that the entity is operating with due regard to the risk appetite set by the board; and (b) disclose, in relation to each reporting period, whether such a review has taken place.	☒ and we have disclosed whether a review of the entity's risk management framework was undertaken during the reporting period at: in our Corporate Governance Statement at: https://environmental.com.au/corporate-governance/	☐ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement

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7.3	A listed entity should disclose: (a) if it has an internal audit function, how the function is structured and what role it performs; or (b) if it does not have an internal audit function, that fact and the processes it employs for evaluating and continually improving the effectiveness of its governance, risk management and internal control processes.	☒ <i>[If the entity complies with paragraph (a):]</i> and we have disclosed how our internal audit function is structured and what role it performs at: in our Corporate Governance Statement at: https://environmental.com.au/corporate-governance/ <i>[If the entity complies with paragraph (b):]</i> and we have disclosed the fact that we do not have an internal audit function and the processes we employ for evaluating and continually improving the effectiveness of our risk management and internal control processes at: <i>[insert location]</i>	☐ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement
7.4	A listed entity should disclose whether it has any material exposure to environmental or social risks and, if it does, how it manages or intends to manage those risks.	☒ and we have disclosed whether we have any material exposure to environmental and social risks at: in our Annual Report at: https://environmental.com.au/investors/ and, if we do, how we manage or intend to manage those risks at: in our Annual Report at: https://environmental.com.au/investors/	☐ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement

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PRINCIPLE 8 – REMUNERATE FAIRLY AND RESPONSIBLY			
8.1	The board of a listed entity should: (a) have a remuneration committee which: (1) has at least three members, a majority of whom are independent directors; and (2) is chaired by an independent director, and disclose: (3) the charter of the committee; (4) the members of the committee; and (5) as at the end of each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or (b) if it does not have a remuneration committee, disclose that fact and the processes it employs for setting the level and composition of remuneration for directors and senior executives and ensuring that such remuneration is appropriate and not excessive.	☐ <i>[If the entity complies with paragraph (a):]</i> and we have disclosed a copy of the charter of the committee at: <i>[insert location]</i> and the information referred to in paragraphs (4) and (5) at: <i>[insert location]</i> <i>[If the entity complies with paragraph (b):]</i> and we have disclosed the fact that we do not have a remuneration committee and the processes we employ for setting the level and composition of remuneration for directors and senior executives and ensuring that such remuneration is appropriate and not excessive: in our Corporate Governance Statement at: https://environmental.com.au/corporate-governance/	☒ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement OR ☐ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable
8.2	A listed entity should separately disclose its policies and practices regarding the remuneration of non-executive directors and the remuneration of executive directors and other senior executives.	☒ and we have disclosed separately our remuneration policies and practices regarding the remuneration of non-executive directors and the remuneration of executive directors and other senior executives at: in our Annual Report at: https://environmental.com.au/investors/	☐ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement OR ☐ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable
8.3	A listed entity which has an equity-based remuneration scheme should: (a) have a policy on whether participants are permitted to enter into transactions (whether through the use of derivatives or otherwise) which limit the economic risk of participating in the scheme; and (b) disclose that policy or a summary of it.	☒ and we have disclosed our policy on this issue or a summary of it at: https://environmental.com.au/corporate-governance/	☐ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement OR ☐ we do not have an equity-based remuneration scheme and this recommendation is therefore not applicable OR ☐ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable

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ADDITIONAL RECOMMENDATIONS THAT APPLY ONLY IN CERTAIN CASES			
9.1	A listed entity with a director who does not speak the language in which board or security holder meetings are held or key corporate documents are written should disclose the processes it has in place to ensure the director understands and can contribute to the discussions at those meetings and understands and can discharge their obligations in relation to those documents.	☐ and we have disclosed information about the processes in place at: <i>[insert location]</i>	☐ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement OR ☒ we do not have a director in this position and this recommendation is therefore not applicable OR ☐ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable
9.2	A listed entity established outside Australia should ensure that meetings of security holders are held at a reasonable place and time.	☐	☐ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement OR ☒ we are established in Australia and this recommendation is therefore not applicable OR ☐ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable
9.3	A listed entity established outside Australia, and an externally managed listed entity that has an AGM, should ensure that its external auditor attends its AGM and is available to answer questions from security holders relevant to the audit.	☐	☐ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement OR ☒ we are established in Australia and not an externally managed listed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable ☐ we are an externally managed entity that does not hold an AGM and this recommendation is therefore not applicable
ADDITIONAL DISCLOSURES APPLICABLE TO EXTERNALLY MANAGED LISTED ENTITIES			
-	<i>Alternative to Recommendation 1.1 for externally managed listed entities:</i> The responsible entity of an externally managed listed entity should disclose: (a) the arrangements between the responsible entity and the listed entity for managing the affairs of the listed entity; and (b) the role and responsibility of the board of the responsible entity for overseeing those arrangements.	☐ and we have disclosed the information referred to in paragraphs (a) and (b) at: <i>[insert location]</i>	☐ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement
-	<i>Alternative to Recommendations 8.1, 8.2 and 8.3 for externally managed listed entities:</i> An externally managed listed entity should clearly disclose the terms governing the remuneration of the manager.	☐ and we have disclosed the terms governing our remuneration as manager of the entity at: <i>[insert location]</i>	☐ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE STATEMENT 30 JUNE 2026

The Board of Directors of The Environmental Group Limited ('EGL' or the 'Company') is responsible for the corporate governance of the Company. The Board guides and monitors the business and affairs of the Company on behalf of the shareholders by whom they are elected and accountable. The Board continuously reviews its governance practices to ensure they remain consistent with the needs of the Company.

The Company complies with each of the recommendations set out in the Australian Securities Exchange Corporate Governance Council's Corporate Governance Principles and Recommendations 4th Edition ('the ASX Principles and Recommendations') where considered appropriate for a company of EGL's size, nature and stage of development. This statement incorporates the disclosures required by the ASX Principles and Recommendations under the headings of the eight core principles as adopted by the Company. Unless otherwise indicated, the Company's corporate governance practices were in place for the financial year ended 30 June 2026 and to the date of signing the Directors' Report.

Further details in respect to the Company's corporate governance practises are summarised below and copies of Company's corporate governance policies are available on the Company's website at <https://environmental.com.au/corporate-governance/>.

PRINCIPLE 1 LAY SOLID FOUNDATIONS FOR MANAGEMENT AND OVERSIGHT

A listed entity should clearly delineate the respective roles and responsibilities of its board and management and regularly review their performance.

Recommendation 1.1

A listed entity should have and disclose a charter setting out:

- (a) The respective roles and responsibilities of its board and management; and*
- (b) Those matters expressly reserved to the board and those delegated to management.*

The Company has established the functions reserved to the Board and has set out these functions in its Board Charter. The Board is responsible for oversight of management and the overall corporate governance of the Company including its strategic direction, establishing goals for Management and monitoring the achievement of those goals, monitoring systems of risk management and internal control, codes of conduct and legal compliance.

The responsibility for the operation and administration of the Company is delegated by the Board to the CEO and Executive team. The Board ensures that both the CEO and Executive team are appropriately qualified and experienced to discharge their responsibilities and have procedures in place to monitor and assess their performance. The Executive team are responsible for conducting the general operations and financial business of the Company in accordance with the delegated authority of the Board and to progress the strategic direction provided by the Board.

Recommendation 1.2:

A listed entity should:

- (a) Undertake appropriate checks before appointing a director, or senior executive or putting someone forward for election as a director; and*
- (b) Provide security holders with all material information in its possession relevant to a decision on whether or not to elect or re-elect a director.*

The responsibility for the selection of potential Directors lies with the Nomination and Remuneration Committee of the Company, or in its absence, the Board. Currently, the Board as a whole performs the role of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee in accordance with the Nomination and Remuneration Committee Charter. The Board conducts an assessment of the necessary and desirable competencies of Board members, Board succession plans and an evaluation of the Board's performance in its consideration of future Board member appointments.

When a Board vacancy occurs, the Board identifies the particular skills, experience and expertise that will best complement Board effectiveness, having regard to the Board Skills Matrix, and then undertakes a process to identify candidates who can meet those criteria.

The Company undertakes appropriate checks before appointing a Board member or an Executive team member. Candidates are assessed through interviews, meetings and background and reference checks (which may be conducted both by external consultants and by Directors) as appropriate.

The Company provides shareholders all material information in its possession relevant to the decision on whether or not to elect (or re-elect) a Director in the notice of the meeting at which the election of the Director is to be held. The qualifications, experience and special responsibilities of the Board members are also set out in the Directors' Report of the Annual Report.

Recommendation 1.3:

A listed entity should have a written agreement with each director and senior executive setting out the terms of their appointment.

The terms of appointment for the Company's Directors and Executive team are summarised in written agreements.

Recommendation 1.4:

The company secretary of a listed entity should be accountable to the board through the chair, on all matters to do with the proper functioning of the board.

The Joint Company Secretaries have been appointed by and are accountable directly to the Company's Board through the Chair, for all governance matters to do with the proper functioning of the Board.

Recommendation 1.5:

A listed entity should:

- (a) Have and disclose a diversity policy;*

(b) through its board or a committee of the board set measurable objectives for achieving gender diversity in the composition of its board, senior executives and workforce generally; and

(c) disclose in relation to each reporting period:

(1) the measurable objectives set for that period to achieve gender diversity;

(2) the entity's progress towards achieving those objectives; and

(3) either:

(A) the respective proportions of men and women on the board, in senior executive positions and across the whole workforce (including how the entity has defined "senior executive" for these purposes); or

(B) if the entity is a "relevant employer" under the Workplace Gender Equality Act, the entity's most recent "Gender Equality Indicators", as defined in and published under that Act.

The Company recognises that a talented and diverse workforce is a key competitive advantage and that an important contributor to the Company's success is the quality, diversity and skills of its people. The Company is committed to its promotion of workplace diversity, however the Board does not consider that at this stage it is appropriate to adopt a policy specifically addressing diversity. The Company will consider adopting a policy in future periods.

As a measurement of gender diversity, the proportion of women employees in the entity as at 30 June 2026 is as follows:

- Women on the Board: 50%
- Women in senior executive roles*: 0%
- Women in management positions: 20%
- Women in the organisation: 15%

The Company is a relevant employer under the Workplace Gender Equality Act and has lodged a report with data for the period 1 April 2025 to 31 March 2026 and will be lodging a report with data for the period 1 April 2026 to 31 March 2027 during the 2027 WGEA reporting submission period.

**Senior Executive roles include the Chief Executive Officer, the Chief Financial Officer and the Chief Commercial Officer.*

Recommendation 1.6:

A listed entity should:

(a) Have and disclose a process for periodically evaluating the performance of the board, its committees and individual Directors; and

(b) Disclose, in relation to each reporting period, whether a performance evaluation was undertaken in the reporting period in accordance with that process during or in respect of that period.

The Board as a whole has responsibility to review its own performance, the performance of individual Directors and the performance of the Board Committees. The Board Charter details the processes for the evaluation of Board members. The Chair of the Board may also meet individually with each Board member to discuss their performance. Non-Executive Directors may also meet to discuss the performance of the Chair. Directors whose performance is consistently unsatisfactory may be asked to retire.

An informal performance review of the Board, its Committees and individual Directors was completed during the reporting period. The review was facilitated by the Chair, together with the Board members.

Recommendation 1.7:

A listed entity should:

- (a) have and disclose a process for evaluating the performance of its senior executives at least once every reporting period; and*
- (b) disclose, in relation to each reporting period, whether a performance evaluation was undertaken in the reporting period in accordance with that process.*

Performance of the Executive and Senior Management teams are reviewed annually or more frequently if required. The Board as a whole may then hold a facilitated discussion during which each Board Member has the opportunity to raise any matter, suggestion for improvement or criticism with both teams. A performance review of the Company's Executive and Senior Management teams was completed during the reporting period.

PRINCIPLE 2: STRUCTURE THE BOARD TO BE EFFECTIVE AND ADD VALUE

The board of a listed entity should be of an appropriate size and collectively have the skills commitment and knowledge of the entity and the industry in which it operates, to enable it to discharge its duties effectively and to add value.

Recommendation 2.1:

The board of a listed entity should:

(a) Have a nomination committee which:

- (1) Has at least three members, a majority of whom are independent directors; and*
- (2) Is chaired by an independent director, and disclose:*
- (3) The charter of the committee;*
- (4) The members of the committee; and*
- (5) As at the end of each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or*

(b) If it does not have a nomination committee, disclose that fact and the processes it employs to address board succession issues and to ensure that the board has the appropriate balance of skills, knowledge, experience, independence and diversity to enable it to discharge its duties and responsibilities effectively.

Until such time as the size of the Board justifies the establishment of a Nomination Committee, the function of such a Committee will be fulfilled by the Board. The Company shall review this position periodically. The Board will oversee the appointment and induction process for Directors and the selection, appointment and succession planning process of the Company's Executive team, where relevant.

A Nomination and Remuneration Committee Charter has been adopted, and it assists the Board to fulfill the function of a Nomination and Remuneration Committee. The Charter is available on the Company's website at <https://environmental.com.au/corporate-governance/>.

Recommendation 2.2:

A listed entity should have and disclose a board skills matrix setting out the mix of skills that the board currently has or is looking to achieve in its membership.

Gaps in the collective skills of the Board are regularly reviewed by the Board as a whole, with the Board proposing candidates for directorships having regard to the desired skills and experience required by the Company as well as the diversity of background of proposed candidates. The skills matrix is available on the Company's website at <https://environmental.com.au/corporate-governance/>.

Recommendation 2.3:

A listed entity should disclose:

- (a) the names of the Directors considered by the board to be Independent Directors;*
- (b) If a Director has an interest, position, or relationship of the type described in Box 2.3 but the board is of the opinion that it does not compromise the independence of the director, the nature of the interest, position or relationship in question and an explanation of why the board is of that opinion; and*
- (c) the length of service of each Director.*

The Chair of the Board, Ms Lynn Richardson, is a Non- Executive Director appointed to the Board in May 2015 and was elected Chair in November 2017. Ms Richardson is related to former substantial shareholders (within the last three years) of the Company. Due to these close personal ties, Ms Richardson does not satisfy the independence criteria of the Recommendations. However, the Board has assessed that this does not interfere with Ms Richardson's capacity to bring an independent judgement to bear on issues before the Board and to act in the best interests of the Company as a whole, rather than in the interests of an individual security holder or other party.

Mr Michael Constable was appointed as a Non-Executive Director in August 2023. Mr Constable is considered to be an Independent Director.

Mr Graeme Nayler was appointed as a Non-Executive Director in March 2021 and resigned from the Board on 23 October 2024. During his time on the Board, Mr Nayler was considered to be an Independent Director.

Mr Vincent D'Rozario was appointed as a Non-Executive Director in March 2021. Mr D'Rozario is considered to be an Independent Director.

Ms Lucia Cade was appointed as a Non-Executive Director in September 2024. Ms Cade is considered to be an Independent Director.

Details of each Director's background including experience, knowledge and skills are set out in the Directors' Report of the Annual Report.

Recommendation 2.4:

A majority of the board of a listed entity should be Independent Directors.

A majority of the Board is considered independent, with details provided in the Directors' Report within the Annual Report and on the Company's website.

Recommendation 2.5:

The chair of the board of a listed entity should be an Independent Director and, in particular, should not be the same person as the CEO of the entity.

The Chair, Ms Lynn Richardson is not considered independent as Ms Richardson does not satisfy the independence criteria of the Recommendations. However, Ms Lynn Richardson provides significant governance and entrepreneurial expertise. The Board is collectively satisfied that Ms Lynn Richardson exercises independent judgement in carrying out her duties as Chair of the Company. To the extent that the Board views any Director to have a conflict or perceived conflict of interest in matters that come before the Board then such Directors will be required to excuse themselves from the relevant decision-making process.

Recommendation 2.6:

A listed entity should have a program for inducting new Directors and for periodically reviewing whether there is a need for existing directors to undertake professional development to maintain the skills and knowledge needed to perform their role as directors effectively.

The Board oversees the induction process for new Directors. New Directors are provided with the necessary induction materials and are encouraged to spend time with the Executive team to develop their understanding of the business. Professional development opportunities are considered on an individual basis, with opportunities provided to Directors where appropriate.

PRINCIPLE 3: INSTIL A CULTURE OF ACTING LAWFULLY, ETHICALLY AND RESPONSIBLY

A listed entity should instil and continually reinforce a culture across the organisation of acting lawfully, ethically and responsibly.

Recommendation 3.1:

A listed entity should articulate and disclose its values.

The Company's strategic statements which include the Company's values are disclosed in the Annual Report.

Recommendation 3.2:

A listed entity should:

- (a) have and disclose a code of conduct for its directors, senior executives and employees; and*
- (b) ensure that the board or a committee of the board is informed of any material breaches of that code.*

The Company has established a Corporate Ethical Policy that recognises the importance of establishing and maintaining high ethical standards and decision making in conducting its business and is committed to increasing shareholder value in conjunction with fulfilling its responsibilities as a good corporate citizen. All Directors, Managers and employees are expected to act with the utmost integrity, honesty and objectivity, striving at all times to enhance the reputation and performance of the Company.

Any material breaches under this Policy are reported to the Board.

A copy of the Corporate Ethical Policy is available on the Company's website at <https://environmental.com.au/corporate-governance/>.

Recommendation 3.3:

A listed entity should:

- (a) have and disclose a whistleblower policy; and*

(b) ensure that the board or a committee of the board is informed of any material incidents reported under that policy.

The Company has established a Whistleblower Policy which has been disseminated both internally and externally to key stakeholders.

The Board is committed to keeping abreast of developments with regard to compliance with the Policy and receiving notifications of material incidents reported under that Policy.

A copy of the Whistleblower Policy is available on the Company's website at <https://environmental.com.au/corporate-governance/>.

Recommendation 3.4:

A listed entity should:

- (a) have and disclose an anti-bribery and corruption policy; and*
- (b) ensure that the board or a committee of the board is informed of any material breaches of that policy.*

The Company has established a Fraud Policy which incorporates anti bribery and corruption rules. The Company is aware of its obligations under law to not engage in bribery or corruption. The Company believes it has the required Management teams and processes to ensure it is informed of any breaches under law, who in turn report to the Board.

A copy of the Fraud Policy is available on the Company's website at <https://environmental.com.au/corporate-governance/>.

PRINCIPLE 4: SAFEGUARD THE INTEGRITY OF CORPORATE REPORTS

A listed entity should have appropriate processes to verify the integrity of its corporate reports.

Recommendation 4.1:

The board of a listed entity should:

(a) Have an audit committee which:

- (1) has at least three members, all of whom are non-executive directors and a majority of whom are independent directors; and*
- (2) is chaired by an independent director, who is not the chair of the board, and disclose:*
 - (3) the charter of the committee;*
 - (4) the relevant qualifications and experience of the members of the committee; and*
 - (5) in relation to each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or*

(b) If it does not have an audit committee, disclose that fact and the processes it employs that independently verify and safeguard the integrity of its corporate reporting, including the processes for the appointment and removal of the external auditor and the rotation of the audit engagement partner.

The Company has an Audit and Risk Committee, the function of which is to provide assistance to the Board in fulfilling its corporate governance and oversight responsibilities in relation to the Company's financial reporting, internal control structure, risk management systems and external audit functions.

The Committee is chaired by Mr Michael Constable, an Independent Non-Executive Director, and comprises all Directors, a majority of whom are Independent Non-Executive Directors.

The Board considers that the Members of the Committee have the required accounting and financial expertise and an appropriate understanding of the industry in which the Company operates. The Chair of the Committee has leadership experience and a strong finance, accounting and business background. The Chief Executive Officer, the Chief Financial Officer, the Chief Commercial Officer, the Financial Controller and the Joint Company Secretary have a standing invitation to attend Committee meetings. The Company's external auditors are invited to attend Committee meetings at the Chair of the Committee's discretion.

The relevant qualifications and experience of the Members, details of the number of Committee meetings and attendance at those meetings are detailed in the Directors' Report within the Annual Report.

The Committee's Charter is available on the Company's website at <https://environmental.com.au/corporate-governance/>.

Recommendation 4.2:

The board of a listed entity should, before it approves the entity's financial statements for a financial period, receive from its CEO and CFO a declaration that, in their opinion, the financial records of the entity have been properly maintained and that the financial statements comply with the appropriate accounting standards and give a true and fair view of the financial position and performance of the entity and that the opinion has been formed on the basis of a sound system of risk management and internal control which is operating effectively.

The Board has received signed declaration from the CEO and CFO that the financial records of the Company have been properly maintained and that the financial statements comply with the appropriate accounting standards and give a true and fair view of the financial position and performance of the Company, and that the opinion has been formed on the basis of a sound system of risk management and internal control which is operating effectively.

Recommendation 4.3:

A listed entity should disclose its process to verify the integrity of any periodic corporate report it releases to the market that is not audited or reviewed by an external auditor.

All periodic reports to be released to the market undergo a series of internal management reviews including by the CEO and CFO and where relevant third-party advisers. The Board also reviews and approves all announcements prior to release on the ASX.

PRINCIPLE 5: MAKE TIMELY AND BALANCED DISCLOSURE

A listed entity should make timely and balanced disclosure of all matters concerning it that a reasonable person would expect to have a material effect on the price or value of its securities.

Recommendation 5.1:

A listed entity should:

(a) A listed entity should have and disclose a written policy for complying with its continuous disclosure obligations under listing rule 3.1.

The Board recognises the importance of timely and balanced disclosure of all material matters concerning EGL and is committed to achieving the highest standards of market disclosure. The Board is responsible for compliance with EGL's continuous disclosure obligations. The Board focuses on timely disclosure of any information concerning EGL and its controlled entities that a reasonable person would expect to have a material effect on the price of EGL's securities. The Company has adopted a Continuous Disclosure Policy which is available on the Company's website at <https://environmental.com.au/corporate-governance/>

Recommendation 5.2:

A listed entity should ensure that its board receives copies of all material market announcements promptly after they have been made.

The Joint Company Secretaries, who are the designated ASX communications officers, are tasked with providing copies of all ASX market announcements to the Board promptly after they have been made.

Recommendation 5.3:

A listed entity that gives a new and substantive investor or analyst presentation should release a copy of the presentation material on the ASX Market Announcements Platform ahead of the presentation.

The Company releases new and substantive investor or analyst presentations on the ASX Market Announcements Platform ahead of any presentation of the material.

PRINCIPLE 6: RESPECT THE RIGHTS OF SECURITY HOLDERS

A listed entity should provide its security holders with appropriate information and facilities to allow them to exercise their rights as security holders effectively.

Recommendation 6.1:

A listed entity should provide information about itself and its governance to investors via its website.

In line with adherence to the continuous disclosure requirements of the ASX, all shareholders are kept informed of major developments affecting the Company. This disclosure is through regular shareholder communications including the Annual Report, Half Yearly Report, the Company's website and the distribution of specific releases covering major transactions and events or other price sensitive information.

Recommendation 6.2:

A listed entity should have an investor relations program that facilitates effective two-way communication with investors.

The Board and Executive team are actively engaged in two-way communication with investors.

Recommendation 6.3:

A listed entity should disclose how it facilitates and encourages participation at meetings of security holders.

The Company acknowledges that respecting shareholders rights is of fundamental importance and that communication with shareholders is a key element of this. Information is communicated to shareholders through ASX announcements, the Company's website and at shareholder meetings.

The Company reserves time for shareholders to speak and direct questions to the Board at the Company's shareholder meetings. The external auditor will also be invited to attend the AGM and will be available to answer any questions concerning the conduct, preparation and content of the Auditor's report.

Recommendation 6.4:

A listed entity should ensure that all substantive resolutions at a meeting of security holders are decided by a poll rather than by a show of hands.

The Company conducts voting at its meetings of security holders by poll rather than by a show of hands for all resolutions put to a meeting.

Recommendation 6.5:

A listed entity should give security holders the option to receive communications from, and send communications to, the entity and its security registry electronically.

The Company encourages the use of electronic communication and offers security holders the option to receive and send electronic communication to the Company and its Share Registry where possible.

PRINCIPLE 7: RECOGNISE AND MANAGE RISK

A listed entity should establish a sound risk management framework and periodically review the effectiveness of that framework.

Recommendation 7.1:

The board of a listed entity should:

(a) Have a committee or committees to oversee risk, each of which:

(1) Has at least three members, a majority of whom are independent directors; and

(2) Is chaired by an independent director, and disclose:

(3) The charter of the committee;

(4) The members of the committee; and

(5) As at the end of each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or

(b) If it does not have a risk committee or committees that satisfy (a) above, disclose that fact and the processes it employs for overseeing the entity's risk management framework.

The Company has an Audit and Risk Committee, the principal function of which is to provide assistance to the Board in fulfilling its corporate governance and oversight responsibilities in relation to the Company's financial reporting, internal control structure, risk management systems and external audit functions.

The Committee is chaired by Mr Michael Constable, an Independent Non-Executive Director, and comprises all Directors, a majority of whom are Independent Non-Executive Directors.

The Board considers that the Members of the Committee have the required accounting and financial expertise and an appropriate understanding of the industry in which the Company operates. The Chair of the Committee has leadership experience and a strong finance, accounting and business background. The Chief Executive Officer, the Chief Financial Officer, the Chief Commercial Officer, the Financial Controller and the Joint Company Secretary have a standing invitation to attend Committee meetings. The Company's external auditors are invited to attend Committee meetings at the Chair of the Committee's discretion.

The relevant qualifications and experience of the Members, details of the number of Committee meetings and attendance at those meetings are detailed in the Directors' Report within the Annual Report.

The Committee's Charter is available on the Company's website at <https://environmental.com.au/corporate-governance/>.

Recommendation 7.2:

The board or a committee of the board should:

- (a) review the entity's risk management framework at least annually to satisfy itself that it continues to be sound and that the entity is operating with due regard to the risk appetite set by the board; and*
- (b) disclose, in relation to each reporting period, whether such a review has taken place.*

The Audit and Risk Committee reviews the Company's Risk Register at every meeting and reviews the Company's risk management framework annually. Any material updates and changes to the Risk Register are communicated to the Board at their monthly meetings. Risk management is considered by the Board to be of critical importance to the successful operation of the Company and is afforded due consideration at meetings.

Recommendation 7.3:

A listed entity should disclose:

- (a) If it has an internal audit function, how the function is structured and what role it performs; or*
- (b) If it does not have an internal audit function, that fact and the processes it employs for evaluating and continually improving the effectiveness of its risk and internal control processes.*

EGL has had an internal audit function in place for the full year. The function is the responsibility of the CEO reporting through the Chair to the Board, and resourced with supplementary specialist support to ensure impartiality and integrity in the function. As a separate function to the internal audit program, EGL is also externally audited, with resultant certification to ISO management system standards (9001, 45001 and 14001). The external audit program includes a confirmation of the scheduled internal audit program taking place.

The EGL internal audit program includes the scheduling of each area of the business to be assessed for compliance to the defined management system at least once per annum. Results of internal audit findings are

presented to relevant business unit managers as well as the CEO and Chair of the Board. Updates are also provided and reviewed at Board level.

Recommendation 7.4:

A listed entity should disclose whether it has any material exposure to environmental or social risks and, if it does, how it manages or intends to manage those risks.

The Audit and Risk Committee, the Board and the Executive team review the Company's material exposure to economic, technology, environmental and social sustainability risks, and the management of those respective risks. The Company discloses this information in its Annual Report.

PRINCIPLE 8: REMUNERATE FAIRLY AND RESPONSIBLY

A listed entity should pay director remuneration sufficient to attract and retain high quality Directors and design its executive remuneration to attract, retain and motivate high quality senior executives and to align their interests with the creation of value for security holders and with the entity's values and risk appetite.

Recommendation 8.1:

The board of a listed entity should:

(a) Have a remuneration committee which:

- (1) has at least three members, a majority of whom are independent directors; and*
- (2) is chaired by an independent director, and disclose:*
- (3) the charter of the committee;*
- (4) the members of the committee; and*
- (5) as at the end of each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or*

(b) If it does not have a remuneration committee, disclose that fact and the processes it employs for setting the level and composition of remuneration for Directors and senior executives and ensuring that such remuneration is appropriate and not excessive.

Until such time as the size of the Board justifies the establishment of a Remuneration Committee, the function of such a Committee will be fulfilled by the Board. The Company shall review this position periodically. The Board will oversee the remuneration of Directors and the Executive team. Remuneration of Directors and the Executive team staff are set at a market related level, to ensure that the Company is able to attract the highest calibre skills and expertise.

A Nomination and Remuneration Committee Charter has been adopted, and it assists the Board to fulfill the function of a Nomination and Remuneration Committee. The Charter is available on the Company's website at <https://environmental.com.au/corporate-governance/>.

Recommendation 8.2:

A listed entity should separately disclose its policies and practices regarding the remuneration of non-executive directors and the remuneration of executive directors and other senior executives.

The Company's policies and practices regarding the remuneration of Executive and Non-Executive Directors and other Executive team members are disclosed in the Company's Annual Report.

Recommendation 8.3:

A listed entity which has an equity-based compensation remuneration scheme should:

- (a) Have a policy on whether participants are permitted to enter into transactions (whether through the use of derivatives or otherwise) which limit the economic risk of participating in the scheme; and*
- (b) Disclose that policy or a summary of it.*

The Company has a Securities Trading Policy which prohibits participants from entering into any arrangement which limits economic risks. The Policy is disclosed on the Company's website at <https://environmental.com.au/corporate-governance/>.